NetSDK (Intelligent AI)

Programming Manual



Foreword

Purpose

Welcome to use NetSDK (hereinafter referred to be "SDK") programming manual (hereinafter referred to as "the Manual").

SDK, also known as network device SDK, is a development kit for developer to develop the interfaces for network communication among surveillance products such as Network Video Recorder (NVR), Network Video Server (NVS), IP Camera (IPC), Speed Dome (SD), and intelligence devices.

The Manual describes the SDK interfaces and processes of the intelligent function modules for Intelligent Video Surveillance System (IVSS), Network Video Recorder (NVR), IP Camera (IPC), Intelligent Traffic Camera (ITC), people flow statistics devices and barrier. For more function modules and data structures, refer to NetSDK Development Manual.

The example codes provided in the Manual are only for demonstrating the procedure and not assured to copy for use.

Readers

- SDK software development engineers
- Project managers
- Product managers

Safety Instructions

The following categorized signal words with defined meaning might appear in the manual.

Signal Words	Meaning
DANGER	Indicates a high potential hazard which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
warning warning	Indicates a medium or low potential hazard which, if not avoided, could result in slight or moderate injury.
A CAUTION	Indicates a potential risk which, if not avoided, could result in property damage, data loss, lower performance, or unpredictable result.
OT TIPS	Provides methods to help you solve a problem or save you time.
NOTE	Provides additional information as the emphasis and supplement to the text.

Revision History

Version	Revision Content	Release Time
V1.0.2	Changed example codes in 2.5.4.1 and 3.2.4.1.	September 2020
V1.0.1	Changed the callback functions of login and device searching.	March 2020
V1.0.0	First release.	October 2018

Privacy Protection Notice

As the device user or data controller, you might collect personal data of others such as face, fingerprints, car plate number, email address, phone number, GPS and so on. You need to be in compliance with the local privacy protection laws and regulations to protect the legitimate rights and interests of other people by implementing measures include but not limited to: providing clear and visible identification to inform data subject the existence of surveillance area and providing related contact.

About the Manual

- The manual is for reference only. If there is inconsistency between the manual and the actual product, the actual product shall prevail.
- We are not liable for any loss caused by the operations that do not comply with the manual.
- The manual would be updated according to the latest laws and regulations of related jurisdictions. For detailed information, refer to the paper manual, CD-ROM, QR code or our official website. If there is inconsistency between paper manual and the electronic version, the electronic version shall prevail.
- All the designs and software are subject to change without prior written notice. The product updates might cause some differences between the actual product and the manual. Please contact the customer service for the latest program and supplementary documentation.
- There still might be deviation in technical data, functions and operations description, or errors in print. If there is any doubt or dispute, we reserve the right of final explanation.
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- All trademarks, registered trademarks and the company names in the manual are the properties of their respective owners.
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- If there is any uncertainty or controversy, we reserve the right of final explanation.

Glossary

This chapter provides the definitions to some of the terms appear in the Manual to help you understand the function of each module.

Term	Definition
IVSS	Intelligent Video Surveillance System is different with the NVR devices which only support the storage function. The IVSS adds the intelligent analysis function to form an integrated management system.
Face Detection	Do the intelligent analysis to detect the people face, age, sex and expression in the video.
Face Recognition	It contains the face detection. You can detect whether the faces in the video are in the face library or not through the intelligent analysis.
History library	It can be used to storage the face pictures that captured by the device.
Face library	You can detect whether the faces are in the face library or not through importing some face images to the IVSS, NVR or the front-end devices in advance.
Arm by channel	Arm/Disarm one or multiple face library to one channel. The scene: The detected face in this channel contrast with the arm library and return the result. It belongs to one mode of the face library arming.
Arm by library	Arm the face library to one or multiple channel. The scene: The people face detected by the channel contrast with this face library and return the result. It belongs to one mode of the face library arming.
Search picture by picture	You can import a picture and a similarity value, and then the IVSS and NVR will search the history library and the face library by this picture to make sure whether there have two same faces between the two libraries. And then it will return the right picture.
ITC	Intelligent Traffic Camera. It can capture the vehicle pictures and automatically analyze the traffic events.
Tripwire detect	Automatically detect the cross trip wire.
Intrusion detect	Automatically detect whether the object enter the alert area or not.
People flow	People information in the camera marking area.
People counting	Real-time count the number of people entering or leaving the camera marking area.
People counting in area	Real-time count the number of people in the camera marking area.
People counting in	camera marking area. Real-time count the number of people in the camera marking

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1 Overview

1.1 General

The Manual introduces SDK interfaces reference information that includes main function modules, interface definition, and callback definition.

The main function contains the general functions, face detection and face recognition, body detection, people flow statistics, general behavior event, intelligent traffic and barrier.

The development kit might be different dependent on the different environments.

Table 1-1 The files included in development kit

Library type	Library file name	Library file description
Europian library	dhnetsdk.h	Header file
	dhnetsdk.lib	Lib file
Function library	dhnetsdk.dll	Library file
	avnetsdk.dll	Library file
	avglobal.h	Header file
Configuration library	dhconfigsdk.h	Header file
	dhconfigsdk.lib	Lib file
	dhconfigsdk.dll	Library file
Auxiliary library of playing	dhplay.dll	Playing library
(coding and decoding)	IvsDrawer.dll	Image display library
Auxiliary library of avnetsdk.dll	Infra.dll	Function auxiliary library
	json.dll	Function auxiliary library
	NetFramework.dll	Function auxiliary library
	Stream.dll	Function auxiliary library
	StreamSvr.dll	Function auxiliary library

Table 1-2 The files included in development kit

Library type	Library file name	Library file description
	dhnetsdk.h	Header file
Function library	libdhnetsdk.so	Library file
	libavnetsdk.so	Library file
	avglobal.h	Header file
Configuration library	dhconfigsdk.h	Header file
	libdhconfigsdk.so	Library file
	libInfra.so	Function auxiliary library
Auxiliary library of	libJson.so	Function auxiliary library
libavnetsdk.so	libNetFramework.so	Function auxiliary library
	libStream.so	Function auxiliary library



• The function library and configuration library are necessary libraries.

- The function library is the main body of SDK, which is used for communication interaction between client and products, remotely controls device, queries device data, configures device data information, as well as gets and handles the streams.
- The configuration library packs and parses the structures of configuration functions.
- It is recommended to use auxiliary library of playing (coding and decoding) to parse and play the streams.
- The auxiliary library decodes the audio and video streams for the functions such as monitoring and voice talk, and collects the local audio.
- If the function library includes avnetsdk, the corresponding dependent library is necessary.

1.2 Applicability

- Recommended memory: No less than 512 M.
- System supported by SDK:
 - Windows
 Windows 10/ Windows 8.1/ Windows 7/ vista/ 2000 and Windows Server 2008/ 2003.
 - Linux
 The common Linux systems such as Red Hat/SUSE

1.3 Application Scenario

1.3.1 Face Detection/Face Recognition/Body Detection

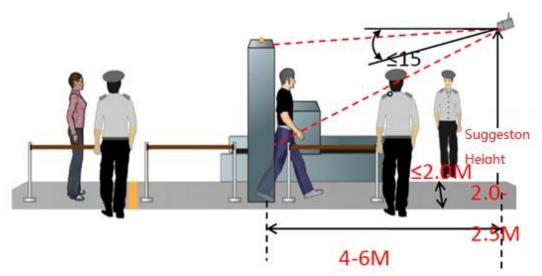


Figure 1-1 Face recognition

Figure 1-2 Face detection scenario



Figure 1-3 Face recognition scenario

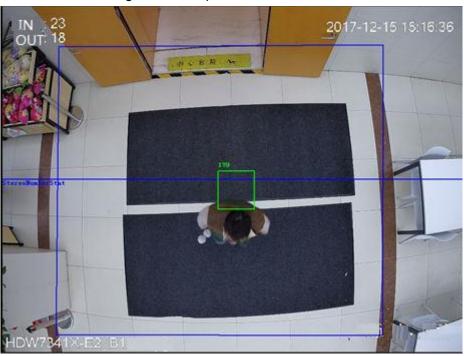


Figure 1-4 Body detection scenario



1.3.2 People Flow Statistics

For the application of people flow devices, see Figure 1-5. Figure 1-5 People flow scene



1.3.3 Intelligent Traffic

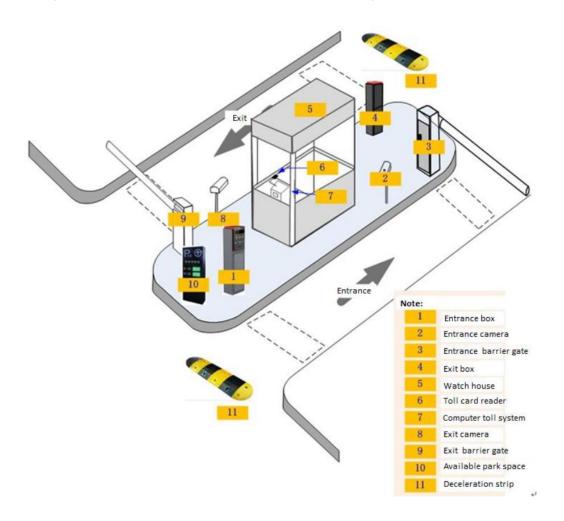
ITC and ITSE used at the traffic junction capture the traffic violations and count the vehicle flow. See Figure 1-6.

TrafficDemo Dev Login Password ******* IP 192 , 168 , 1 , 8 37777 Logout admin Intelligent Event **BW List** Query Traffic Picture Stop Play Unsubscribe 6G Plate Color Lane Plate Number Vehide Color 2018-10-23 17:14:45 2018-10-23 17:14:40 2018-10-23 17:14:40 ANPR ANPR 6G51 67BR 60609 Black Black White Blue Blue Black ANPR

Figure 1-6 ITC and ITSET used at the traffic junction

ITC, ITSE and IPMECK used at the parking access control the vehicle enter and exit the parking and monitor whether there is any parking space. See Figure 1-7.

Figure 1-7 ITC, ITSE and IPMECK used at the parking access



1.3.4 General Behavior

People or vehicle across the rule line (tripwire) or intruding the alert zone (intrusion) can generate alarm events. Meanwhile this function can distinguish the target objects (People or vehicle).

Figure 1-8 General behavior scenario (tripwire)



Figure 1-9 General behavior scenario (intrusion)



1.3.5 Access Control System

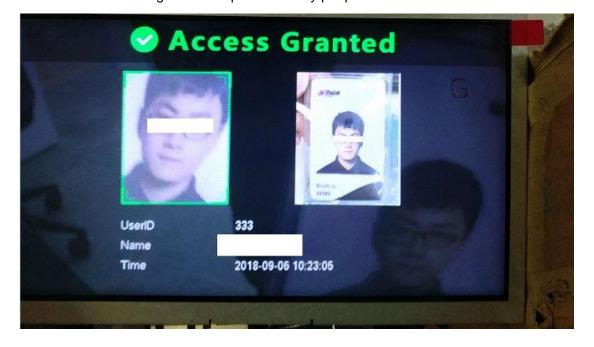
Access control barrier mainly used at the campus, school, business building. You can send the people face pictures and people information to the platform, and then the platform send the data to the barrier system.

Figure 1-10 The appearance of swing barrier



You can open the barrier system by people face or card.

Figure 1-11 Open barrier by people face



2 Function Modules

2.1 SDK Initialization

2.1.1 Introduction

Initialization is the first step of SDK to conduct all the function modules. It does not have the surveillance function but can set some parameters that affect the SDK overall functions.

- Initialization occupies some memory.
- Only the first initialization is valid within one process.
- After using this function, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

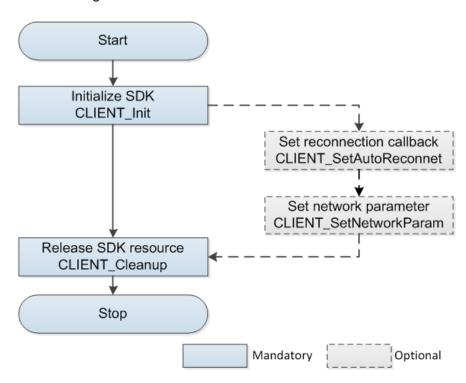
2.1.2 Interface Overview

Table 2-1 Interfaces of SDK initialization

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_Init	SDK initialization.
CLIENT_Cleanup	SDK cleaning up.
CLIENT_SetAutoReconnect	Setting of reconnection after disconnection.
CLIENT_SetNetworkParam	Setting of network environment.

2.1.3 Process

Figure 2-1 Process of SDK initialization



Process Description

- Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.
- <u>Step 2</u> (Optional) Call **CLIENT_SetAutoReconnect** to set reconnection callback to allow the auto reconnecting after disconnection.
- <u>Step 3</u> (Optional) Call **CLIENT_SetNetworkParam** to set network login parameter that includes connection timeout and connection attempts.
- <u>Step 4</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- Call **CLIENT_Init** and **CLIENT_Cleanup** in pairs. It supports multiple calling but it is suggested to call the pair for only one time overall.
- Initialization: Calling CLIENT_Init multiple times is only for internal count without repeating applying resources.
- Cleaning up: The interface **CLIENT_Cleanup** clears all the opened processes, such as login, real-time monitoring, and alarm subscription.
- Reconnection: SDK can set the reconnection function for the situations such as network disconnection and power off. SDK will keep logging until succeeded. Only the real-time monitoring, alarm and snapshot subscription can be resumed after reconnection is successful.

2.1.4 Example Code

```
// Set this callback through CLIENT Init. When the device is disconnected, SDK informs the user
through this callback.
void CALLBACK DisConnectFunc(LONG ILoginID, char *pchDVRIP, LONG nDVRPort, DWORD
dwUser)
{
    printf("Call DisConnectFunc: ILoginID[0x%x]\n", ILoginID);
// Initialize SDK
BOOL bNetSDKInitFlag = CLIENT_Init(DisConnectFunc, 0);
if (FALSE == bNetSDKInitFlag)
{
    printf("Initialize client SDK fail; \n");
    return -1;
// Clean up the SDK resource
if (TRUE == bNetSDKInitFlag)
{
    CLIENT_Cleanup();
}
```

2.2 Device Login

2.2.1 Introduction

Device login, also called user authentication, is the precondition of all the other function modules.

You will obtain a unique login ID upon logging in to the device and should call login ID before using other SDK interfaces. The login ID becomes invalid once logged out.

2.2.2 Interface Overview

Table 2-2 Interfaces of device login

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity	Log in to the device with high level security.
	CLIENT_LoginEx2 can still be used,but there are
	security risks,so it is highly recommended to use the
	interface CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to log
	in to the device.
CLIENT_Logout	Logout.

2.2.3 Process

Start

Login to the device
CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity

Particular function module

Logout
CLIENT_Logout

Release SDK resource
CLIENT_Cleanup

Stop

Figure 2-2 Proces of login

Process Description

- Step 1 Call CLIENT_Init to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- Step 3 After successful login, you can realize the required function module.
- <u>Step 4</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- Step 5 After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- Login handle: When the login is successful, the returned value is not 0 (even the handle is smaller than 0, the login is also successful). One device can login multiple times with different handle at each login. If there is not special function module, it is suggested to login only one time. The login handle can be repeatedly used on other function modules.
- Logout: The interface will release the opened functions internally, but it is not suggested to rely on the cleaning up function. For example, if you opened the monitoring function, you should call the interface that stops the monitoring function when it is no longer required.
- Use login and logout in pairs: The login consumes some memory and socket information and release sources once logout.

 Login failure: It is suggested to check the failure through the error parameter of the login interface.

Table 2-3 Common error code

Error code	Meaning
1	Wrong password.
2	The user name does not exist.
3	Login timeout.
4	The account has logged in.
5	The account has been locked.
6	The account has been blacklisted.
7	The device resource is insufficient and the system is busy.
8	Sub connection failed.
9	Main connection failed.
10	Exceeds the maximum allowed number of user connections.
11	Lack avnetsdk or the dependent libraries of avnetsdk.
12	USB flash disk is not inserted into device, or the USB flash disk
12	information error.
13	The IP at client is not authorized for login.

For more information about error codes, see "CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity interface" in Network SDK Development Manual.chm. When the network is poor and this make the error code 3 occur easily, then you can use the following codes to increase timeout time:

```
NET_PARAM stuNetParam = {0};
stuNetParam.nWaittime = 8000; // unit ms
CLIENT_SetNetworkParam (&stuNetParam);
```

2.2.4 Example Code

```
NET_IN_LOGIN_WITH_HIGHLEVEL_SECURITY stInparam;
memset(&stInparam, 0, sizeof(stInparam));
stInparam.dwSize = sizeof(stInparam);
strncpy(stInparam.szIP, "192.168.1.108", sizeof(stInparam.szIP) - 1);
strncpy(stInparam.szPassword, "123456", sizeof(stInparam.szPassword) - 1);
strncpy(stInparam.szUserName, "admin", sizeof(stInparam.szUserName) - 1);
stInparam.nPort = 37777;
stInparam.emSpecCap = EM_LOGIN_SPEC_CAP_TCP;

NET_OUT_LOGIN_WITH_HIGHLEVEL_SECURITY stOutparam;
memset(&stOutparam, 0, sizeof(stOutparam));
stOutparam.dwSize = sizeof(stOutparam);
LLONG ILoginID = CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity(&stInparam, &stOutparam);
```

2.3 Real-time Monitoring

2.3.1 Introduction

Real-time monitoring obtains the real-time stream from the storage device or front-end device, which is an important part of the surveillance system.

SDK can get the main stream and sub stream from the device once it logged.

- Supports calling the window handle for SDK to directly decode and play the stream (Windows system only).
- Supports calling the real-time stream for you to perform independent treatment.
- Supports saving the real-time record to the specific file though saving the callback stream or calling the SDK interface.

2.3.2 Interface Overview

Table 2-4 Interfaces of real-time monitoring

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_RealPlayEx	Start real-time monitoring.
CLIENT_StopRealPlayEx	Stop real-time monitoring.
CLIENT SovePeelDete	Start saving the real-time monitoring data to
CLIENT_SaveRealData	the local path.
CLIENT StanSavaDaalData	Stop saving the real-time monitoring data to
CLIENT_StopSaveRealData	the local path.
CLIENT_SetRealDataCallBackEx	Set real-time monitoring data callback.

2.3.3 Process

You can realize the real-time monitoring through SDK decoding library or your play library.

2.3.3.1 SDK Decoding Play

Call PlaySDK library from the SDK auxiliary library to realize real-time play.

Start Initialize SDK CLIENT Init Login the device CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity Start monitoring, hWnd calls the valid handle:CLIENT_RealPlayEx Save the monitoring to the local Set callback path:CLIENT_SaveRealData CLIENT_SetRealDataCallBackEx2 Stop save the monitoring data to the local path CLIENT_StopSaveRealData Stop real-time monitoring CLIENT_StopRealPlayEx Logout the device CLIENT_Logout Release SDK resource CLIENT_Cleanup

Figure 2-3 Process of playing by SDK decoding library

Process Description

Step 1 Call CLIENT_Init to initialize SDK.

