# Can an animal's adoption be predicted from its PetFinder profile?

Thinkful Unit 3 Capstone
Julia Raykin

#### The Problem

- Millions of stray animals are in shelters in dangers of being euthanized worldwide (World Health Organization)
- Petfinder possible solution?
  - Brings together data on animals in local animal shelters
- Research Question how do we improve Petfinder profiles and increase adoption rates in shelters?



#### Data Source

- Data from PetFinder.com will be analyzed to determine how an animal's PetFinder profile affects the rates at which animals get adopted.
- The dataset was obtained from Kaggle (https://www.kaggle.com/c/petfinder-adoption-prediction/data)

# Goals

- Determine which animals get adopted fastest
  - Identify important features in Petfinder profiles
  - Develop a model to predict an animal's adoptability using supervised machine learning
  - Tune the model features to improve its capabilities

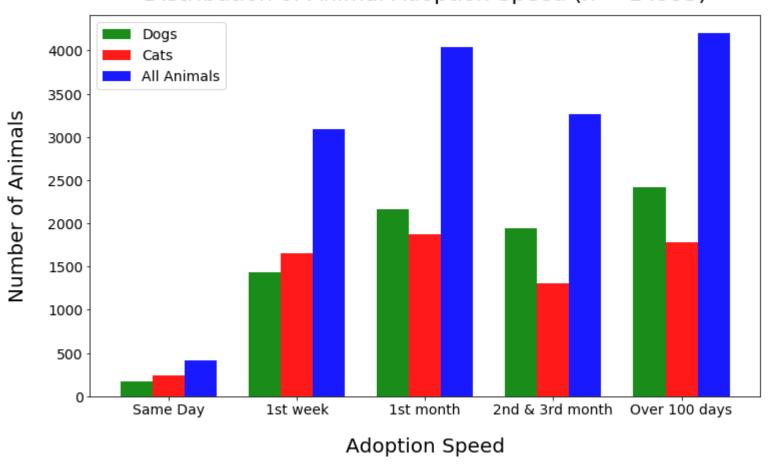
#### Available Data

 Numerical features – age, quantity, fee, number of uploaded videos, number of uploaded photo, maturity size, fur length, health

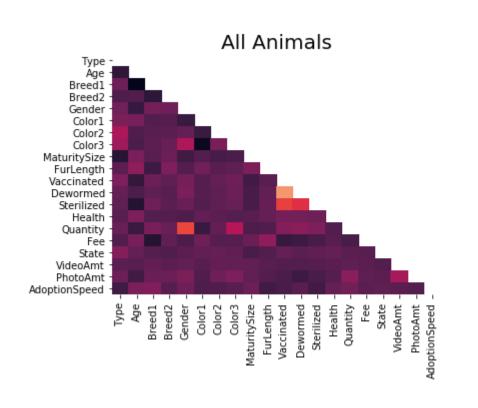
 Categorical features – dewormed, vaccinated, sterilized, breed, state, gender, color

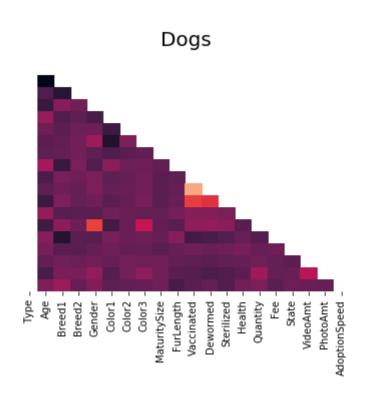
# Adoption Speed

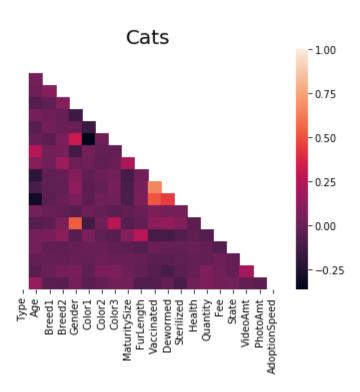




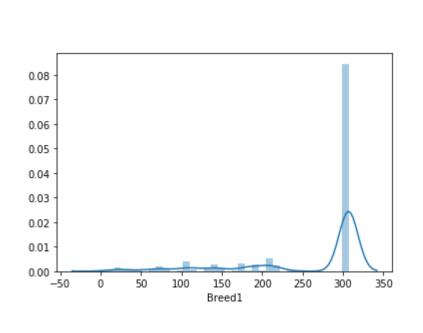
# Which factors adoption speed?



