

The generator starts to iterate between 1 and the total number of days *days* required to simulate. Within the iterator initialized the patient list (*list_patients*) and assigns the number of patients (*pat_day*) to be schedule on the current day *d*. This number is randomly generated in a range from 0 to the maximum number (*total_pat*) entered as parameter.

Then begin iterating from 1 to the number newly generated *pat_day*. It initializes the new patient *new_patient*, together with the optimal day *begin* to start the treatment, this number varies between 1 and *gap*, to this is added the day *d*. Subsequently determines the type of patient based on the odds (*p_eme, p_pal, p_rad*. Where $p_eme + p_pal + p_rad = 1$), where as applicable, will be assigned the number of treatments (*treatments*). Additionally, we calculate the last day were could begin the treatment (*begin* + [*last_eme, last_pal, last_rad*]) . After calculate the number of interruptions (*interruption*) it can have on treatment, if do not want to have interruptions, just set *prob_int* = 0. Depending on the category determined for the patient, the machine is assigned, by means of odds (*machines_eme, machines_pal, machines_rad*) entered.

Finally, assign the values to the new patient (*new_patient*) which is inserted into the list *list_patients[d]* on the corresponding day, which is organized by category.

Parameter	Description
<i>days</i>	Number of days to simulate
<i>total_pat</i>	Maximum number of patients that can be scheduled in a single day
<i>p_eme</i>	Percentage of emergency patients to simulate
<i>p_pal</i>	Percentage of palliative patients to simulate
<i>p_rad</i>	Percentage of radical patients to simulate
<i>prob_int_i</i>	Maximum percentage of all sessions assigned to the patient that may have interruptions in the
<i>time</i>	Machine time available per day
<i>time_session</i>	Duration of treatment in patients
<i>first_time</i>	Additional time to treatment in the first session
<i>delay_eme</i>	Extra delay at the beginning where may begin the treatment for emergency patients
<i>delay_pal</i>	Extra delay at the beginning where may begin the treatment for palliative patients
<i>delay_rad</i>	Extra delay at the beginning where may begin the treatment for radical patients
<i>groups_eme</i>	Number of types of treatments that the patient categorized emergency may have
<i>groups_pal</i>	Number of types of treatments that the patient categorized paliative may have
<i>groups_rad</i>	Number of types of treatments that the patient categorized radical may have
<i>ses_eme</i>	Vector that contain the number of treatments for the type of treatment needed for the patients
<i>ses_pal</i>	Vector that contain the number of treatments for the type of treatment needed for the patients
<i>ses_rad</i>	Vector that contain the number of treatments for the type of treatment needed for the patients
<i>prob_ses_eme</i>	Vector that contain the probability of occurrence of the differents types of treatments for the p
<i>prob_ses_pal</i>	Vector that contain the probability of occurrence of the differents types of treatments for the p
<i>prob_ses_rad</i>	Vector that contain the probability of occurrence of the differents types of treatments for the p
<i>n_mach</i>	Number of types of machines available
<i>machines_eme</i>	Vector that contain the probability of being assigned for a type of machine for the patients cate
<i>machines_pal</i>	Vector that contain the probability of being assigned for a type of machine for the patients cate
<i>machines_rad</i>	Vector that contain the probability of being assigned for a type of machine for the patients cate

Algorithm 1 Generator

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1: procedure GENERATOR
Input: days, total_pat, prob_int, time, p_eme, p_pal, p_rad groups_eme, delay_eme, delay_pal,
       delay_rad groups_pal, groups_rad, ses_eme, ses_pal, ses_rad, prob_ses_eme, prob_ses_pal,
       prob_ses_rad, n_mach, machines_eme, machines_pal, machines_rad
2:   for  $d := 1$  do days
3:     list_patients  $\leftarrow$  NULL
4:     pat_day  $\leftarrow$  random(0, total_pat)
5:     for  $p := 1$  do pat_day
6:       begin  $\leftarrow$   $d + \text{random}(1, \text{gap})$ 
7:        $r \leftarrow \text{random}(0, 1)$ 
8:       if  $r \leq p\_eme$  then
9:         type  $\leftarrow$  1
10:        treatments  $\leftarrow$  sessions_pat( $r$ , groups_eme, ses_eme, prob_ses_eme)
11:        end  $\leftarrow$  begin + delay_eme
12:      else if  $p \leq p\_eme + p\_pal$  then
13:        type  $\leftarrow$  2
14:        treatments  $\leftarrow$  sessions_pat( $r$ , groups_pal, ses_pal, prob_ses_pal)
15:        end  $\leftarrow$  begin + delay_pal
16:      else
17:        type  $\leftarrow$  3
18:        treatments  $\leftarrow$  sessions_pat( $r$ , groups_rad, ses_rad, prob_ses_rad)
19:        end  $\leftarrow$  begin + delay_rad
20:      end if
21:      interruption  $\leftarrow$  random(0,  $\text{prob\_int} * \text{treatments}$ )
22:      machine  $\leftarrow$  0
23:       $r \leftarrow \text{random}(0, 1)$ 
24:      if type = 1 then
25:        machine  $\leftarrow$  set_machine( $r$ , n_mach, machines_eme)
26:      else if type = 2 then
27:        machine  $\leftarrow$  set_machine( $r$ , n_mach, machines_pal)
28:      else if type = 3 then
29:        machine  $\leftarrow$  set_machine( $r$ , n_mach, machines_rad)
30:      end if
31:
32:      new_patient  $\leftarrow$  type, begin, end, interruption, treatments, machine, time_session, first_time
33:      list_patients[ $d$ ]  $\leftarrow$  new_patient
34:      order_patients_category(list_patients[ $d$ ])
35:    end for
36:    return days, n_mach, list_patients, time
37:  end for
38: end procedure
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