

# THE AUSTRALIAN NATIONAL UNIVERSITY

*Second Semester PRACTICE MIDTERM Examination – September, 2013*

## Foundations of Economic and Financial Models

**(EMET 1001/7001)**

*Reading Time: 10 Minutes*

*Writing Time: 90 Minutes*

*Permitted Materials: Non-programmable Calculator*

### Instructions:

- This handout of exam questions contains 4 pages (including cover page) with 15 exam questions. Make sure you are not missing any pages!
- Answer **ALL** questions of this handout in the script book provided to you.
- Show your work! No partial credit will be given for just providing final results.
- All your derivations should be as mathematically rigorous as possible.
- You may not use L'Hospital's rule in solving questions.
- Unless otherwise stated, when determining local extrema, make sure to also show which ones are minima and which ones are maxima.
- Cheat sheets are not permitted.
- Anything that is not a non-programmable calculator is not permitted. These include, but are not limited to: mobile phones, tablet computers, abacuses.
- Return this handout to the invigilators at the end of the exam.
- Total marks: 100
- Good luck!

*Note: The following set of questions covers material from weeks 1 through 6 of the lecture (weeks 2 through 7 of the tutorials). No particular emphasis is put on any particular question/topic for any particular purpose. No claim on comprehensiveness and exhaustiveness of questions/topics covered is made. You should be aware that the actual exam will contain different questions. The priority given to different questions/topics in the exam may be different to the priority these same questions/topics receive here.*

1. [ 6 marks ] Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  with

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -x & \text{if } x < 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } x = 0 \\ x & \text{if } x > 0. \end{cases}$$

Is the function  $f$  continuous?

2. [ 6 marks ] Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  with  $f(x) = c \cdot x$  for some real number  $c$ . Prove that

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) = c \cdot x_0.$$

3. [ 10 marks ] State the Mean Value Theorem and use it to prove the inequality

$$(1 + z)^a \geq 1 + az,$$

for  $-1 < z$  and some constant  $a > 1$ . (Hint: Let  $f(z) = (1 + z)^a$ .)

4. [ 8 marks ] A function  $h$  is given by  $h(w) = w \cdot (4 + w)^{2/3}$ .

- (a) What are the domain and range of  $h$ ?
- (b) Obtain  $h'(w)$  and  $h''(w)$ !
- (c) Find all local extrema of  $h$ !

5. [ 5 marks ] Find the sum of the infinite geometric sequence:

$$4, -\frac{8}{3}, \frac{16}{9}, -\frac{32}{27}, \dots$$

6. [ 8 marks ] You wish to be a millionaire when you retire. To accomplish this you decide to open a savings account and make equal monthly payments at the end of each month. If the account earns a nominal rate of 7.5% compounded monthly and you know you will retire in 40 years, what must be the monthly payment to obtain your \$1,000,000?

To answer this question, do the following:

- (a) Denote the monthly payment by  $P$ . Denote by  $A$  your savings goal (i.e., 1,000,000). Write down explicitly the payment series. (Only focus on the first three and the last three terms.)
  - (b) Map your payment series from part (a) into the generic notation for geometric series. What is the starting term  $a_1$  equal to? What is the common ratio  $i$  equal to? What is  $n$ ?
  - (c) Solve for  $P$  in terms of  $A$ ,  $a_1$ ,  $i$ , and  $n$  only. In the end, plug in specific numbers and provide the solution.
7. [ 6 marks ] A math tutor charges \$40 for the first hour of work at your house and \$30 for every hour (or fraction thereof) afterwards.
- (a) Write down the function  $f$  that maps hours  $x$  into total charges by your tutor. (Assume that  $x \leq 5$ .)
  - (b) Find  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x)$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$ .

8. [ 6 marks ] For what values of  $x$  is the following function continuous?

$$g(x) = \frac{x \cdot (x + 1)}{x^2 - 1}$$

9. [ 6 marks ] For the following function, determine the difference quotient and its limit as  $x$  approaches  $x_0$ :

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{x^2}$$

10. [ 8 marks ] Let  $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2$ .

- (a) Find  $f'(x)$  and  $f''(x)$
- (b) Determine all intervals on which the function is increasing; determine all intervals on which it is decreasing.
- (c) Determine the coordinates of all local extrema.
- (d) Determine all intervals on which the function is convex; determine all intervals on which the function is concave.

Note: Do not use graphs or sign charts to answer the question.

11. [ 6 marks ] A firm has total cost function

$$TC(q) = 2q^3 - 2q^2 + 5q + 24 \quad \text{with } \{q \in \mathbb{N} \mid 0 \leq q \leq 8\}.$$

- (a) For what value of  $q$  are average total cost minimal?
- (b) Determine the marginal cost  $TC'(q)$  at the minimum of the average total cost.
- (c) For what value of  $q$  are the marginal cost minimal?

12. [ 6 marks ] What does it mean for a set  $X$  to have cardinality  $n$ ? Give a definition!

13. [ 5 marks ] A person deposits \$1,000 in a savings account that pays an interest rate of 4.75% compounded continuously. Find the balance in the account at the end of 3.5 years.

14. [ 6 marks ] Determine the limit:

$$\lim_{p \rightarrow 4} \frac{p^2 - 7p + 12}{p^2 - 3p - 4}$$

15. [ 8 marks ] Define by  $S_n$  the arithmetic series with common difference  $d$  that starts at  $a_1$  and ends at  $a_n$ . Prove, based on the lecture, that

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [a_1 + a_n]$$

---

---