| Decision factor   | Suitable compounds   | References   |
|---|--|--|
| Data availability   | -  | WIMS dataset   |
| (spatial resolution)  |  |  |
| Data availability<br>(temporal resolution)                    | Caffeine, Carbamazepine,<br>Gabapentine, Crotamiton, Codeine,<br>Lamotrigine   | WIMS dataset (most sampling dates)   |
| Data availability (both datasets)                             | Atenolol, Azithromycin, Carbamazepine, Clarithromycin, Diclofenac, Erythromycin, Ibuprofen, Metformin, Propranolol, Ranitidine, Sertraline | WIMS dataset and CIP database (compounds found in both)  |
| Environmental risk  | Diclofenac and Ethinylestradiol  | Most often prioritized in a review of prioritization methodologies (Burns et al., 2018b)                                 |
| Chemical stability  | To be determined   | Based on literature and/or stability test (pilot study)  |
| Sensitivity required for laboratory analysis of field samples | To be determined   | Based on expected concentrations in environmental samples (from literature) and university laboratory equipment capacity |
| Cost  | To be determined   | Based on guidance from the Analytical<br>Laboratory staff  |