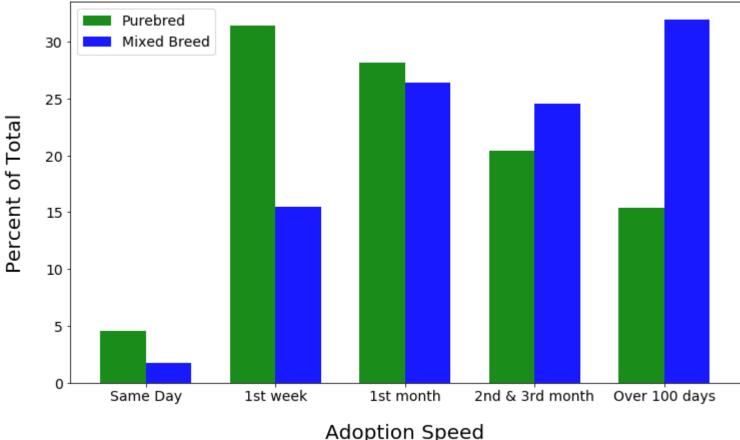




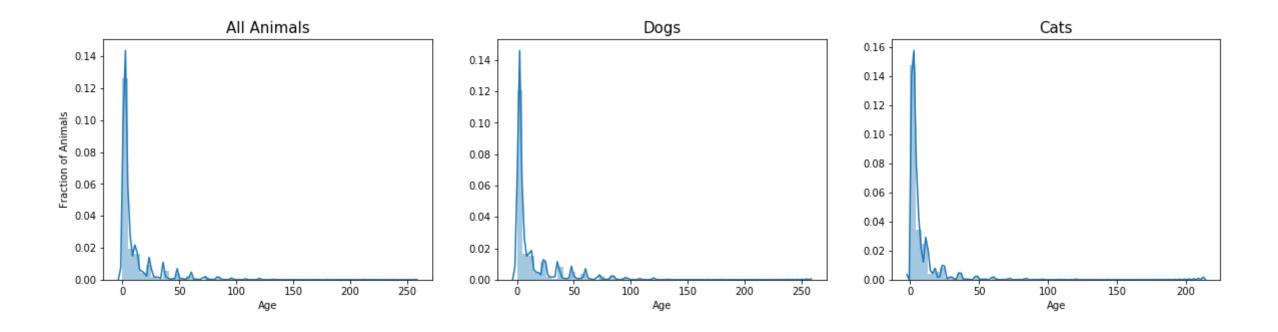
# Purebred dogs are adopted earlier than mixed breed dogs



