

Kubernetes Day-2

Replicasets - is used to create a defined number of pods in the manifest file

Replication Controller - Is used to manage the replicas

StatefulSets - maintains the state and identity of each pod using a stable sequence. Each pod gets a unique and persistent identity and is created or terminated in a defined order.

Deployment - provides advanced features like rolling updates, rollbacks for zero downtime deployments.

Labels - are key-value pairs attached to Kubernetes objects like Pods, Nodes, or Services. They are used to organize, group, and select Kubernetes resources.

Selectors - are used to find and operate on resources based on their labels.

Manifest files

Namespace - Is like a group that provides isolation between applications or resources.

- To run pod in namespace with yaml file

vim namespace.yaml

```
kind: Namespace
apiVersion: v1
metadata:
  name: nginx
  namespace: nginx
spec:
  containers:
    name: nginx
    image: nginx: latest
    ports:
      - containerPort: 80
```

- To apply manifest file

kubectl apply -f namespace.yaml

Pod - will have multiple containers

- To create pod

vi pod.yaml

```
kind: Namespace
apiVersion: v1
metadate:
  name: nginx
  namespace: nginx
spec:
  containers:
    name: nginx
    image: nginx: latest
    ports:
      - containerPort: 80
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-6-217:~/Kubernetes-Manifest-Files$ cat pod.yaml
kind: Namespace
apiVersion: v1
metadate:
  name: nginx
  namespace: nginx
spec:
  containers:
    name: nginx
    image: nginx: latest
    ports:
      - containerPort: 80
```

kubectl apply -f pod.yaml

- **To go inside the pod**

\$ kubectl exec -it pod/ nginx-pod -n nginx -- bash

Debugging and Troubleshooting: kubectl Debugging, Logs, Resource Usage Analysis.

\$ kubectl describe pod/ nginx-pod -n nginx

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-12-22:~/kubernetes-in-one-shot/nginx$ kubectl describe pod/nginx-pod -n nginx
Name:          nginx-pod
Namespace:     nginx
Priority:       0
Service Account: default
Node:          my-cluster-worker/172.18.0.2
Start Time:    Wed, 11 Dec 2024 10:10:34 +0000
Labels:        <none>
Annotations:    <none>
Status:        Running
IP:            10.244.1.3
IPs:
  IP: 10.244.1.3
Containers:
```

```
node.kubernetes.io/unreachable:NoExecute op=Exi
sts for 300s
Events:
```

Type	Reason	Age	From	Message
Normal	Scheduled	3m11s	default-scheduler	Successfully assigned nginx/nginx-pod to my-cluster-worker
Normal	Pulling	3m11s	kubelet	Pulling image "nginx:latest"
Normal	Pulled	3m9s	kubelet	Successfully pulled image "nginx:latest" in 1.407s (1.407s including waiting). Image size: 72099501 bytes
Normal	Created	3m9s	kubelet	Created container nginx
Normal	Started	3m9s	kubelet	Started container nginx

Deployment - Ensures that the desired number of Pod replicas are always running.

vi deployment.yaml

```

kind: Deployment
apiVersion: apps/v1
metadata:
  name: nginx-deployment
  namespace: nginx
spec:
  replica: 2
  selector:
    matchLabels: app: nginx
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: nginx
    spec:
      containers:
      - name: nginx
        image: nginx:latest
        ports:
        - containerPort: 80

```

- To scale deployment

```
$ kubectl scale deployment/nginx-deployment -n nginx --replicas=5
```

```

ubuntu@ip-172-31-12-22:~/kubernetes-in-one-shot/nginx$ kubectl scale deployment/nginx-deployment -n nginx --replicas=5
deployment.apps/nginx-deployment scaled

```

- To reduce number of replicas

```
kubectl scale deployment/nginx-deployment -n nginx --replicas=1
```

- To get more information like in which node the pod is running.

