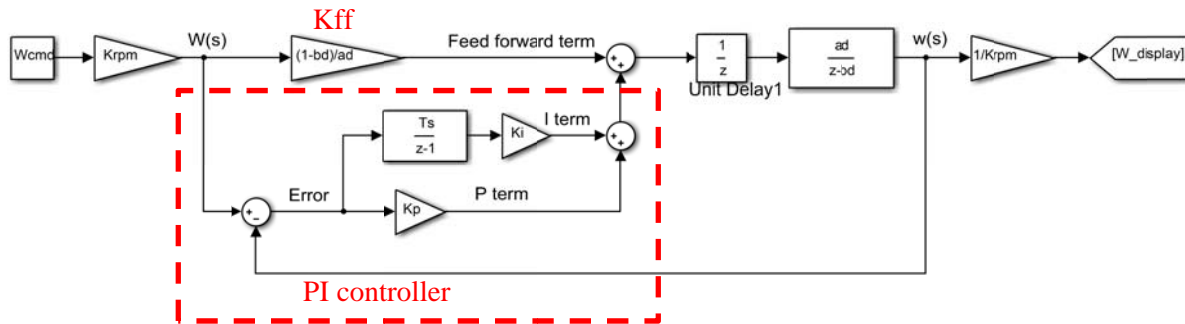


The code for implementing PID controller is simple; it only takes two or three lines as shown below. The trick is not in the coding; it is about knowing how to determine the control constants and how to justify your choices of these constants. That is why 80% of the materials in the lecture note is devoted to that.

PI controller coding



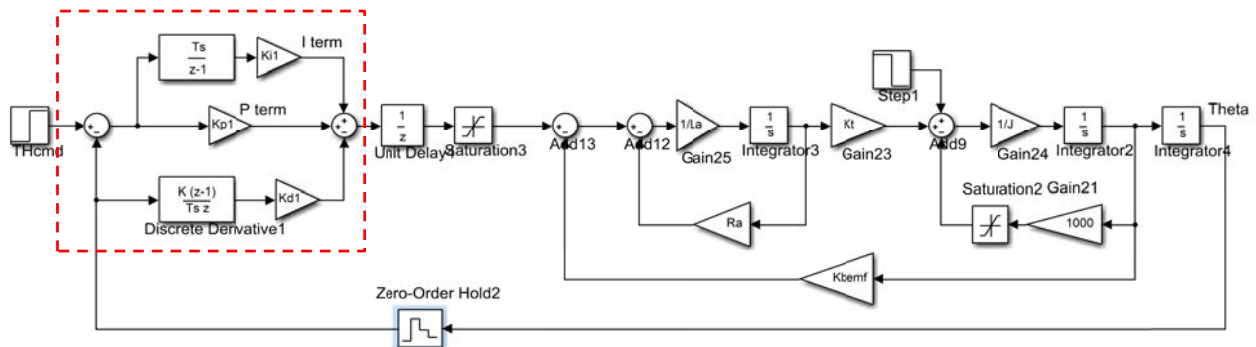
The following is the code for PI controller + feedforward term (as represented in the dashed box above).

```

:
Input(w);           // w=speed , input from encoder input function.
Error = wcmd-w;     // wcmd= speed cmd
Integral = Integral + Ts*Error; // Integration, Ts=sampling interval
y= Kff*wcmd + Ki*Integral + Kp*Error; //Kff is the feed forward gain. How do you
// determine the value of Kff?
output(y);          // output to PWM control function
:

```

PID controller coding



The following is the code for PI controller + feedforward term (as represented in the dashed box above).

```

Input(p);           // p=position , input from encoder input function.
Error = pcmd-p;     // pcmd= position cmd
Integral = Integral + Ts*Error; // Integration
Diff= (p-p1)/Ts;    // Diff is in fact, the speed.
y= Ki*Integral + Kp*Error + Kd*Diff;
output(y);          // output to PWM control function
p1=p;               // save the current position.

```