Close

- <u>Step 2</u> Call **CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity** to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_RealPlayEx** to enable the real-time monitoring. The parameter hWnd is a valid window handle.

Mandotory

Optional

- Step 4 (Optional) Call **CLIENT_SaveRealData** to start saving the monitoring data.
- <u>Step 5</u> (Optional) Call **CLIENT_StopSaveRealData** to end the saving process and generate the local video file.
- <u>Step 6</u> (Optional) If you call **CLIENT_SetRealDataCallBackEx2**, you can choose to save or forward the video file. If save the video file, see the step 4 and step 5.
- <u>Step 7</u> After completing the real-time monitoring, call **CLIENT_StopRealPlayEx** to stop real-time monitoring.
- Step 8 After using the function module, call CLIENT_Logout to logout the device.
- Step 9 After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- SDK decoding play only supports Windows system. You need to call the decoding after getting the stream in other systems.
- Multi-thread calling: Multi-thread calling is not supported for the functions within the same login session; however, multi-thread calling can deal with the functions of different login sessions although such calling is not recommended.

• Timeout: The request on applying for monitoring resources should have made some agreement with the device before requiring the monitoring data. There are some timeout settings (see "NET_PARAM structure"), and the field about monitoring is nGetConnInfoTime. If there is timeout due to the reasons such as bad network connection, you can modify the value of nGetConnInfoTime bigger. The example code is as follows. Call it for only one time after having called CLIENT_Init.

```
NET_PARAM stuNetParam = {0};
stuNetParam. nGetConnInfoTime = 5000; // unit ms
CLIENT_SetNetworkParam (&stuNetParam);
```

- Failed to repeat opening: For some models, the same channel cannot be opened for multiple times during a login. If you are trying to open it repeatedly, you will success in the first try but get failed afterwards. In this case, you can try the following:
 - Close the opened channel. For example, if you have already opened the main stream video on the channel 1 and still want to open the sub stream video on the same channel, you can close the main stream first and then open the sub stream.
 - ♦ Login twice to obtain two login handles to deal with the main stream and sub stream respectively.
- Calling succeeded but no image: SDK decoding needs to use dhplay.dll. It is suggested to check if dhplay.dll and its auxiliary library are missing under the running directory. See Table 1-1.
- If the system resource is insufficient, the device might return error instead of stream. You
 can receive an event DH_REALPLAY_FAILD_EVENT in the alarm callback that is set in
 CLIENT_SetDVRMessCallBack. This event includes the detailed error codes. See
 "DEV PLAY RESULT Structure" in Network SDK Development Manual.chm.
- 32 channels limit: The decoding consumes resources especially for the high definition videos. Considering the limited resources at the client, currently the maximum channels are set to be 32. If more than 32, it is suggested to use third party play library. See "2.3.3.2 Call Third Party Library".

2.3.3.2 Call Third Party Library

SDK calls back the real-time monitoring stream to you and you call PlaySDK to decode and play.

Start Initialize SDK CLIENT_Init Login the device CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity Start real-time monitoring, hWnd calls NULL CLIENT_RealPlayEx The callback receives data and Set callback call playsdk series interface to CLIENT_SetRealDataCallBackEx2 play Stop real-time monitoring CLIENT_StopRealPlayEx Logout CLIENT_Logout Release SDK resource CLIENT Cleanup

Figure 2-4 Process of calling the third party library

Process Description

Step 1 Call CLIENT_Init to initialize SDK.

Stop

- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> After successful login, call **CLIENT_RealPlayEx** to enable real-time monitoring. The parameter hWnd is NULL.
- Step 4 Call CLIENT_SetRealDataCallBackEx to set the real-time data callback.
- Step 5 In the callback, pass the data to PlaySDK to finish decoding.
- <u>Step 6</u> After completing the real-time monitoring, call **CLIENT_StopRealPlayEx** to stop real-time monitoring.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- Step 8 After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- Stream format: It is recommended to use PlaySDK for decoding.
- Lag image
 - When using PlaySDK for decoding, there is a default channel cache size (the PLAY_OpenStream interface in playsdk) for decoding. If the stream resolution value is big, it is recommended to modify the parameter value smaller such as 3 M.

SDK callbacks can only moves into the next process after returning from you. It is not recommended for you to consume time for the unnecessary operations; otherwise the performance could be affected.

2.3.4 Example Code

2.3.4.1 SDK Decoding Play

```
// Take opening the main stream monitoring of channel 1 as an example. The parameter hWnd is a
handle of interface window.

LLONG | RealHandle = CL| ENT_RealPlayEx(| LoginHandle, 0, hWnd, DH_RType_Realplay);
if (NULL == | RealHandle)
{
    printf("CL| ENT_RealPlayEx: failed! Error code: %x.\n", CL| ENT_GetLastError());
}

printf("input any key to quit!\n");
getchar();
// Stop preview
if (NULL!= | RealHandle)
{
    CL| ENT_StopRealPlayEx(| RealHandle);
}
```

2.3.4.2 Call Third Party Library

```
Take opening the main stream monitoring of channel 1 as an example.

LLONG IRealHandle = CLIENT_RealPlayEx(ILoginHandle, 0, NULL, DH_RType_Realplay);

if (NULL == IRealHandle)

{
    printf("CLIENT_RealPlayEx: failed! Error code: %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
}

else

{
    DWORD dwFlag = 0x00000001;
    CLIENT_SetRealDataCallBackEx(IRealHandle, &RealDataCallBackEx, NULL, dwFlag);
}

// Stop preview

if (0 != IRealHandle)

{
    CLIENT_StopRealPlayEx(IRealHandle);
}
```

```
void CALLBACK RealDataCallBackEx(LLONG IRealHandle, DWORD dwDataType, BYTE *pBuffer,
DWORD dwBufSize, LONG param, LDWORD dwUser)
{
// Call PlaySDK interface to get the stream data from the device. See SDK monitoring demo source data
for more details.
    printf("receive real data, param: IRealHandle[%p], dwDataType[%d], pBuffer[%p], dwBufSize[%d]\n",
IRealHandle, dwDataType, pBuffer, dwBufSize);
}
```

2.4 Subscribing Intelligent Event

2.4.1 Introduction

Intelligent event subscribe, is that the front-end devices or the back-end devices do the real-time stream analyzing. When detect the preset intelligent event, it uploads the event to the user. The intelligent events in this manual contain general action analysis (such as tripwire, Intrusion), face detection, face recognition, body detection, the intelligent events of intelligent traffic (such as traffic junction, over speed, low speed and traffic jam).

2.4.2 Interface Overview

Table 2-5 Interfaces of subscribing intelligent event

Interface		Implication
	CLIENT_RealLoadPictureEx	Subscribe intelligent event.
	CLIENT_StopLoadPic	Cancel subscribing the intelligent event.

2.4.3 Process

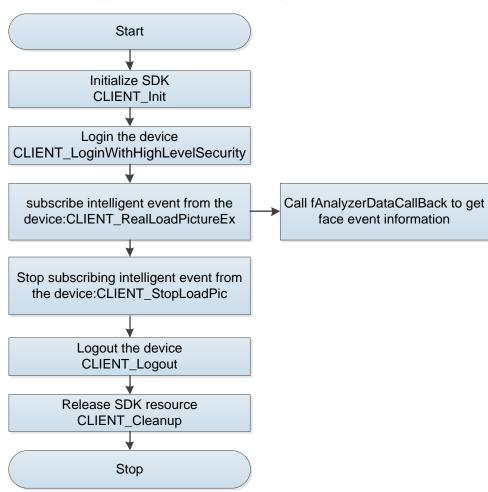


Figure 2-5 Process of uploading face event

Process Description

- Step 1 Call CLIENT_Init to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- Step 3 Call CLIENT_RealLoadPictureEx to subscribe intelligent event from the device.
- <u>Step 4</u> After successful subscribe, call fAnalyzerDataCallBack to upload the intelligent events. Through this function, you can filter out the intelligent events you need.
- <u>Step 5</u> After using the intelligent event function, call **CLIENT_StopLoadPic** to stop subscribing intelligent events.
- Step 6 After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- Step 7 After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- Support to subscribe single intelligent event and all the intelligent events (EVENT_IVS_ALL).
- Setting of cache for receiving pictures: Because SDK default cache is 2M, when the data is over 2M, call CLIENT_SetNetworkParam to set the receiving cache; otherwise the data pack will be lost.

• Set whether to receive picture or not: You can call CLIENT_RealLoadPictureEx to set bNeedPicFile as False, and then SDK will only receive the face event without picture.

2.4.4 Example Code

```
// Intelligent event uploading callback function
int CALLBACK AnalyzerDataCallBack(LLONG IAnalyzerHandle, DWORD dwAlarmType, void*
pAlarmInfo, BYTE *pBuffer, DWORD dwBufSize, LDWORD dwUser, int nSequence, void *reserved)
    switch(dwAlarmType)
    // Filter out the right intelligent events
    . . . . . . . . . . . .
    case EVENT_IVS_FACERECOGNITION: // Face recognition events
    default:
    break;
}
// Subscribe the uploading of the intelligent event
LLONG IAnalyerHandle = CLIENT_RealLoadPictureEx(ILoginHandle, 0, (DWORD)EVENT_IVS_ALL,
TRUE, AnalyzerDataCallBack, NULL, NULL);
if(NULL == IAnalyerHandle)
{
    printf("CLIENT_RealLoadPictureEx: failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return -1;
}
// Cancel Subscribing the uploading of the intelligent event
CLIENT_StopLoadPic(IAnalyerHandle);
```

2.5 Searching/Playbacking/Downloading Video and Picture

2.5.1 Introduction

When the device intelligent calculation analysis the real-time stream, once one intelligent event is detected, and then the video and picture of this intelligent event will be saved. You can

search the video and picture of the intelligent events which are saved in the device, and also you can do the downloading and playing back operation to the searching result.

2.5.2 Interface Overview

Table 2-6 Interfaces of searching/playvacking/downloading video and picture

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_FindFileEx	Search the video and picture by conditions, and set the
CLIENT_FINDFINEEX	searching conditions.
CLIENT_GetTotalFileCount	Obtain the number of video and picture searched now.
CLIENT_FindNextFileEx	Search the specified number of video and picture.
CLIENT_FindCloseEx	Stop searching.
CLIENT_PlayBackByTimeEx2	Start playing back the video by time.
CLIENT_StopPlayBack	Stop playing back the video.
CLIENT_DownloadByTimeEx	Download video.
CLIENT_StopDownload	Stop downloading the video.
CLIENT_DownloadRemoteFile	Download pictures.

2.5.3 Process

2.5.3.1 Searching Process of Video and Picture

Start Initialize SDK **CLIENT Init** Login the device CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity set the searching conditions for video and picture CLIENT_FindFileEx get the number of video and picture searched CLIENT_GetTotalFileCount search the specified number of file Display the video and picture CLIENT_FindNextFileEx stop the searching CLIENT_FindCloseEx Logout the device CLIENT_Logout Release SDK resource CLIENT_Cleanup Stop

Figure 2-6 Searching process of video and picture

Process Description

- Step 1 Call CLIENT_Init to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_FindFileEx** to set the searching conditions. After successfully setting, return the searching handle. To judge the right searching type according to the different values of emType.
- <u>Step 4</u> Call **CLIENT_GetTotalFileCount** to get the total number of video and picture searched.

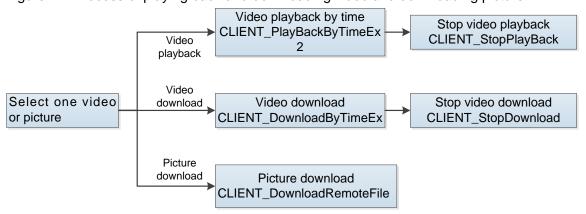
- Step 5 Call CLIENT_FindNextFileEx to search the specified number of video and picture.
 Save the video and picture and do the playing back and downloading operation to the video and picture.
- Step 6 Call CLIENT_FindCloseEx to stop the searching.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- Step 8 After using all SDK functions, call CLIENT_Cleanup to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- The parameter pQueryCondition of CLIENT_FindFileEx is requested and released by the user. The specific type is defined by the enumeration type of emType.
- If CLIENT_FindFileEx successfully search, the searching handle will be returned. CLIENT_FindNextFileEx will take the searching handle as a parameter to search specific video and picture. You should call CLIENT_FindCloseEx to close the searching handle.
- Call CLIENT_FindNextFileEx to set the searching number. If the number is more than 1, then the parameter pMediaFileInfo should be taken as a data pointer.

2.5.3.2 Process of Playing Back and Downloading Video and Downloading Picture

Figure 2-7 Process of playing back and downloading video and downloading picture



Process Description

Select one result searched by **CLIENT_FindNextFileEx**, and then download or playback the result.

- Playing back the video
- <u>Step 1</u> If is video file, use start time and end time in the video searching result, call **CLIENT_PlayBackByTimeEx2** to playback the video.
- <u>Step 2</u> During the playback process or after playing back, call **CLIENT_StopPlayBack** to stop playing back the video.
- Download video
- <u>Step 1</u> If is video file, use start time and end time in the video searching result, call **CLIENT_DownloadByTimeEx** to download the video.
- <u>Step 2</u> After downloading, call **CLIENT_StopDownload** to stop downloading the video.
- Download the picture

If is picture file, use file name and picture type in the picture searching result, call CLIENT_DownloadRemoteFile to download the picture.

Notes for Process

The video playing back and downloading and picture downloading are all relied on the searching result of video and picture, and then you can take the result as the condition of playing back and downloading.

2.5.4 Example Code

2.5.4.1 Searching for Video and Picture

```
// Searching conditions
MEDIAFILE_FACE_DETECTION_PARAM param;
memset(&param, 0, sizeof(param));
param.dwSize = sizeof(param);
param.stuDetail.dwSize = sizeof(MEDIAFILE_FACE_DETECTION_DETAIL_PARAM);
param.nChannelID = -1;
param.stuStartTime = startTime;
param.stuEndTime = endTime
param.emPicType = NET_FACEPIC_TYPE_SMALL; // The small picture of people face.
param.bDetailEnable = FALSE;
param.emSex = EM_DEV_EVENT_FACEDETECT_SEX_TYPE_MAN;
param.bAgeEnable = FALSE;
param.nEmotionValidNum = 0;
param.emGlasses = EM_FACEDETECT_WITH_GLASSES;
// Search the small picture of face detection
LLONG
                   IFindFileHandle
                                                           CLIENT_FindFileEx(g_ILoginHandle,
DH_FILE_QUERY_FACE_DETECTION, &param, NULL,5000);
if (IFindFileHandle == 0)
{
    printf("CLIENT_FindFileEx: failed! Error code: %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return;
}
// Get the number of people face that searched
BOOL nRet = CLIENT_GetTotalFileCount(IFindFileHandle,&nCount,NULL);
if (!nRet)
```

```
printf("CLIENT GetTotalFileCount: failed! Error code: %x.\n", CLIENT GetLastError());
    return;
}
// Searching number
int nMaxConut = 10;
MEDIAFILE FACE DETECTION INFO*
                                                  pMediaFileInfo
                                                                                          NEW
MEDIAFILE_FACE_DETECTION_INFO [nMaxConut];
memset (pMediaFileInfo, 0, sizeof (MEDIAFILE_FACE_DETECTION_INFO) * nMaxConut);
for (int i = 0; i < nMaxConut; i++)
pMediaFileInfo[i].dwSize = sizeof(MEDIAFILE_FACE_DETECTION_INFO);
// Start searching
int nRet = CLIENT_FindNextFileEx(IFindFileHandle, nMaxConut, (void*)pMediaFileInfo, nMaxConut *
sizeof(MEDIAFILE_FACE_DETECTION_INFO), NULL,3000);
if (nRet < 0)
{
    printf("CLIENT_FindNextFileEx: failed! Error code: %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return;
}
Close searching
CLIENT_FindCloseEx(IFindFileHandle);
```

2.5.4.2 Playing Back the Video

```
// Set the stream type when the video is playing back, here set it as the main stream int nStreamType = 0; // 0-main and sub stream, 1-main stream, 2-sub stream

CLIENT_SetDeviceMode(ILoginHandle, DH_RECORD_STREAM_TYPE, &nStreamType);

// Set the file type of the video when playing back, here set it as all video.

NET_RECORD_TYPE emFileType = NET_RECORD_TYPE_ALL; // All video

CLIENT_SetDeviceMode(ILoginHandle, DH_RECORD_TYPE, &emFileType);

// Start playing back the video
int nChannelID = 0; // Channel number.

NET_IN_PLAY_BACK_BY_TIME_INFO stIn = {0};

NET_OUT_PLAY_BACK_BY_TIME_INFO stOut = {0};

memcpy(&stIn.stStartTime, &stuStartTime, sizeof(stuStartTime));

memcpy(&stIn.stStopTime, &stuStopTime, sizeof(stuStopTime));

stIn.hWnd = hWnd;
```

```
stln.dwDataUser = NULL;
stln.dwDoxnLoadPos = NULL;
stln.dwPosUser = NULL;
stln.nPlayDirection = emDirection;
stln.nWaittime = 10000;
LLONG IPlayHandle = CLIENT_PlayBackByTimeEx2(ILoginHandle, nChannelID, &stln, &stOut);
if (0 == IPlayHandle)
{
    printf("CLIENT_PlayBackByTimeEx2: failed! Error code: %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
}

if (FALSE == CLIENT_StopPlayBack(IPlayHandle))
{
    printf("CLIENT_StopPlayBack Failed, IRealHandle[%x]!Last Error[%x]\n", IPlayHandle,
    CLIENT_GetLastError());
}
```

2.5.4.3 Downloading Video

```
stuStartTime.dwDay = 17;
    NET_TIME stuStopTime = {0};
    stuStopTime.dwYear = 2018;
    stuStopTime.dwMonth = 9;
    stuStopTime.dwDay = 18;
    Start downloading the video.
    // One of the formal parameters sSavedFileName and fDownLoadDataCallBack should be valid,
otherwise the input parameter is wrong.
    IDownloadHandle
                                   CLIENT_DownloadByTimeEx(ILoginHandle,
                                                                                  nChannelID,
EM_RECORD_TYPE_ALL, &stuStartTime, &stuStopTime, "test.dav", TimeDownLoadPosCallBack,
NULL, DataCallBack, NULL);
    if (IDownloadHandle == 0)
    {
        printf("CLIENT_DownloadByTimeEx: failed! Error code: %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    }
    // Close downloading. Call the function after or during the downloading.
    if (0 != IDownloadHandle)
    {
        if (!CLIENT_StopDownload(IDownloadHandle))
        {
            printf("CLIENT_StopDownload Failed, IDownloadHandle[%x]!Last Error[%x]\n",
            IDownloadHandle, CLIENT_GetLastError());
        }
    }
void CALLBACK TimeDownLoadPosCallBack(LLONG IPlayHandle, DWORD dwTotalSize, DWORD
dwDownLoadSize, int index, NET_RECORDFILE_INFO recordfileinfo, LDWORD dwUser)
{
   // You can deal with the progress callback function.
}
int CALLBACK DataCallBack(LLONG IRealHandle, DWORD dwDataType, BYTE *pBuffer, DWORD
dwBufSize, LDWORD dwUser)
{
    switch(dwDataType)
```

```
case 0:

// Original data

// You can save the stream data here. After leaving callback function, do the decoding and forwarding and so on.

break;

case 1://Standard video data

break;

case 2: //yuv data

break;

case 3://pcm audio data

break;

default:

break;

}

return 0;
```

2.5.4.4 Downloading the Picture

```
DH_IN_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE stuRemoteFileParm;

memset(&stuRemoteFileParm, 0, sizeof(DH_IN_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE));

stuRemoteFileParm.dwSize = sizeof(DH_IN_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE);

stuRemoteFileParm.pszFileName = plnfo->stObjectPic.szFilePath;

stuRemoteFileParm.pszFileDst = szFileName;

DH_OUT_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE *fileinfo = NEW DH_OUT_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE;

fileinfo->dwSize = sizeof(DH_OUT_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE);

if (!CLIENT_DownloadRemoteFile(g_ILoginHandle, &stuRemoteFileParm, fileinfo))

{
    printf("CLIENT_DownloadRemoteFile Failed,Last Error[%x]\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
}
```

3 Face Detection and Recognition

3.1 Subscribing Face Event

About more details, see "2.4 Subscribing Intelligent Event". Call fAnalyzerDataCallBack to filter out face detection and recognition events, which are EVENT_IVS_FACEDETECT for people face detection events and EVENT_IVS_FACERECOGNITION for people face recognition events.

