

# Product specification IRB 14000

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# Product specification IRB 14000

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# Overview of this specification

#### About this product specification

It describes the performance of the manipulator or a complete family of manipulators in terms of:

- · The structure and dimensional prints
- The fulfilment of standards, safety and operating requirements
- The load diagrams, mounting of extra equipment, the motion and the robot reach
- · The specification of variants and options available

The product specification also contains information for the controller.

#### Usage

Product specifications are used to find data and performance about the product, for example to decide which product to buy. How to handle the product is described in the product manual.

#### Users

#### It is intended for:

- · Product managers and product personnel
- · Sales and marketing personnel
- Order and customer service personnel

#### References

Reference	Document ID
Product manual - IRB 14000	3HAC052983-001
Operating manual - IRB 14000	3HAC052986-001
Product manual - Grippers for IRB 14000	3HAC054949-001
Product specification - Controller software IRC5 IRC5 with main computer DSQC1000.	3HAC048264-001
Product specification - Controller IRC5 IRC5 with main computer DSQC1000.	3HAC047400-001
Product specification - Robot user documentation, IRC5 with RobotWare 5	3HAC024534-001
Operating manual - IRC5 with FlexPendant	3HAC050941-001

#### **Revisions**

Revision	Description	
-	New product specification	
Α	Minor corrections/update	
В	<ul><li>Changed torque y for endurance load and maximum load.</li><li>Mains cable options added.</li></ul>	



1.1.1 Introduction to structure

# 1 Description

#### 1.1 Structure

#### 1.1.1 Introduction to structure

#### General

The IRB 14000 is ABB Robotics first generation dual arm robot with 7-axis each arm, industrial robot, designed specifically for manufacturing industries that use flexible robot-based automation, e.g. 3C industry. The robot has an open structure that is especially adapted for flexible use, and can communicate extensively with external systems.

#### **Protection**

The robot has IP30 protection.

#### **Operating system**

The robot is equipped with the controller (located inside the boby of the robot) and robot control software, RobotWare. RobotWare supports every aspect of the robot system, such as motion control, development and execution of application programs, communication etc. See *Product specification - Controller IRC5 with FlexPendant* (IRC5C included).

#### Safety

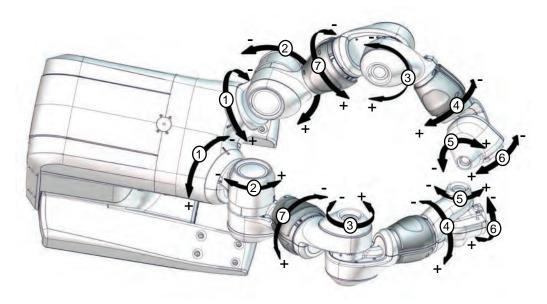
The safety standards are valid for the complete robot.

#### **Additional functionality**

For additional functionality, the robot can be equipped with optional software for application support - for example communication features - network communication - and advanced functions such as multitasking, sensor control etc. For a complete description on optional software, see *Product specification - Controller software IRC5*.

# 1.1.1 Introduction to structure *Continued*

#### Arm axes



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The arm configuration applies for both arms.

#### 1.1.2 The Robot

#### General

The IRB 14000 can only be mounted on table or other flat surface, no other mounting position is permitted.

Robot	Handling capacity (kg)	Reach (m)
IRB 14000	0.5 kg	0.559 m

#### **Manipulator weight**

Data	Weight
IRB 14000	38 kg

#### Other technical data

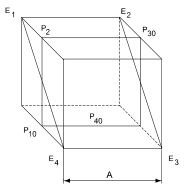
Data	Description	Note
Airborne noise level	·	< 70 dB (A) Leq (acc. to the working space Machinery directive 2006/42/EG)

#### **Power consumption**

Path E-E2-E3-E4 in the ISO Cube, maximum load.

Type of movement	Power consumption (kW)
Average power consumption	< 0.17 kW

Robot in 0 degree position	IRB 14000
Brakes engaged	0.09 kW
Brakes disengaged	0.14 kW



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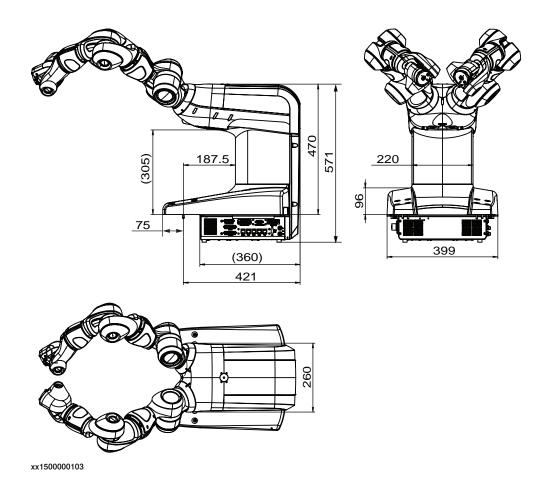
Position	Description
Α	250 mm

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# 1.1.2 The Robot Continued

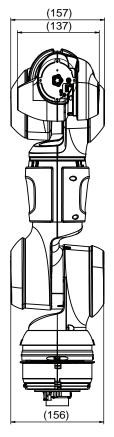
#### **Dimensions**

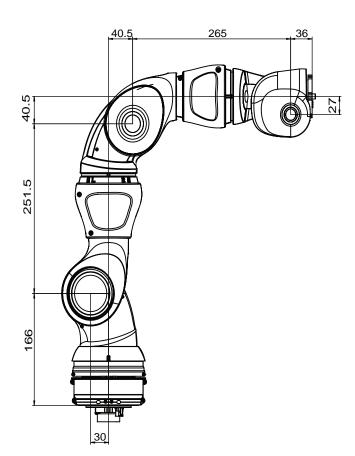
#### Robot



# 1.1.2 The Robot Continued

### Robot arms





xx1500000434

#### 1.2.1 Applicable safety standards

#### 1.2 Safety

#### 1.2.1 Applicable safety standards

#### Standards, EN ISO

The robot system is designed in accordance with the requirements of:

Standard	Description
EN ISO 12100	Safety of machinery - Basic concepts, general principles for design
EN ISO 13849-1	Safety of machinery, safety related parts of control systems - Part 1: General principles for design
EN ISO 13850	Safety of machinery - Emergency stop - Principles for design
EN ISO 10218-1 <sup>i</sup>	Robots for industrial environments - Safety requirements - Part 1 Robot
EN ISO 9787	Manipulating industrial robots, coordinate systems, and motion nomenclatures
EN ISO 9283	Manipulating industrial robots, performance criteria, and related test methods
EN ISO 14644-1 <sup>ii</sup>	Classification of air cleanliness
EN IEC 61000-6-4	EMC, Generic emission
EN IEC 61000-6-2	EMC, Generic immunity
EN IEC 60204-1	Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines - Part 1 General requirements
IEC 60529	Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP code)

See Deviations from ISO 10218-1:2011 on page 14.

