Library Management System Database Project

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Project Description

This project will create a simple library management database system which includes basic functions needed by a library user. The project will focus on the following functions:

- 1. Search the library for a book by title or author
- 2. Check out a book from the library
- 3. Display currently checked out books for a user
- 4. Allow users to give books a rating
- 5. Display related books when returning a book
- 6. Report on "Top Books" of the library
- 7. View previously borrowed books for users
- 8. Allow user to delete account

Additional details:

- Database will be populated with an initial store of various books and tags. The csv files were
 downloaded from a Github project, goodbooks-10k (https://github.com/zygmuntz/goodbooks10k/tree/master), where the data was originally sourced from GoodReads. I have cleaned and
 reduced the data to a more manageable size for this project.
- There will only be one copy of each book available to borrow.
- Database will be populated with an initial list of users.
- Users are allowed to check out multiple books if their account is in good standing.
- On return of a book, if late, the user account will be updated to only allow 1 book out at a time until user account is in better standing. Better standing may be earned after 5 non-late returned books.
- On return, user may give a rating of the book 1-5.
- Search function will use a simple string search on title and author attributes.
- Related books will use the current books tags to search for books with similar tags.
- When a user deletes their account, the system will verify they have no books currently checked out before deleting.

Project Video Walkthrough

Link to YouTube Video: https://youtu.be/80mMKeU2d1A

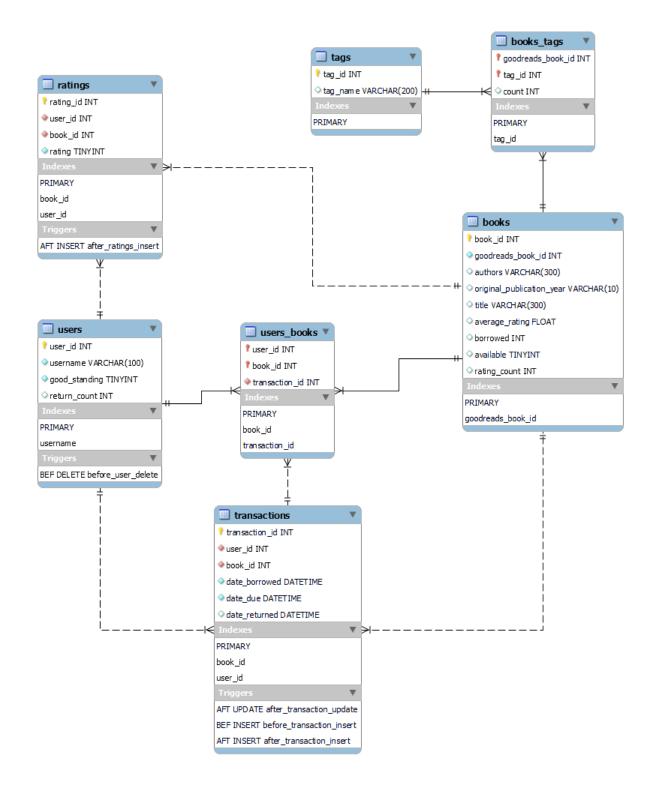
Project GitHub Link

GitHub Repository: https://github.com/juliahchen/library_db

Design

Data sourced from the goodbooks-10k project will populate the books table with 9,800 rows, the tags table with approximately 32,000 rows, and the books_tags table with approximately 117,000 rows. The users table will be populated with 5 users for testing. The ratings and transactions tables will start empty and be populated by the simulated user interactions. Each book that is checked out will have its own transaction, where the information about date borrowed, date due, and returned date can be found. There is a one to many relationship between users and transactions, a one to many relationship between books to transactions, and a one to many relationship between books and ratings. There are two junction tables, users_books and books_tags, as users and books have a many to many relationship, and books and tags also have a many to many relationship.

E/R Diagram



Tools

A locally hosted MySQL database was used. MySQL is a logical choice as we have covered the database extensively in our class. SQLAlchemy was used to connect with the remote database and SQL magic was used for queries in a Jupyter notebook. The Python programming language was used to import the necessary libraries and import the csv data into the database while using the SQLAlchemy engine.

Learning Outcomes

E/R Diagrams: Practice designing E/R diagrams as part of the project design.

Triggers: Multiple triggers were used in this project. In order to determine if the triggers have worked properly I will display before/after table information to show if the correct updates have been applied.

