# Linear Regression

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### 1 Simple Case

#### 1.1 Problem

Given a data set,  $(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2), ..., (x_n, y_n)$ , we want to find a function

$$f(x) = w \cdot x$$

to minimize the following error function:

$$E(w) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (f(x_i) - y_i)^2 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (w \cdot x_i - y_i)^2.$$

#### 1.2 A solution

We can find a solution using  $\frac{dE(w)}{dw} = 0$ .

$$\frac{dE(w)}{dw} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{d(\sum_{i=1}^{n} (f(x_i) - y_i)^2)}{dw} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{d(\sum_{i=1}^{n} (w \cdot x_i - y_i)^2)}{dw}$$
$$= \sum_{i=1}^{n} (w \cdot x_i - y_i) \cdot x_i = w \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i^2 - \sum_{i=1}^{n} y_i \cdot x_i = 0$$
$$\therefore w = \frac{\sum x_i y_i}{\sum x_i^2}.$$

### 2 Another Method

#### 2.1 Newton's Method

How can we find a root of the function f(w)? In other words, we want to find w such that f(w) = 0.

We discussed the following equation:

$$\frac{f(w_1)}{w_2 - w_1} = f'(w_1).$$

That is,

$$w_2 = w_1 - \frac{f(w_1)}{f'(w_1)}.$$

Generally,

$$w_{n+1} = w_n - \frac{f(w_n)}{f'(w_n)}.$$

### 2.2 Back to Simple Case of Linear Regression

We solved linear regression using  $\frac{dE(w)}{dw} = 0$ . Newton's method says that finding w that satisfies f(w) = 0 can be solved by iterative method. When we substitute E'(w) for f(w),

$$w_{n+1} = w_n - \frac{E'(w_n)}{E''(w_n)}.$$

Simply, we get the following update equation:

$$w_{n+1} = w_n - \eta E'(w_n).$$

### 2.3 Update Equation for Simple Case

Recall that  $E'(w) = \frac{dE(w)}{dw} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{d(\sum_{i=1}^{n} (f(x_i) - y_i)^2)}{dw} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{d(\sum_{i=1}^{n} (w \cdot x_i - y_i)^2)}{dw} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (w \cdot x_i - y_i) \cdot x_i$ . Therefore,

$$w_{n+1} = w_n - \eta E'(w_n) = w_n - \eta \sum_{i=1}^n (w_n \cdot x_i - y_i) \cdot x_i.$$

## 3 Linear Regression with Y intercept

### 3.1 Problem

Given a data set,  $(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2), ..., (x_n, y_n)$ , we want to find a function

$$f(x) = w \cdot x + \mathbf{b}$$

to minimize the following error function:

$$E(w, \mathbf{b}) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (f(x_i) - y_i)^2 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (w \cdot x_i + \mathbf{b} - y_i)^2.$$

### 3.2 Update Equation

Since

$$\frac{\partial E(w,b)}{\partial w}|_{w=w_n} = \sum_{i=1}^n (w_n \cdot x_i + b - y_i) \cdot x_i$$

and

$$\frac{\partial E(w,b)}{\partial b}|_{b=b_n} = \sum_{i=1}^n (w_n \cdot x_i + b - y_i) \cdot 1,$$

the update equation is as follows.

$$w_{n+1} = w_n - \eta \frac{\partial E(w, b)}{\partial w}|_{w=w_n} = w_n - \eta \sum_{i=1}^n (w_n \cdot x_i + b - y_i) \cdot x_i.$$

$$b_{n+1} = b_n - \eta \frac{\partial E(w, b)}{\partial b}|_{b=b_n} = b_n - \eta \sum_{i=1}^n (w_n \cdot x_i + b - y_i) \cdot 1.$$