#### **Deviations from ISO 10218-1:2011**

ISO 10218-1:2011 was developed with conventional industrial robots in mind. Deviations from the standard are motivated for IRB 14000 in the table below. More information about ISO 10218-1 compliance is given in technote\_150918.

Requirement	IRB 14000 deviation	Motivation
§5.7.1 Mode selector which can be locked in each position.	The mode selector is implemented in software on FlexPendant.	Automatic and manual mode are usability features for IRB 14000, but not safety features. Locking the operating mode does not contribute to a necessary risk reduction.
§5.12.1 Limiting the range of motion by adjustable stops (§5.12.2) or by safety functions (§5.12.3).	IRB 14000 does not have adjustable mechanical stops or provisions to install nonmechanical limiting devices.	The IRB 14000 robot is intended for collaborative applications where contact between robot and the operator is harmless. Limiting the working range is then not necessary for risk reduction. Note that PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) may be required.

The selector is replaced by a selection through software and user authorities can be set to restrict the use of certain functions of the robot (e.g. access codes).

#### Continues on next page

ii Only robots with protection Clean Room.

### 1.2.1 Applicable safety standards Continued

#### **European standards**

Standard	Description
EN 614-1	Safety of machinery - Ergonomic design principles - Part 1: Terminology and general principles
EN 574	Safety of machinery - Two-hand control devices - Functional aspects - Principles for design
EN 953	Safety of machinery - General requirements for the design and construction of fixed and movable guards

#### Other standards

Standard	Description	
ANSI/RIA R15.06	Safety requirements for industrial robots and robot systems	
ANSI/UL 1740	Safety standard for robots and robotic equipment	
CAN/CSA Z 434-03	Industrial robots and robot Systems - General safety requirements	

#### 1.2.2 Safety functions

### 1.2.2 Safety functions

#### **Functional safety**

The following safety functions are inherent design measures in the control system, contributing to power and force limiting. They are certified to category B, performance level b, according to EN ISO 13849-1.

Safety functions	Description
Cartesian speed supervision	The Cartesian speed of the elbow (arm check point, ACP) and the wrist (wrist center point, WCP) are supervised. If a limit is exceeded, the robot motion is stopped and a message displayed to the user. The default speed limit can be modified based on the risk assessment of the robot installation.
	The function is active in both manual and automatic mode. The speed limits are set by system parameters. See <i>Operating manual - IRB 14000</i>
Protective stop (safety stop)	The controller has an electrical input which can be accessed in external devices mode to stop the robot, e.g. from a safety PLC. The protective stop function removes power from the actuators, and is a Category 0 stop, according to ISO 13850.
	In standalone mode, the FlexPendant emergency stop button is routed to this input, and utilizes the safety function to stop the robot.

#### Additional safety features in the control system

Safety functions	Description	
Three position enabling device	The FlexPendant is always equipped with an enabling device, but for the IRB 14000 system the enabling device is not used. Therefore the enabling device is disabled and inactive when the FlexPendant is connected to an IRB 14000 system, but it is enabled and active when connected to another robot.	
Connecting external devices	External safety devices can be connected by removing the safety bridge connector on the controller. This also allows for stopping external machinery from the FlexPendant emergency stop button with retained dual channel safety.	
Collision detection	In case of an unexpected mechanical disturbance, like a collision, the robot will stop and then slightly back off from its stop position.	
Fire safety	The robot system complies with the requirements of UL (Underwriters Laboratories) for fire safety.	
Electrical safety	The robot system complies with the requirements of UL for electrical safety.	
Safety lamp	As an option, a safety lamp mounted on the manipulator can be connected. The lamp is activated when the controller is in the MOTORS ON state.	

1.3 Installation

#### 1.3 Installation

#### Introduction to installation

IRB 14000 is intended for use in industrial environment.

Each arm can handle a maximum payload of 0.5 kg.

#### 1.3.1 Operating requirements

#### 1.3.1 Operating requirements

#### **Protection standard**

Robot variant	Protection standard IEC529	
Manipulator + controller	IP30	

#### **Explosive environments**

The robot must not be located or operated in an explosive environment.

#### Working range limitations

EPS will not be selectable and no mechanical limitations available.

#### **Ambient temperature**

Description	Standard/Option	Temperature
Manipulator + controller during operation	Standard	+ 5°C <sup>i</sup> (41°F) to + 40°C (104°F)
Complete robot during transportation and storage	Standard	- 10°C (14°F) to + 55°C (131°F)

i At low environmental temperature < 10°C is, as with any other machine, a warm-up phase recommended to be run with the robot. Otherwise there is a risk that the robot stops or run with lower performance due to temperature dependent oil and grease viscosity.

#### **Relative humidity**

Description	Relative humidity
Complete robot during operation, transportation and storage	Max. 85% at constant temperature

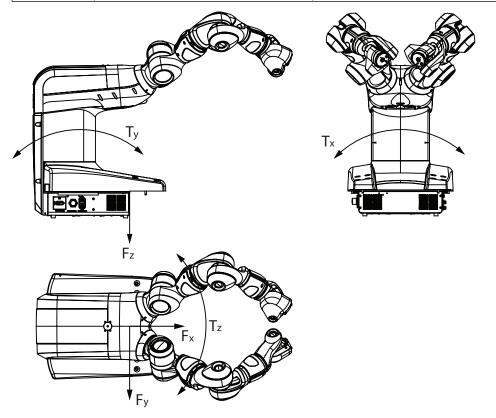
# 1.3.2 Mounting the manipulator

#### **Maximum load**

Maximum load in to the base coordination system. See Figure below.