Other concepts covered in the course which will be demonstrated:

- Indexes and constraints.
- Common table expressions (CTE).
- Combine and aggregate data from multiple tables. The "Top Books" report will join, group, and aggregate data from 3 tables (books, tags, books_tags).
- Use LIKE operator to search book titles and authors.

Load Libraries and Connect to Database

MySQL Database is hosted locally on my personal computer. An SQL Alchemy connection was created and SQL magic will be available for queries.

```
In [ ]: | import os
         import configparser
         from sqlalchemy import create_engine
         import pandas as pd
In [ ]: mysqlcfg = configparser.ConfigParser()
        mysqlcfg.read("./mysql.cfg")
         user, passwd = mysqlcfg['mysql']['user'], mysqlcfg['mysql']['passwd']
         dburl = f"mysql+pymysql://{user}:{passwd}@localhost:3306/cspb_library"
         os.environ['DATABASE_URL'] = dburl # define this env. var for sqlmagic
         eng = create_engine(dburl)
         con = eng.connect()
         %reload_ext sql
         print ("get version...")
        %sql SELECT version()
        get version...
         * mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
        1 rows affected.
Out[]: version()
           8.0.34
```

Create Tables with Indexes

Seven tables will be created.

Composite primary key indexes are used in junction tables:

books_tags, users_books

Foreign key indexes are in the following tables:

ratings, transactions, books_tags, users_books

Unique key indexes are in the following tables:

users, books

Additional Constraints:

- NOT NULL
- CHECK(rating > 0 and rating < 6)

```
In [ ]: %%sql
        # Drop tables if already in database
        drop table if exists ratings;
        drop table if exists users_books;
        drop table if exists transactions;
        drop table if exists users;
        drop table if exists books_tags;
        drop table if exists books;
        drop table if exists tags;
        # Users Table
        # Primary Key / Index: user_id
        # Unique Key Index: username
        CREATE TABLE users (
          user_id INT UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
          username VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
          good_standing TINYINT NOT NULL DEFAULT '1',
          return_count INT UNSIGNED NULL DEFAULT '0',
          PRIMARY KEY (user_id),
          UNIQUE KEY (username)
        );
        # Books Table
        # Primary Key / Index: book_id
        # Unique Key Index: goodreads_book_id
        CREATE TABLE books (
          book_id INT UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
          goodreads_book_id INT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
          authors VARCHAR(300) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
          original_publication_year VARCHAR(10) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
          title VARCHAR(300) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
          average_rating FLOAT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
          borrowed INT UNSIGNED NULL DEFAULT '0',
          available TINYINT NULL DEFAULT '1',
          rating_count INT UNSIGNED NULL DEFAULT '0',
          PRIMARY KEY (book_id),
          UNIQUE KEY (goodreads_book_id)
        );
        # Ratings Table
        # Primary Key / Index: rating_id
        # Foreign Key / Index: book_id
        # Foreign Key / Index: user_id
```

```
# Attribute Constraint: rating integer between 1-5 inclusive
CREATE TABLE ratings (
  rating_id INT UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
  user id INT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  book_id INT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  rating TINYINT NOT NULL CHECK(rating > 0 and rating < 6),
  PRIMARY KEY (rating_id),
  FOREIGN KEY (book_id) REFERENCES books (book_id)
    ON DELETE CASCADE
    ON UPDATE CASCADE,
  FOREIGN KEY (user_id) REFERENCES users (user_id)
    ON DELETE CASCADE
    ON UPDATE CASCADE
);
# Transactions Table
# Primary Key / Index: transaction_id
# Foreign Key / Index: book_id
# Foreign Key / Index: user_id
CREATE TABLE transactions (
  transaction_id INT UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
  user_id INT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  book id INT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  date_borrowed DATETIME NOT NULL,
  date_due DATETIME NOT NULL,
  date_returned DATETIME NULL DEFAULT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (transaction id),
  FOREIGN KEY (book_id) REFERENCES books (book_id)
    ON DELETE CASCADE
    ON UPDATE CASCADE,
  FOREIGN KEY (user_id) REFERENCES users (user_id)
    ON DELETE CASCADE
    ON UPDATE CASCADE
);
# Tags Table
# Primary Key / Index: tag_id
CREATE TABLE tags (
  tag_id INT UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
  tag_name VARCHAR(200) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (tag_id)
);
# Books_Tags Table
# Primary Key / Index: goodreads_book_id, tag_id
# Foreign Key / Index: goodreads_book_id
# Foreign Key / Index: tag_id
CREATE TABLE books_tags (
  goodreads_book_id INT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  tag_id INT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  count INT UNSIGNED NULL DEFAULT 0,
  PRIMARY KEY (goodreads_book_id, tag_id),
  FOREIGN KEY (goodreads_book_id) REFERENCES books (goodreads_book_id)
    ON DELETE CASCADE
    ON UPDATE CASCADE,
  FOREIGN KEY (tag_id) REFERENCES tags (tag_id)
    ON DELETE CASCADE
    ON UPDATE CASCADE
);
```

```
# Users_Books Table
         # Primary Key / Index: user_id, book_id
         # Foreign Key / Index: user_id
         # Foreign Key / Index: book_id
         # Foreign Key / Index: transaction_id
         CREATE TABLE users_books (
           user id INT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
           book id INT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
           transaction_id INT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
           PRIMARY KEY (user_id, book_id),
           FOREIGN KEY (user_id) REFERENCES users (user_id)
             ON DELETE CASCADE
             ON UPDATE CASCADE,
           FOREIGN KEY (book_id) REFERENCES books (book_id)
             ON DELETE CASCADE
             ON UPDATE CASCADE,
           FOREIGN KEY (transaction_id) REFERENCES transactions (transaction_id)
             ON DELETE CASCADE
             ON UPDATE CASCADE
         );
         * mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
         0 rows affected.
         0 rows affected.
Out[]: []
```