3.2 Adding/Deleting/Modifying/Searching the Face Library

3.2.1 Introduction

A face library includes face picture and face information, supports the adding, deleting, modifying and searching the face library function.

3.2.2 Interface Overview

Table 3-1 Interfaces of adding/deleting/modifying/searching the face library

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionGroup	Add, delete and modify the face library.
CLIENT_FindGroupInfo	Search the information of face library.

3.2.3 Process

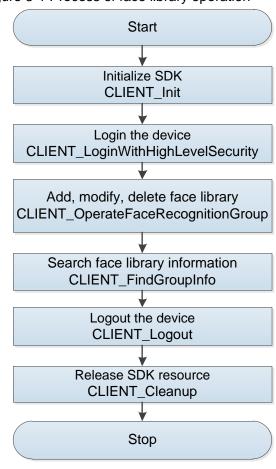


Figure 3-1 Process of face library operation

Process Description

- Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionGroup** to add, modify and delete the face library according to enumeration type.
- Step 4 Call CLIENT_FindGroupInfo to get the information of face library.
- <u>Step 5</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- Step 6 After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- Adding face library: The corresponding value of operation type emOperateType is NET_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_ADD, the corresponding structure is NET_ADD_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_INFO.
- Modify face library: The corresponding value of operation type emOperateType is NET_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_MODIFY, the corresponding structure is NET_MODIFY_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_INFO. You need to specify GroupID and the face library type emFaceDBType when modifying face library. The specified GroupID should be exists in the device.

 Deleting face library: The corresponding value of operation type emOperateType is NET_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_DELETE, the corresponding structure is NET_DELETE_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_INFO. If you specify GroupID when deleting face library, the corresponding GroupID of face library is deleted; If you do not specify GroupID, all of the face libraries are deleted.

3.2.4 Example Code

3.2.4.1 Searching for Face Library Information

```
// Set the searching conditions of face library

NET_IN_FIND_GROUP_INFO stulnParam = {sizeof(stuInParam)};

NET_OUT_FIND_GROUP_INFO stuOutParam = {sizeof(stuOutParam)};

stuOutParam.nMaxGroupNum = 100;

NET_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_INFO *pGroupInfo = NULL;

stuOutParam.pGroupInfos = new NET_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_INFO [100];

memset (stuOutParam.pGroupInfos, 0,sizeof(NET_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_INFO)*100);

for (int i = 0; i < 100; i++)

{

stuOutParam.pGroupInfos[i].dwSize = sizeof (FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_INFO);

}

// Search the face library

BOOL bRet = CLIENT_FindGroupInfo(ILoginHandle, &stuInParam, &stuOutParam, 5000);

if(FALSE == bRet)

{

printf("CLIENT_FindGroupInfo: failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());

return -1;

}

delete[] pGroupInfo;
```

3.2.4.2 Adding/Deleting/Modifying the Face Library

```
NET OUT OPERATE FACERECONGNITION GROUP stuOutParam = {sizeof(stuOutParam)};
NET_ADD_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_INFO stuAddGroupInfo = {sizeof(stuAddGroupInfo)};
NET_MODIFY_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_INFO stuEditGroupInfo = {sizeof(stuEditGroupInfo)};
EM_OPERATION_TYPE emType = mType;
switch(emType)
   // Delete the face library
   case FACEDB_DELETE:
       stulnParam.emOperateType = NET_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_DELETE;
       NET_DELETE_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_INFO stuDeleteInfo;
        memset(&stuDeleteInfo, 0, sizeof(stuDeleteInfo));
       stuDeleteInfo.dwSize = {sizeof(stuDeleteInfo)};
        strncpy(stuDeleteInfo.szGroupId,
                                                                   pstGroupInfo->szGroupId,
sizeof(stuDeleteInfo.szGroupId)-1);
        stulnParam.pOPerateInfo = &stuDeleteInfo;
        break;
       // Add the face library
       case FACEDB_ADD:
        stulnParam.emOperateType = NET FACERECONGNITION GROUP ADD;
        stuAddGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.dwSize = sizeof(stuAddGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo);
        stuAddGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.emFaceDBType = NET_FACE_DB_TYPE_BLACKLIST;
        strncpy(stuAddGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.szGroupName,pcGroupName,sizeof(stuAddGroupInfo.
stuGroupInfo.szGroupName)-1);
        stuInParam.pOPerateInfo = &stuAddGroupInfo;
        break;
       Modifying the face library
        case FACEDB MODIFY:
       {
       stuInParam.emOperateType = NET_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_MODIFY;
       stuEditGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.dwSize = sizeof(stuEditGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo);
        stuEditGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.emFaceDBType = NET_FACE_DB_TYPE_BLACKLIST;
        strncpy(stuEditGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.szGroupName,
                                                                             pcGroupName,
sizeof(stuEditGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.szGroupName)-1);
```

3.3 Adding/Deleting/Modifying/Searching People Face

3.3.1 Introduction

The face library includes face information. This function supports adding, deleting, modifying and searching people face information.

3.3.2 Interface Overview

Table 3-2 Interfaces of adding/deleting/modifying/searching people face

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionDB	Add, delete and modify the people face.
CLIENT_StartFindFaceRecognition	Set the searching conditions of people face.
CLIENT_DoFindFaceRecognition	Search the face data of specified number.
CLIENT_StopFindFaceRecognition	Stop searching.

3.3.3 Process

Start Initialize SDK CLIENT Init Login the device CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity Add, modify, delete face CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionDB Set face searching conditions CLIENT_StartFindFaceRecognition Start searching CLIENT_DoFindFaceRecognition Stop searching CLIENT_StopFindFaceRecognition Logout the device CLIENT_Logout Release SDK resource CLIENT_Cleanup Stop

Figure 3-2 Process of adding/deleting/modifying/searching people face

Process Description

- Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionDB** to add, modify and delete the face library according to enumeration type.
- <u>Step 4</u> Call **CLIENT_StartFindFaceRecognition** to set the searching conditions of people face.
- <u>Step 5</u> Call **CLIENT_DoFindFaceRecognition** to get the searching result.
- <u>Step 6</u> Call **CLIENT_StopFindFaceRecognition** to stop searching.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- Step 8 After using all SDK functions, call CLIENT_Cleanup to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- Adding people face to the library: The corresponding value of operation type emOperateType is NET_FACERECONGNITIONDB_ADD. The input parameter in the structure, pBuffer can save people face you need. You can request and release the resource by yourself. GroupID must be filled-in. If people add successful, the device returns UID, is also called the only people ID, means the only people. See pstOutParam -> szUID.
- Modify the people face in the library: The corresponding value of operation type emOperateType is NET_FACERECONGNITIONDB_MODIFY, The input parameter in the structure pBuffer can save people face you need. You can request and release the resource by yourself. The GroupID and szUID must be filled-in in the stPersonInfo.
- Delete the people face in the library: The corresponding value of operation type emOperateType is NET_FACERECONGNITIONDB_DELETE. The GroupID and szUID must be filled-in in the stPersonInfo.

3.3.4 Example Code

3.3.4.1 Adding/Deleting/Modifying the People Face

```
// Add and modify the people
NET_IN_OPERATE_FACERECONGNITIONDB stuInParam = { sizeof(stuInParam) };
NET_OUT_OPERATE_FACERECONGNITIONDB stuOutParam = { sizeof(stuOutParam) };
// Add the information of people
{
    stuInParam.emOperateType = NET_FACERECONGNITIONDB_ADD;
}
// Modify the information of people
    //stulnParam.emOperateType = NET FACERECONGNITIONDB MODIFY;
   //strncpy(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szUID, strUID, sizeof(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szUID) - 1);
}
stulnParam.bUsePersonInfoEx = TRUE;
stulnParam.stPersonInfoEx.bySex = 1; // Male
stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.byIDType = 1; // ID card
stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.wYear = time.GetYear();
stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.byMonth = time.GetMonth();
stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.byDay = time.GetDay();
strncpy(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szPersonName,
pstrName,sizeof(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szPersonName) - 1);
strncpy(stulnParam.stPersonInfoEx.szID, pstrCardID, sizeof(stulnParam.stPersonInfoEx.szID) - 1);
strncpy(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szGroupName,
                                                                             m_szGroupName,
sizeof(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szGroupName) - 1);
strncpy(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szGroupID,
                                                                                 m_szGroupId,
```

```
sizeof(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szGroupID) - 1);
stulnParam.nBufferLen = nPictureBufferLen;
stuInParam.pBuffer = pPictureBuffer;
stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.wFacePicNum = 1;
stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szFacePicInfo[0].dwOffSet = 0;
stulnParam.stPersonInfoEx.szFacePicInfo[0].dwFileLenth = nLength;
bRet = CLIENT OperateFaceRecognitionDB(m | ILoginID, &stuInParam, &stuOutParam, 5000);
if (FACE_PERSON_ADD == m_nOpreateType)
{
    printf("CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionDB failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return -1;
}
// Delete the information of people
NET_IN_OPERATE_FACERECONGNITIONDB stuInParam = { sizeof(stuInParam) };
NET_OUT_OPERATE_FACERECONGNITIONDB stuOutParam = { sizeof(stuOutParam) };
// Only need szGroupID and szUID.
stulnParam.emOperateType = NET_FACERECONGNITIONDB_DELETE;
stulnParam.bUsePersonInfoEx = TRUE;
strncpy(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szUID,
m_pstPersonSelectInfo->stuCandidate.stPersonInfo.szUID,sizeof(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szUID) -
1);
strncpy(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szGroupID,
                                                                                  m_szGroupId,
sizeof(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szGroupID) - 1);
BOOL bRet = CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionDB(ILoginHandle, &stuInParam, &stuOutParam, 5000);
if (!bRet)
{
    printf("CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionDB failed! Error code %x.\n",CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return -1;
}
```

3.3.4.2 Searching the People Face

```
// Set searching conditions of people face.

NET_IN_STARTFIND_FACERECONGNITION stuInParam = {sizeof(stuInParam)};

NET_OUT_STARTFIND_FACERECONGNITION stuOutParam = {sizeof(stuOutParam)};

stuInParam.stMatchOptions.dwSize = sizeof(stuInParam.stMatchOptions);

stuInParam.stFilterInfo.dwSize = sizeof(stuInParam.stFilterInfo);

stuInParam.stFilterInfo.nRangeNum = 1;

stuInParam.stFilterInfo.szRange[0] = (BYTE)NET_FACE_DB_TYPE_BLACKLIST;
```

```
strncpy(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szPersonName,
                                                                               m PersonName.
sizeof(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szPersonName)-1);
stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.bySex = 0;
stuInParam.stFilterInfo.stBirthdayRangeStart = BirthdayRangeStart;
stuInParam.stFilterInfo.stBirthdayRangeEnd = BirthdayRangeEnd;
strncpy(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szID, pcCard, sizeof(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szID)-1);
strncpy(stuInParam.stFilterInfo.szGroupId[0], m_szGroupId, sizeof(m_szGroupId)-1);
stuInParam.stFilterInfo.nGroupIdNum = 1;
strncpy(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szGroupID,
                                                                                  m_szGroupId,
sizeof(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szGroupID)-1);
        bRet = CLIENT_StartFindFaceRecognition(m_ILoginID, &stuInParam,
                                                                                &stuOutParam,
DEFAULT_WAIT_TIME);
if (!bRet)
    printf("CLIENT_StartFindFaceRecognition failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return;
// Start searching
NET_IN_DOFIND_FACERECONGNITION stuInDoFind = {sizeof(stuInDoFind)};
NET_OUT_DOFIND_FACERECONGNITION stuOutDoFind = {sizeof(stuOutDoFind)};
stuOutDoFind.bUseCandidatesEx = TRUE;
stuInDoFind.IFindHandle = m_IFindPersonHandle;
stuInDoFind.emDataType = EM_NEEDED_PIC_TYPE_HTTP_URL;
stuInDoFind.nCount = 10;
stuInDoFind.nBeginNum = m nCurPos;
bRet = CLIENT_DoFindFaceRecognition(&stuInDoFind, &stuOutDoFind, WAIT_TIMEOUT);
if (!bRet)
    printf("CLIENT_DoFindFaceRecognition failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return;
}
```

3.4 Arming by Channel or Library

3.4.1 Introduction

Arm by channel, means one channel arm one or multiple face libraries.

Arm by library, means one face library arm one or multiple channels.

These two ways are all arms of face library.

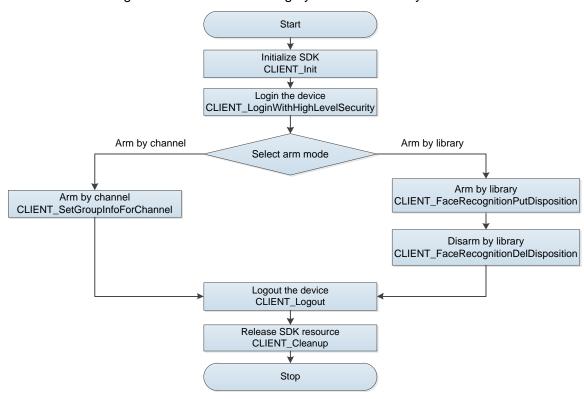
3.4.2 Interface Overview

Table 3-3 Interfaces of arming by channel or library

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_FaceRecognitionPutDisposition	Arm by library.
CLIENT_FaceRecognitionDelDisposition	Disarm by library.
CLIENT_SetGroupInfoForChannel	Arm by channel.

3.4.3 Process

Figure 3-3 Process of arming by channel or library



Process Description

- Step 1 Call CLIENT_Init to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- Step 3 Select arm way.
 - Arm by library
 - 1) Select arm by library, call **CLIENT_FaceRecognitionPutDisposition** to arm the library.
 - 2) After using the function module, call **CLIENT_FaceRecognitionDelDisposition** to disarm the library.
 - Arm by channel
 Select arm by channel, call CLIENT_SetGroupInfoForChannel to arm the channel.

Step 4 After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.

<u>Step 5</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- Arm by channel and arm by library are two ways of arming the face library.
- Arm by channel, means one channel arm multiple face libraries. Arm by library, means multiple channel arm one face libraries.
- When arm by channel, call CLIENT_SetGroupInfoForChannel to cover the old configurations. Disarm by channel, sent the empty arm information.
- When arm by library, call CLIENT_FaceRecognitionDelDisposition to disarm some channels. For example, 3 channels are armed, you can disarm 2 channels, and the other one stay the same.

3.4.4 Example Code

3.4.4.1 Arm by channel

```
// Input parameter
NET_IN_SET_GROUPINFO_FOR_CHANNEL
                                                           stInChannelDeploy
{ sizeof(NET_IN_SET_GROUPINFO_FOR_CHANNEL)};
stlnChannelDeploy.nChannelID = 0;
stlnChannelDeploy.nGroupIdNum = 2; // Set the face library number at this channel.
strncpy(stlnChannelDeploy.szGroupId[0], strGroupId1, DH COMMON STRING 64-1); // Copy the
face library ID.
strncpy(stlnChannelDeploy.szGroupId[1], strGroupId2, DH_COMMON_STRING_64-1);
stlnChannelDeploy.nSimilaryNum = 2; // The similarity value number, which is equal to people groups.
stlnChannelDeploy.nSimilary[0] = 85; // The similarity value at the first face library.
stlnChannelDeploy.nSimilary[1] = 90; // The similarity value at the second face library.
// Output parameter
NET_OUT_SET_GROUPINFO_FOR_CHANNEL
                                                           stOutChannelDeploy
{ sizeof(NET_OUT_SET_GROUPINFO_FOR_CHANNEL)};
// Arm by library
BOOL
          bRet
                         CLIENT_SetGroupInfoForChannel(ILoginHandle,
                                                                           &stInChannelDeploy,
&stOutChannelDeploy);
if (flase == bRet)
    printf("CLIENT_SetGroupInfoForChannel: failed! Error code: %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
}
```

```
// Disarm by channel, sent the empty arm information.

if (NULL != IRealHandle)
{
    memset(stlnChannelDeploy, 0, sizeof(NET_IN_SET_GROUPINFO_FOR_CHANNEL));
    memset(stOutChannelDeploy, 0, sizeof(NET_OUT_SET_GROUPINFO_FOR_CHANNEL));
    stlnChannelDeploy.dwSize = sizeof(NET_IN_SET_GROUPINFO_FOR_CHANNEL);
    stOutChannelDeploy.dwSize = sizeof(NET_OUT_SET_GROUPINFO_FOR_CHANNEL);
    CLIENT_SetGroupInfoForChannel(ILoginHandle, &stInChannelDeploy, &stOutChannelDeploy);
}
```

3.4.4.2 Arm by library

```
// Input parameter
NET_IN_FACE_RECOGNITION_PUT_DISPOSITION_INFO
                                                            stInFaceRecognitionDeploy
{ sizeof(NET IN FACE RECOGNITION PUT DISPOSITION INFO);
strncpy(stlnFaceRecognitionDeploy.szGroupId, strGroupId, DH_COMMON_STRING_64-1); // Face
library that need to arm
stInFaceRecognitionDeploy.nDispositionChnNum = 2; // Number of video channel that armed
stInFaceRecognitionDeploy.stuDispositionChnInfo[0].nChannelID = 0; // Face library deploy channel.
stInFaceRecognitionDeploy.stuDispositionChnInfo[0].nSimilary = 90; // Similarity value.
stlnFaceRecognitionDeploy.stuDispositionChnInfo[1].nChannelID = 2;
stInFaceRecognitionDeploy.stuDispositionChnInfo[1].nSimilary = 85;
// Output parameter
NET_OUT_FACE_RECOGNITION_PUT_DISPOSITION_INFO
                                                            stOutFaceRecognitionDeploy
{sizeof(NET_OUT_FACE_RECOGNITION_PUT_DISPOSITION_INFO)};
//Arm by face library
bool nRet = CLIENT_FaceRecognitionPutDisposition(ILoginHandle, &stInFaceRecognitionDeploy,
&stOutFaceRecognitionDeploy);
if(false = nRet)
     printf("CLIENT FaceRecognitionPutDisposition:
                                                     failed!
                                                                 Error
                                                                           code:
                                                                                      %x.\n".
CLIENT_GetLastError());
}
// Disarm input parameter, you can disarm some channels.
NET IN FACE RECOGNITION DEL DISPOSITION INFO
                                                             stInFaceRecognitionDel
{sizeof(NET_IN_FACE_RECOGNITION_DEL_DISPOSITION_INFO)};
stInFaceRecognitionDel
strncpy(stlnFaceRecognitionDel.szGroupId, strGroupId, DH_COMMON_STRING_64-1);
```

```
stInFaceRecognitionDel.nDispositionChnNum = 2; // Number of channel that armed
stInFaceRecognitionDel.nDispositionChn[0] = 0; // Disarm channel 1
stInFaceRecognitionDel.nDispositionChn[1] = 1;
// Disarm output parameter
NET_OUT_FACE_RECOGNITION_DEL_DISPOSITION_INFO
                                                               stOutFaceRecognitionDel
{sizeof(NET_OUT_FACE_RECOGNITION_DEL_DISPOSITION_INFO)};
bool
                 CLIENT_FaceRecognitionDelDisposition(ILoginHandle, &stInFaceRecognitionDel,
&stOutFaceRecognitionDel);
if(false = nRet)
     printf("CLIENT_FaceRecognitionDelDisposition:
                                                      failed!
                                                                                       %x.\n",
                                                                  Error
                                                                            code:
CLIENT_GetLastError());
```

3.5 Searching Picture by Picture

3.5.1 Introduction

You can import a picture and a similarity value, and then the IVSS and NVR devices will search the history library and the face library by this picture to make sure whether there is the matched face in the two libraries. And then it will return the right picture.