#### Table mounted

Force	Endurance load (in operation)	Max. load (emergency stop)	
Force x	±89 N	±178 N	
Force y	±147 N	±294 N	
Force z	+380 ±140 N	+380 ±280 N	
Torque x	±101 Nm	±202 Nm	
Torque y	+14 ±98 Nm	+14 ±172 Nm	
Torque z	±61 Nm	±122 Nm	



xx1500000104

F <sub>x</sub>	Force in the X plane
F <sub>y</sub>	Force in the Y plane
Fz	Force in the Z plane
T <sub>x</sub>	Bending torque in the X plane
T <sub>y</sub>	Bending torque in the Y plane
Tz	Bending torque in the Z plane

Continues on next page

The table shows the various forces and torques working on the robot during different kinds of operation.

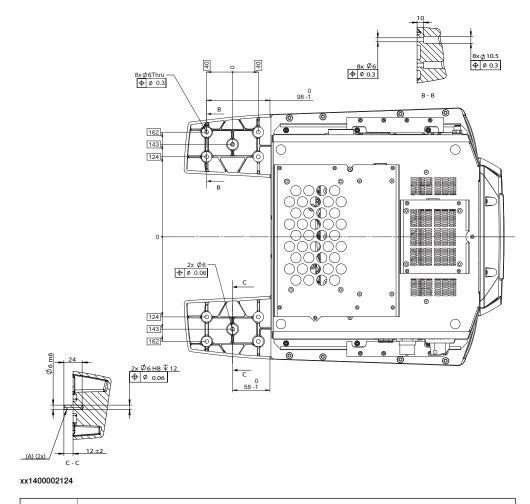


#### Note

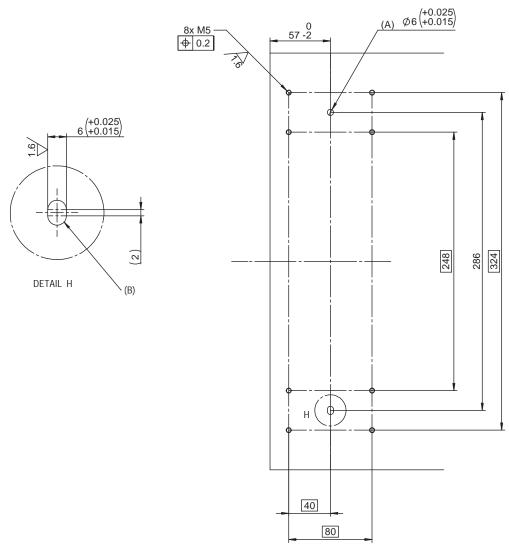
These forces and torques are extreme values that are rarely encountered during operation. The values also never reach their maximum at the same time!

#### Fastening holes robot base

View from below.



A Guide pins, 3HNP00449-1, one is to fit round hole, the other is to fit slot hole.



xx1400002121

Pos	Description
Α	Master hole (round)
В	Alignment hole (slot)

#### Attachment bolts, specification

The table specifies the type of securing screws and washers to be used to secure the robot directly to the foundation. It also specifies the type of pins to be used.

Suitable screws	M5x25
Suitable washers	5.3x10x1
Quantity	8 pcs
Quality	8.8
Guide pins	2 pcs, article number 3HNP00449-1
Tightening torque	3.8 Nm ± 0.38 Nm

#### Continues on next page

Level surface requirement		0.1
	xx1500000627	

#### 1.4.1 Introduction to load diagram

#### 1.4 Load diagram

#### 1.4.1 Introduction to load diagram

#### Information



#### WARNING

It is very important to always define correct actual load data and correct payload of the robot. Incorrect definitions of load data can result in overloading of the robot.

If incorrect load data and/or loads are outside load diagram is used the following parts can be damaged due to overload:

- · motors
- · gearboxes
- · mechanical structure



#### **WARNING**

In the robot system is the service routine LoadIdentify available, which allows the user to make an automatic definition of the tool and load, to determine correct load parameters. For detailed information, see *Operating manual - IRC5 with FlexPendant*.



#### WARNING

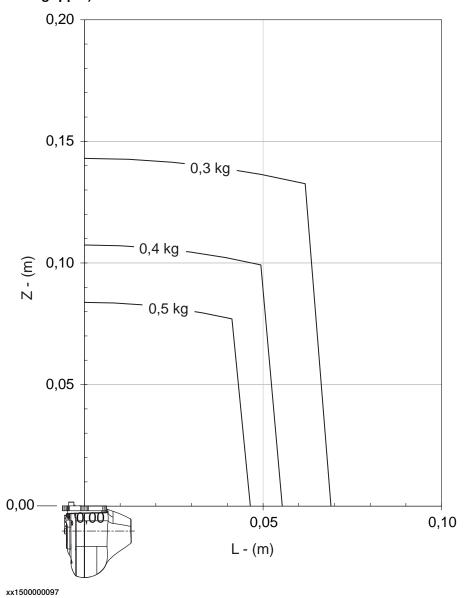
Robots running with incorrect load data and/or with loads outside diagram, will not be covered by robot warranty.

#### General

The load diagram includes a nominal pay load inertia,  $J_0$  of 0.001 kgm<sup>2</sup>. At different moment of inertia the load diagram will be changed.

# 1.4.2 Load diagram

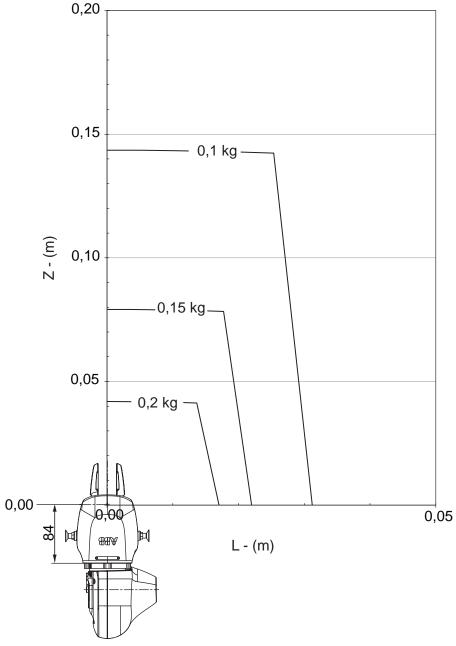
### IRB 14000-0.5/0.5 (without gripper)



# 1.4.2 Load diagram *Continued*

#### IRB 14000-0.5/0.5 (with gripper)

Hand CoG, see table below.



xx1500000501

Mass (g)	Z (mm)	L (mm)
280	47.3	13.9

The load diagram with gripper is an example, given for the heaviest combination of IRB 14000 Gripper options (servo + 2 vacuum modules), including fingers and suction tools. Actual load capacity should be determined from the robot load diagram and the mass data of the actual gripper and end effectors.

