## Project 1 Fish McDowell

Data is everywhere. It's power is immeasurable with finding patterns, modeling relationships, and driving decisions. In order to be able to do that, data must be handled appropriately. In this report, we will go through the motions of loading in and preprocessing some data so that it's true power can be used as discussed above.

## **Question 1: Selecting Columns**

ends\_with("D"))

 $head(sec1_new, n = 5)$ 

First, we will load in the appropriate data set and select only area\_name, STCOU, and any columns that end with the letter D.

```
# A tibble: 5 x 12
                STCOU EDU010187D EDU010188D EDU010189D EDU010190D EDU010191D
 area_name
                <chr>
                            <dbl>
                                        <dbl>
                                                   <dbl>
                                                               <dbl>
                                                                           <dbl>
  <chr>
1 UNITED STATES 00000
                         40024299
                                    39967624
                                                40317775
                                                            40737600
                                                                       41385442
2 ALABAMA
                01000
                           733735
                                       728234
                                                  730048
                                                              728252
                                                                         725541
3 Autauga, AL
                01001
                             6829
                                         6900
                                                    6920
                                                                6847
                                                                           7008
4 Baldwin, AL
                01003
                            16417
                                        16465
                                                   16799
                                                               17054
                                                                           17479
5 Barbour, AL
                01005
                             5071
                                         5098
                                                    5068
                                                                5156
                                                                            5173
# i 5 more variables: EDU010192D <dbl>, EDU010193D <dbl>, EDU010194D <dbl>,
    EDU010195D <dbl>, EDU010196D <dbl>
```

The selected columns look to be what we hoped.

## **Question 2: Long Formatted Data**

Next, we will convert this data into long format with only one row per enrollment value for that area name. We will put the column names into a separate new variable to keep that information.

```
# A tibble: 5 x 4
                STCOU survey_type
                                       vals
 area_name
  <chr>
                <chr> <chr>
                                      <dbl>
1 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010187D
                                  40024299
2 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010188D
                                   39967624
3 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010189D
                                   40317775
4 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010190D
                                  40737600
5 UNITED STATES 00000 EDU010191D
                                  41385442
```

This looks to match the pivot that we hoped to make.

2. Convert the data into long format where each row has only one enrollment value for that Area\_name. Display the first 5 rows of your new data set to show that you created this correctly.