Department of Cell Biology

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Candidacy Exam Project Outlines

Primary Proposal:

Hematopoietic cancers and NUP98 fusions: determining common mechanisms of malignancy

Nup98 has several cellular functions, participating in RNA and protein export, gene expression, immune response and cell cycle progression. In mice NUP98 is essential for animal viability, and rearrangements of

NUP98 lead to hematopoietic malignancies. NUP98 gene fusions have also been detected in human

hematopoietic cancers, where it indicates poor prognosis with worse survival. At least 28 different partner genes

fused to NUP98 have been described. The fusion proteins encoded always retain the N-terminal portion of

Nup98, indicating an important function for this domain in hematopoietic carcinogenesis. In this project I would

like to define common mechanisms by which these different nup98 fusions lead to malignancy. Using a high-

throughput approach I'll identify proteins, DNA and RNA sequences interacting with these nup98 fusions as well

as their effects in gene expression and cell cycle regulation. Pathways commonly affected by different nup98

fusions will be chosen for further investigation in a search for novel therapeutic targets.

Alternate Proposal:

Elucidating Nup98's function in DNA damage repair in humans

In Saccharomyces cerevisiae Nuclear Pore Complexes (NPCs) play an important role in DNA damage repair.

The Nup84 complex shows genetic interactions with components from the non-homologous end joining (NHEJ)

machinery and mutants of these nucleoporins display increased DNA double strand breaks. Nup145 is a

component of the Nup84 complex, its homologue in Aspergillus nidulans is sonBnup98. A mutant presenting a

single amino acid change in this protein also shows increased sensitivity to DNA damage. Nup98 is the human

homologue of Nup145 and sonB^{nup98}. In my recent results identifying Nup98 protein interactions in human cells, I

have detected an interaction between DNA dependent protein kinase (DNA-PK) and Nup98. DNA-PK is a

component of the NHEJ DNA repair pathway in humans, the same DNA repair mechanism affected by the

Nup84 complex in yeast. In this project I would like to determine the molecular pathways connecting Nup98 and

NHEJ DNA repair in humans.

Exam: 20 December 2011 - 2:30 p.m. TELUS Centre 145

Examining Committee: Dr. Rick Wozniak, Dr. Paul Melançon, Dr. Mark Glover, Dr. Tom Hobman, and

Dr. Andrew MacMillan

8 November 2011