1.4.3 Maximum load and moment of inertia

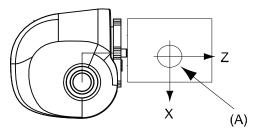
#### 1.4.3 Maximum load and moment of inertia

#### General

Total load given as: Mass in kg, center of gravity (Z and L) in m and moment of inertia ( $J_{0x}$ ,  $J_{0y}$ ,  $J_{0z}$ ) in kgm<sup>2</sup>. L=  $\sqrt{(X^2 + Y^2)}$ .

#### **Full movement**

Axis	Robot variant	Max. value
5	IRB 14000-0.5/0.5	$J_5 = \text{Mass x} ((Z + 0.045)^2 + L^2) + \text{max} (J_{0x}, J_{0y}) \le 0.012 \text{ kgm}^2$
6	IRB 14000-0.5/0.5	$J_6 = Mass \times L^2 + J_{0Z} \le 0.009 \text{ kgm}^2$



xx1500000774

Position	Description	
Α	Center of gravity	
$J_{0x}, J_{0y}, J_{0z}$	Max. moment of inertia around the X, Y and Z axes at center of gravity.	

#### Wrist torque

The table below shows the maximum permissible torque due to payload.



#### Note

The values are for reference only, and should not be used for calculating permitted load offset (position of center of gravity) within the load diagram, since those also are limited by main axes torques as well as dynamic loads. Also arm loads will influence the permitted load diagram, contact your local ABB organization.

		Max wrist torque axis 6	Max torque valid at load
IRB 14000	0.64 Nm	0.23 Nm	0.5 kg

#### 1.5.1 General

### 1.5 Mounting of equipment

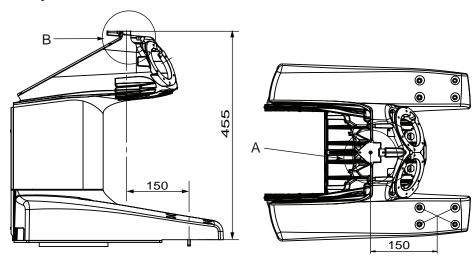
#### 1.5.1 General

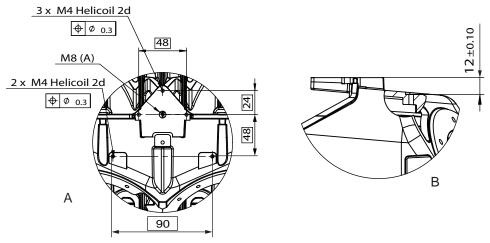
Each arm ends with a tool flange, for mounting of available gippers, see *Grippers* on page 45 or for customer specific equipment and on robot.

Below is an overview of the robot and tool flange, see *Tool flange on page 31* and *Robot on page 29* for details.

#### 1.5.2 Robot

### Top mounting interface body



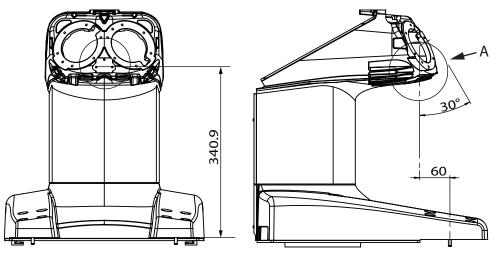


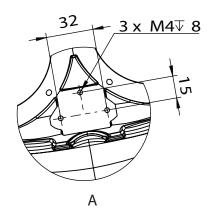
xx1500000495

Pos	Description
Α	M8 hole for lifting eye, thru hole

1.5.2 Robot Continued

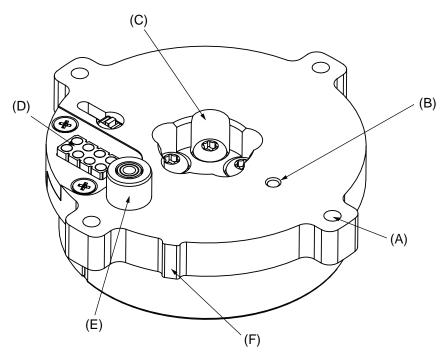
### **Chest mounting interface**





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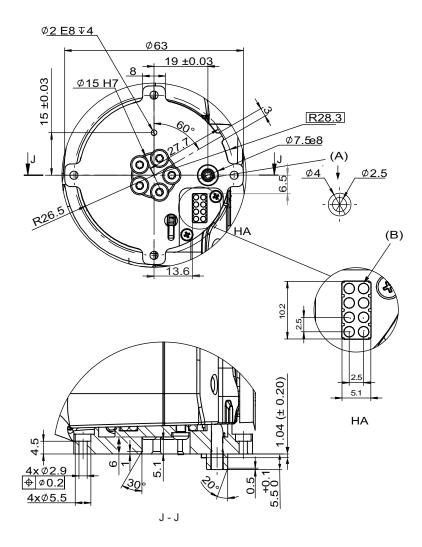
# 1.5.3 Tool flange



xx1500000099

Pos	Description
Α	4 x 2.9 thru holes for M2.5 screws
В	2E8 pin hole for alignment
С	15H7 for alignment, max depth 5 mm
D	Double row 8 pad Mill-Max connector for 24V and Ethernet or IO
E	Outer diam. 7.5e8 and inner diam. 4.4F10 for air hose
F	Calibration mark for axis 6

# 1.5.3 Tool flange *Continued*



#### xx1500000098

Pos	Description
Α	Dimensions air hose
В	Double row 8 pad Mill-Max connector

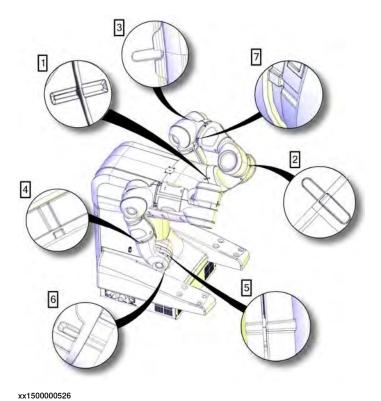
1.6.1 Fine calibration

#### 1.6 Calibration

#### 1.6.1 Fine calibration

#### General

Fine calibration is made by moving the axes so that the synchronization mark on each joint is aligned, and running the CalHall routine. For detailed information on calibration of the robot see *Product manual - IRB 14000*.



#### 1.6.2 Absolute accuracy calibration

#### 1.6.2 Absolute accuracy calibration

#### **Prerequisites**

Requires RobotWare option Absolute Accuracy, see *Product* specification - Controller software IRC5.