3.5.2 Interface Overview

Table 3-4 Interfaces of searching picture by picture

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_StartFindFaceRecognition	Set the searching conditions of people face.
CLIENT_AttachFaceFindState	Subscribe searching conditions of people
	face.
CLIENT_DetachFaceFindState	Cancel subscribing the progress of
	searching conditions.
CLIENT_DoFindFaceRecognition	Start searching.
CLIENT_StopFindFaceRecognition	Stop searching.

3.5.3 Process

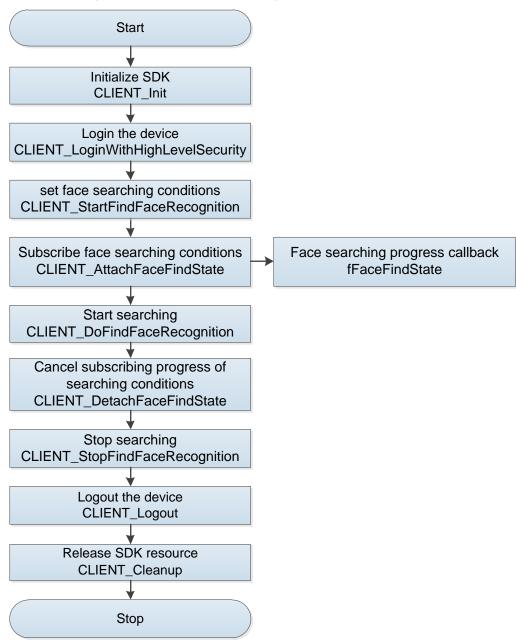


Figure 3-4 Process of searching picture by picture

Process Description

- Step 1 Call CLIENT_Init to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_StartFindFaceRecognition** to set the searching conditions of people face.
- <u>Step 4</u> Check the return value in the Step3, If the nTotalCount in the output parameter structure returns -1, you need to wait until device searching complete.
- Step 5 Call CLIENT_AttachFaceFindState to subscribe the status of people face searching. Wait until the return progress of the progress callback function is 100, the searching is complete. Call CLIENT_DetachFaceFindState to cancel subscribing the searching progress.

- Step 6 Call **CLIENT_DoFindFaceRecognition** to get the searching result.
- <u>Step 7</u> Call **CLIENT_StopFindFaceRecognition** to stop searching.
- Step 8 After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- Step 9 After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

3.5.4 Example Code

```
// Search progress callback function
void
                                                                                   IAttachHandle,
          CALLBACK
                           FaceFindState(LLONG
                                                       ILoginID,
                                                                     LLONG
NET_CB_FACE_FIND_STATE* pstStates, int nStateNum, LDWORD dwUser)
    if (pstStates->nProgress== 100) // Means the searching progress is 100%.
    {
        //Stop subscribe the progress of people face searching
        CLIENT_DetachFaceFindState(IAttachHandle);
        // Start searching
        DoFind();
        }
        return;
// Configure searching conditions
NET_IN_STARTFIND_FACERECONGNITION stuInParam = { sizeof(stuInParam) };
NET OUT STARTFIND FACERECONGNITION stuOutParam = { sizeof(stuOutParam) };
stulnParam.stFilterInfo.dwSize = sizeof(stulnParam.stFilterInfo);
stulnParam.stMatchOptions.dwSize = sizeof(stulnParam.stMatchOptions);
stuInParam.bPersonExEnable = TRUE;
stuInParam.nChannelID = 0;
stuInParam.stMatchOptions.nSimilarity = 80;
stuInParam.stFilterInfo.stStartTime = startTime;
stuInParam.stFilterInfo.stEndTime = endTime;
stuInParam.nBufferLen = nPicBufLen;
stuInParam.pBuffer = strPicBuf; // Picture Buffer
stulnParam.stPersonInfoEx.wFacePicNum = 1;
stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szFacePicInfo[0].dwOffSet = 0;
stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szFacePicInfo[0].dwFileLenth = nLength;
BOOL bRet = CLIENT_StartFindFaceRecognition(m_ILoginId, &stuInParam, &stuOutParam, 5000);
if (!bRet)
    printf("CLIENT_StartFindFaceRecognition: failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
```

```
return -1;
m_lFindHandle = stuOutParam.lFindHandle;
if (-1 == stuOutParam.nTotalCount)
    // When the total searching number is -1, it means the device searching is not completed. You need
to subscribe the progress of device searching.
    NET_IN_FACE_FIND_STATE stuInFindState = { sizeof(stuInFindState) };
    NET_OUT_FACE_FIND_STATE stuOutFindState = { sizeof(stuOutFindState) };
    stuInFindState.nTokenNum = 1;
    int nToken = stuOutParam.nToken;
    stuInFindState.nTokens = &nToken;
    stuInFindState.cbFaceFindState = FaceFindState; // Progress callback function.
    stuInFindState.dwUser = (DWORD)this;
    m_lAttachHandle = CLIENT_AttachFaceFindState(m_lLoginId, &stuInFindState, &stuOutFindState,
5000);
}
else
    // Start searching.
    DoFind();
}
void DoFind()
    NET_IN_DOFIND_FACERECONGNITION
                                                               stuInDoFind
{ sizeof(NET_IN_DOFIND_FACERECONGNITION) };
    NET_OUT_DOFIND_FACERECONGNITION
                                                               stuOutDoFind
{ sizeof(NET_OUT_DOFIND_FACERECONGNITION) };
    stuOutDoFind.bUseCandidatesEx = TRUE;
    stuInDoFind.nCount = 20; // Search for 20 information one time, the total searching number is more
than 20.
    stuInDoFind.IFindHandle = m_IFindHandle;
    stuInDoFind.emDataType = EM_NEEDED_PIC_TYPE_HTTP_URL;// The returned picture format
by specified searching result is http link.
    stuInDoFind.nBeginNum = 0; // Search from 0.
    BOOL bRet = CLIENT_DoFindFaceRecognition(&stuInDoFind, &stuOutDoFind, 10000);
    if (!bRet)
```

```
printf("CLIENT_DoFindFaceRecognition: failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return;
}

CLIENT_StopFindFaceRecognition(m_IFindHandle);
}
```

3.6 Searching and Downloading Face Video and Picture

The face intelligent event is one of the intelligent events, so for more details, See "2.5Searching/Playbacking/Downloading Video and Picture".

Call CLIENT_FindFileEx to set searching conditions. The following is about the face searching operation and the value of parameter emType.

- DH_FILE_QUERY_FACE: Search face recognition picture
- DH_FILE_QUERY_FACE_DETECTION: Search face detection picture
- DH_FILE_QUERY_FILE: Search video

The structure pointer of ET_IN_MEDIA_QUERY_FILE, the nEventLists field in the structure is as the following:

- EVENT_IVS_FACERECOGNITION: Face recognition video searching
- EVENT_IVS_FACEDETECT: Face detection video searching

4 Body Detection

4.1 Subscribing Body Event

About more details, see "2.4 Subscribing Intelligent Event". Call fAnalyzerDataCallBack to filter out body detection, which is EVENT_IVS_HUMANTRAIT for body detection events.

4.2 Searching the Body Picture

4.2.1 Introduction

For the code of body detection picture searching, see "2.5 Searching/Playbacking/Downloading Video and Picture". The following section shows the description for body detection picture downloading.

4.2.2 Interface Overview

Table 4-1 Interface of body picture searching

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_DownloadRemoteFile	Download file.

4.2.3 Process

Initialize SDK
CLIENT_Init

Login the device
CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity

Search file information to get file name

Download file according to file name
CLIENT_DownloadRemoteFile

Logout the device
CLIENT_Logout

Release SDK resource
CLIENT_Cleanup

Stop

Figure 4-1 Process of body picture searching

Process Description

- Step 1 Call CLIENT Init to initialize SDK.
- <u>Step 2</u> Call **CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity** to login the device.
- Step 3 Call SDK interface to search file information and to get the file name.
- <u>Step 4</u> Using the searched file information, call **CLIENT_DownloadRemoteFile** to download file.
- <u>Step 5</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- Step 6 After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

4.2.4 Example Code

```
DH_IN_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE stuInDownloadFile = {sizeof(DH_IN_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE )};
stuInDownloadFile.pszFileName = strFileName
stuInDownloadFile.pszFileDst = strDownloadName;
```

5 People Flow Statistics

5.1 Subscribing People Flow Event

5.1.1 Introduction

This is the real-time subscribe of flow statistics data function.

You can install the front-end devices in the specified areas to precise statistics the in and out number of people real-time in each entrance by the intelligent analysis server according to video data collected by the front-end devices.

You can also get the total in and out number of people in one single day and real-time in and out number of people.

5.1.2 Interface Overview

Table 5-1 Interfaces of subscribing people flow

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_AttachVideoStatSummary	Subscribe people flow event.
CLIENT_DetachVideoStatSummary	Cancel subscribing people flow event.

5.1.3 Process

Start Initialize SDK CLIENT_Init Login the device CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity Subscribe people flow event from the fVideoStatSumCallBack device Get people flow information CLIENT AttachVideoStatSummary Stop subscribing people flow event from the device CLIENT DetachVideoStatSummary Logout the device CLIENT_Logout Release SDK resource CLIENT_Cleanup Stop

Figure 5-1 Process of subscribing people flow

Process Description

- Step 1 Call CLIENT Init to initialize SDK.
- <u>Step 2</u> Call **CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity** to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_AttachVideoStatSummary** to subscribe people flow events from the device.
- <u>Step 4</u> After successful subscribe, call fVideoStatSumCallBack to get the face events and notify users.
- <u>Step 5</u> After using the flow statistics event function, call **CLIENT_DetachVideoStatSummary** to stop subscribing people flow events.
- Step 6 After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

5.1.4 Example Code

void_CALLBACK VideoStatSumCallback(LLONG IAttachHandle, NET_VIDEOSTAT_SUMMARY* pBuf, DWORD dwBufLen, LDWORD dwUser)

```
// Produce callback data
}

NET_IN_ATTACH_VIDEOSTAT_SUM InParam = {sizeof(NET_IN_ATTACH_VIDEOSTAT_SUM)};

NET_OUT_ATTACH_VIDEOSTAT_SUM OutParam = {sizeof(NET_OUT_ATTACH_VIDEOSTAT_SUM)};

InParam.nChannel=0;

InParam.cbVideoStatSum=VideoStatSumCallback; // Subscribe callback function.

// Subscribe people flow statistics

LLONG attachHnd = CLIENT_AttachVideoStatSummary(ILoginID,&InParam,&OutParam,5000) if(0 == attachHnd)
{
    printf("CLIENT_AttachVideoStatSummary failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError()); return;
}

// Cancel subscribing people flow statistics

CLIENT_DetachVideoStatSummary(attachHnd);
```

5.2 Alarm of People Flow Event

About more details, see "2.4 Subscribing Intelligent Event". Call fAnalyzerDataCallBack to filter out people flow event, which is EVENT_IVS_NUMBERSTAT for people counting events and EVENT_IVS_MAN_NUM_DETECTION for area people counting events.

5.3 Searching History Data of People Flow Statistics

5.3.1 Introduction

You can specify the start time and the end time of people flow information, and then the device end will send back the searching data to the SDK.

5.3.2 Interface Overview

Table 5-2 Interfaces of searching history data of people flow statistics

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_StartFindNumberStat	Start searching history people flow information.
CLIENT_DoFindNumberStat	Continue to search history people flow information.
CLIENT_StopFindNumberStat	Stop searching history people flow information.

5.3.3 Process

Start Initialize SDK **CLIENT Init** Login the device CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity Start to get people flow information CLIENT StartFindNumberStat Continue to search history people flow information CLIENT_DoFindNumberStat Stop searching history people flow information CLIENT_StopFindNumberStat Logout the device CLIENT_Logout Release SDK resource CLIENT_Cleanup Stop

Figure 5-2 Searching process of people flow video and picture

Process Description

- Step 1 Call CLIENT_Init to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- Step 3 Call CLIENT_StartFindNumberStat to get people flow statistics information.
- <u>Step 4</u> Call **CLIENT_DoFindNumberStat** to continue searching people flow statistics information at some period.
- Step 5 Call CLIENT_StopFindNumberStat to stop searching records.
- Step 6 After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

5.3.4 Example Code

// Set searching conditions

NET_IN_FINDNUMBERSTAT inParam = { sizeof(NET_IN_FINDNUMBERSTAT)};

inParam.nChannelID = nChannelID; // The channel number you want to search

```
inParam.nGranularityType = 1; // Searching unit, 0: minute, 1: hour, 2: day, 3: week, 4: month, 5: season,
6: year
inParam.nWaittime = 5000; // Time-out for waiting received data
NET_OUT_FINDNUMBERSTAT outParam { sizeof(NET_OUT_FINDNUMBERSTAT)};
LLONG findHnd = CLIENT_StartFindNumberStat(pLoginHandle, &inParam, &outParam);
if (findHand == 0)
{
    printf("CLIENT_StartFindNumberStat failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return:
}
NET_IN_DOFINDNUMBERSTAT inDoFind = {sizeof(NET_IN_DOFINDNUMBERSTAT)};
NET_OUT_DOFINDNUMBERSTAT outDoFind = {sizeof(NET_OUT_DOFINDNUMBERSTAT)};
inDoFind.nBeginNumber = 0; // Search from 0
stuInDoFind.nCount = 10; // Search for 10 information one time.
inDoFind.nWaittime = 5000; // The time-out of interface is 5s.
outDoFind.pstuNumberStat = new DH_NUMBERSTAT[10];
outDoFind.nBufferLen = 10 * sizeof(DH_NUMBERSTAT);
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
    outDoFind.pstuNumberStat[i].dwSize = sizeof(DH_NUMBERSTAT);
}
// Search
BOOL bRet = CLIENT_DoFindNumberStat(findHand, &inDoFind, &outDoFind)
if (FALSE == bRet)
    printf("CLIENT_DoFindNumberStat failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    delete[] outDoFind.pstuNumberStat;
    return;
}
// Stop searching people flow statistics
CLINET_StopFindNumberStat(findHand);
delete[] outDoFind.pstuNumberStat;
```

6 General Behavior Event

6.1 Subscribing General Behavior Event

For more details, see "2.4 Subscribing Intelligent Event". Call fAnalyzerDataCallBack to filter out general behavior events, which are EVENT_IVS_HUMANTRAIT for tripwire events and EVENT_IVS_CROSSREGIONDETECTION for intrusion events.

6.2 Video Searching and Downloading of General Behavior Event

The general behavior is one of the intelligent events. For more details, see "2.5 Searching/Playbacking/Downloading Video and Picture".

Call CLIENT_FindFileEx to set the searching conditions when searching. For the searching operation of general behavior video, the value of emType is as the follow:

DH_FILE_QUERY_FILE, searching video, and the interface parameter pQueryCondition is the structure pointer of type NET_IN_MEDIA_QUERY_FILE. The segments of nEventLists in the structure are as the follow:

- ♦ EVENT_IVS_CROSSLINEDETECTION, video searching of tripwire.
- ♦ EVENT IVS CROSSREGIONDETECTION, video searching of intrusion.

7 Intelligent Traffic

7.1 Subscribing Intelligent Traffic Event

About more details, see "2.4 Subscribing Intelligent Event". Call fAnalyzerDataCallBack to filter out the intelligent traffic event, which is as the following:

- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFICJUNCTION: Traffic junction event.
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFICJAM: Traffic jam event.
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_OVERSPEED: Over speed event.
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_UNDERSPEED: Low speed event.
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_PEDESTRAIN: Passerby event.
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_FLOWSTATE: Vehicle flow event.

7.2 Searching History Data of Vehicle Flow Statistics

7.2.1 Introduction

Search the history data of vehicle flow statistics.

7.2.2 Interface Overview

Table 7-1 Interfaces of searching history data of vehicle flow statistics

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_FindRecord	Set searching conditions.
CLIENT_QueryRecordCount	Get searching number.
CLIENT_FindNextRecord	Search data in the current searching
	condition.
CLIENT_FindRecordClose	Stop searching.

7.2.3 Process

Sart Initialize SDK CLIENT_Init Login the device CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity Set searching conditions for vehicle flow CLIENT_FindRecord NET_RECORD_TRAFFICFLOW_STATE Get the searched number in current condition CLIENT_QueryRecordCount searching vehicle flow statistics data in current condition CLIENT_FindNextRecord Stop searching vehicle flow statistics data CLIENT FindRecordClose Logout the device CLIENT_Logout Release SDK resource CLIENT_Cleanup Stop

Figure 7-1 Searching history data of vehicle flow statistics

Process Description

- Step 1 Call CLIENT_Init to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_FindRecord** to set searching conditions for vehicle floe statistics. The enumeration is NET_RECORD_TRAFFICFLOW_STATE.
- <u>Step 4</u> Call **CLIENT_QueryRecordCount** to get the total number in the current searching conditions.
- <u>Step 5</u> Call **CLIENT_FindNextRecord** to search the specifed number in the current searching conditions.
- <u>Step 6</u> After searching, call **CLIENT_FindRecordClose** to clean up the searching resource.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- Step 8 After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- During searching the vehicle flow, at first, the device must support this function and have the vehicle flow data during the searching time. In addition, the device should have an SD card to save the vehicle flow data.
- The segment of the average speed is -1, which means that no vehicle has passed this period. If it is more than 1, it means that the average speed of the vehicle. If it is equal to 0, it means that the average speed is 0.