Load Data Into Tables from CSV Files

Sample of books data

^{*} mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
5 rows affected.

Out[]:	book_id	$good reads_id$	authors	year	title	average_rating	borrowed	available	rating_count
	1	2767052	Suzanne Collins	2008	The Hunger Games (The Hunger Games, #1)	4.34	0	1	1
	2	3	J.K. Rowling, Mary GrandPr	1997	Harry Potter and the Sorcerer's Stone (Harry Potter, #1)	4.44	0	1	1
	3	41865	Stephenie Meyer	2005	Twilight (Twilight, #1)	3.57	0	1	1
	4	2657	Harper Lee	1960	To Kill a Mockingbird	4,25	0	1	1
	5	4671	F. Scott Fitzgerald	1925	The Great Gatsby	3.89	0	1	1

Sample of tags data

```
In [ ]: %%sql
select * from tags limit 5
```

* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
5 rows affected.

tag_name	tag_id	Out[]:
a-man-named-dave	1346	
a-manette-ansay	1347	
a-mango-shaped-space	1348	
a-mano	1349	
a-mccall-smith	1350	

Sample of books_tags data

Add Users into Database

* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
5 rows affected.

Out[]:	user_id	username	good_standing	return_count
	1	julia	1	0
	2	phil	1	0
	3	amy	1	0
	4	rose	1	0
	5	steve	1	0

Create Triggers

#1 When checking out a book (insert a transaction)

Before insert

- Check book is available to check out
- Validate rules on user good standing

After insert

- Update users_books with new row
- Update book to unavailable and increment borrowed

```
In [ ]: %%sql
         drop trigger if exists before_transaction_insert;
         create trigger before_transaction_insert
         before insert on transactions
         for each row
         begin
             if exists (
                 select *
                 from books
                 where books.book_id=new.book_id and books.available=0
             ) then
                 SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
                 SET MESSAGE_TEXT =
                 'The book is not available to borrow.',
                 MYSQL_ERRNO = 1001;
             end if;
             if exists (
                 select *
                 from users, users_books
                 where users.user_id=new.user_id and users.good_standing=0
                     and (users.return_count < 5 and</pre>
                     exists (select * from users_books where users_books.user_id=new.user_id))
             ) then
                 SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
                 SET MESSAGE_TEXT =
                 'The user is not allowed to check out more books.',
                 MYSQL_ERRNO = 1001;
             end if;
         end;
         drop trigger if exists after transaction insert;
         create trigger after_transaction_insert
         after insert on transactions
         for each row
         begin
             insert into users_books values (new.user_id, new.book_id, new.transaction_id);
             update books
                 set borrowed=borrowed+1, available=0
                 where book_id=new.book_id;
         end;
          * mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
         0 rows affected.
         0 rows affected.
         0 rows affected.
         0 rows affected.
Out[ ]: []
```

#2 Returning a book (update transaction)