#### The calibration concept

Absolute Accuracy (AbsAcc) is a calibration concept, that ensures a TCP absolute accuracy of better than ±1 mm in the entire working range.

Absolute Accuracy compensates for:

- · Mechanical tolerances in the robot structure
- · Deflection due to load

Absolute Accuracy calibration is focusing on positioning accuracy in the cartesian coordinate system for the robot. It also includes load compensation for deflection caused by the tool and equipment. Tool data from robot program is used for this purpose. The positioning will be within specified performance regardless of load.

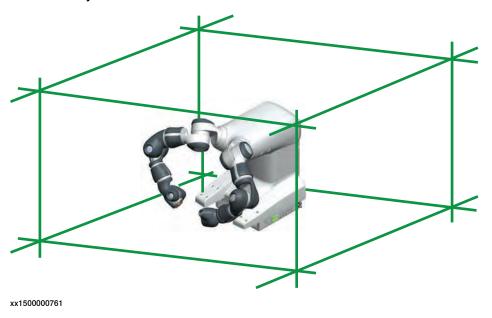
#### Calibration data

The user is supplied with robot calibration data (compensation parameter file, absacc.cfg) and a certificate that shows the performance ("birth certificate"). The difference between an ideal robot and a real robot without Absolute Accuracy may reach up to 10 mm, resulting from mechanical tolerances and deflection in the robot structure.

1.6.2 Absolute accuracy calibration Continued

#### **Absolute Accuracy option**

The Absolute Accuracy option is integrated in the controller algorithms for compensation of the difference between the ideal and the real robot, and does not need external equipment or calculation. Absolute Accuracy is a RobotWare option and includes an individual calibration of the robot (mechanical arm). Absolute Accuracy is a TCP calibration to reach a good positioning in the Cartesian coordinate system.



#### **Product data**

Typical production data regarding calibration are:

Robot	Positioning accuracy (mm)		
	Average	Max	% Within 1 mm
IRB 14000-0.5/0.5	0.3	0.6	100

#### 1.7.1 Introduction to maintenance and trouble shooting

#### 1.7 Maintenance and troubleshooting

#### 1.7.1 Introduction to maintenance and trouble shooting

#### General

The robot requires only a minimum of maintenance during operation. It has been designed to make it as easy to service as possible:

- · Maintenance-free AC motors are used.
- · Grease used for all gear boxes.
- · The cabling is routed for longevity.
- · It has a program memory "battery low" alarm.

#### Maintenance

The maintenance intervals depend on the use of the robot, the required maintenance activities also depends on selected options. For detailed information on maintenance procedures, see Maintenance section in the Product Manual.

1.8.1 Working range and type of motion

## 1.8 Robot motion

# 1.8.1 Working range and type of motion

### **Robot motion**

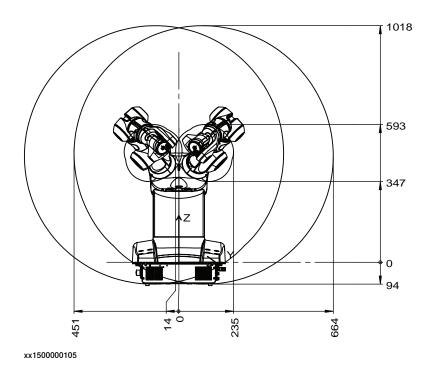
Axis	Type of motion	Degree of motion
Axis 1	Arm - Rotation motion	-168.5° to +168.5°
Axis 2	Arm - Bend motion	-143.5° to +43.5°
Axis 7	Arm - Rotation motion	-168.5° to +168.5°
Axis 3	Arm - Bend motion	-123.5° to +80°
Axis 4	Wrist - Rotation motion	-290° to +290°
Axis 5	Wrist - Bend motion	-88° to +138°
Axis 6	Flange - Rotation motion	-229° to +229°

# 1.8.1 Working range and type of motion *Continued*

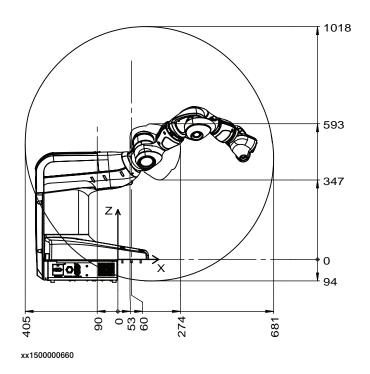
## Illustration, working range IRB 14000

The illustrations show the unrestricted working range of the robot.

### Front view



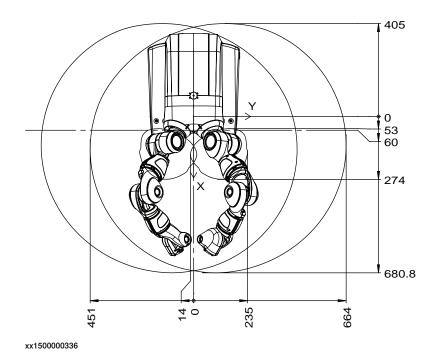
### Side view



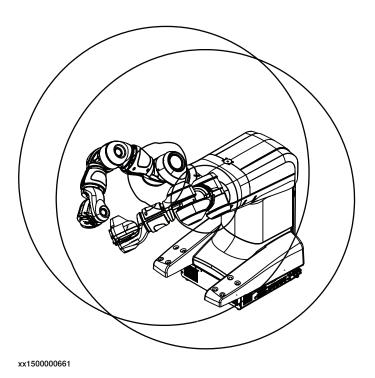
### Continues on next page

# 1.8.1 Working range and type of motion Continued

# Top view



### Isometric view



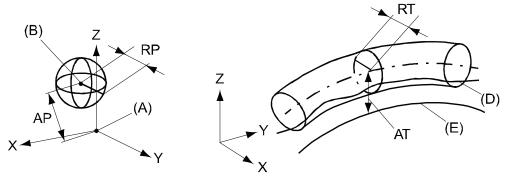
### 1.8.2 Performance according to ISO 9283

## 1.8.2 Performance according to ISO 9283

### General

At rated maximum load, maximum offset and 1.5 m/s velocity on the inclined ISO test plane, with all six axes in motion. Values in the table below are the average result of measurements on a small number of robots. The result may differ depending on where in the working range the robot is positioning, velocity, arm configuration, from which direction the position is approached, the load direction of the arm system. Backlashes in gearboxes also affect the result.