7.2.4 Example Code

```
// Start searching and set searching conditions
FIND RECORD TRAFFICFLOW CONDITION
                                                          stTrafficFlow
{sizeof(FIND_RECORD_TRAFFICFLOW_CONDITION)};
stTrafficFlow.abChannelId =TRUE;
stTrafficFlow.nChannelId = 0;
stTrafficFlow.abLane = FALSE;
stTrafficFlow.bStartTime= TRUE;
stTrafficFlow.bEndTime= TRUE;
stTrafficFlow.stStartTime = startTime;
stTrafficFlow.stEndTime = endTime;
stTrafficFlow.bStatisticsTime = TRUE;
NET_IN_FIND_RECORD_PARAM stuFindInParam = {sizeof(NET_IN_FIND_RECORD_PARAM)};
stuFindInParam.emType = NET_RECORD_TRAFFICFLOW_STATE;
stuFindInParam.pQueryCondition = &stTrafficFlow;
NET_OUT_FIND_RECORD_PARAM
                                                   stuFindOutParam
{sizeof(NET_OUT_FIND_RECORD_PARAM)};
      bRet =
                CLIENT_FindRecord(m_ILoginHandle,
                                                    &stuFindInParam,
                                                                      &stuFindOutParam.
MAX TIMEOUT);
if (!bRet)
{
   return;
// Search the total number
NET_IN_QUEYT_RECORD_COUNT_PARAM
                                                      inQueryCountParam
{ sizeof(NET_IN_QUEYT_RECORD_COUNT_PARAM)};
inQueryCountParam.lFindeHandle = stuFindOutParam.lFindeHandle;
NET_OUT_QUEYT_RECORD_COUNT_PARAM
                                                  outQueryCountParam
{ sizeof(NET_OUT_QUEYT_RECORD_COUNT_PARAM) };
```

```
bRet = CLIENT_QueryRecordCount(&inQueryCountParam, &outQueryCountParam, MAX_TIMEOUT);
if (!bRet)
{
   Printf("Query record count failed!\n");
   return;
// Search 100 information.
int nQueryCount = 100;
NET RECORD TRAFFIC FLOW STATE*
                                                 pRecordList
                                                                                      new
NET_RECORD_TRAFFIC_FLOW_STATE[nQueryCount];
memset(pRecordList, 0, sizeof(NET_RECORD_TRAFFIC_FLOW_STATE) * nQueryCount);
for (int unIndex = 0; unIndex < nQueryCount; ++unIndex)
{
    pRecordList[unIndex].dwSize = sizeof(NET_RECORD_TRAFFIC_FLOW_STATE);
}
NET_IN_FIND_NEXT_RECORD_PARAM
                                                     stuFindNextInParam
{sizeof(NET_IN_FIND_NEXT_RECORD_PARAM)};
stuFindNextInParam.IFindeHandle = stuFindOutParam.IFindeHandle;
stuFindNextInParam.nFileCount = nQueryCount;
NET_OUT_FIND_NEXT_RECORD_PARAM
                                                      stuFindNextOutParam
{sizeof(NET_OUT_FIND_NEXT_RECORD_PARAM)};
stuFindNextOutParam.pRecordList = pRecordList;
stuFindNextOutParam.nMaxRecordNum = nQueryCount;
bRet = CLIENT_FindNextRecord(&stuFindNextInParam, &stuFindNextOutParam, MAX_TIMEOUT);
if (!bRet)
    printf("Query record count failed!");
// Stop searching.
CLIENT_FindRecordClose(stuFindOutParam.lFindeHandle);
delete[] pRecordList;
```

7.3 Adding/deleting/modifying/searching Black List and Trusted List of Vehicle

7.3.1 Introduction

You can add, delete, modify and search black list and trusted list of vehicle.

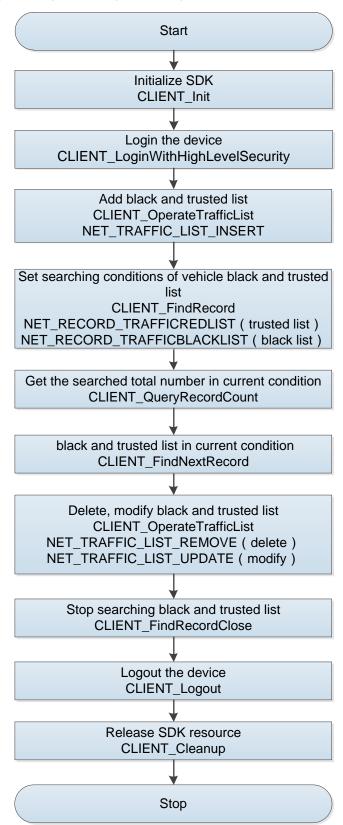
7.3.2 Interface Overview

Table 7-2 Interfaces of adding, deleting, modifying and searching black list and trusted list of vehicle,

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_OperateTrafficList	Add, delete, modify and search the black list and trusted
	list.
CLIENT_FindRecord	Set searching conditions.
CLIENT_QueryRecordCount	Get searching number.
CLIENT_FindNextRecord	Search data in the current searching condition.
CLIENT_FindRecordClose	Close searching.

7.3.3 Process

Figure 7-2 Adding/deleting/modifying/searching black list and trusted list of vehicle



Process Description

Step 1 Call CLIENT_Init to initialize SDK.

- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_OperateTrafficList** to add the black list and trusted list. The enumeration type is NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_INSERT.
- Step 4 Call **CLIENT_FindRecord** to set searching conditions for black list and trusted list. The enumeration is NET_RECORD_TRAFFICREDLIST (trusted list) and NET_RECORD_TRAFFICBLACKLIST (black list).
- <u>Step 5</u> Call **CLIENT_QueryRecordCount** to get the total number in the current searching conditions.
- <u>Step 6</u> Call **CLIENT_FindNextRecord** to search the specified number of the black list and trusted list in the current searching conditions.
- <u>Step 7</u> Using the black list and trusted list you have searched, call <u>CLIENT_OperateTrafficList</u> black list and trusted list. The enumeration is <u>NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_REMOVE</u> (delete) and <u>NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_UPDATE</u> (modify).
- <u>Step 8</u> After searching, call **CLIENT_FindRecordClose** to clean up the searching resource.
- Step 9 After using the function module, call CLIENT_Logout to logout the device.
- Step 10 After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

Call **CLIENT_OperateTrafficList** to add black list and trusted list. When the interface returns -1, it means that do not generate a record list number but not means the interface failed. At first, the device saves the black list and trusted list to the cache, and then saves the data in the cache to the database. The device returns -1 because at this time the lists have not been added to the database.

7.3.4 Example Code

To check the code of black list and trusted list, see "7.2.4 Example Code". The following shows the example code of adding/deleting/modifying/searching black list and trusted list.

```
// Add black list and trusted list.
NET IN OPERATE TRAFFIC LIST RECORD
                                                            stInParam
{ sizeof(NET_IN_OPERATE_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD) };
NET OUT OPERATE TRAFFIC LIST RECORD
                                                             stOutParam
{ sizeof(NET OUT OPERATE TRAFFIC LIST RECORD) };
stlnParam.emOperateType = NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_INSERT;
stInParam.emRecordType = NET_RECORD_TRAFFICBLACKLIST; // Black list
//stlnParam.emRecordType = NET_RECORD_TRAFFICREDLIST; // Trusted list
NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD stTrafficListRecord = { sizeof(NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD) };
stTrafficListRecord.stBeginTime = startTime;
stTrafficListRecord.stCancelTime = endTime;
strncpy(stTrafficListRecord.szPlateNumber,
                                                                 strPlateNumber.GetBuffer(),
DH_MAX_PLATE_NUMBER_LEN-1);
strncpy(stTrafficListRecord.szMasterOfCar, strOwner.GetBuffer(), DH_MAX_NAME_LEN-1);
```

```
NET INSERT RECORD INFO stinsertinfo = { sizeof( NET INSERT RECORD INFO ) };
stlnsertInfo.pRecordInfo = &stTrafficListRecord;
stlnParam.pstOpreateInfo = &stlnsertInfo;
bool bRet = CLIENT_OperateTrafficList(m_ILoginHandle, &stInParam, &stOutParam, MAX_TIMEOUT);
if (!bRet)
{
    return;
}
// Modify black list.
NET_IN_OPERATE_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD
                                                              stlnParam
{ sizeof(NET_IN_OPERATE_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD) };
NET_OUT_OPERATE_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD
                                                              stOutParam
{ sizeof(NET_OUT_OPERATE_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD) };
stlnParam.emOperateType = NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_UPDATE;
stInParam.emRecordType = NET_RECORD_TRAFFICBLACKLIST; // Black list
//stlnParam.emRecordType = NET_RECORD_TRAFFICREDLIST; // Trusted list
NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD stTrafficListRecord = { sizeof(NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD) };
stTrafficListRecord.stBeginTime = startTime;
stTrafficListRecord.stCancelTime = endTime;
strncpy(stTrafficListRecord.szPlateNumber,
                                                                   strPlateNumber.GetBuffer(),
DH_MAX_PLATE_NUMBER_LEN-1);
strncpy(stTrafficListRecord.szMasterOfCar, strOwner.GetBuffer(), DH_MAX_NAME_LEN-1);
stTrafficListRecord.nRecordNo = m stTrafficListInfo.nRecordNo; // Recording list number
NET_UPDATE_RECORD_INFO stModifyRecord = {sizeof(NET_UPDATE_RECORD_INFO)};
stModifyRecord.pRecordInfo = &stTrafficListRecord;
stlnParam.pstOpreateInfo = &stModifyRecord;
bool bRet = CLIENT_OperateTrafficList(m_ILoginHandle, &stInParam, &stOutParam, MAX_TIMEOUT);
if (!bRet)
{
    return;
// Modify black list and trusted list.
```

7.4 Searching and Downloading Vehicle Picture

7.4.1 Introduction

This function will save the capture picture for intelligent event to the storage in the device. You can search pictures through the plate number and corresponding intelligent events. This function also supports picture downloading.

For the vehicle picture searching, see "2.5 Searching/Playbacking/Downloading Video and Picture". The interface **CLIENT_FindFileEx** searching type is DH_FILE_QUERY_TRAFFICCAR_EX.

The following shows the interface and example code.

7.4.2 Interface Overview

Table 7-3 Interfaces of searching and downlosding picture

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_DownLoadMultiFile	Download files in batches.
CLIENT_StopLoadMultiFile	Stop downloading files in batches.

7.4.3 Process

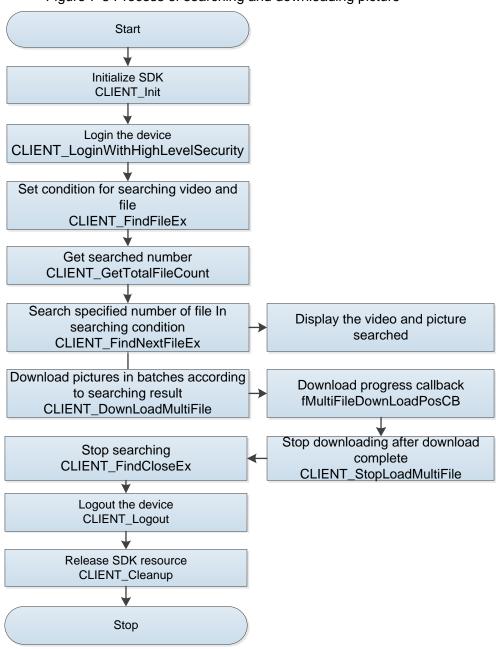


Figure 7-3 Process of searching and downloading picture

Process Description

- Step 1 Call CLIENT_Init to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_FindFileEx** to set the searching conditions. After successfully setting, return the searching handle. To judge the right searching type according to the different values of emType.
- <u>Step 4</u> Call **CLIENT_GetTotalFileCount** to get the total number of video and picture searched.
- <u>Step 5</u> Call **CLIENT_FindNextFileEx** to search the specified number of video and picture. Save the video and picture and do the playing back and downloading operation to the video and picture.

- <u>Step 6</u> Using the searched file information, call **CLIENT_DownLoadMultiFile** to download files in batches.
- <u>Step 7</u> Call **CLIENT_StopLoadMultiFile** to stop downloading the picture when the value of dwDownLoadSize in fMultiFileDownLoadPosCB is the maximum value.
- Step 8 Call **CLIENT_FindCloseEx** to stop the searching.
- <u>Step 9</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- Step 10 After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- The parameter pQueryCondition in **CLIENT_FindFileEx** is requested and released by the user. The spacific type is defined by the enumeration type of emType.
- If CLIENT_FindFileEx successfully search, the searching handle will be returned.
 CLIENT_FindNextFileEx will take the searching handle as a parameter to search specific video and picture. You should call CLIENT_FindCloseEx to close the searching handle.
- **Call CLIENT_FindNextFileEx** to set the searching number. If the number is more than 1, then the parameter pMediaFileInfo should be taken as a data pointer.

7.4.4 Example Code

```
// Download progress callback function in batches
void CALLBACK DownloadTrafficPicture(LLONG IDownLoadHandle, DWORD dwID, DWORD
dwFileTotalSize, DWORD dwDownLoadSize, int nError, LDWORD dwUser, void* pReserved)
    if (nError != 0 || dwDownLoadSize == UINT_MAX)
    {
        // Download error or download completed
        CLIENT_StopLoadMultiFile(m_IDownloadHandle);
        delete[] pDownLoadInfo;
}
NET_DOWNLOADFILE_INFO* pDownLoadInfo = new NET_DOWNLOADFILE_INFO[10]; // Download
10 information
memset(pDownLoadInfo, 0, 10*sizeof(NET_DOWNLOADFILE_INFO));
for(int i = 0; i++; i<10)
{
    pDownLoadInfo[i].dwFileID = 1;
    // The data of stTrafficPicture is the file searched from CLIENT_FindFileEx. The type is
MEDIAFILE_TRAFFICCAR_INFO_EX.
    pDownLoadInfo[i].nFileSize = stTrafficPicture.stuInfo.sizeEx / 1024;
    strncpy(pDownLoadInfo[i].szSourceFilePath, stTrafficPicture.stuInfo.szFilePath, MAX_PATH-1);
```

```
// The save path after downloading
    strncpy(pDownLoadInfo[i].szSavedFileName, szFilePathName[i], MAX_PATH-1);
NET_IN_DOWNLOAD_MULTI_FILE stInDownloadFile = {sizeof(NET_IN_DOWNLOAD_MULTI_FILE )};
NET OUT DOWNLOAD MULTI FILE
                                                                           stOutDownloadFile=
{sizeof(NET_OUT_DOWNLOAD_MULTI_FILE )};
stlnDownloadFile.emDownloadType = EM_DOWNLOAD_BY_FILENAME;
stlnDownloadFile.cbPosCallBack = DownloadTrafficPicture; // Download in batches progress callback
function
stInDownloadFile.dwUserData = (LDWORD)this;
stlnDownloadFile.nFileCount = 10; // The number of downloading file
stlnDownloadFile.pFileInfos = pDownLoadInfo; // It means the file information pointer that you need to
download. If you need to download multiple file information pointers, it means the array first address.
// Download picture files in batches
BOOL nRet = CLIENT_DownLoadMultiFile(m_ILoginHandle, &stInDownloadFile, &stOutDownloadFile,
MAX_TIMEOUT);
if (!nRet)
{
    printf("CLIENT_DownLoadMultiFile failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    delete[] pDownLoadInfo;
    return;
m_IDownloadHandle = stOutDownloadFile.IDownLoadHandle;
```

8 Barrier

8.1 Subscribing Access Control Event

About more details, see "2.4 Subscribing Intelligent Event". Call fAnalyzerDataCallBack to filter out access control event, which is as the following:

EVENT_IVS_ACCESS_CTL: Access control event

8.2 Manager Information of Access Control Card

8.2.1 Introduction

You can add, delete, modify and search the information of access control card such as the card number, user ID and card name.

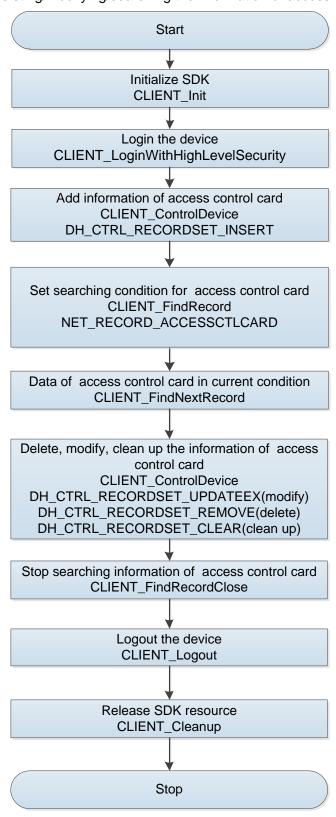
8.2.2 Interface Overview

Table 8-1 Interfaces of manager information of access control card

<u> </u>		
Interface	Implication	
CLIENT_FindRecord	Set searching conditions.	
CLIENT_FindNextRecord	Search data in the current searching condition.	
CLIENT_FindRecordClose	Close searching.	
CLIENT_ControlDevice	Add, delete, modify and search the information of access	
	control card.	

8.2.3 Process

Figure 8-1 Adding/deleting/modifying/searching the information of access control card



Process Description

Step 1 Call CLIENT_Init to initialize SDK.

Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.

- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_ControlDevice** to add the information of access control card. The enumeration is DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_INSERT.
- <u>Step 4</u> Call **CLIENT_FindRecord** to set searching conditions for the information of access control card. The enumeration is NET_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARD.
- <u>Step 5</u> Call **CLIENT_FindNextRecord** to search the specified number of the information data of access control card in the current searching conditions.
- <u>Step 6</u> After searching, call **CLIENT_FindRecordClose** to clean up the searching resource.
- <u>Step 7</u> Call **CLIENT_ControlDevice** to modify the information of access control card. The enumeration is NET_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARD.
- <u>Step 8</u> Call **CLIENT_ControlDevice** to delete the information of access control card. The enumeration is DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_REMOVE.
- <u>Step 9</u> Call **CLIENT_ControlDevice** to clean up the information of access control card. The enumeration is DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_CLEAR.
- Step 10 After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- Step 11 After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- When adding the access control card, make sure the CardNo and UserID are different with the information of access control card which saved in the device before.
- When deleting the access control card, and if the access control card binding with people face picture information, you should delete the information of access control card before deleting people face picture.
- During searching the information of access control card, firstly the device should support this function, and the device itself should have the information data of access control card.

