1. **Which part of the Indian Constitution contains the Directive Principles of State Policy (DPSP)?**

a) Part III

b) Part IV

c) Part V

d) Part VI  
**Answer:** b) Part IV

1. **What is the purpose of the Directive Principles of State Policy?**

a) Enforceable by law

b) To provide basic laws for citizens

c) To guide the government in building a good society

d) To limit fundamental rights  
**Answer:** c) To guide the government in building a good society

1. **Which article deals with the Fundamental Duties of Indian citizens?**

a) Article 12

b) Article 21

c) Article 51A

d) Article 45  
**Answer:** c) Article 51A

1. **Directive Principles of State Policy are inspired by the Constitution of which country?**

a) USA

b) Ireland

c) UK

d) Germany  
**Answer:** b) Ireland

1. **How many Fundamental Duties are there in the Indian Constitution?**

a) 10

b) 11

c) 12

d) 13  
**Answer:** b) 11

1. **Which amendment introduced the Fundamental Duties in the Indian Constitution?**

a) 42nd Amendment

b) 44th Amendment

c) 86th Amendment

d) 73rd Amendment  
**Answer:** a) 42nd Amendment

1. **Fundamental Duties are included in which part of the Indian Constitution?**

a) Part III

b) Part IV-A

c) Part V

d) Part VI  
**Answer:** b) Part IV-A

1. **What is the nature of the Directive Principles of State Policy?**

a) Justiciable

b) Non-justiciable

c) Enforceable by law

d) None of the above  
**Answer:** b) Non-justiciable

1. **Which of the following is not a Directive Principle of State Policy?**

a) Equal pay for equal work

b) Right to Education

c) Promotion of cottage industries

d) Preservation of the environment  
**Answer:** b) Right to Education

1. **Which of the following is a Fundamental Duty of an Indian citizen?**

a) To vote in elections

b) To pay taxes

c) To abide by the Constitution and respect its ideals

d) To work for the promotion of one’s religion  
**Answer:** c) To abide by the Constitution and respect its ideals

1. **The idea of Fundamental Duties was inspired by which country’s constitution?**

a) Russia

b) USA

c) France

d) UK  
**Answer:** a) Russia

1. **Which article ensures the duty of parents to send children aged 6-14 to school?**

a) Article 45

b) Article 51A(k)

c) Article 21A

d) Article 39  
**Answer:** b) Article 51A(k)

1. **Which DPSP promotes equal justice and free legal aid?**

a) Article 39

b) Article 40

c) Article 39A

d) Article 43  
**Answer:** c) Article 39A

1. **Which of the following is not included in the Fundamental Duties?**

a) Safeguard public property

b) Promote scientific temper

c) Right to vote

d) Respect the national flag and anthem  
**Answer:** c) Right to vote

1. **Which DPSP aims to prevent the concentration of wealth?**

a) Article 38

b) Article 39

c) Article 40

d) Article 41  
**Answer:** b) Article 39

1. **Fundamental Duties were recommended by which committee?**

a) Swaran Singh Committee

b) Sarkaria Commission

c) Ashok Mehta Committee

d) Malimath Committee  
**Answer:** a) Swaran Singh Committee

1. **Which of the following is true about DPSPs?**

a) They are justiciable

b) They are enforceable in courts

c) They are guidelines for the government

d) They are part of the Preamble  
**Answer:** c) They are guidelines for the government

1. **Which Directive Principle directs the state to promote international peace and security?**

a) Article 48

b) Article 51

c) Article 49

d) Article 45  
**Answer:** b) Article 51

1. **The duty to defend the country is enshrined in which Fundamental Duty?**  
   **Answer:** 51A
2. **Which of the following is not a DPSP?**

a) Organization of village panchayats

b) Separation of judiciary from the executive

c) Right to freedom of speech

d) Uniform civil code  
**Answer:** c) Right to freedom of speech

1. **Which of the following DPSPs relates to the improvement of public health?**

a) Article 38

b) Article 39A

c) Article 47

d) Article 48A  
**Answer:** c) Article 47

1. **The 86th Constitutional Amendment added which Fundamental Duty?**

a) To develop scientific temper

b) To safeguard public property

c) To ensure education for children between 6-14 years

d) To preserve the environment

**Answer:** c) To ensure education for children between 6-14 years

1. **DPSPs are sometimes referred to as:**

a) Legal Rights

b) Constitutional Goals

c) Fundamental Rights

d) Non-justiciable rights  
**Answer:** b) Constitutional Goals

1. **Which of the following is a DPSP under Article 44?**

a) Free legal aid

b) Uniform civil code

c) Protection of monuments

d) Cottage industries promotion  
**Answer:** b) Uniform civil code

1. **The principle of 'equal pay for equal work' is enshrined in which article?**

a) Article 39A

b) Article 39

c) Article 40

d) Article 42  
**Answer:** b) Article 39.