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# Chapter 1.4: Excluded Entity Assessment
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## Learning Objective
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After completing this chapter, you will be able to determine whether any Constituent Entities qualify as Excluded Entities under the GloBE Rules and document these exclusions appropriately.

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## 1. Why Excluded Entities Matter
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Certain entities are excluded from GloBE calculations even though they may technically be Constituent Entities. Identifying these exclusions correctly is essential because:

- Excluded Entities are not included in the jurisdictional ETR calculation
- Their income and taxes are carved out from group computations
- Misclassification can lead to incorrect Top-Up Tax calculations

The five categories of Excluded Entities are defined in **Article 1.5** of the GloBE Model Rules.

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## 2. The Five Excluded Entity Categories
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### 2.1 Category 1: Governmental Entities
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A **Governmental Entity** is excluded if it is *(Article 1.5.1(a))*:

1. A government, political subdivision, or local authority, OR
2. An agency or instrumentality wholly owned by a government, OR
3. A body performing government functions (regulatory, administrative, or other) with majority government control

Key test: Is the entity carrying on a trade or business, or primarily engaged in investing government assets?

- If **yes** (trading/investing) → NOT an Excluded Entity
- If **no** (government functions only) → Excluded Entity

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### 2.2 Category 2: International Organisations
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An **International Organisation** qualifies for exclusion if it *(Article 1.5.1(b))* :

1. Is established by treaty or international agreement between governments
2. Has a headquarters agreement granting tax privileges
3. Has income that does not accrue to the benefit of private persons

Practical examples:

- United Nations and its agencies
- World Bank Group entities
- European Union institutions
- OECD

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### 2.3 Category 3: Non-Profit Organisations
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A **Non-Profit Organisation (NPO)** is excluded if it *(Article 1.5.1(c))*:

1. Is established and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, ar

- tistic, cultural, athletic, educational, or other similar purposes
2. Has income substantially exempt from tax in its jurisdiction of residence
 3. Has no shareholders or members with proprietary interests in its income or assets
 4. Cannot distribute income or assets to private persons (except for charitable purposes or reasonable compensation)
 5. Must distribute all assets to an NPO or government upon winding up

All five conditions must be met for NPO exclusion.

2.4 Category 4: Pension Funds

A **Pension Fund** is excluded if it is *(Article 1.5.1(d))*

1. Established to provide retirement benefits, and
2. Regulated in the jurisdiction where it is established or operates, and
3. Either:
 - Income is exempt from tax, OR
 - Taxation is deferred until benefits are paid

Pension Services Entity: An entity established exclusively to invest assets for, or provide services to, pension funds that are members of the same group is also excluded.

2.5 Category 5: Investment Funds (UPE Only)

An **Investment Fund** qualifies for exclusion only if it is the **Ultimate Parent Entity** of the MNE group *(Article 1.5.1(e))*. The fund must:

1. Be designed to pool capital from unrelated investors
2. Invest in accordance with a defined investment policy
3. Allow investors to reduce transaction, research, and analytical costs
4. Be primarily established for investment rather than trading

Investment Entity owned by Investment Fund: An entity wholly owned (directly or indirectly) by an Investment Fund UPE is also excluded if it exclusively holds assets or invests funds on behalf of the fund.

3. Ownership Test for Investment Funds

An Investment Fund UPE qualifies for exclusion only if it meets the **ownership test** *(Article 1.5.2)*:

At least **80% of the value** of ownership interests in the fund must be held by persons who are:

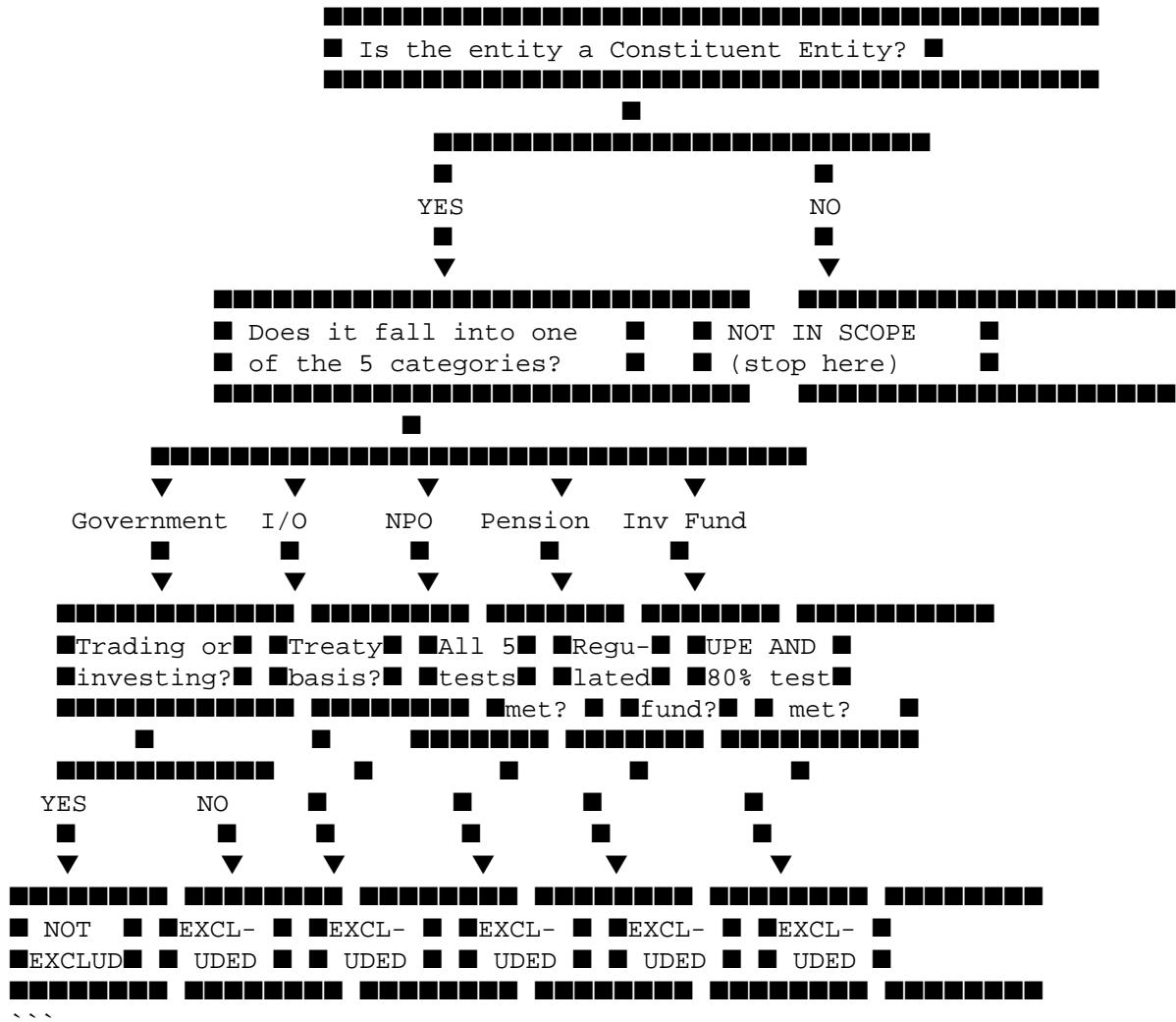
- Not connected with the fund manager, AND
- Either individuals or entities whose income from the fund is:
 - Subject to tax, OR
 - Held for pensioners or beneficiaries whose income is subject to tax

Timeline: The test is assessed at the end of the fiscal year, looking at ownership throughout the year.

Failure consequence: If the 80% test is failed, the Investment Fund loses excluded status, and the entire group becomes subject to GloBE calculations.

4. Decision Flowchart: Is This Entity Excluded?

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5. Step-by-Step Excluded Entity Assessment

5.1 Step 1: Review CE Register

Start with your Constituent Entity register from Chapter 1.2. For each CE, consider whether it may fall into one of the five excluded categories.

****Likely candidates:****

- Entities with "Pension," "Trust," "Foundation," or "Charity" in their name
- Entities with government ownership (full or partial)
- Holding companies owned by institutional investors

5.2 Step 2: Gather Entity Documentation

For each potential exclusion, obtain:

Category	Documentation Required
Government Entity	Charter, formation documents, ownership evidence, description of activities
International Org	Treaty/convention establishing the organisation, headquarters agreement
NPO	Formation documents, tax exemption certificate, constitutional documents showing charitable purposes

Pension Fund		Regulatory registration, tax status confirmation, fund rules	
Investment Fund		Fund prospectus, investor register, fund manager agreements	

5.3 Step 3: Apply Exclusion Tests

Work through each exclusion test systematically. Document your analysis for each criterion.