8.2.4 Example Code

8.2.4.1 Searching the Information of Access Control Card

```
NET_OUT_FIND_RECORD_PARAM stuOutParam= sizeof(NET_OUT_FIND_RECORD_PARAM);
NET_IN_FIND_RECORD_PARAM stuInParam= sizeof(stuInParam);
stuInParam.emType = NET_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARD;
FIND_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARD_CONDITION *pStuCardInfo = NEW FIND_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARD_CONDITION;
pStuCardInfo->dwSize = sizeof(FIND_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARD_CONDITION);
stuInParam.pQueryCondition = (void*)pStuCardInfo;

// Start searching and set searching conditions
bRet = CLIENT_FindRecord(m_ILoginID, &stuInParam, &stuOutParam, DEFAULT_WAIT_TIME);
if (bRet == FALSE)
{
    printf("CLIENT_FindRecord fail \n");
```

```
if (pStuCardInfo)
    delete pStuCardInfo;
    pStuCardInfo = NULL;
}
// Search 100 information.
NET_IN_FIND_NEXT_RECORD_PARAM stuInParam= sizeof(stuInParam);
NET_OUT_FIND_NEXT_RECORD_PARAM stuOutParam = sizeof(stuOutParam);
stulnParam.lFindeHandle = m_lFindHandle;
stuInParam.nFileCount = 100;
memset(pAccessCardInfo,
                                                       stuInParam.nFileCount
                                       0,
sizeof(NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD));
for (int i = 0; i < stulnParam.nFileCount; i++)
{
    pAccessCardInfo[i].dwSize = sizeof(NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD);
stuOutParam.pRecordList = (void*)pAccessCardInfo;
stuOutParam.nMaxRecordNum = stuInParam.nFileCount;
int nRet = CLIENT_FindNextRecord(&stuInParam, &stuOutParam, DEFAULT_WAIT_TIME);
if (!nRet)
    printf("CLIENT_FindNextRecord failed \n");
// Stop searching.
CLIENT_FindRecordClose(m_IFindHandle);
```

8.2.4.2 Adding/Deleting/Modifying/Searching the Information of Access Control Card

```
//Add the information of access control card

NET_CTRL_RECORDSET_INSERT_PARAM stuInParam = sizeof(stuInParam);

stuInParam.stuCtrlRecordSetInfo.dwSize = sizeof(NET_CTRL_RECORDSET_INSERT_IN);

stuInParam.stuCtrlRecordSetResult.dwSize = sizeof(NET_CTRL_RECORDSET_INSERT_OUT);
```

```
stuInParam.stuCtrlRecordSetInfo.emType = NET_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARD;
NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD
                                                  *pStrCardInfo
                                                                                      NEW
NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD;
pStrCardInfo->dwSize = sizeof(NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD);
strncpy(pStrCardInfo->szCardNo, m StuAddCardInfo.szCardNo, DH MAX CARDNO LEN - 1);
strncpy(pStrCardInfo->szCardName, m_StuAddCardInfo.szCardName, DH_MAX_CARDNAME_LEN -
1);
strncpy(pStrCardInfo->szUserID, m_StuAddCardInfo.szUserID, DH_MAX_USERID_LEN - 1);
strncpy(pStrCardInfo->szPsw, m_StuAddCardInfo.szPsw, DH_MAX_CARDPWD_LEN - 1);
pStrCardInfo->emStatus = NET_ACCESSCTLCARD_STATE_NORMAL;
pStrCardInfo->emType = NET_ACCESSCTLCARD_TYPE_GENERAL;
pStrCardInfo->nUserTime = m StuAddCardInfo.nUserTime;
pStrCardInfo->bFirstEnter = TRUE;
pStrCardInfo->bIsValid = TRUE
pStrCardInfo->stuValidStartTime = m_StuAddCardInfo.stuValidStartTime;
pStrCardInfo->stuValidEndTime = m_StuAddCardInfo.stuValidEndTime;
// DoorNum is 2, it indicates the two doors of the gate.
pStrCardInfo->nDoorNum = 2;
pStrCardInfo->sznDoors[0] = 0;
pStrCardInfo->sznDoors[1] = 1;
// Control the valid time of the opening door, 255 indicates all day.
pStrCardInfo->nTimeSectionNum = 2;
pStrCardInfo->sznTimeSectionNo[0] = 255;
pStrCardInfo->sznTimeSectionNo[1] = 255;
stuInParam.stuCtrlRecordSetInfo.nBufLen = sizeof(NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD);
stuInParam.stuCtrlRecordSetInfo.pBuf = (void*)pStrCardInfo;
BOOL bRet = CLIENT_ControlDevice(m_ILoginID, DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_INSERT, &stuInParam,
DEFAULT_WAIT_TIME);
if (bRet == FALSE)
    Printf("CLIENT_ControlDevice insert card fail \n");
    return;
// Modify the information of access control card
NET_CTRL_RECORDSET_PARAM stuInParam = sizeof(stuInParam);
```

```
stulnParam.emType = NET_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARD;
NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD
                                                 *pStrCardInfo
                                                                                     NEW
NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD;
memset(pStrCardInfo, 0, sizeof(NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD));
pStrCardInfo->dwSize = sizeof(NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD);
strncpy(pStrCardInfo->szCardNo, m_CardInfo.szCardNo, DH_MAX_CARDNO_LEN - 1);
strncpy(pStrCardInfo->szCardName, m_CardInfo.szCardName, DH_MAX_CARDNAME_LEN - 1);
strncpy(pStrCardInfo->szUserID, m_CardInfo.szUserID, DH_MAX_USERID_LEN - 1);
strncpy(pStrCardInfo->szPsw, m_CardInfo.szPsw, DH_MAX_CARDPWD_LEN - 1);
pStrCardInfo->emStatus = NET_ACCESSCTLCARD_STATE_NORMAL;
pStrCardInfo->emType = NET_ACCESSCTLCARD_TYPE_GENERAL;
pStrCardInfo->nUserTime = m_CardInfo.nUserTime;
pStrCardInfo->bFirstEnter = TRUE;
pStrCardInfo->blsValid =TRUE;
pStrCardInfo->stuValidStartTime = m CardInfo.stuValidStartTime;
pStrCardInfo->stuValidEndTime = m_CardInfo.stuValidEndTime;
pStrCardInfo->nRecNo = m_CardInfo.nRecNo;
// DoorNum is 2, it indicates the two doors of the gate.
pStrCardInfo->nDoorNum = 2;
pStrCardInfo->sznDoors[0] = 0;
pStrCardInfo->sznDoors[1] = 1;
// Control the valid time of the opening door, 255 indicates all day.
pStrCardInfo->nTimeSectionNum = 2;
pStrCardInfo->sznTimeSectionNo[0] = 255;
pStrCardInfo->sznTimeSectionNo[1] = 255;
stulnParam.nBufLen = sizeof(NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD);
stuInParam.pBuf = (void*)pStrCardInfo;
BOOL
                    CLIENT ControlDevice(m ILoginID, DH CTRL RECORDSET UPDATEEX,
              =
&stuInParam, DEFAULT_WAIT_TIME);
if (FALSE == bRet)
    printf ("CLIENT_ControlDevice modify cardinfo fail");
   return:
```

```
// Delete the information of access control card
NET_CTRL_RECORDSET_PARAM stuInParam = sizeof(stuInParam);
stulnParam.emType = NET_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARD;
stuInParam.pBuf = &pCardInfo->nRecNo;
stuInParam.nBufLen = sizeof(int);
BOOL bRet = CLIENT_ControlDevice(m_ILoginID, DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_REMOVE, &stuInParam,
DEFAULT WAIT TIME);
if (FALSE == bRet)
    printf(("CLIENT_ControlDevice delete cardinfo fail\n");
   return;
}
// Clean up the information of access control card (Delete all information of access control card)
NET_CTRL_RECORDSET_PARAM stuInParam = sizeof(stuInParam);
stulnParam.emType = NET_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARD;
BOOL bRet = CLIENT_ControlDevice(m_ILoginID, DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_CLEAR, &stuInParam,
DEFAULT_WAIT_TIME);
if (FALSE == bRet)
{
    printf ("CLIENT_ControlDevice clear cardinfo fail\n");
    return;
```

8.3 Face Management

8.3.1 Introduction

Add, modify, delete and clean up the face picture.

8.3.2 Interface Overview

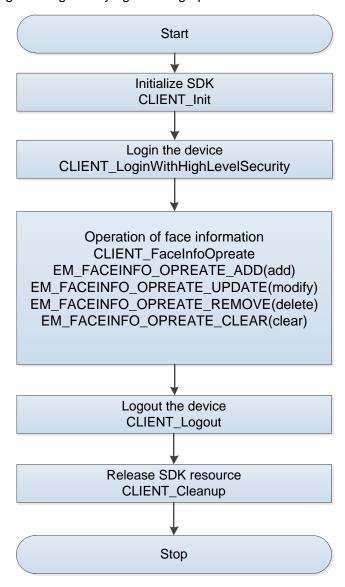
Table 8-2 Interfaces of face management

Interface	Implication
CLIENT Facelyte Oprocts	Add, delete, modify and clean up the information of
CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate	face picture.
CLIENT_FindRecord	Set searching conditions.
CLIENT_FindNextRecord	Search data in the current searching condition.
CLIENT_FindRecordClose	Close searching.

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_ControlDevice	Add, delete, modify and clean up the people
	information.

8.3.3 Process

Figure 8-2 Adding/deleting/modifying/cleaning up the information of face picture



Process Description

- Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.
- <u>Step 2</u> Call **CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity** to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate** to add, modify and delete the face according to enumeration type.
- <u>Step 4</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- <u>Step 5</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- Face information adding: Use EM_FACEINFO_OPREATE_ADD as the enumeration.
- Face information modifying: Use EM_FACEINFO_OPREATE_UPDATE as the enumeration.
- Face information deleting: Use EM_FACEINFO_OPREATE_REMOVE as the enumeration.
- Face information cleaning up: Use EM_FACEINFO_OPREATE_CLEAR as the enumeration.
- The face information modifying and deleting are according to the UserID of the access control card.

8.3.4 Example Code

```
// Add the information of face picture
NET_IN_ADD_FACE_INFO stuInParam = sizeof(NET_IN_ADD_FACE_INFO);
strncpy(stulnParam.szUserID, m_StuAddCardInfo.szUserID, DH_MAX_USERID_LEN - 1);
stulnParam.stuFaceInfo.nFacePhoto = 1;
FILE *fPic = fopen(m_szFilePath, "rb");
fseek(fPic, 0, SEEK_END);
int nLength = ftell(fPic);
rewind(fPic);
stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.nFacePhotoLen[0] = nLength;
stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0] = new char[nLength];
memset(stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0], 0, nLength);
int nReadLen = fread(stulnParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0], 1, nLength, fPic);
fclose(fPic);
fPic = NULL;
NET_OUT_ADD_FACE_INFO stuOutParam = sizeof(stuOutParam);
BOOL
                       CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate(m_ILoginID,
                                                               EM_FACEINFO_OPREATE_ADD,
(void*)&stuInParam, (void*)&stuOutParam, DEFAULT_WAIT_TIME);
if (bRet == FALSE)
{
    printf("CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate add face fail");
}
if (fPic)
```

```
fclose(fPic);
    fPic = NULL;
if (stulnParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0])
    delete[] stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0];
    stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0] = NULL;
// Modify the information of face picture
NET_IN_UPDATE_FACE_INFO stuInParam = sizeof(stuInParam);
strncpy(stuInParam.szUserID, m_CardInfo.szUserID, sizeof(m_CardInfo.szUserID) - 1);
stulnParam.stuFaceInfo.nFacePhoto = 1;
FILE *fPic = fopen(m_szFilePath, "rb");
fseek(fPic, 0, SEEK_END);
int nLength = ftell(fPic);
rewind(fPic);
stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.nFacePhotoLen[0] = nLength;
stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0] = new char[nLength];
memset(stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0], 0, nLength);
int nReadLen = fread(stulnParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0], 1, nLength, fPic);
fclose(fPic);
fPic = NULL;
NET_OUT_UPDATE_FACE_INFO stuOutParam;
memset(&stuOutParam, 0, sizeof(stuOutParam));
stuOutParam.dwSize = sizeof(stuOutParam);
         bRet = CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate(m_ILoginID, EM_FACEINFO_OPREATE_UPDATE,
(void*)&stuInParam, (void*)&stuOutParam, DEFAULT_WAIT_TIME);
if (bRet == FALSE)
{
    printf ("CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate modify face fail");
}
if (fPic)
```

```
fclose(fPic);
    fPic = NULL;
if (stulnParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0])
    delete[] stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0];
    stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0] = NULL;
// Delete the face picture
NET_IN_REMOVE_FACE_INFO stuInParam = sizeof(stuInParam);
// Delete the face picture according to the UserID of the information of access control card.
strncpy(stulnParam.szUserID, cardInfo.szUserID, DH_MAX_USERID_LEN - 1);
NET_OUT_REMOVE_FACE_INFO stuOutParam;
memset(&stuOutParam, 0, sizeof(stuOutParam));
stuOutParam.dwSize = sizeof(stuOutParam);
bRet
                 CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate(m_ILoginID,
                                                          EM_FACEINFO_OPREATE_REMOVE,
(void*)&stuInParam, (void*)&stuOutParam, DEFAULT_WAIT_TIME);
if (bRet == FALSE)
{
    printf ("CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate delete face fail");
}
// Clean up the information of face picture(Delete all information of face picture)
NET_IN_CLEAR_FACE_INFO stuInParam = sizeof(stuInParam);
NET_OUT_CLEAR_FACE_INFO stuOutParam;
memset(&stuOutParam, 0, sizeof(stuOutParam));
stuOutParam.dwSize = sizeof(stuOutParam);
BOOL
                     CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate(m_ILoginID,
                                                            EM FACEINFO OPREATE CLEAR,
(void*)&stuInParam, (void*)&stuOutParam, DEFAULT_WAIT_TIME);
if (bRet == FALSE)
    printf ("CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate clear face fail");
```

8.4 Searching the Record of In-Out the Door

8.4.1 Introduction

Search the record list of access control. The searching information includes card No., user serial number, the status of opening the door, card type, the mode of opening the door and time.

8.4.2 Interface Overview

Table 8-3 Interfaces of searching the record of in-out the door

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_FindRecord	Set searching conditions.
CLIENT_FindNextRecord	Search data in the current searching
_	condition.
CLIENT_FindRecordClose	Close searching.
CLIENT ControlDevice	Delete and clean up the record of access
CLIENT_CONTOIDEVICE	control.

8.4.3 Process

Start Initialize SDK CLIENT_Init Login the device CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity Set searching condition for record of access control CLIENT_FindRecord NET_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARDREC_EX Search access control record In current condition CLIENT_FindNextRecord Delete, clean up In- out record CLIENT_ControlDevice DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_REMOVE(delete) DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_CLEAR(clean up) Stop searching access control record CLIENT_FindRecordClose Logout the device CLIENT_Logout Release SDK resource CLIENT_Cleanup Stop

Figure 8-3 Searching/deleting/cleaning up the record of access control

Process Description

- Step 1 Call CLIENT_Init to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- Step 3 Call CLIENT_FindRecord to set searching conditions for the record of access control.

- <u>Step 4</u> Call **CLIENT_FindNextRecord** to search the specified number of the record of access control in the current searching conditions.
- <u>Step 5</u> Call **CLIENT_ControlDevice** to delete and clean up the record of access control.
- <u>Step 6</u> After searching, call **CLIENT_FindRecordClose** to clean up the searching resource Information.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- <u>Step 8</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- Access control record deleting: Use DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_REMOVE as the enumeration.
- Access control record cleaning up: Use DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_CLEAR as the enumeration.

8.4.4 Example Code

About the codes, see "8.2.4.1 Searching the Information of Access Control Card".

The example code for deleting and cleaning up the access control records, see "8.2.4.2 Adding/Deleting/Modifying/Searching the Information of Access Control Card".

9 Interface Definition

9.1 SDK Initialization

9.1.1 SDK CLIENT_Init

Table 9-1 Initialize SDK

Item	Description		
Name	Initialize SDK.		
	BOOL CLIENT_Init(
Function	fDisConnect cbDisConnect,		
Function	LDWORD dwUser		
);		
Parameter	[in]cbDisConnect	Disconnection callback.	
Parameter	[in]dwUser	User parameter of disconnection callback.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.		
	The precondition for calling other function modules of SDK. The callback will not send to the user after the device is disconnected if the		
Note			
	callback is set as NULL		

9.1.2 CLIENT_Cleanup

Table 9-2 Clean up SDK

Item	Description
Name	Clean up SDK.
Function	void CLIENT_Cleanup()
Parameter	None.
Return value	None.
Note	Call SDK cleanup interface before the process stops.

9.1.3 CLIENT_SetAutoReconnect

Table 9-3 Set reconnection callback

Item	Description	
Name	Set auto reconnection callback.	
	void CLIENT_SetAutoReconnect(
Function	fHaveReConnect	cbAutoConnect,
Function	LDWORD	dwUser
);	
Parameter	[in]cbAutoConnect	Reconnection callback.
	[in]dwUser	User parameter of disconnection callback.
Return value	None.	

Item	Description	
Note	Set the reconnection callback interface. If the callback is set as NULL, it	
	will not connect automatically.	

9.1.4 CLIENT_SetNetworkParam

Table 9-4 Set network parameter

Item	Description	
Name	Set the related parameters for network environment.	
	void CLIENT_SetNetworkParam(NET_PARAM *pNetParam	
Function		
);	
Parameter	[in]pNetParam	Parameters such as network delay, reconnection
		times and cache size.
Return value	None.	
Note	Adjust the parameters according to the actual network environment.	

9.2 Device Login

9.2.1 CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity

Table 9-5 Log in with high level security

Item	Description		
Name	Login the device with high level security.		
	LLONG CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity (
Function	NET_IN_LOGIN_WITH	H_HIGHLEVEL_SECURITY* pstInParam,	
Function	NET_OUT_LOGIN_WITH_HIGHLEVEL_SECURITY* pstOutParam		
);		
Parameter	[in] pstInParam	[in] dwSize	
		[in] szIP	
		[in] nPort	
		[in] szUserName	
		[in] szPassword	
		[in] emSpecCap	
		[in] pCapParam	
	[out] pstOutParam	[in]dwSize	
		[out] stuDeviceInfo	
		[out] nError	
Return value	Success: Not 0.		
Return value	Failure: 0.		
	Login the device with high level security.		
Note	CLIENT_LoginEx2 can still be used,but there are security risks,so it is		
NOLG	highly recommended to use the latest interface		
CLIENT_LoginW		hLevelSecurity to log in to the device.	

Table 9-6 Error code and meaning

Error code	Meaning
1	Wrong password.
2	The user name does not exist.
3	Login timeout.
4	The account has logged in.
5	The account has been locked.
6	The account has been blacklisted.
7	The device resource is insufficient and the system is busy.
8	Sub connection failed.
9	Main connection failed.
10	Exceeds the maximum allowed number of user connections.
11	Lack avnetsdk or the dependent libraries of avnetsdk.
40	USB flash disk is not inserted into device, or the USB flash disk
12	information error.
13	The IP at client is not authorized for login.

9.2.2 CLIENT_Logout

Table 9-7 Log out

Item	Description		
Name	Logout the device.	Logout the device.	
	BOOL CLIENT_Logout(
Function	LLONG ILoginID);		
Doromotor		Return value of	
Parameter	[in]ILoginID	CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.		
Note	None.		