After update

- Remove correct row from users_books
- Update book to be available
- If book is past due, update users good standing
- If not past due, increment users return count
- If user is not in good standing and return count is five, update to good standing

```
In [ ]: %%sql
         drop trigger if exists after_transaction_update;
         create trigger after_transaction_update
         after update on transactions
         for each row
         begin
             delete from users_books where transaction_id=new.transaction_id;
             update books
                 set available=1
                 where book_id=new.book_id;
             if (new.date_returned > new.date_due) then
                 update users
                     set good_standing=0, return_count=0
                     where user_id=new.user_id;
             else
                 update users
                     set return_count=return_count+1
                     where user_id=new.user_id;
             end if;
             if exists (
                 select *
                 from users
                 where user_id=new.user_id and good_standing=0 and return_count >= 5
             then
                 update users
                 set good_standing=1
                 where user_id=new.user_id;
             end if;
         end:
         * mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
         0 rows affected.
         0 rows affected.
Out[]: []
```

#3 Rating a book (insert rating)

After insert

Update book record to calculate new average rating and increase rating count

#4 Deleting a user (delete user)

Before delete

• Validate user does not have any books checked out or throw error.

```
In [ ]: | %%sql
         drop trigger if exists before_user_delete;
         create trigger before_user_delete
         before delete on users
         for each row
         begin
         if exists (
                 select *
                 from users books
                 where user_id=old.user_id
             ) then
                 SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
                   SET MESSAGE_TEXT =
                   'A user may not be deleted if they have books currently checked out.',
                   MYSQL_ERRNO = 1001;
             end if;
         end;
         * mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
        0 rows affected.
        0 rows affected.
Out[ ]:
```

Library use cases demonstration

Search the library for a book by title or author

User can select book (book_id) and validate if book is available for check out.

Search for string "dune" in title or authors.

```
original_publication_year as year, title, average_rating,
borrowed, available, rating_count
from books
where title like '%dune%' or authors like '%dune%'
limit 10
```

^{*} mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
10 rows affected.

Out[]:	book_id	goodreads_id	authors	year	title	average_rating	borrowed	available	rating_count
	126	234225	Frank Herbert	1965	Dune (Dune Chronicles #1)	4.19	0	1	1
	1105	106	Frank Herbert	1969	Dune Messiah (Dune Chronicles #2)	3.86	0	1	1
	1262	112	Frank Herbert	1976	Children of Dune (Dune Chronicles #3)	3.9	0	1	1
	1687	53764	Frank Herbert	1977	The Great Dune Trilogy	4.35	0	1	1
	2045	42432	Frank Herbert	1981	God Emperor of Dune (Dune Chronicles #4)	3.81	0	1	1
	2491	117	Frank Herbert	1984	Heretics of Dune (Dune Chronicles #5)	3.83	0	1	1
	2817	105	Frank Herbert	1985	Chapterhouse: Dune (Dune Chronicles #6)	3.89	0	1	1
	6188	761575	Brian Herbert, Kevin J. Anderson	1999	House Atreides (Prelude to Dune #1)	3.69	0	1	1
	6440	99219	Brian Herbert, Kevin J. Anderson	2002	The Butlerian Jihad (Legends of Dune, #1)	3.57	0	1	1
	8049	20253	Brian Herbert, Kevin J. Anderson	2000	House Harkonnen (Prelude to Dune #2)	3.63	0	1	1

Check out a book from the library

Check if user 1 is in good standing.

^{*} mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
5 rows affected.

```
Out[ ]: user_id username good_standing return_count
                1
                        julia
                                           1
                                                          0
                         phil
                                                          0
                3
                                           1
                                                          0
                        amy
                                                          0
                        rose
                5
                        steve
                                           1
                                                          0
```

Verify there are no transactions.

```
%%sql
In [ ]:
         select * from transactions
          * mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
         0 rows affected.
Out[ ]: transaction_id user_id book_id date_borrowed date_due date_returned
```

There should be no books currently checked out.

```
In [ ]: %%sql
        select * from users_books
         * mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
        0 rows affected.
```

Out[]: user_id book_id transaction_id

User julia will check out book_id=126, Dune (Dune Chronicles #1). Book is due in 2 weeks.

```
%%sql
In [ ]:
         insert into transactions(user_id, book_id, date_borrowed, date_due)
        values (1, 126, CURDATE(), DATE(date_add(now(),interval 2 week)))
         * mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
        1 rows affected.
Out[]:
```

Validate transaction table update. The new transaction is now in the table.

```
%%sql
In [ ]:
         select * from transactions
          * mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
         1 rows affected.
Out[ ]: transaction_id user_id book_id
                                           date borrowed
                                                                  date due date returned
                    1
                                  126 2023-12-10 00:00:00 2023-12-24 00:00:00
```

None

Validate books table changes (borrowed and available have been updated).

