

**Juan Campanario**  
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## Education

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<b>University of Pittsburgh</b> <i>PhD in Economics</i> Research Fields: Applied Microeconomics, Health Economics, Development Economics	August 2023
<b>University of Pittsburgh</b> <i>MA in Economics</i>	April 2020
<b>University of Connecticut</b> <i>BA in Economics and Mathematics</i>	May 2017

## Work Experience

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<b>International Economist</b> <i>Bureau of International Labor Affairs, U.S. Department of Labor</i>	September 2023 - Present <i>Washington, DC</i>
<b>Behavioral Economist Intern</b> <i>Lotic.ai</i>	May 2023 - September 2023 <i>Pittsburgh, PA</i>
<b>Research Fellow</b> <i>Lotic.ai</i>	June 2022 - September 2022 <i>Pittsburgh, PA</i>

## Working Papers

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### “The Influence of Colonial Institutions during Economic Booms and Distributional Policies”

with Jorge Agüero (job market paper)

Many studies have documented long-lasting negative impacts of colonial institutions. Yet, little is known about whether current policies could reduce those impacts. We focus on the mita, a forced labor system implemented from 1573 through 1812 in Peru. Prior work has shown large penalties for living within the area at the beginning of the 21<sup>st</sup> century. We find that in the last two decades, the mita penalty has worsened. However, the creation of cash transfer programs targeting the poorest households nationwide has eliminated the mita’s effects among both the youngest and poorest households.

### “Air Quality and Infant Health: Closing La Oroya’s Metallurgical Complex”

La Oroya, Peru has suffered from poor air quality since the early 1920s. In 2009, the company responsible unexpectedly closed. Using a difference in differences approach, I show infant health worsened during the closure, likely due to the shutdown’s impact on local government tax revenue and a subsequent reduction in government budgets. Birth weights fell by an average of 60 grams, a  $0.14\sigma$  decline relative to infants born upwind from the complex, and women reported 5% more miscarriages and stillbirths. I find evidence that those least likely to be financially impacted experienced greater declines.

### “The Mining Bank of Peru: History and Loans”

This paper presents new data on the Peru's mining sector between 1939 and 1990. Digitized firm-level data between 1939 and 1964 as well as bank bibliographies spanning between 1942 and 1991 are used to identify explanations for yearly and geographic variation in loan requests, estimate the effect of long-run consequences of pollution, and document production changes under the 1950 Mining Code.

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#### *Works in Progress*

**“Voter Photo Identification Laws and Turnout”** with Noah Braun and Daniel B. Jones

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#### *Teaching Experience*

**Instructor of Record:**

Introduction to International Economics	Summer 2021
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**Teaching Assistant:**

Introduction to Macroeconomic Theory	Spring 2022
Introduction to Macroeconomic Theory	Fall 2021
Introduction to Macroeconomic Theory	Spring 2021
Introduction to Macroeconomic Theory	Fall 2020

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#### *Research Presentations*

2022: Applied Microeconomics Brown Bag (University of Pittsburgh)  
 2021: Applied Microeconomics Brown Bag (University of Pittsburgh), Labor and Development Brown Bag (University of Pittsburgh)  
 2020: Labor and Development Brown Bag (University of Pittsburgh)

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#### *Awards & Honors*

<b>K. Leroy Irvis Fellowship</b> <i>University of Pittsburgh</i>	2022 & 2018
<b>Arts and Sciences Graduate Summer Fellowship</b> <i>University of Pittsburgh</i>	2020

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#### *Skills*

**Technical:** Python, Stata, SQL, Microsoft, L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X, R, ArcGIS, QGIS  
**Languages:** English (Native), Spanish (Fluent)

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#### *Service*

<b>Organizer, Economics Graduate Student Practice Presentations</b> <i>University of Pittsburgh</i>	2021 - 2023
<b>Mentor, Economics Graduate Student Peer Mentoring Program</b> <i>University of Pittsburgh</i>	2019 - 2022