The figures for AP, RP, AT and RT are measured according to figure below.



xx0800000424

Position	Description	Position	Description
Α	Programmed position	E	Programmed path
В	Mean position at program execution	D	Actual path at program execution
AP	Mean distance from pro- grammed position	AT	Max deviation from E to average path
RP	Tolerance of position B at repeated positioning	RT	Tolerance of the path at repeated program execution

Description	Values
	IRB 14000
Pose repeatability, RP (mm)	0.02
Pose accuracy, AP (mm)	0.02
Linear path repeatability, RT (mm)	0.10
Linear path accuracy, AT (mm)	1.36
Pose stabilization time, Pst (s) within 0.1 mm of the position	0.37

1.8.3 Velocity

# 1.8.3 Velocity

### General

Robot variant	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 7	Axis 3	Axis 4	Axis 5	Axis 6
IRB 14000	180 °/s	180 °/s	180 °/s	180 °/s	400 °/s	400 °/s	400 °/s

Supervision is required to prevent overheating in applications with intensive and frequent movements.

### Resolution

Approximately 0.01 ° on each axis.

## 1.8.4 Stopping distance / time

# 1.8.4 Stopping distance / time

### General

Stopping distance/time for emergency stop (category 0) at max speed, max stretched out and max load, categories according to EN 60204-1. All results are from tests on one moving axis. All stop distances are valid for floor mounted robot, without any tilting.

Robot variant	Axis	Category 0		
		A	В	
IRB 14000	1	23	0.37	
	2	23	0.37	
	7	26	0.40	
	3	26	0.40	

	Description
A	Stopping distance in degrees
В	Stop time (s)

1.9 Customer connections

### 1.9 Customer connections

### Introduction to customer connections

Customer connection, the cables are integrated in the robot and the connectors are placed on the left side at the base and in the tool flange.

The tool flange is equipped with an 8-pole pad-type connector for signal and power. Positions E-H are fore power (24V) and PE. Positions A-D are for signal, and can be either Ethernet or IO signals.

Upon delivery, the robot has Ethernet on the flange positions A-D. The Ethernet connection from each arm is routed to the LAN2 port on the main computer via an internal Ethernet switch in the controller. The user can reconnect inside the controller to instead get IO signals on the flanges. There is a female Ethernet connector waiting next to the Ethernet switch inside of the controller, by which flange positions A-D can instead be routed to XP12 on the left side panel of the controller. There, cross connections to DI and DO connectors XS8 and XS7 can easily be made.

On each flange, only one of Ethernet and IO signals can be used at the same time. When selecting the IRB 14000 SmartGrippers, Ethernet will be used, and the Tool IO signals on XP12 are not available on the flange. The Tool IO signals, on the other hand, can be used when integrating a basic pneumatic or electric gripper that is controlled by a small number of IO signals, and that is not Ethernet-based.

#### Robot base

For customer connections robot base, see *Controller on page 75*.

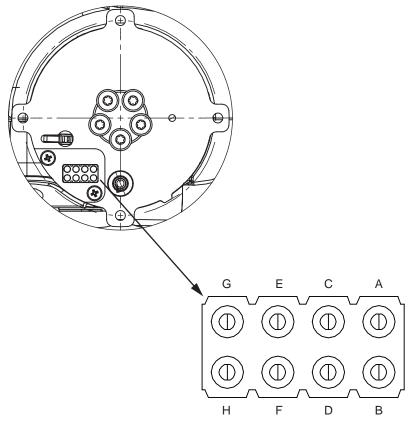
# 1.9 Customer connections *Continued*

## Tool flange



### Note

Customer signals (each arm) at tool flange is only available when no grippers are selected. Tool connector type, Spring-loaded Header Duble row, Mill-Max.



Pin	Description
Α	EtherNet RD-
В	EtherNet TD-
С	EtherNet RD+
D	EtherNet TD+
Е	PE
F	Spare
G	0V, IO
Н	24V, IO

# 2 Grippers

#### 2.1 Structure

#### 2.1.1 Introduction

#### General

The IRB 14000 gripper is a smart, multifunctional gripper for part handling and assembly. The gripper has one basic servo module and two optional functional modules, vacuum and vision. The three modules can be combined to provide five different combinations for users in different applications.

A pair of getting-started fingers are provided together with the gripper for demo and test purposes. These fingers should be replaced with fingers designed for the actual application by the system integrator.

If the vacuum module option is selected, a first set of suction cups and filters are provided together with the gripper.

#### **Protection**

The IRB 14000 gripper has IP30 protection.

#### Communication

The IRB 14000 gripper communicates with the IRB 14000 controller over an Ethernet IP fieldbus. A RobotWare add-in, SmartGripper, is provided to facilitate the operation and programming of the gripper. The add-in contains RAPID driver, FlexPendant interface and configuration files.

### Left and right

The IRB 14000 gripper can be mounted on left or right arm without restrictions. It can also be moved between arms and between robots. After a gripper is installed to the robot, the setup of Left or Right identity (chirality) of the gripper is done from the FlexPendant interface.

### Safety

The IRB 14000 gripper has a patented floating shell structure that helps absorb impacts during collisions. End effectors such as fingers and suction tools need to be designed for the actual application and included in the risk assessment by the system integrator.

### 2.1.2 Function modules

## 2.1.2 Function modules

### General

The functions of the three gripper modules are described as follows.

	Function module	Description
1	Servo	The servo module is the basic part of the gripper. It gives the function of gripping objects. Fingers are installed on the base of the servo module, and finger movement and force can be controlled and supervised.
2	Vacuum	The vacuum module contains the vacuum generator, vacuum pressure sensor and blow-off actuator. When the suction tools are mounted, the gripper can pick up objects by the suction function and place the objects by the blow-off function.
3	Vision	The vision module contains a Cognex AE3 In-Sight camera, supporting all functions of ABB Integrated Vision.

The three function modules can be combined into five different possibilities as listed in the following table.

	Combination	Includes
1	Servo	One servo module
2	Servo + Vacuum	One servo module and one vacuum module
3	Servo + Vacuum 1 + Vacuum 2	One servo module and two vacuum modules
4	Servo + Vision	One servo module and one vision module
5	Servo + Vision + Vacuum	One servo module, one vision module, and one vacuum module

### **Combination views**

Servo

The following figure illustrates the gripper with one servo module.



### Servo + Vacuum

The following figure illustrates the gripper with one servo module and one vacuum module.



