MATH 210: 9-18 WORKSHEET

ATOMIC RULES

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} x^{\alpha} = \alpha x^{\alpha - 1}$$
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} e^{x} = e^{x}$$
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \sin x = \cos x$$
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \cos x = -\sin x$$

COMBINATION RULES

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} c \cdot f(x) = c \cdot f'(x)$$

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} (f(x) + g(x)) = f'(x) + g'(x)$$

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} (f(x) - g(x)) = f'(x) - g'(x)$$

Differentiate the following functions:

•
$$a(x) = 9001$$

•
$$b(x) = x^7 - 4x^5 + 3x^4 - x^2 + 10x - 8$$

$$\bullet$$
 $c(x) = e^x - x^{\epsilon}$

$$\bullet \ d(x) = 6\sqrt[3]{x}$$

•
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x} - \frac{3}{x^3}$$

•
$$b(x) = x^{4} - 4x^{5} + 3x^{6}$$

• $c(x) = e^{x} - x^{e}$
• $d(x) = 6\sqrt[3]{x}$
• $f(x) = \frac{1}{x} - \frac{3}{x^{3}}$
• $g(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{x^{5}}} - e^{2} \cdot e^{x}$
• $h(x) = 2$ sin x

$$\bullet$$
 $h(x) = 2 - \sin x$

•
$$h(x) = \overset{\checkmark}{2} - \sin x$$

• $i(x) = \pi \cos x + \frac{x}{\pi}$
• $j(x) = \cos x + \sin x + 3ex^2$

$$j(x) = \cos x + \sin x + 3ex^2$$

Using your previous work, determine the derivatives at specific inputs:

- b'(1)
- c'(0)
- f'(3)
- $h'(\pi/3)$
- j'(0)