1

```
In [ ]: %%sql
         select book_id, goodreads_book_id as goodreads_id, authors,
             original_publication_year as year, title, average_rating,
             borrowed, available, rating_count
         from books
         where book id=126
          * mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
         1 rows affected.
Out[ ]: book id goodreads id
                                                       title average_rating borrowed available rating_count
                                authors year
                                                 Dune (Dune
                                  Frank
                       234225
             126
                                        1965
                                                                      4.19
                                                                                           0
                                                                                                        1
                                                Chronicles #1)
                                Herbert
         Validate users_books table has been updated (new row added).
In [ ]: %%sql
         select * from users_books
          * mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
         1 rows affected.
Out[]: user_id book_id transaction_id
              1
                    126
                                    1
```

Show books currently checked out for a user 1

As we have only checked out one book, one row should be returned.

Return a book on time

Update the transaction with return date equal to today.

```
* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
1 rows affected.
```

Out[]: []

Verify book is now available.

* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library

1 rows affected.

Out[]: book_id goodreads_id authors year title average_rating borrowed available rating_count

126 234225 Frank Herbert Herbert 1965 Dune (Dune Chronicles #1) 4.19 1 1 1

Verify transaction has the correct return date.

* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
1 rows affected.

Out[]: transaction_id user_id book_id date_borrowed date_due date_returned

Verify return_count has been increased by one for user 1.

126 2023-12-10 00:00:00 2023-12-24 00:00:00 2023-12-10 00:00:00

* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
5 rows affected.

Out[]: user_id username good_standing return_count 1 1 1 julia 1 0 phil 1 0 amy 1 0 rose 5 steve 1 0

Verify users_books table has no rows (no books are currently checked out).

* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
0 rows affected.

Out[]:

User gives book a valid rating

Display book record so we can compare after we insert a rating.

* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
1 rows affected.

```
Out[]: book_id goodreads_id authors year title average_rating borrowed available rating_count

126 234225 Frank Herbert 1965 Dune (Dune Chronicles #1) 4.19 1 1 1 1
```

Julia will give Dune a rating of 5. This should update the average rating of dune to 4.595 and update the rating_count to 2.

Display updated book entry. Notice average rating and rating count are correct.

* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
1 rows affected.

```
Out[]: book_id goodreads_id authors year title average_rating borrowed available rating_count

126 234225 Frank Herbert 1965 Dune (Dune Chronicles #1)

4.595 1 1 2
```

Validate ratings table includes the new rating.

```
* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
1 rows affected.

Out[]: rating_id user_id book_id rating

1 1 126 5
```

Display related books

This would be included in a GUI to encourage users to check out more books. We know the book_id and goodreads_book_id as the user has just returned the book.

Concepts:

- Common table expressions (CTE)
- Join between three tables (books_tags, books, tags)

Find the tags which are associated with the goodreads_book_id=234225 (Dune). Order tags by the most popular tags (highest count). Display books having these tags ordered by the highest average rating. Limit result to 10 books.

* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
10 rows affected.

Out[]:	book_id	title	average_rating	available
	3628	The Complete Calvin and Hobbes	4.82	1
	3275	Harry Potter Boxed Set, Books 1-5 (Harry Potter, #1-5)	4.77	1
	862	Words of Radiance (The Stormlight Archive, #2)	4.77	1
	8854	Mark of the Lion Trilogy	4.76	1
	7947	ESV Study Bible	4.76	1
	4483	It's a Magical World: A Calvin and Hobbes Collection	4.75	1
	6361	There's Treasure Everywhere: A Calvin and Hobbes Collection	4.74	1
	422	Harry Potter Boxset (Harry Potter, #1-7)	4.74	1
	3753	Harry Potter Collection (Harry Potter, #1-6)	4.73	1
	6590	The Authoritative Calvin and Hobbes: A Calvin and Hobbes Treasury	4.73	1

Report on "Top Books"

Report is generated by first querying the top 10 highest rated books. For each of these books, all of the tags associated with the book are displayed. The number of times the book has been tagged for each of the individual tags is added in order to compute the total times the book has been tagged.