#### Distribution of Purebred and Mixed Breed Dog Adoption Speed

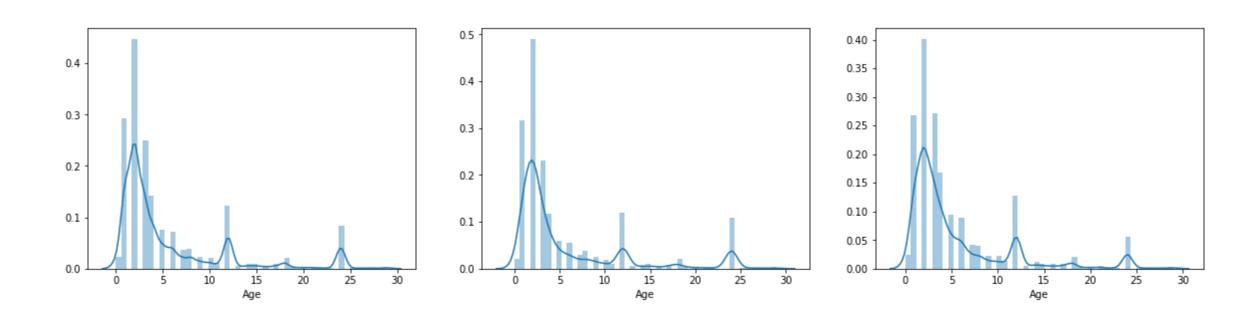


# Distribution by Age

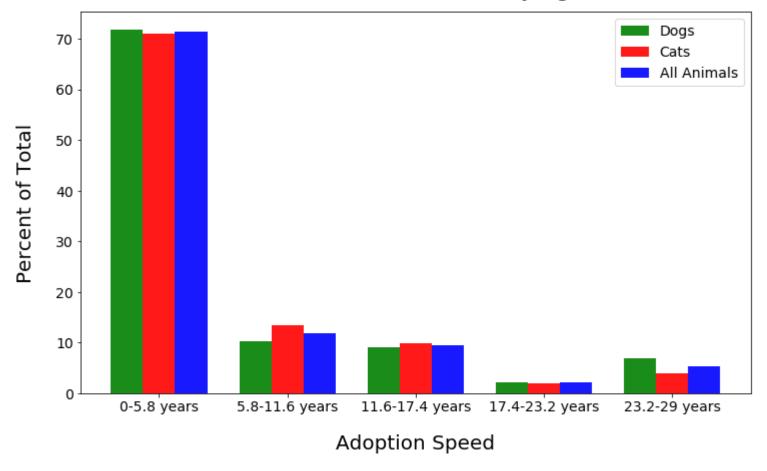


Since it is unlikely that any animals are above the age of 30, all of these animals were removed

# Distribution by Age



#### Distribution of Animals by Age



Most animals were under 5.8 years old. To look at age distributions more evenly animals were binned by the following age range:

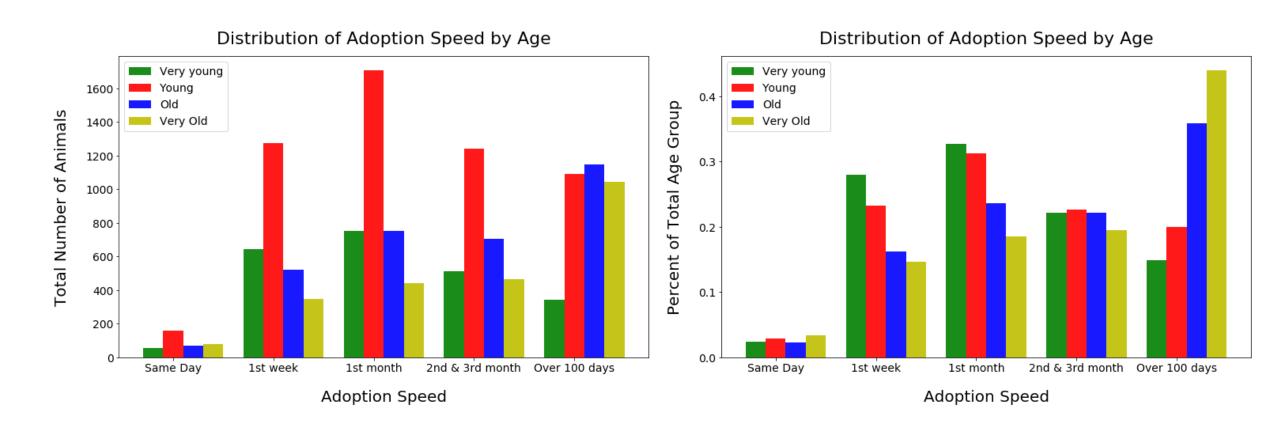
Very young: Under 1

Young: 2-4

Old: 4-10

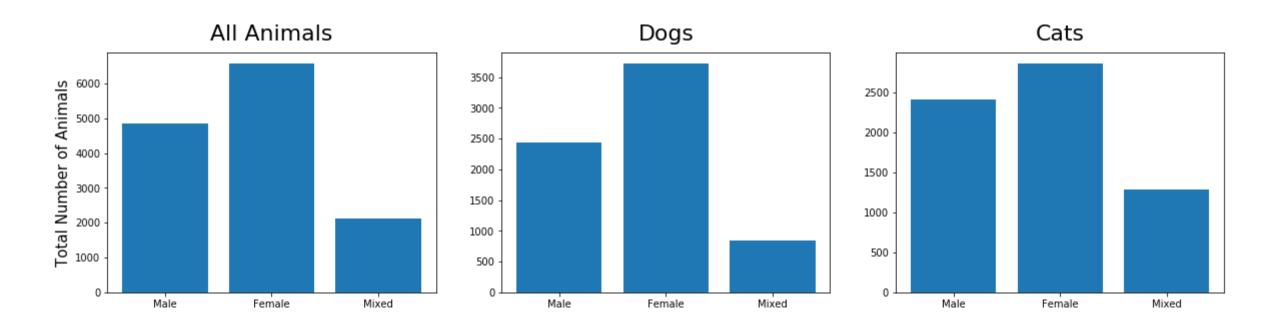
Very old: older than 10

# How does age affect rate of adoption?



A higher percentage of older animals remain unadopted after 100 days.

# Does gender affect adoption rates?

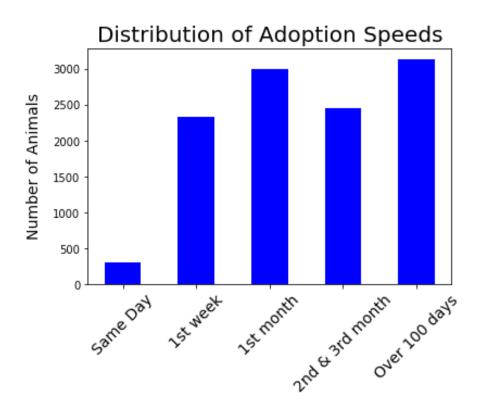


Take out mixed from model, since it is not related to gender

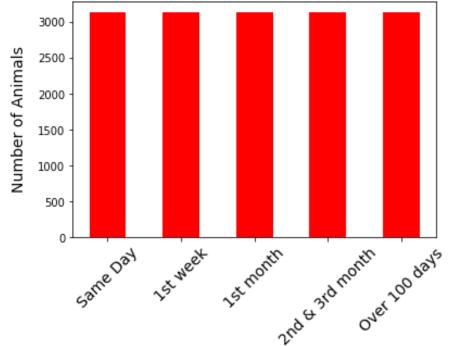
#### Model 1

- One hot encode all categorical features, standardize all continuous features
- Split the data into training and testing datasets
- Try models:
  - KNN Classification
  - Random Forest Classification
  - Support Vector Classification
  - Gradient Boost Classification
  - Xgboost Classification

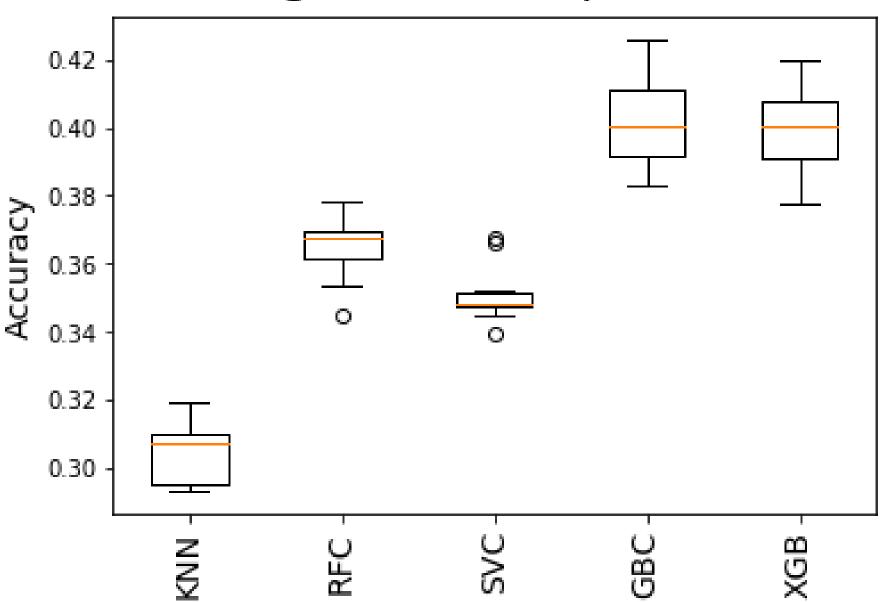
# SMOTE was used to oversample the training set





