



Example: [1, 2, 2, 4]

Loop 1:

$a[a[0]-1] \rightarrow a[1-1] = a[0] : 1 \rightarrow -1$

$a[a[1]-1] \rightarrow a[2-1] = a[1] : 2 \rightarrow -2$

$a[a[2]-1] \rightarrow a[2-1] = a[1] : -2$ ← stays the same because only negating positive

$a[a[3]-1] \rightarrow a[4-1] = a[3] : 4 \rightarrow 4$

Array is now [-1, -2, 2, 4]

Loop 2: Find array[index] > 0
 and return index + 1.