Concepts:

- Common table expressions (CTE)
- Join between three tables (books, tags, books_tags)
- Grouping of data
- Aggregation

```
In [ ]: %%sql
        with
            cte1 AS (
                select books.goodreads_book_id as gid, books.title as ti, books.borrowed as bo,
                     books.average_rating as ar, books.rating_count as rc
                from books
                order by books.average_rating desc
                limit 10
            ),
            cte2 as (
                select gid, ti, bo, ar, rc, books_tags.tag_id as tid, tags.tag_name as tname,
                     books_tags.count as btc
                from books_tags, tags, cte1
                where cte1.gid=books_tags.goodreads_book_id and tags.tag_id=books_tags.tag_id
                order by books_tags.count desc
        select cte2.ti as Title, cte2.ar as 'Average Rating', group_concat(distinct cte2.tname
                 order by cte2.tname
                 separator ', ') as Tags, sum(cte2.btc) as 'Total number of times tagged'
        from cte2
```

group by cte2.ti, cte2.bo, cte2.ar
order by cte2.ar desc, cte2.bo desc;

* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
10 rows affected.

Out[]:

number of times tagged	Tags	Title Average Rating	Title
13354	comics, currently-reading, favorites, fiction, graphic-novels, humor, owned, to-read	mplete Calvin and Hobbes 4.82	The Complete Calvin and Hobbes
3071	fantasy, favorites, to-read		Harry Potter Boxed Set Books 1-5 (Harry Potter #1-5
20234	audible, audiobook, audiobooks, books-i-own, brandon- sanderson, cosmere, currently-reading, epic, epic-fantasy, fantasy, favorites, favourites, fiction, high-fantasy, kindle, magic, owned, read-in-2014, sanderson, sci-fi-fantasy, series, to-read	` Δ//	Words of Radiance (The Stormlight Archive, #2
463	currently-reading, favorites, to-read	ESV Study Bible 4.76	ESV Study Bible
356	christian-fiction, to-read	of the Lion Trilogy 4.76	Mark of the Lion Trilogy
4786	comics, currently-reading, favorites, fiction, graphic-novels, humor, to-read		It's a Magical World: A Calvin and Hobbes Collection
13871	adventure, all-time-favorites, books-i-own, childhood, children, children-s, childrens, classics, currently-reading, fantasy, favorite, favorite-books, favorites, favourites, fiction, owned, owned-books, re-read, series, shelfari-favorites, to-read, ya, young-adult	7 / / /	Harry Potter Boxse (Harry Potter, #1-7
2494	comics, favorites, humor, to-read		There's Treasure Everywhere: A Calvin and Hobbes Collection
3936	currently-reading, fantasy, favorites, to-read	4/3	Harry Potter Collection (Harry Potter, #1-6
4487	comic, comics, currently-reading, favorites, fiction, graphic- novels, humor, owned, to-read	Hobbes: A Calvin 4.73	The Authoritative Calvir and Hobbes: A Calvir and Hobbes Treasury

Total

View previously borrowed books for users with ratings

As we only have one rating added to the library so far, we should see one row.

Concepts:

• Join between 4 tables (transactions, books, users, ratings)

```
transactions.book_id=books.book_id and
    transactions.book_id=ratings.book_id and
    transactions.user_id=ratings.user_id
order by users.user_id
```

* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
1 rows affected.

Out[]: username title date_borrowed date_returned rating

julia Dune (Dune Chronicles #1) 2023-12-10 00:00:00 2023-12-10 00:00:00 5

Delete a user

Because of foreign key relationships all transactions and ratings will be removed as well.

User table before delete.

```
%%sql
In [ ]:
         select * from users
          * mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
         5 rows affected.
Out[]: user_id username good_standing return_count
              1
                                       1
                                                    1
                      julia
                                                    0
                       phil
              3
                      amy
                                       1
                                                    0
                      rose
              5
                     steve
                                       1
                                                    0
```

Transaction table before delete.

Ratings table before delete.

1 rows affected.

```
126
         Delete user julia (user_id=1).
In [ ]: %%sql
         delete from users where user_id=1
          * mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
         1 rows affected.
Out[]:
         Users table after delete.
In [ ]:
         %%sql
         select * from users
          * mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
         4 rows affected.
Out[ ]: user_id username good_standing return_count
              2
                                       1
                                                    0
                      phil
                                                    0
                      amy
                      rose
                                       1
                                                    0
                     steve
         Transactions table after delete. No transactions are in the table as julia had the only transaction.
         %%sql
In [ ]:
         select * from transactions
          * mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
         0 rows affected.
Out[ ]: transaction_id user_id book_id date_borrowed date_due date_returned
         Ratings table after delete. No ratings are in the table as julia had the only rating.
In [ ]:
         %%sql
         select * from ratings
          * mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
         0 rows affected.
Out[ ]: rating_id user_id book_id rating
```

Detailed tests on triggers

Here we will test each trigger in depth.