9.3 Real-time Monitoring

9.3.1 CLIENT_RealPlayEx

Table 9-8 Start the real-time monitoring

Item	Description	
Name	Open the real-time monitoring.	
	LLONG CLIENT_RealPlayEx(
	LLONG	lLoginID,
Function	int	nChannelID,
Function	HWND	hWnd,
	DH_RealPlayType rType	
);	
Parameter	linill egiplD	Return value of
Parameter	[in]ILoginID	CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity.

Item	Description	
	[in]nChannelID	Video channel number is a round number starting
		from 0.
	[in]hWnd	Window handle valid only under Windows system.
	[in]rType	Preview type.
Return value	Success: Not 0. Failure: 0.	
	Windows system: When hWnd is valid, the corresponding window displays picture.	
Note		
Note	When hWnd is NULL, get the video data through setting a callback and	
	send to user for treatment.	

Table 9-9 Live view type and meaning

Preview type.	Meaning
DH_RType_Realplay	Real-time preview.
DH_RType_Multiplay	Multi-picture preview.
DH_RType_Realplay_0	Real-time monitoring—main stream, equivalent to
	DH_RType_Realplay.
DH_RType_Realplay_1	Real-time monitoring—sub stream 1.
DH_RType_Realplay_2	Real-time monitoring—sub stream 2.
DH_RType_Realplay_3	Real-time monitoring—sub stream 3.
DH_RType_Multiplay_1	Multi-picture preview—1 picture.
DH_RType_Multiplay_4	Multi-picture preview—4 pictures.
DH_RType_Multiplay_8	Multi-picture preview—8 pictures.
DH_RType_Multiplay_9	Multi-picture preview—9 pictures.
DH_RType_Multiplay_16	Multi-picture preview—16 pictures.
DH_RType_Multiplay_6	Multi-picture preview—6 pictures.
DH_RType_Multiplay_12	Multi-picture preview—12 pictures.
DH_RType_Multiplay_25	Multi-picture preview—25 pictures.

9.3.2 CLIENT_StopRealPlayEx

Table 9-10 Stop the real-time monitoring

Item	Description	
Name	Stop the real-time monitoring.	
	BOOL CLIENT_StopRealPlayEx(
Function	LLONG IRealHandle	
);	
Parameter	[in]IRealHandle	Return value of CLIENT_RealPlayEx.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.3.3 CLIENT_SaveRealData

Table 9-11 Save the real-time monitoring data as file

	<u> </u>
Item	Description
Name	Save the real-time monitoring data as file.

Item	Description	
BOOL CLIENT_SaveRealData(ealData(
Function	LLONG IRealHandle,	
Function	const char *pchFileName	
);	
Dorometer	[in] IRealHandle	Return value of CLIENT_RealPlayEx.
Parameter	[in] pchFileName Save path.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.3.4 CLIENT_StopSaveRealData

Table 9-12 Stop saving the real-time monitoring data as file

Item	Description	
Name	Stop saving the real-time monitoring data as file.	
	BOOL CLIENT_StopSaveRealData(
Function	LLONG IRealHandle	
);	
Parameter	[in] IRealHandle Return value of CLIENT_RealPlayEx.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.3.5 CLIENT_SetRealDataCallBackEx

Table 9-13 Set the callback of real-time monitoring data

Item	Description		
Name	Set the callback of real-time monitoring data.		
	BOOL CLIENT_SetRealDataCallBackEx(
	LLONG	IRealHandle,	
Function	fRealDataCallBack	«Ex cbRealData,	
Function	LDWORD	dwUser,	
	DWORD	DWORD dwFlag	
);			
	[in] IRealHandle	Return value of CLIENT_RealPlayEx.	
	[in] cbRealData	Callback of monitoring data flow.	
Parameter	[in] dwUser	Parameter of callback for monitoring data flow.	
Farameter		Type of monitoring data in callback. The type is	
	[in] dwFlag	EM_REALDATA_FLAG and supports OR	
		operation.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.		
Note	None.		

Table 9-14 dwFlag type and parameter

dwFlag	Meaning	
0x00000001	The original data of device.	
0x00000004	YUV data.	

9.4 Subscribing Intelligent Event

9.4.1 CLIENT_RealLoadPictureEx

Table 9-15 Subscribe intelligent event interface

Item	Description		
Name	Subscribe intelligent event interface.		
	LLONG CLIENT_RealLoadPictureEx(
	LLONG	ILoginID,	
	int	nChannelID,	
	DWORD	dwAlarmType,	
Function	BOOL	bNeedPicFile,	
	fAnalyzerDataCallBack	c cbAnalyzerData,	
	LDWORD	dwUser,	
	void*	Reserved	
);		
	[in] ILoginID	Login handle.	
	[in] nChannelID	Channel number.	
	[in] dwAlarmType	Alarm type.	
		Whether to subscribe picture file, 1-yes, return	
		intelligent picture information in the callback	
Parameter	[in] bNeedPicFile	function; 0-no, do not return intelligent picture	
		information(in this case, it can reduce the network	
		flow).	
	[in] cbAnalyzerData	Intelligent data analysis callback function.	
	[in] dwUser	The user parameters.	
	[in] Reserved	Reserve parameter.	
Return value	Success: the subscribe	Success: the subscribe handle of LLONG type. Failure: 0.	
Note	If the interface return failed, call CLIENT_GetLastError to get error code.		

Table 9-16 Preview type and meaning

Preview type.	Meaning
EVENT_IVS_FACEDETECT	Face Detection.
EVENT_IVS_FACERECOGNITION	Face Recognition.
EVENT_IVS_TRAFFICJUNCTION	Traffic junction event.
EVENT_IVS_TRAFFICJAM	Traffic jam event.
EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_OVERSPEED	Over speed event.
EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_UNDERSPEED	Low speed.
EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_FLOWSTATE	Vehicle flow event.
EVENT_IVS_HUMANTRAIT	Body detection event.
EVENT_IVS_CROSSLINEDETECTION	Tripwire event.
EVENT_IVS_CROSSREGIONDETECTION	Intrusuion event.
EVENT_IVS_NUMBERSTAT	People counting event.
EVENT_IVS_MAN_NUM_DETECTION	People countingin event in the eara.
EVENT_IVS_ACCESS_CTL	Access control event.

9.4.2 CLIENT_StopLoadPic

Table 9-17 Stop subscribing intelligent event.

Item	Description	
Name	Stop subscribing intelligent event.	
	BOOL CLIENT_StopLoadPic(
Function	LLONG IAnalyzerHandle	
);	
Parameter	[in] IAnalyzerHandle Event subscribing handle.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.5 Searching and Downloading Intelligent Video and Picture

9.5.1 CLIENT_FindFileEx

Table 9-18 Search files by conditions

Item	Description	
Name	Search files by conditions.	
	LLONG CLIENT_FindFileEx(
	LLONG	ILoginID,
	EM_FILE_QUERY_7	ГҮРЕ emType,
Function	void*	pQueryCondition,
	void*	reserved,
	int	waittime
);	
	[in] ILoginID	Login handle.
	[in] emType	Searched file type.
Parameter	[in] pQueryCondition	Searching conditions.
	[in] reserved	Reserve bytes.
	[in] waittime	Waiting time.
Return value	Success: the searching handle of LLONG type. Failure: 0.	
Note	None.	

9.5.2 CLIENT_GetTotalFileCount

Table 9-19 Get the number of searched files

Item	Description	
Name	Get the number of searched files.	

Item	Description	
	BOOL CLIENT_GetTotalFileCount(
	LLONG	FindHandle,
Function	int*	pTotalCount,
Function	void * reserved,	
	int waittime	
);	
	[in] IFindHandle	Searching handle.
Doromotor	[out] pTotalCount	The searched number.
Parameter	[in] reserved	Reserve bytes.
	[in] waittime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.5.3 CLIENT_FindNextFileEx

Table 9-20 Search a file

Item	Description	
Name	Search a file.	
	int CLIENT_FindNextFileEx(
	LLONG IFindHandle,	
	int nFilecount,	
Function	void* pMediaF	ileInfo,
Tunction	int maxlen,	
	void* reserved,	
	int waittime	
);	
	[in] IFindHandle	Searching handle.
	[in] nFilecount	The searched file number.
Parameter	[out] pMediaFileInfo	File cache area.
Parameter	[in] maxlen	Search for cache size of file array.
	[in] reserved	Reserve bytes.
	[in] waittime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: File number. Failure: -1. Return 0 means search complete.	
Note	None.	

9.5.4 CLIENT_FindCloseEx

Table 9-21 Stop searching files

Item	Description	
Name	Stop searching files.	
	BOOL CLIENT_FindCloseEx(
Function	LLONG IFindHandle	
);	
Parameter	[in] IFindHandle Searching handle.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	

Item	Description
Note	None.

9.5.5 CLIENT_PlayBackByTimeEx2

Table 9-22 Start playing back the video

Item	Description	
Name	Start playing back the video.	
	LLONG CLIENT_PlayBackByTimeEx2(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
Function	Int nChannel	ID,
Function	NET_IN_PLAY_BACK_BY_TIME_INFO* pstNetIn,	
	NET_OUT_PLAY_BACK_BY_TIME_INFO* pstNetOut	
);	
	[in] ILoginID	Login handle.
Doromotor	[in] nChannelID	Channel number.
Parameter	[in] pstNetIn	Playback input parameter.
	[out] pstNetOut	Playback output parameter.
Return value	Success: the playback handle of LLONG type. Failure: 0.	
Note	None.	

9.5.6 CLIENT_StopPlayBack

Table 9-23 Stop playing back the video

Item	Description	
Name	Stop playing back the video.	
	BOOL CLIENT_StopPlayBack(
Function	LLONG IPlayHandle	
);	
Parameter	[in] IPlayHandle Playback handle.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.5.7 CLIENT_DownloadByTimeEx

Table 9-24 Start downloading video

Item	Description	
Name	Start downloading video.	
	LLONG CLIENT_PlayBackByTimeEx2(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
Function	int nChannelID,	
Function	NET_IN_PLAY_BACK_BY_TIME_INFO* pstNetIn,	
	NET_OUT_PLAY_BACK_BY_TIME_INFO* pstNetOut	
);	
Parameter	[in] ILoginID	Login handle.
	[in] nChannelID	Channel number.

Item	Description	
	[in] pstNetIn	Playback input parameter.
	[out] pstNetOut	Playback output parameter.
Return value	Success: the playback handle of LLONG type. Failure: 0.	
Note	None.	

9.5.8 CLIENT_StopDownload

Table 9-25 Stop downloading the video

Item	Description	
Name	Stop downloading the video.	
	BOOL CLIENT_StopDownload(
Function	LLONG IFileHandle	
);	
Parameter	[in] IFileHandle Playback handle.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.5.9 CLIENT_DownloadRemoteFile

Table 9-26 Download files by file name

Item	Description	
Name	Download files by file name.	
	BOOL CLIENT_Downlo	padRemoteFile(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
F oti o	const DH_IN_DOWNLe	OAD_REMOTE_FILE* pInParam,
Function	DH_OUT_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE* pOutParam,	
	int nWaitTime	
);	
	[in] IFindHandle	Playback handle.
Doromotor	[in] pInParam	Download file input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pOutParam	Download file output parameter.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.6 Subscribing Face Event

For subscribing face event, see "9.4 Subscribing Intelligent Event."

9.7 Adding/Deleting/Modifying/Searching the Face Library

9.7.1 CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionGroup

Table 9-27 Add, delete and modify the face library

Item	Description	
Name	Add, delete and modify the face library.	
	BOOL CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionGroup(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
Function	const NET_IN_OPERA	TE_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP* pstInParam,
Function	NET_OUT_OPERATE	_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP *pstOutParam,
	int nWaitTime	
);	
	[in] ILoginID	Login handle.
Parameter	[in] pInParam	Input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Output parameter.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.7.2 CLIENT_FindGroupInfo

Table 9-28 Searching the of face library

Item	Description	
Name	Searching the of face library.	
	BOOL CLIENT_FindGr	oupInfo(
	LLONG ILogi	nID,
Function	const NET_IN_FIN	ND_GROUP_INFO* pstInParam,
Function	NET_OUT_FIND_GROUP_INFO *pstOutParam,	
	int nWaitTime	
);	
	[in] ILoginID	Login handle.
Parameter	[in] pInParam	Input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Output parameter.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.8 Adding/Deleting/Modifying/Searching People Face

9.8.1 CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionDB

Table 9-29 Add, delete and modify the people face

Item	Description	
Name	Add, delete and modify the people face.	
	BOOL CLIENT_Opera	teFaceRecognitionDB(
	LLONG	LoginID,
Function	const NET_IN_OF	PERATE_FACERECONGNITIONDB* pstInParam,
Function	NET_OUT_OPERATE_FACERECONGNITIONDB *pstOutParam,	
	lnt r	WaitTime
);	
	[in] ILoginID	Login handle.
Parameter	[in] pInParam	Input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Output parameter.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.8.2 CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionDB

Table 9-30 Set the searching conditions of people face

Item	Description	
Name	Set the searching cond	litions of people face.
	BOOL CLIENT_StartFi	ndFaceRecognition(
	LLONG ILogin	ID,
Function	const NET_IN_ST	ARTFIND_FACERECONGNITION* pstInParam,
Function	NET_OUT_STARTFIND_FACERECONGNITION *pstOutParam,	
	int nWaitTime	
);	
	[in] ILoginID	Login handle.
Parameter	[in] pInParam	Input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Output parameter.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.8.3 CLIENT_DoFindFaceRecognition

Table 9-31 Search the face information

Item	Description
Name	Search the face information.

Item	Description	
	BOOL CLIENT_DoFindFaceRecognitionRecord(
	const N	ET_IN_DOFIND_FACERECONGNITIONRECORD*
	pstInParam,	
Function	NET_OUT_DOFIND_FACERECONGNITIONRECORD	
	*pstOutParam,	
	int nWaitT	ïme
);	
	[in] pInParam	Input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Output parameter.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.8.4 CLIENT_StopFindFaceRecognition

Table 9-32 Stop searching face information

Item	Description	
Name	Stop searching face information.	
	BOOL CLIENT_StopFindFaceRecognition(
Function	LLONG IFindHandle);	
Parameter	[in] IFindHandle Searching handle.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.8.5 CLIENT_FaceRecognitionPutDisposition

Table 9-33 Arm by library

Item	Description	
Name	Arm by library.	
	BOOL CLIENT_FaceR	ecognitionPutDisposition(
	LLONG	lLoginID,
	const NET_IN_F	FACE_RECOGNITION_PUT_DISPOSITION_INFO*
Function	pstInParam,	
Function	NET_OUT_FACE_	_RECOGNITION_PUT_DISPOSITION_INFO
	*pstOutParam,	
	int	nWaitTime
);	
	[in] ILoginID	Login handle.
Parameter	[in] pInParam	Input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Output parameter.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.8.6 CLIENT_FaceRecognitionDelDisposition

Table 9-34 Disarm by library

Item	Description		
Name	Disarm by library.		
Function	BOOL CLIENT_FaceR	BOOL CLIENT_FaceRecognitionDelDisposition(
	LLONG ILoginID,		
	const NET_IN_F	FACE_RECOGNITION_DEL_DISPOSITION_INFO*	
	pstInParam,		
	NET_OUT_FACE_	_RECOGNITION_DEL_DISPOSITION_INFO	
	*pstOutParam,		
	int nWaitTime		
);		
Parameter	[in] ILoginID	Login handle.	
	[in] pInParam	Input parameter.	
	[out] pstOutParam	Output parameter.	
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.		
Note	None.		

9.8.7 CLIENT_SetGroupInfoForChannel

Table 9-35 Arm by channel

Item	Description	
Name	Arm by channel.	
	BOOL CLIENT_SetGro	pupInfoForChannel(
	LLONG ILogin	ID,
Function	const NET_IN_SE	T_GROUPINFO_FOR_CHANNEL* pstInParam,
Function	NET_OUT_SET_GROUPINFO_FOR_CHANNEL *pstOutParam,	
	int WaitTime	
);	
	[in] ILoginID	Login handle.
Parameter	[in] pInParam	Input parameter.
Farameter	[out] pstOutParam	Output parameter.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.8.8 CLIENT_AttachFaceFindState

Table 9-36 Subscribe searching progress of people face

Item	Description
Name	Subscribe searching progress of people face.

Item	Description	
	LLONG CLIENT_AttachFaceFindState(
	LLONG ILoginII	D,
C atia a	const NET_IN_FA	CE_FIND_STATE* pstInParam,
Function	NET_OUT_FACE_FIND_STATE *pstOutParam,	
	Int nWaitTime	
);	
	[in] ILoginID	Login handle.
Parameter	[in] pInParam	Input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Output parameter.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: Face progress handle. Failure: 0.	
Note	None.	

9.8.9 CLIENT_DetachFaceFindState

Table 9-37 Cancel subscribing the searching progress of people face

Item	Description	
Name	Cancel Subscribing the searching progress of people face.	
	BOOL CLIENT_DetachFaceFindState(LLONG	
Function		
);	
Doromotor	[in] Attack landle	The handle returned by
Parameter	[in] IAttachHandle	CLIENT_AttachFaceFindState.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.9 Body Detection

9.9.1 CLIENT_DownloadRemoteFile

Table 9-38 Download the picture

Item	Description	
Name	Download the picture.	
	BOOL CLIENT_DownloadRemoteFile(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
Function	const DH_IN_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE* pInParam,	
Function	DH_OUT_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE* pOutParam,	
	int nWaitTime = 1000	
);	
Parameter	[in] ILoginID	The handle returned by
	[III] ILOGIIIID	CLIENT_AttachFaceFindState.
	[in] pInParam	Input parameter.
	[out] pOutParam	Output parameter.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.

Item	Description	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.10 People Flow Statistics

9.10.1 CLIENT_AttachVideoStatSummary

Table 9-39 Subscribe flow statistics event

Item	Description	
Name	Subscribe flow statistics event.	
	LLONG CLIENT_AttachVideoStatSummary(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
Function	const NET_IN_ATTA	CH_VIDEOSTAT_SUM* pInParam,
Function	NET_OUT_ATTACH_VIDEOSTAT_SUM* pOutParam,	
	int nWaitTime	
);	
	[in] ILoginID	Login handle.
Parameter	[in] pInParam	Subscribe input parameter of people flow.
	[out] pOutParam	Subscribe output parameter of people flow.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.
Return value	Flow statistics subscribing handle.	
Note	None.	

9.10.2 CLIENT_DetachVideoStatSummary

Table 9-40 Cancel subscribing flow statistics event

Item	Description	
Name	Cancel subscribing flow statistics event.	
	BOOL CLIENT_DetachVideoStatSummary(
Function	LLONG lAttachHandle	
);	
Parameter	[in] IAttachHandle	Flow statistics subscribing handle.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.10.3 CLIENT_StartFindNumberStat

Table 9-41 Start searching people history data (set searching conditions)

	31 1 7 (3 7
Item	Description
Name	Start searching people history data (set searching conditions).

Item	Description	
	LLONG CLIENT_StartFindNumberStat(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
Function	NET_IN_FINDNUMBERSTAT* pstInParam,	
	NET_OUT_FINDNUMBERSTAT* pstOutParam	
);	
	[in] ILoginID	Login handle.
Parameter	[in] pstInParam	Input searching conditions.
	[out] pstOutParam	Output query result.
Return value	Searching handle.	
Note	None.	

