FUNDAMENTAL THEOREM OF CALCULUS

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Part 1

The integral from a to x represents the area under the curve y = f(t). For a given f(t), we define the function F(x) as

$$F(x) = \int_{a}^{x} f(t)dt$$
, where $a \le x \le b$

The above equation does not define or depend on knowledge of derivatives. We define the derivative of a F(x) as follows:

$$F\prime(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{F(x + \Delta x) - F(x)}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\int_a^{x + \Delta x} f(t) dt - \int_a^x f(t) dt}{\Delta x}$$

Definition 1. The derivative of a function F(x) is equal to the quotient between the area under the curve f(t) from a to $x + \Delta x$ minus the area under the curve f(t) from a to x, and Δx .

$$\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{1}{\Delta x} \int_{x}^{x + \Delta x} f(t) dt$$

Definition 2. Knowing the above, it can be stated that in the area under the curve f(t) from x to $x + \Delta x$, there exists a point c such that $f(c)\Delta x = \int_x^{x+\Delta x} f(t)dt$. This function f(c) is therefore known as the mean value function over the integral.

$$f(c) = \frac{1}{\Delta x} \int_{x}^{x + \Delta x} f(t)dt$$

In other words, there exists a value c in $[x, x + \Delta x]$ where

$$F'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} f(c)$$

Knowing this, it can then be stated that $f(c) \to f(x)$ as $\Delta x \to 0$.

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Theorem 3. Let there be two functions $f_{-}(x)$ and $f_{+}(x)$ such that f(x) is squeezed between the two,

$$f_{-}(x) \le f(x) \le f_{+}(x)$$

if

$$r = \lim_{x \to a} f_{-}(x) = \lim_{x \to a} f_{+}(x)$$

then,

$$\lim_{x \to a} f(x) = r$$

Taking the squeeze theorem (defined above) into account, and assuming that

$$x \le c(\Delta x) \le x + \Delta x$$

we can then state that if

$$\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} x = x$$

and

$$\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} x + \Delta x = x$$

then,

$$\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} C(\Delta x) = x$$

The function f is continuous at c, so the limit can be taken inside of the function. Thefefore

$$F\prime(x) = f(x)$$

Thus, proving that any continuous function has an anti-derivative.

Q.E.D

Part 2

Sources