Out[]: rating_id user_id book_id rating

#1 When checking out a book (insert a transaction)

Before insert

- · Check book is available to check out
- Validate rules on user good standing

After insert

- Update users_books with new row
- Update book to unavailable and increment borrowed

Book must be available to check out for insert a transaction to be successful.

Have user phil check out a book.

Display the book phil checked out to show it is not available now.

* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
1 rows affected.

```
Out[]:book_idgoodreads_idauthorsyeartitleaverage_ratingborrowedavailablerating_count75907J.R.R. Tolkien1937The Hobbit4.25101
```

User amy tries to check out the same book. Error will be shown as the book is not available.

User phil has one book checked out. If he is not in good standing, he will not be able to check out another book. As he is currently in good standing I will manually set his attribute good_standing to 0.

Verify the change for user phil.

steve

5

```
In [ ]:
         %%sql
         select * from users
          * mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
         4 rows affected.
Out[ ]: user_id username good_standing return_count
              2
                                                   0
                      phil
                                      0
                      amy
                                                   0
              4
                      rose
                                       1
                                                   0
```

Now phil tries to check out a second book. Error will be thrown because he has one book checked out and his account is not in good standing.

0

* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
(pymysql.err.OperationalError) (1001, 'The user is not allowed to check out more books.')
[SQL: insert into transactions(user_id, book_id, date_borrowed, date_due)
values (2, 10, CURDATE(), DATE(date_add(now(),interval 2 week)))]
(Background on this error at: https://sqlalche.me/e/20/e3q8)

Test after insert trigger. When a book is checked out, the users_books table is updated with a new row and the book table will be updated to not available and borrowed has been incremented by one.

Amy will check out book_id=2. First let's look at the information for book_id=2.

^{*} mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
1 rows affected.

Out[]:	book_id	goodreads_id	authors	year	title	average_rating	borrowed	available	rating_count	
	2	3	J.K. Rowling, Mary GrandPr	1997	Harry Potter and the Sorcerer's Stone (Harry Potter, #1)	4.44	0	1	1	
	The users_books before the update.									
In []:	%%sql select	* fro m users	books							

Amy now checks out book_id=2.

Books table after update. Notice that the book is not available and borrowed has been incremented by 1.

* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
1 rows affected.

Out[]:	book_id	goodreads_id	authors	year	title	average_rating	borrowed	available	rating_count
	2	3	J.K. Rowling, Mary GrandPr	1997	Harry Potter and the Sorcerer's Stone (Harry Potter, #1)	4.44	1	0	1

The users_books table after update. A new row has been added by the trigger to show the book is checked out.

```
* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
2 rows affected.
```

Out[]:	user_id	book_id	transaction_id
	2	7	2
	3	2	3

#2 Returning a book (update transaction)

After update

- Remove correct row from users books
- Update book to be available
- If book is past due, update users good standing
- If not past due, increment users return count
- If user is not in good standing and return count is five, update to good standing

Test trigger when returning a book late. Start by creating a new transaction where the return date is before today.

Validate the return date is before today for this new transaction (transaction_id=4).

* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
3 rows affected.

Out[]:	transaction_id	user_id	book_id	date_borrowed	date_due	date_returned
	2	2	7	2023-12-10 00:00:00	2023-12-24 00:00:00	None
	3	3	2	2023-12-10 00:00:00	2023-12-24 00:00:00	None
	4	4	4	2023-12-10 00:00:00	2023-11-26 00:00:00	None

The users_books table has a new row from the insert.

```
* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
3 rows affected.
```

```
        Out[]:
        user_id
        book_id
        transaction_id

        2
        7
        2

        3
        2
        3

        4
        4
        4
```

Verify the book is no longer available.

* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library

1 rows affected.

```
Out[]: book_id goodreads_id authors year title average_rating borrowed available rating_count

4 2657 Harper Lee 1960 To Kill a Mockingbird 4.25 1 0 1
```

The user returns the book late.

1 rows affected.

Out[]: []

The transactions table has date returned updated (transaction_id=4).

* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
3 rows affected.

Out[]:	transaction_id	user_id	book_id	date_borrowed	date_due	date_returned
	2	2	7	2023-12-10 00:00:00	2023-12-24 00:00:00	None
	3	3	2	2023-12-10 00:00:00	2023-12-24 00:00:00	None
	4	4	4	2023-12-10 00:00:00	2023-11-26 00:00:00	2023-12-10 00:00:00

User now has good_standing=0 since the return was late. Note also that the return_count is 0.

```
* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
1 rows affected.
```

```
Out[]: user_id username good_standing return_count

4 rose 0 0
```

The users books table has also been updated (row has been removed) as the book was returned.