```
$ kubectl get pods -n nginx -o wide
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-12-22:~/kubernetes-in-one-shot/nginx$ kubectl get pods -n nginx -o wide
```

NAME	NODE	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE	IP
nginx-deployment-55fb85df89-44mfr	twc-cluster-worker2	1/1	Running	0	14s	10.24
4.2.8	<none>		<none>			
nginx-deployment-55fb85df89-cgkg2	twc-cluster-worker	1/1	Running	0	14s	10.24
4.1.8	<none>		<none>			
nginx-deployment-55fb85df89-ch8kd	twc-cluster-worker3	1/1	Running	0	14s	10.24
4.3.7	<none>		<none>			
nginx-deployment-55fb85df89-pbpg5	twc-cluster-worker2	1/1	Running	0	74s	10.24
4.2.5	<none>		<none>			
nginx-deployment-55fb85df89-wfztn	twc-cluster-worker3	1/1	Running	0	14s	10.24
4.3.8	<none>		<none>			

Rolling Updates - Is a strategy by default for Deployments. It gradually replaces old pods with new ones to ensure zero downtime.

Got an Image ImagePullBackOff - While do rolling updates

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-12-22:~/kubernetes-in-one-shot/nginx$ kubectl set image deployment/nginx-deployment -n nginx nginx=1.27.3
deployment.apps/nginx-deployment image updated
ubuntu@ip-172-31-12-22:~/kubernetes-in-one-shot/nginx$ kubectl get pods -n nginx
```

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
nginx-deployment-55fb85df89-44mfr	1/1	Running	0	3m29s
nginx-deployment-55fb85df89-cgkg2	1/1	Running	0	3m29s
nginx-deployment-55fb85df89-ch8kd	1/1	Running	0	3m29s
nginx-deployment-55fb85df89-pbpg5	1/1	Running	0	4m29s
nginx-deployment-5c485557b7-fp6f6	0/1	ErrImagePull	0	5s
nginx-deployment-5c485557b7-hwwsm	0/1	ErrImagePull	0	5s
nginx-deployment-5c485557b7-qcrl8	0/1	ErrImagePull	0	5s

To resolve this error

```
$ kubectl set image deployment/nginx-deployment -n nginx nginx=nginx:1.27.3
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-12-22:~/kubernetes-in-one-shot/nginx$ kubectl set image deployment/nginx-deployment -n nginx nginx=nginx:1.27.3
deployment.apps/nginx-deployment image updated
```

nginx-deployment-55fb85df89-cgkg2m19s	1/1	Running	0	5
nginx-deployment-55fb85df89-ch8kd19s	1/1	Running	0	5
nginx-deployment-55fb85df89-pbpg5m19s	1/1	Running	0	6
nginx-deployment-774db5cc57-7r5rrs	0/1	ContainerCreating	0	2
nginx-deployment-774db5cc57-cwpdb1s	0/1	ContainerCreating	0	2
nginx-deployment-774db5cc57-kskqds	0/1	ContainerCreating	0	2

But when I was getting this error some containers were still running that is known as rolling updates means even during the error some pods are always running while some are getting updated.

nginx-deployment-55fb85df89-cgkg2m19s	1/1	Running	0	5
nginx-deployment-55fb85df89-ch8kd19s	1/1	Running	0	5
nginx-deployment-55fb85df89-pbpg5m19s	1/1	Running	0	6
nginx-deployment-774db5cc57-7r5rrs	0/1	ContainerCreating	0	2
nginx-deployment-774db5cc57-cwpdb1s	0/1	ContainerCreating	0	2
nginx-deployment-774db5cc57-kskqds	0/1	ContainerCreating	0	2

\$ kubectl set image deployment/nginx-deployment -n nginx nginx=nginx:1.26.2

nginx-deployment-774db5cc57-kskqd0s	1/1	Terminating	0	6
nginx-deployment-79c97d7849-ccnqg1s	1/1	Running	0	1
nginx-deployment-79c97d7849-dxxks1s	0/1	ContainerCreating	0	1
nginx-deployment-79c97d7849-g8djr1s	1/1	Running	0	1
nginx-deployment-79c97d7849-g9qjz1s	1/1	Running	0	1
nginx-deployment-79c97d7849-gljzls	0/1	ContainerCreating	0	1

When I again update the image to previous version again I noticed that some pods are running while some are getting updated.

This is because Kubernetes uses a **RollingUpdate** strategy by default for Deployments. It gradually replaces old pods with new ones to ensure **zero downtime**.

- **To Delete deployment**

```
$ kubectl delete -f deployment.yml
```