9.10.4 CLIENT_DoFindNumberStat

Table 9-42 Start searching people history data (Set searching conditions)

Item	Description	
Name	Start searching people history data (Set searching conditions).	
	int CLIENT_DoFindNumberStat(
	LLONG IFindHandle,	
Function	NET_IN_DOFINDNUMBERSTAT* pstInParam,	
	NET_OUT_DOFINDNUMBERSTAT* pstOutParam	
);	
	[in] ILoginID	Login handle.
Parameter	[in] pInParam	Searching input parameter.
	[out] pstOutParam	Searching output parameter.
Return value	Searching number.	
Note	None.	

9.10.5 CLIENT_StopFindNumberStat

Table 9-43 Stop searching history data

Item	Description	
Name	Stop searching history data.	
	BOOL CLIENT_StopFindNumberStat(
Function	LLONG IFindHandle	
);	
Parameter	[in] IFindHandle Searching handle.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.11 Intelligent Traffic

9.11.1 CLIENT_FindRecord

Table 9-44 Start searching data (Set searching conditions)

Item	Description		
Name	Start searching data (S	Start searching data (Set searching conditions).	
	BOOL CLIENT_FindRo	BOOL CLIENT_FindRecord(
	LLONG ILoginID,		
Function	NET_IN_FIND_R	NET_IN_FIND_RECORD_PARAM* pInParam,	
Function	NET_OUT_FIND_RECORD_PARAM* pOutParam,		
	int waittime=1000		
);		
	[in] ILoginID	Login handle.	
Parameter	[in] pInParam	Input searching conditions.	
	[out] pOutParam	Output query result.	
Return value	Searching handle.		
Note	None.		

9.11.2 CLIENT_QueryRecordCount

Table 9-45 Search the total number of data

Item	Description		
Name	Search the total number	Search the total number of data.	
	BOOL CLIENT_Queryl	RecordCount(
	NET_IN_QUEYT_RECORD_COUNT_PARAM* pInParam,		
Function	NET_OUT_QUEYT_RECORD_COUNT_PARAM* pOutParam,		
	int waittime=1000		
);			
	[in] pInParam	Searching input parameter.	
Parameter	[out] pOutParam	Searching output parameter.	
	[in] waittime	Timeout.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.		
Note	None.		

9.11.3 CLIENT_FindNextRecord

Table 9-46 Search the data of specified number

Item	Description
Name	Search the data of specified number.
Function	int CLIENT_FindNextRecord(
	NET_IN_FIND_NEXT_RECORD_PARAM* plnParam,
	NET_OUT_FIND_NEXT_RECORD_PARAM* pOutParam,
	int waittime=1000
);

Item	Description	
	[in] pstInParam	Searching input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Searching output parameter.
	[in] waittime	Timeout.
Return value	Searching number.	
Note	None.	

9.11.4 CLIENT_FindRecordClose

Table 9-47 Stop searching vehicle flow

- same a see a		
Item	Description	
Name	Stop searching vehicle flow.	
	BOOL CLIENT_FindRecordClose(
Function	LLONG IFindHandle	
);	
Parameter	[in] IFindHandle	Searching handle.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.11.5 CLIENT_OperateTrafficList

Table 9-48 Add, delete and modify the black list and trusted list

Item	Description	
Name	Add, delete and modify the black list and trusted list.	
	BOOL CLIENT_Opera	teTrafficList(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
Function	NET_IN_OPERATE	_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD* pstInParam ,
	NET_OUT_OPERAT	<pre>FE_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD *pstOutParam ,</pre>
	int waittime)	
	[in] ILoginID	Login handle.
	[in] pstInParam	Input parameter for black list and trusted list
Parameter		operation.
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Output parameter for black list and trusted list
		operation.
	[in] waittime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
	NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_INSERT// Add record	
Note	NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_UPDATE// Update record	
	NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_REMOVE// Delete record	

9.11.6 CLIENT_DownLoadMultiFile

Table 9-49 Download files in batches

Item	Description
Name	Download files in batches.

Item	Description	
	BOOL CLIENT_DownLoadMultiFile(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
F atia	NET_IN_DOWNLOAD_MULTI_FILE *pstInParam,	
Function	NET_OUT_DOWNLOAD_MULTI_FILE *pstOutParam,	
	int waittime=1000	
);	
	[in] ILoginID	Login handle.
Parameter	[in] pstInParam	Searching input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Searching output parameter.
	[in] waittime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.11.7 CLIENT_StopLoadMultiFile

Table 9-50 Stop downloading files in batches

Item	Description		
Name	Stop downloading files in batches.		
	BOOL CLIENT_StopLoad	MultiFile(
Function	LLONG IDownLoadHandle		
);		
Parameter	[in] IDownLoadHandle	Download handle in batches.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.		
Note	None.		

9.12 Access Control

9.12.1 CLIENT_FindRecord

Table 9-51 Start searching data (Set searching conditions)

Item	Description	
Name	Start searching data (Set searching conditions).	
	BOOL CLIENT_FindRecord(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
Function	NET_IN_FIND_RE	ECORD_PARAM* pInParam,
Function	NET_OUT_FIND_RECORD_PARAM* pOutParam,	
	int waittime=1000	
);	
	[in] ILoginID	Login handle.
Parameter	[int] pInParam	Input searching conditions.
	[out] pOutParam	Output query result.
Return value	Searching handle.	
Note	None.	

9.12.2 CLIENT_FindNextRecord

Table 9-52 Search the data of specified number

Item	Description	
Name	Search the data of specified number.	
	int CLIENT_FindNextRecord(
	NET_IN_FIND_NEX	T_RECORD_PARAM* pInParam,
Function	NET_OUT_FIND_NEXT_RECORD_PARAM* pOutParam,	
	int waittime=1000	
);	
	[int] pstInParam	Searching input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Searching output parameter.
	[in] waittime	Timeout.
Return value	Searching number.	
Note	None.	

9.12.3 CLIENT_FindRecordClose

Table 9-53 Stop searching

Item	Description	
Name	Stop searching.	
	BOOL CLIENT_FindRecordClose(
Function	LLONG IFindHandle	
);	
Parameter	[in] IFindHandle	Searching handle.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.12.4 CLIENT_FindRecordClose

Table 9-54 Operate records of personnel and access commtrol

Item	Description	
Nome	You can add, delete, m	nodify, search and clean up the people information.
Name	You can also delete an	d clean up access control record.
	BOOL CLIENT_ControlDevice(
	LLONG I	LoginID,
Function	CtrlType	type,
Function	void ,	[*] param ,
	int	waittime = 1000
);	
	[in] ILoginID	Login handle.
Doromotor	[in] type	Control type.
Parameter	[in] param	Control parameter, according to different types.
	[in] waittime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

9.12.5 CLIENT_FindRecordClose

Table 9-55 Add, delete, modify and clean up the information of face picture

Item	Description	
Name	Add, delete, modify and clean up the information of face picture.	
	BOOL CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate(
	LLONG	ILoginID,
	EM_FACEINFO_OPREATE_TYPE emType,	
Function	void*	pInParam,
	void*	pOutParam,
	int	nWaitTime = 1000
);	
	[in] ILoginID	Login handle.
	[in] emType	Control type.
	[in] pInParam	Control parameter, select different structures
Parameter		according to different types.
	[out] pOutParam	Return parameter, select different structures
		according to different types.
	[in] waittime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

10 Callback Function Definition

10.1 fDisConnect

Table 10-1 Disconnection callback

Item	Description		
Name	Disconnection callback	Disconnection callback.	
	typedef void (CALLBAC	CK *fDisConnect)(
	LLONG ILoginID,		
Function	char* pchl	DVRIP,	
Function	LONG nDVRPort,		
	LDWORD dwUser		
);		
	[out] ILoginID	Return value of	
	[out] iLoginio	CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity.	
Parameter	[out] pchDVRIP	Device IP.	
	[out] nDVRPort	Device port.	
	[out] dwUser	User parameter of callback.	
Return value	None.		
Note	None.		

10.2 fHaveReConnect

Table 10-2 Reconnection callback

Item	Description		
Name	Reconnection callback.		
	typedef void (CALLBACK *fHaveReConnect)(
	LLONG ILoginID,		
Function	char* pchDVRIP,		
Function	LONG nDVF	RPort,	
	LDWORD dwUser		
);		
	[out] ILoginID	Return value of	
	[out] iLoginio	CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity.	
Parameter	[out] pchDVRIP	Device IP.	
	[out] nDVRPort	Device port.	
	[out] dwUser	User parameter of callback.	
Return value	None.		
Note	None.		

10.3 fRealDataCallBackEx

Table 10-3 Callback of real-time monitoring data

Item	Description		
Name	The callback of real-time monitoring data.		
	typedef void (CALLBACK *fRealDataCallBackEx)(
	LLONG IRealHandle,		
	DWORD dwDa	ataType,	
Function	BYTE* pBuffer,		
1 dilodori	DWORD dwBı	ufSize,	
	LONG parar	n,	
	LDWORD dwUs	ser	
);		
	[out] IRealHandle	Return value of CLIENT_RealPlayEx.	
	[out] dwDataType	Data type, 0-original data, 2-YUV data.	
	[out] pBuffer	Monitor block data address.	
	[out] dwBufSize	Monitor the length of block data, unit: byte.	
		Callback data parameter structure, the types are	
Parameter		different according to different value of	
T dramotor		dwDataType.	
	[out] param	• When dwDataType is 0, param is the empty	
		pointer.	
		• When dwDataType is 2, param is the	
		tagCBYUVDataParam structure pointer.	
[out] dwUser		User parameter of callback.	
Return value	None.		
Note	None.		

10.4 fAnalyzerDataCallBack

Table 10-4 Intelligent event callback

Item	Description		
Name	Intelligent event callback.		
	typedef int (CALLBACK *fAnalyzerDataCallBack)(
	LLONG IAnalyzerHandle,		
	DWORD dwAlarmType,		
	void* pAlarmInfo,		
Function	BYTE* pBuffer,		
Function	DWORD dwBufSize,		
	LDWORD dwUser,		
	int nSequence,		
	void* reserved		
);		
Darameter	[out] IAnalyzerHandle Return value of CLIENT_RealLoadPictureEx.		
Parameter	[out] dwAlarmType Intelligent event type.		

Item	Description		
	[out] pAlarmInfo	Event information cache. Picture cache.	
	[out] pBuffer		
	[out] dwBufSize	Picture cache size.	
	[out] dwUser	User data.	
	[out] nSequence	 nSequence is 0, it means the first time appears. nSequence is 2, it means only appears once or the last time appears. nSequence is 1, it means after this time there is always one or multiple times. 	
	[out] reserved	Reserve.	
Return value	None.		
Note	None.		

10.5 fDownLoadPosCallBack

Table 10-5 Callback of playback and download by file

•.			
Item	Description		
Name	Playback or download progress calling back function by files.		
	typedef void (CALLBACK *fDownLoadPosCallBack)(
	LLONG IPlayHandle,		
Function	DWORD dwTotalSize,		
Function	DWORD dwDo	wnLoadSize,	
	LDWORD dwUser		
);		
	[out]IPlayHandle	Playback or download return value of interface.	
	[out]dwTotalSize	Total size, unit: KB.	
Doromotor		Downloaded size, unit: KB.	
Parameter	[out]dwDownLoadSize	-1: This time playback complete.	
		-2: Write file failed.	
	[out]dwUser	User data.	
Return value	None.		
Note	None.		

10.6 fDataCallBack

Table 10-6 Callback of playback and download data

Item	Description	
Name	Playback or download data callback function.	

Item	Description		
	typedef int (CALLBACK *fDataCallBack)(
	LLONG IR	ealHandle,	
	DWORD dwDataType,		
Function	BYTE *pB	Buffer,	
	DWORD dwBufSize,		
	LDWORD dwUser		
);		
	[out]IPlayHandle	Playback or download return value of interface.	
	[out] dwDataType	Is 0 (original data).	
Parameter	[out] pBuffer	Data cache.	
	[out] dwBufSize	cache length, unit: byte.	
	[out] dwUser	User data.	
Return value	None.		
Note	None.		

10.7 fFaceFindState

Table 10-7 Callback of face searching progress

Item	Description	
Name	Face searching progress callback function.	
	typedef void (CALLBACK *fFaceFindState)(
	LLONG ILC	oginID,
	LLONG IA	tachHandle,
Function	NET_CB_FACE_FIND_STATE* pstStates,	
	int nStateNum,	
	LDWORD dwUser	
);	
	[out] ILoginID	Return login handle.
	[out] IAttachHandle	Event subscribing handle.
Parameter	[out] pstStates	Status information of searching the people face.
	[out] nStateNum	Searching progress of people face.
	[out] dwUser	User data.
Return value	None.	
Note	None.	

10.8 fVideoStatSumCallBack

Table 10-8 Callback of subscribing people flow event

	51 1	
Item	Description	
Name	People flow event subscribing callback.	

Item	Description		
	typedef void (CALLBACK *fVideoStatSumCallBack) (
	LLONG IAttachHandle,		
Function	NET_VIDEOSTAT_SUMMARY* pBuf,		
Function	DWORD dwBufLen,		
	LDWORD dwUser		
);		
	[out] IAttachHandle	Flow statistics subscribing handle.	
Parameter	[out] pBuf	Flow statistics return data.	
	[out] dwBufLen	Data Length returned.	
	[out] dwUser	User data.	
Return value	None.		
Note	None.		

10.9 fMultiFileDownLoadPosCB

Table 10-9 Download file progress callback function in batches.

Item	Description		
Name	Download file progress callback function in batches.		
	typedef void (CALLBACK *fMultiFileDownLoadPosCB)(
	LLONG IDownLoadHandle,		
	DWORD dwID,		
	DWORD dwFileTota	alSize,	
Function	DWORD dwDownLo	padSize,	
	int nError,		
	LDWORD dwUser,		
	void* pReserved		
);		
	[out] IDownLoadHandle	Download file handle in batches.	
	[out] dwID	ID is dwFileID set by user.	
	[out] dwFileTotalSize	Total size of downloaded file.	
	[out] dwDownLoadSize	File size that have downloaded, when this value	
Parameter		is the max value, it means download completed.	
i arameter	[out] nError	Download error: 1-cache lack, 2-check error for	
		return data, 3-download the current file failed,	
		4-create file failed.	
	[out] dwUser	User data.	
	[out] pReserved	Reserve bytes.	
Return value	None.		
Note	None.		

Appendix 1 Cybersecurity Recommendations

Cybersecurity is more than just a buzzword: it's something that pertains to every device that is connected to the internet. IP video surveillance is not immune to cyber risks, but taking basic steps toward protecting and strengthening networks and networked appliances will make them less susceptible to attacks. Below are some tips and recommendations on how to create a more secured security system.

Mandatory actions to be taken for basic equipment network security:

1. Use Strong Passwords

Please refer to the following suggestions to set passwords:

- The length should not be less than 8 characters;
- Include at least two types of characters; character types include upper and lower case letters, numbers and symbols;
- Do not contain the account name or the account name in reverse order;
- Do not use continuous characters, such as 123, abc, etc.;
- Do not use overlapped characters, such as 111, aaa, etc.;

2. Update Firmware and Client Software in Time

- According to the standard procedure in Tech-industry, we recommend to keep your equipment (such as NVR, DVR, IP camera, etc.) firmware up-to-date to ensure the system is equipped with the latest security patches and fixes. When the equipment is connected to the public network, it is recommended to enable the "auto-check for updates" function to obtain timely information of firmware updates released by the manufacturer.
- We suggest that you download and use the latest version of client software.

"Nice to have" recommendations to improve your equipment network security:

1. Physical Protection

We suggest that you perform physical protection to equipment, especially storage devices. For example, place the equipment in a special computer room and cabinet, and implement well-done access control permission and key management to prevent unauthorized personnel from carrying out physical contacts such as damaging hardware, unauthorized connection of removable equipment (such as USB flash disk, serial port), etc.

2. Change Passwords Regularly

We suggest that you change passwords regularly to reduce the risk of being guessed or cracked.

3. Set and Update Passwords Reset Information Timely

The equipment supports password reset function. Please set up related information for password reset in time, including the end user's mailbox and password protection questions. If the information changes, please modify it in time. When setting password protection questions, it is suggested not to use those that can be easily guessed.

4. Enable Account Lock

The account lock feature is enabled by default, and we recommend you to keep it on to guarantee the account security. If an attacker attempts to log in with the wrong password several times, the corresponding account and the source IP address will be locked.

5. Change Default HTTP and Other Service Ports

We suggest you to change default HTTP and other service ports into any set of numbers between 1024~65535, reducing the risk of outsiders being able to guess which ports you are using.

6. Enable HTTPS

We suggest you to enable HTTPS, so that you visit Web service through a secure communication channel.

7. Enable Whitelist

We suggest you to enable whitelist function to prevent everyone, except those with specified IP addresses, from accessing the system. Therefore, please be sure to add your computer's IP address and the accompanying equipment's IP address to the whitelist.

8. MAC Address Binding

We recommend you to bind the IP and MAC address of the gateway to the equipment, thus reducing the risk of ARP spoofing.

9. Assign Accounts and Privileges Reasonably

According to business and management requirements, reasonably add users and assign a minimum set of permissions to them.

10. Disable Unnecessary Services and Choose Secure Modes

If not needed, it is recommended to turn off some services such as SNMP, SMTP, UPnP, etc., to reduce risks.

If necessary, it is highly recommended that you use safe modes, including but not limited to the following services:

- SNMP: Choose SNMP v3, and set up strong encryption passwords and authentication passwords.
- SMTP: Choose TLS to access mailbox server.
- FTP: Choose SFTP, and set up strong passwords.
- AP hotspot: Choose WPA2-PSK encryption mode, and set up strong passwords.

11. Audio and Video Encrypted Transmission

If your audio and video data contents are very important or sensitive, we recommend that you use encrypted transmission function, to reduce the risk of audio and video data being stolen during transmission.

Reminder: encrypted transmission will cause some loss in transmission efficiency.

12. Secure Auditing

- Check online users: we suggest that you check online users regularly to see if the device is logged in without authorization.
- Check equipment log: By viewing the logs, you can know the IP addresses that were used to log in to your devices and their key operations.

13. Network Log

Due to the limited storage capacity of the equipment, the stored log is limited. If you need to save the log for a long time, it is recommended that you enable the network log function to ensure that the critical logs are synchronized to the network log server for tracing.

14. Construct a Safe Network Environment

In order to better ensure the safety of equipment and reduce potential cyber risks, we recommend:

- Disable the port mapping function of the router to avoid direct access to the intranet devices from external network.
- The network should be partitioned and isolated according to the actual network needs.
 If there are no communication requirements between two sub networks, it is

- suggested to use VLAN, network GAP and other technologies to partition the network, so as to achieve the network isolation effect.
- Establish the 802.1x access authentication system to reduce the risk of unauthorized access to private networks.
- It is recommended that you enable your device's firewall or blacklist and whitelist feature to reduce the risk that your device might be attacked.