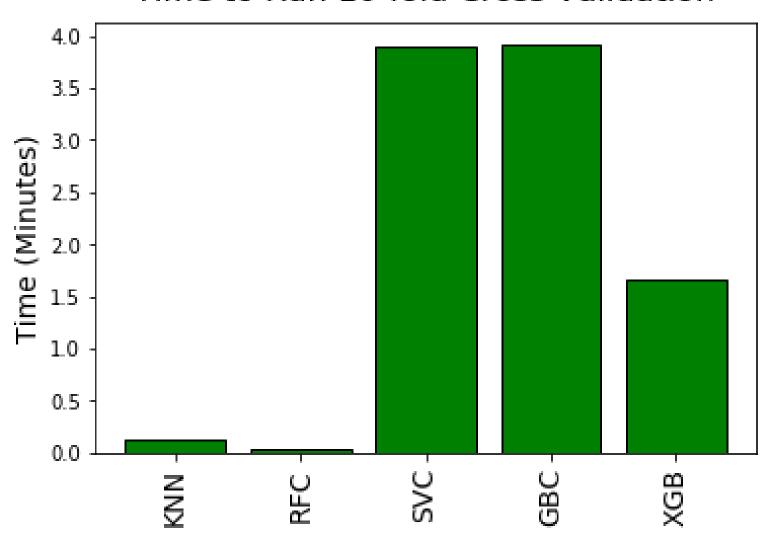


# Algorithm Comparison

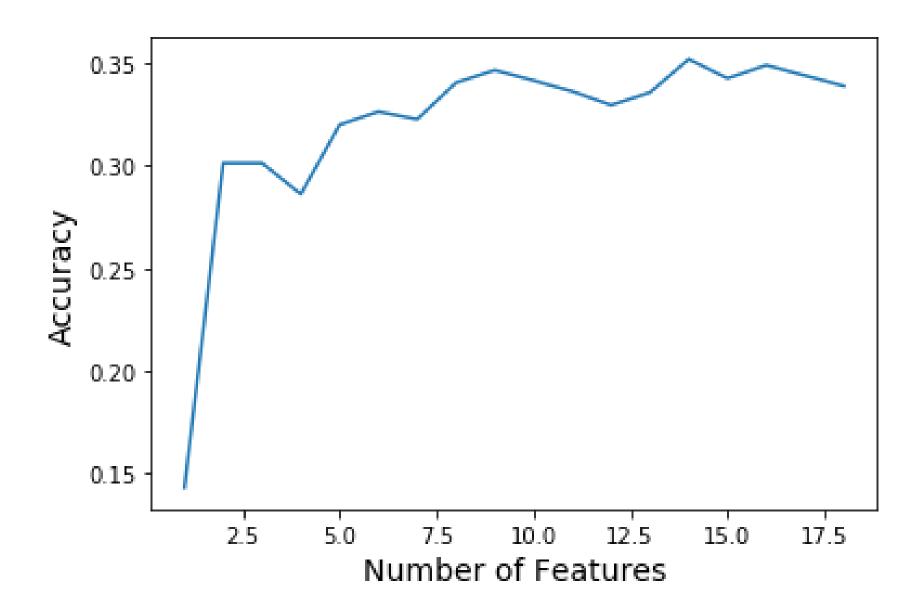


# Algorithm Comparison

Time to Run 10-fold Cross Validation



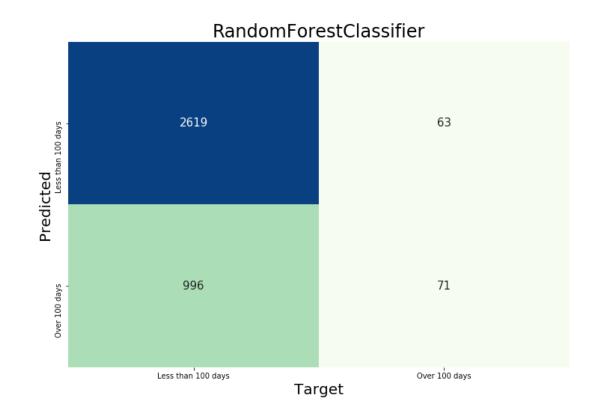
# SelectKBest Features

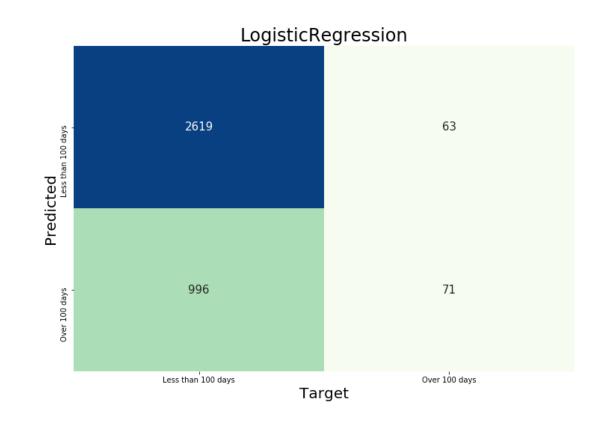


#### Model 2

- Try Converting Adoption Rate to Binary
  - 0 if adopted faster than 100 days