Servo + Vacuum 1 + Vacuum 2

The following figure illustrates the gripper with one servo module and two vacuum modules.



### 2.1.2 Function modules

Continued

### Servo + Vision

The following figure illustrates the gripper with one servo module and one vision module.



xx1400002140

### Servo + Vision + Vacuum

The following figure illustrates the gripper with one servo module, one vacuum module and one vision module.



### 2.2.1 General

### 2.2 Technical data

### 2.2.1 General

### Weight and load capacity

Combination	Weight (g) without fingers, suction cup(s), and filter(s)	Weight (g) of the whole grip- per	Max. load capacity (g) without fingers, suction cup(s), and filter(s) ii	Max. load capacity (g) of the whole gripper ii
Servo	215	230	285	270
Servo + Vacuum 1	225.5	248	274.5	252
Servo + Vacuum 1 + Vacuum 2	250	280	250	220
Servo + Vision	229	244	271	256
Servo + Vision + Vacu- um 1	239.5	262	260.5	238

i The getting-started fingers weights 15 g, and the standard suction cups and filters weight 7.5 g per set.

### **Detailed mass data - Center of Gravity**

Combination	CoG (mm) without fingers, suction cup(s), and filter(s)			CoG (mm) of the whole gripper		
	x	у	z	x	у	z
Servo	8.7	12.3	49.2	8.2	11.7	52
Servo + Vacu- um 1	8.9	12.3	48.7	8.6	11.7	52.7
Servo + Vacu- um 1 + Vacuum 2	7.4	12.4	44.8	7.1	11.9	47.3
Servo + Vision	7.9	12.4	48.7	7.5	11.8	52.7
Servo + Vision + Vacuum 1	8.2	12.5	48.1	7.8	11.9	50.7

### Detailed mass data - Inertia

Combination	Inertia (kgm <sup>2</sup> ) without fingers, suction cup(s), and filter(s)			Inertia (kgm <sup>2</sup> ) of the whole gripper		
	lxx lyy lzz		lxx	lyy	Izz	
Servo	0.00017	0.00020	0.00008	0.00021	0.00024	0.00009
Servo + Vacu- um	0.00017	0.00020	0.00008	0.00021	0.00024	0.00009
Servo + Vacu- um 1 + Vacuum 2	0.00020	0.00024	0.00011	0.00025	0.00029	0.00012

### Continues on next page

Load capacity = 500 - Weight
Center of gravity (CoG) limitations applied. See the robot load diagram.

Combination	Inertia (kgm <sup>2</sup> ) without fingers, suction cup(s), and filter(s)			Inertia (kgm <sup>2</sup> ) of the whole gripper		
	lxx	lyy	Izz	lxx	lyy	Izz
Servo + Vision	0.00017	0.00019	0.00008	0.00021	0.00023	0.00008
Servo + Vision + Vacuum	0.00018	0.00020	0.00009	0.00022	0.00024	0.00009

# Tooldata definitions without fingers, suction cup(s), and filter(s)

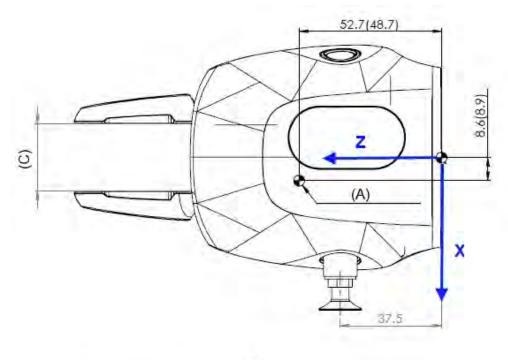
Combination	Tooldata
Servo	[ TRUE, [ [0, 0, 0], [1, 0, 0, 0] ], [0.215, [8.7, 12.3, 49.2], [1, 0, 0, 0], 0.00017, 0.00020, 0.00008] ]
Servo + Vacuum	[ TRUE, [ [0, 0, 0], [1, 0, 0, 0] ], [0.226, [8.9, 12.3, 48.7], [1, 0, 0, 0], 0.00017, 0.00020, 0.00008] ]
Servo + Vacuum 1 + Vacuum 2	[ TRUE, [ [0, 0, 0], [1, 0, 0, 0] ], [0.250, [7.4, 12.4, 44.8], [1, 0, 0, 0], 0.00020, 0.00024, 0.00011] ]
Servo + Vision	[ TRUE, [ [0, 0, 0], [1, 0, 0, 0] ], [0.229, [7.9, 12.4, 48.7], [1, 0, 0, 0], 0.00017, 0.00019, 0.00008] ]
Servo + Vision + Vacuum	[TRUE, [ [0, 0, 0], [1, 0, 0, 0] ], [0.240, [8.2, 12.5, 48.1], [1, 0, 0, 0], 0.00018, 0.00020, 0.00009] ]

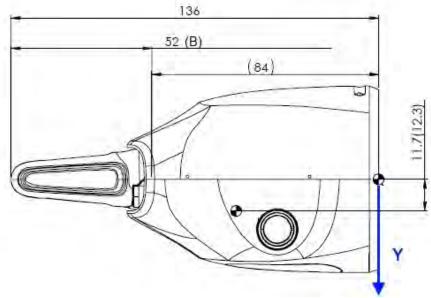
# Tooldata definitions with fingers, suction cup(s), and filter(s)

Combination	Tooldata
Servo	[TRUE, [ [0, 0, 0], [1, 0, 0, 0] ], [0.230, [8.2, 11.7, 52.0], [1, 0, 0, 0], 0.00021, 0.00024, 0.00009] ]
Servo + Vacuum	[ TRUE, [ [0, 0, 0], [1, 0, 0, 0] ], [0.248, [8.6, 11.7, 52.7], [1, 0, 0, 0], 0.00021, 0.00024, 0.00009] ]
Servo + Vacuum 1 + Vacuum 2	[TRUE, [ [0, 0, 0], [1, 0, 0, 0] ], [0.280, [7.1, 11.9, 47.3], [1, 0, 0, 0], 0.00025, 0.00029, 0.00012] ]
Servo + Vision	[TRUE, [ [0, 0, 0], [1, 0, 0, 0] ], [0.244, [7.5, 11.8, 52.7], [1, 0, 0, 0], 0.00021, 0.00023, 0.00008] ]
Servo + Vision + Vacuum	[ TRUE, [ [0, 0, 0], [1, 0, 0, 0] ], [0.262, [7.8, 11.9, 50.7], [1, 0, 0, 0], 0.00022, 0.00024, 0.00009] ]

### Mass data, illustration

The following figure shows the mass data of the gripper with one servo module and one vacuum module as an example.