The books table has been updated to show the book is now available.

* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
1 rows affected.

Out[]:	book_id	goodreads_id	authors	year	title	average_rating	borrowed	available	rating_count
	4	2657	Harper Lee	1960	To Kill a Mockingbird	4.25	1	1	1

Next we need to test the case where a user is not in good standing but has had 5 returned books on time so they may be moved back to good standing.

As user Rose is not in good standing we will use that account. Queries are listed below for 5 checkout/returns which are on time.

```
insert into transactions(user_id, book_id, date_borrowed, date_due)
values (4, 10, CURDATE(), DATE(date_add(now(),interval 2 week)));
update transactions set date_returned=CURDATE() where transaction_id=5;

insert into transactions(user_id, book_id, date_borrowed, date_due)
values (4, 11, CURDATE(), DATE(date_add(now(),interval 2 week)));
update transactions set date_returned=CURDATE() where transaction_id=6;

insert into transactions(user_id, book_id, date_borrowed, date_due)
values (4, 12, CURDATE(), DATE(date_add(now(),interval 2 week)));
update transactions set date_returned=CURDATE() where transaction_id=7;
insert into transactions(user_id, book_id, date_borrowed, date_due)
```

```
values (4, 13, CURDATE(), DATE(date_add(now(),interval 2 week)));
         update transactions set date_returned=CURDATE() where transaction_id=8;
         insert into transactions(user_id, book_id, date_borrowed, date_due)
         values (4, 14, CURDATE(), DATE(date_add(now(),interval 2 week)));
         update transactions set date_returned=CURDATE() where transaction_id=9;
         * mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
        1 rows affected.
        1 rows affected.
Out[]: []
```

Rose now has 5 books returned on time and she is now back to good standing.

```
In [ ]: |
         %%sql
         select * from users
          * mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
         4 rows affected.
Out[ ]: user_id username good_standing return_count
              2
                                       0
                                                    0
                      phil
                                                    0
                      amy
              4
                                       1
                                                    5
                      rose
                     steve
                                                    0
```

#3 Rating a book (insert rating)

After insert

Update book record to calculate new average rating and increase rating count

Add rating with valid integer value. First let's see what the rating is currently.

* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
1 rows affected.

Out[]:	$book_id$	goodreads_id	authors	year	title	average_rating	borrowed	available	rating_count
	10	1885	Jane Austen	1813	Pride and Prejudice	4.24	1	1	1
	Now add	d a rating of 5 fo	or book_id	=10.					
In []:		into ratings(u 5,10,5)	user_id,	book_:	id, rating)				
Out[]:		l+pymysql://ro affected.	ot:***@l	ocalho	ost:3306/cspb_	library			
	Rating sl	hould now be up	odated to	4.62 a	nd rating count	to 2.			
<pre>In []:</pre>									
		l+pymysql://ro affected.	ot:***@1	ocalho	ost:3306/cspb_	library			
Out[]:	book_id	goodreads_id	authors	year	title	average_rating	borrowed	available	rating_count
	10	1885	Jane Austen	1813	Pride and Prejudice	4.62	1	1	2
	Validate	new rating is in	ratings ta	ble.					
In []:	<pre>%%sql select * from ratings</pre>								
		l+pymysql://ro affected.	ot:***@1	ocalho	ost:3306/cspb_	library			
Out[]:	rating_id	user_id book_	id rating						

#4 Deleting a user (delete user)

10

Before delete

2

• Validate user does not have any books checked out or throw error

Let's see who currently has books checked out.

```
* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
2 rows affected.
```

Out[]: user_id book_id transaction_id

2	7	2
3	2	3

Phil has a book checked out. Let's try to delete his account. We should see an error.

```
* mysql+pymysql://root:***@localhost:3306/cspb_library
(pymysql.err.OperationalError) (1001, 'A user may not be deleted if they have books currently
checked out.')
[SQL: delete from users where user_id=2]
(Background on this error at: https://sqlalche.me/e/20/e3q8)
```

Summary

This project has demonstrated many of the concepts covered in our class CSPB 3287.

I have included:

- E/R diagram
- Multiple table relationships
- Constraints
- Indexes
- SQL statements for table creation, insertion of data, updates, and queries
- LIKE operator
- Triggers
- Common table expressions (CTE)
- Joins between 3 and 4 tables
- Grouping of data
- Aggregation
- Deletion of items that have foreign keys