Name:		Class:	Date:	ID: A
E205 Fir	nal: Version B			
Multiple (Identify the		pletes the statement or ar	nswers the question.	
1.	would now like to de the entertainment to	etermine whether or not to appeal to an older crowd her decision, what reject -2.33 -2.58 2.33	he mean age of her customers is over it is in the mean age of her customers is over it is not, no entertainment changes where it is in the population of the population of the population is in the population of the population is in the population of the population of the population is in the population of the populat	er 35. If so, she plans to alter will be made. If she wants to
2.	standardized test state. a. smaller than 1.9 b. greater than -1. c. smaller than -1.	• 1	rejected at the 0.05 level of signifi	cance if the value of the
3.			owing sum of squares are produced e percentage of the variation in y the	
4.		icient evidence to infer the	form a two-tail test of the populatinat a linear relationship exists. The	
5.	From a sample of 40 defective will be: a. 14 b. 0.035 c. 28.57 d. 0.05	0 items, 14 are found to l	be defective. The point estimate of	the population proportion

d. value of x when y = 0.

 6.	The rejection region for testing H_0 : $\mu = 100$ vs. H_1 : $\mu \neq 100$, at the 0.05 level of significance is: a. $ z < 0.95$ b. $ z > 1.96$ c. $z > 1.65$ d. $z < 2.33$
 7.	If the coefficient of determination is 0.975, then which of the following is true regarding the slope of the regression line? a. All we can tell is that it must be positive. b. It must be 0.975. c. It must be 0.987. d. Cannot tell the sign or the value.
 8.	Suppose an interval estimate for the population mean was 62.84 to 69.46. The population standard deviation was assumed to be 6.50, and a sample of 100 observations was used. The mean of the sample was: a. 56.34 b. 62.96 c. 6.62 d. 66.15
 9.	Researchers claim that 60 tissues is the average number of tissues a person uses during the course of a cold. The company who makes Kleenex brand tissues thinks that fewer of their tissues are needed. What are their null and alternative hypotheses? a. H_0 : $\mu = 60$ vs. H_1 : $\mu > 60$ b. H_0 : $\mu = 60$ vs. H_1 : $\mu < 60$ c. H_0 : $\overline{X} = 60$ vs. H_1 : $\overline{X} < 60$ d. H_0 : $\mu < 60$ vs. H_1 : $\mu = 60$
 10.	If a test of hypothesis has a Type I error probability of .05, this means that: a. if the null hypothesis is true, we don't reject if 5% of the time. b. if the null hypothesis is true, we reject it 5% of the time. c. if the null hypothesis is false, we don't reject it 5% of the time. d. if the null hypothesis is false, we reject it 5% of the time.
 11.	Which of the following p -values will lead us to reject the null hypothesis if the level of significance equals 0.05? a. 0.150 b. 0.100 c. 0.051 d. 0.025
 12.	 In the simple linear regression model, the <i>y</i>-intercept represents the: a. change in <i>y</i> per unit change in <i>x</i>. b. change in <i>x</i> per unit change in <i>y</i>. c. value of <i>y</i> when <i>x</i> = 0.

19. For the multiple regression model: $\hat{y} = 75 + 25x_1 - 15x_2 + 10x_3$, if x_2 were to increase by 5, holding x_1 and x_3

c. H_0 : $\mu \neq 3$ vs. H_1 : $\mu = 3$ d. H_0 : $\mu = 3$ vs. H_1 : $\mu < 3$

constant, the value of y will:

decrease on average by 5. d. decrease on average by 75.

a. increase by 5. b. increase by 75.

c.