For Investment Fund UPE exclusion:

1. Confirm entity is the UPE (not a subsidiary)
2. Verify fund structure meets investment fund definition
3. Calculate ownership percentages for five-year test
4. Assess each investor's tax status

5.4 Step 4: Document Conclusions

Prepare a memo for each excluded entity covering:

- Entity name and jurisdiction
- Applicable exclusion category
- Evidence supporting each criterion
- Date of assessment
- Review frequency

6. Worked Example: Stratos's Excluded Entity Assessment

6.1 Potential Exclusions Identified

From Stratos's 47 Constituent Entities, the tax team identifies three potential exclusions:

Entity	Category	Initial Assessment
SG Pension Trustees Ltd (UK)	Pension Fund	UK registered occupational pension scheme
Stratos Foundation (UK)	NPO	Charitable foundation making grants
Singapore Gov JV Pte Ltd	Government Entity	51% owned by Singapore government agency

6.2 Analysis: SG Pension Trustees Ltd

Criterion	Assessment	Evidence
Provides retirement benefits	**Yes**	Defined benefit scheme for Stratos employees
Regulated	**Yes**	Registered with The Pensions Regulator (UK)
Tax status	**Yes**	Income exempt under UK registered pension scheme rules

Conclusion: SG Pension Trustees Ltd is an **Excluded Entity** (Pension Fund).

6.3 Analysis: Stratos Foundation

NPO Criterion	Assessment	Evidence
Established for charitable purpose	**Yes**	Objects: advancement of education in technology
Income substantially exempt	**Yes**	UK charity, exempt from corporation tax
No proprietary shareholders	**Yes**	No share capital; trustees have no beneficial interest

No distribution to private persons	**Yes**	Constitution prohibits private benefit
Assets to charity on winding up	**Yes**	Constitution requires distribution to similar charities

Conclusion: Stratos Foundation is an **Excluded Entity** (NPO).

6.4 Analysis: Singapore Gov JV Pte Ltd

Criterion	Assessment	Evidence
Government ownership	**Partial**	51% by government agency; 49% by Stratos
Trading activities	**Yes**	Operates technology park, generates commercial revenue

Conclusion: Singapore Gov JV Pte Ltd is **NOT an Excluded Entity**.

The entity is engaged in commercial trading activities despite government majority ownership. It fails the "government functions only" test *(Commentary, para. 39)*.

This entity remains a Constituent Entity and will be included in GloBE calculations. However, as a joint arrangement with only 51% government ownership (and 49% owned by Stratos), the treatment depends on whether it meets the JV definition under Article 10.1—see Part 6.

6.5 Result

Stratos has **2 Excluded Entities**:

- SG Pension Trustees Ltd (Pension Fund)
- Stratos Foundation (NPO)

45 Constituent Entities remain in scope for GloBE calculations.

7. Common Assessment Challenges

7.1 Challenge 1: Government Entity vs Commercial Entity

Government agencies that conduct commercial activities are not excluded. Key indicators of commercial activity:

- Revenue from goods or services sold at market prices
- Competition with private sector entities
- Profit-making objectives

(Commentary, para. 38-42)

7.2 Challenge 2: NPO "Substantially Exempt" Test

The NPO exclusion requires income to be "substantially exempt" from tax—not entirely exempt. Incidental taxable income (e.g., from unrelated business activities) does not disqualify an NPO if the bulk of income is exempt.

Practical threshold: If 80%+ of income is tax-exempt, the "substantially exempt" test is generally met.

7.3 Challenge 3: Pension Fund Subsidiaries

A subsidiary that provides services to the pension fund may also qualify for exclusion as a "Pension Services Entity" *(Article 1.5.1(d)(ii))* if:

- Established exclusively to hold assets or earn income for the pension fund
- All activities are connected with administering the pension fund's investments

Property holding subsidiaries of pension funds often qualify.

7.4 Challenge 4: Investment Fund Investor Identification

The 80% ownership test requires identifying all investors and their tax status. For funds with numerous investors, this can be complex.

****Practical approach:****

- Obtain investor register from fund administrator
- Categorise investors: individuals, pension funds, taxable entities, tax-exempt entities
- Calculate percentage by value (not number) of investors meeting the test
- Document instances where investor status cannot be determined

8. Excluded Entity Register

Maintain an Excluded Entity Register as a supplement to your CE register:

Field	Description
Entity name	Legal name
Jurisdiction	Country of tax residence
Exclusion category	Government / I/O / NPO / Pension / Investment Fund
Key criteria met	Summary of how each criterion is satisfied
Supporting documents	List of evidence on file
Assessment date	Date of initial determination
Review date	Date for next review
Assessor	Name of person completing assessment

****Review frequency:**** Annual review at fiscal year-end, plus upon any change in entity status, activities, or ownership.