  - 1 if longer than 100 days
- Logistic Regression and Random Forest

#### Results





Training set accuracy: 0.98

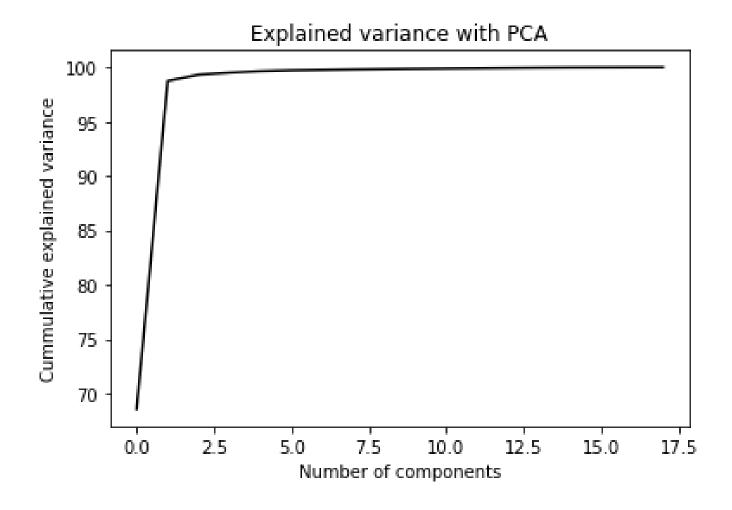
Test set accuracy: 0.74

Training set accuracy: 0.73

Test set accuracy: 0.72

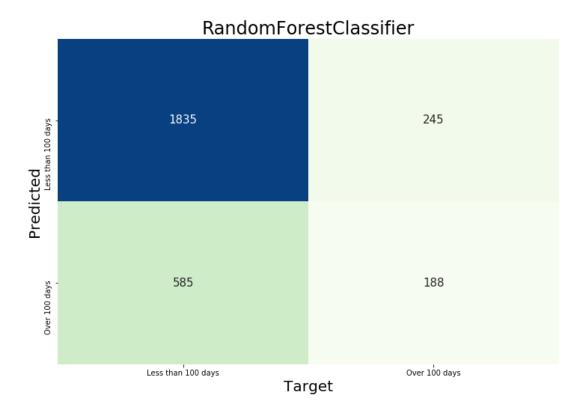
Cross validation results: 0.739+/-0.025 Cross validation results: 0.727+/-0.00831