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20.		m allowable error m	e a population proportion to within W=0.04, your statistics ust be reduced to just W=0.01. If the original calculation now have to be:
21.	-	-	distributed population revealed a sample mean of 75 and a onfidence interval for the population mean would equal:
22.	The coefficient of correlation is a. the strength of the linear reb. the least squares estimates c. the predicted value of y for d. All of these choices.	elationship between of the regression pa	x and y.
23.	Use your results from Model 1. The coefficient estimate on we a. 0.05549 b0.05549		-0.05449 -0.05149
24.	Use your results from Model 1. According to these data, are wo a. Yes, according to Model 1 b. Yes, according to Model 2	omen less intelligent c.	
25.	Use your results from Model 1. Is the size of the brain a predict a. Yes, at the 1, 5, and 10 % level b. Yes, at the 5% and 10% significance level on	tor for intelligence? significance c.	Yes, at the 10% only significance level No, it's not a predictor
26.	Use your results from Model 1. According to the coefficient of a. Model 1 b. Model 2		

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27.	Use your results from Model 1,2,3, and 4 to answer these questions. Go to Model 4 and calculate the standard deviation of the residuals. Hint: You can find the residual column at the bottom of your regression output, between the 'Predicted performance IQ' column and the 'Standard Residuals' column. What is this standard deviations of the					
	residuals. a. 18.57338549 b. 18.67338549 c. 18.77338549 d. 18.87338549					
28.						
	a. 85.46399 c. 85.26399 b. 85.36399 d. 85.16399					
29.	Use your results from Model 1,2,3, and 4 to answer these questions. Use Model 1 and predict the full IQ score of a female with size weight height 900000 172 78					
	a. 82.62731 c. 82.82731 b. 82.72731 d. 82.92731					
30.	As a general rule, the normal distribution is used to approximate the sampling distribution of the sample proportion only if: a. the sample size n is greater than 30. b. the population proportion p is close to 0.50. c. the underlying population is normal. d. np and $n(1-p)$ are both greater than or equal to 5.					
31.	An infinite population has a mean of 40 and a standard deviation of 15. A sample of size 100 is taken at random from this population. The standard error of the sample mean equals: a. 15 b. 15/100 c. 15/√100 d. None of these choices.					
32.	A sample of size 40 is taken from an infinite population whose mean and standard deviation are 68 and 12 respectively. The probability that the sample mean is larger than 70 equals a. $P(Z > 70)$ b. $P(Z > 2)$ c. $P(Z > 0.17)$ d. $P(Z > 1.05)$					
33.	 In a multiple regression analysis, if the model provides a poor fit, this indicates that: a. the sum of squares for error will be large. b. the standard error of estimate will be large. c. the coefficient of determination will be close to zero. d. All of these choices are true. 					

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34. In a multiple regression model, the standard deviation of the error variable ε is assumed to be:

- a. constant.
- b. 0.
- c. 1.0.
- d. None of these choices.

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MULTIPLE CHOICE

1.	ANS:	C	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 11.2
2.	ANS:	C	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 11.2
3.	ANS:	В	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 16.3-16.4
4.	ANS:	A	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 16.3-16.4
5.	ANS:	В	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 12.3
6.	ANS:	В	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 11.2
7.	ANS:	D	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 16.3-16.4
8.	ANS:	D	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 10.2
9.	ANS:	В	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 11.1
10.	ANS:	В	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 11.1
11.	ANS:	D	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 11.2
12.	ANS:	C	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 16.1-16.2
13.	ANS:	A	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 11.1
14.	ANS:	В	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 17.1-17.2
15.	ANS:	C	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 16.3-16.4
16.	ANS:	C	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 12.4-12.5
17.	ANS:	D	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 16.3-16.4
18.	ANS:	A	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 11.1
19.	ANS:	D	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 17.1-17.2
20.	ANS:	C	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 12.3
21.	ANS:	A	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 12.1
22.	ANS:	A	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 16.3-16.4
23.	ANS:	В	PTS:	1		
24.	ANS:	D	PTS:	1		
25.	ANS:	В	PTS:	1		
26.	ANS:	D	PTS:	1		
27.	ANS:	В	PTS:	1		
28.	ANS:	D	PTS:	1		
29.	ANS:	В	PTS:	1		
30.	ANS:	D	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 9.2
31.	ANS:	C	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 9.1
32.	ANS:	D	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 9.1
33.	ANS:	D	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 17.1-17.2
34.	ANS:	A	PTS:	1	REF:	SECTION 17.1-17.2