

# Contextual flexibility in visual communication

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November 30, 2017

Visual modes of communication are ubiquitous in modern life — from maps to data plots to political cartoons. Here we investigate drawing, the most basic form of visual communication. Communicative drawing poses a core challenge for theories of how vision and social cognition interact, requiring a detailed understanding of how sensory information and social context jointly determine what information is relevant to communicate. Participants (N=192) were paired in an online environment to play a drawing-based reference game. On each trial, both participants were shown the same four objects, but in different locations. The *sketcher's* goal was to draw one of these objects — the target — so that the *viewer* could pick it out from a set of distractor objects. There were two types of trials: *close*, where objects belonged to the same category, and *far*, where objects belonged to different categories. We found that people exploited information in common ground with their partner to efficiently communicate about the target: on far trials, sketchers achieved 99.7% recognition accuracy while applying fewer strokes, using less ink, and spending less time ( $ps < 0.001$ ) on their drawings than on close trials, where accuracy was still high (87.7%). We hypothesized that humans succeed at this task by recruiting two core competencies: (1) **visual abstraction**, the capacity to perceive the correspondence between an object and a drawing of it; and (2) **social reasoning**, the ability to infer what information would help a viewer distinguish the target from distractors. We instantiated these competencies in a sketcher model that combines a multimodal convnet visual encoder with a Bayesian model of recursive social reasoning, and found that it fit the data well and outperformed a baseline model that ignored the context. Together, this work provides the first unified computational theory of how perception and social cognition support contextual flexibility in real-time visual communication.

Word Count: ~ 300 of 300

Methodology/Approach: Behavior/Psychophysics

Primary Topic Descriptor: Perception and action: other

Secondary Topic Descriptor: XX

Funding sources: XXX

Presentation Preference: XXX

Suggested Reviewer 1: XXX

Suggested Reviewer 2: XXX

Suggested Reviewer 3: XXX