试用换元法证明:  $\int \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx = \arctan x + C$ 



(1) 
$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}} (a > 0)$$
 (2)  $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}} (a > 0)$ 



(1) [2018] 
$$\int x^2 \sqrt{3(1-x^2)} dx$$

$$(2) [2012] \int (\ln x)^2 dx$$



- (1) [2010]  $\int \sqrt{x} \cos \sqrt{x} dx$  (2)  $\int \frac{dx}{e^x (1 + e^{2x})}$  (3) [2016]  $\int x^3 e^{-x^2} dx$



(1) [2018] 
$$\int e^x \arcsin \sqrt{1 - e^{2x}} dx$$

(2) [2016] 
$$\int \left(1-x^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \times x^{-\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