## Model 3 - PCA



Choose 3 components – explains 99.3% of variance

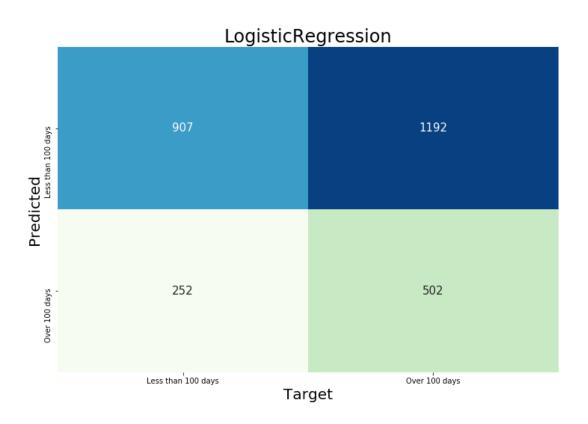
#### Model 3 - PCA



Training set accuracy: 0.98

Test set accuracy: 0.66

Cross validation results: 0.72+/-0.0905

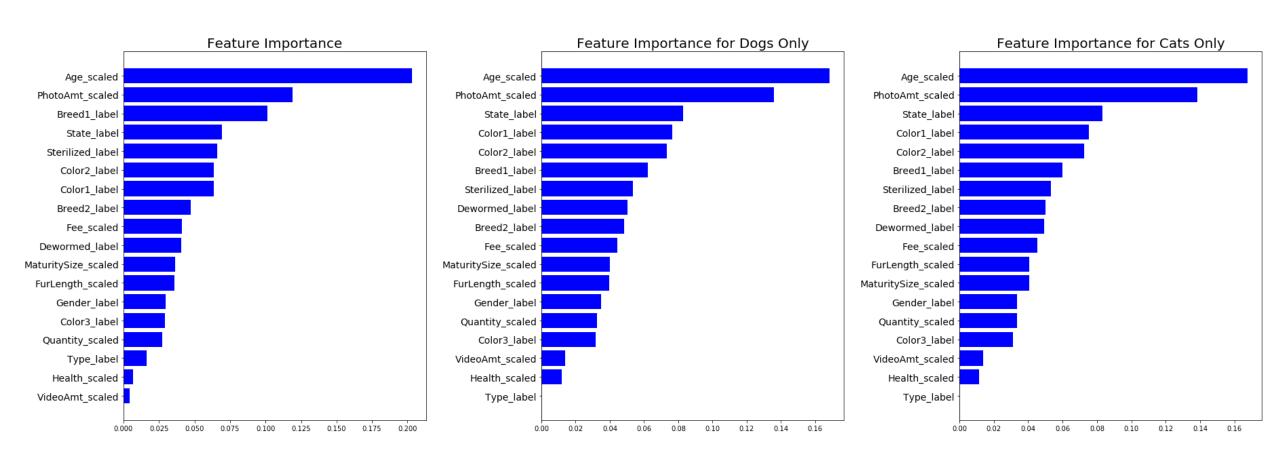


Training set accuracy: 0.56

Test set accuracy: 0.49

Cross validation results: 0.56+/-0.0141

## Feature Importance



#### Conclusions

- Random forest classification performed best overall
  - Had overfitting issues however
- Ridge regression performed worse, but had less overfitting
- PCA did not improve performance
- Age, number of provided photos, and breed of animal were the most important feature

# Proposed Further Research

- Expand model to include data for other countries
  - This dataset just looks at adoptions in Malaysia
- Look at trends in U.S. by county and state
- Include sentiment analysis of the animal descriptions in the models
- Include images and videos in the models to determine if it improves predictability