#### xx1500000826

A	CoG Note: Dimensions of CoG in the brackets are without the fingers and suction tools
В	Getting-started finger length
С	Travel length: 0-50 mm

### Continues on next page

### Airborne noise level

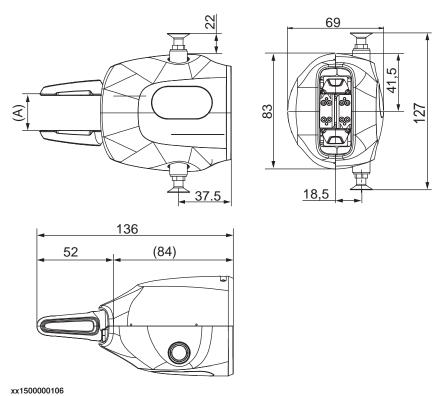
Description	Note
The sound pressure level outside	< 55 dB, measured at a location 0.5 m away from the gripper.

### **Power consumption**

The gripper is powered by 24 V DC and the maximum power consumption of the whole gripper is 9 W.

### **Dimensions**

The following figure shows the dimension of the gripper with one servo module and two vacuum modules. The dimensions of other gripper options can be obtained by simply removing the dimension data of the suction cups and filters. For the specific dimension of the camera used in the gripper with a vision module, see *Camera, dimensions on page 61*.



Pos	Description
Α	Travel length = 0 - 50 mm

### 2.2.2 Servo module

### **Travel length**

Description	Data
Travel length	0-50 mm (max. 25 mm per finger)

### Maximum speed

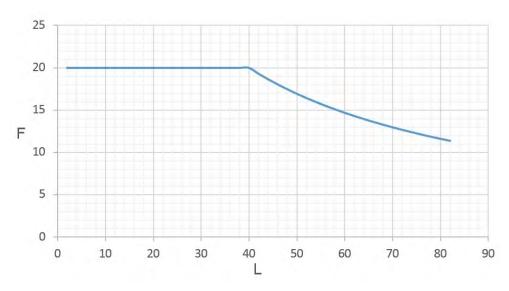
Description	Data
Speed	20 mm/s
Repeatability	±0.05 mm

## **Gripping force**

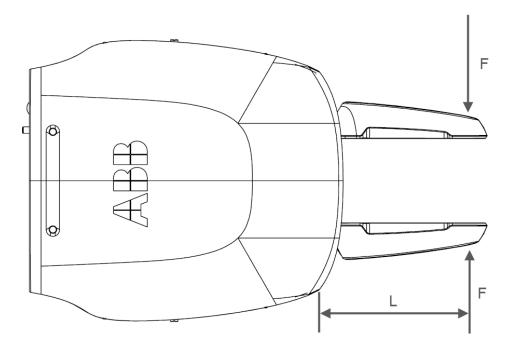
Description	Data
Gripping direction	Inward or outward
Maximum gripping force	20 N (at the gripping point of 40 mm)
External force (not in gripping directions)	15 N (at the gripping point of 40 mm)
Force control accuracy	±3 N

### Load diagram

The following figures show the relationship between the maximum allowed gripping force and gripping point to the finger flange.



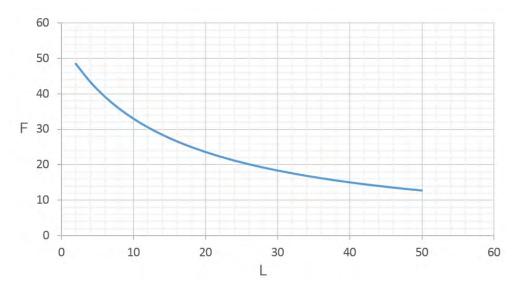
# 2.2.2 Servo module *Continued*



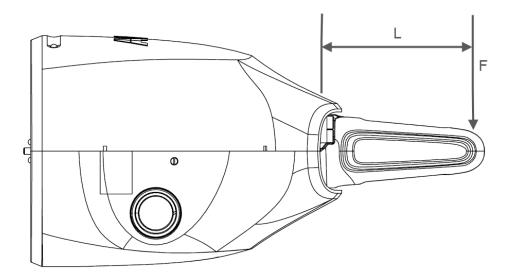
xx1500000797

Pos	Description	
F	Gripping force, in unit of N	
L	Length from the gripping point to the finger flange, in unit of mm	

The following figures show the relationship between the maximum allowed external force and gripping point to the finger flange.



## 2.2.2 Servo module Continued



xx1500000799

Pos	Description	
F	External force, in unit of N	
L	Length from the gripping point to the finger flange, in unit of mm	

### Position control and calibration

The servo module has integrated position control with the repeatability of ±0.05 mm. The servo module is calibrated by RAPID instructions or using the FlexPendant interface. For details, see the sections *IRB 14000 gripper FlexPendant application* and chapter *RAPID references* in *Product manual - Grippers for IRB 14000*.

#### 2.2.3 Vacuum module

### 2.2.3 Vacuum module

### Vacuum generator

The vacuum module has an integrated vacuum generator that is designed with a maximum payload of 150 g. The actual payload capacity depends on the following factors:

- · Suction tool design and the choice of suction cups
- · The surface structure of the object being picked
- · The pickup point and the CoG of the object being picked
- · Robot motion while the object is picked
- · Air pressure input to the robot

### Vacuum pressure sensor

The air pressure of the vacuum module can be monitored in real time using an in-built vacuum sensor. This makes it possible to detect whether the object is correctly picked up by the suction tool.

#### **Blow-off actuator**

To minimize cycle time and ensure accurate drop-off of the picked objects, a blow-off actuator is integrated in the vacuum module.

### 2.2.4 Vision module

### General

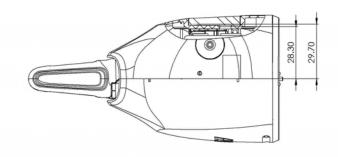
The vision module includes a Cognex AE3 camera and provides powerful and reliable vision and identification tools.

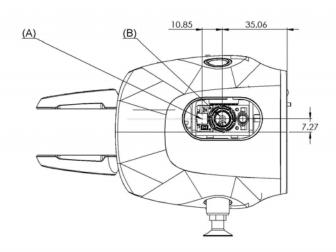
### Camera, specification

Description	Data
Resolution	1.3 Megapixel
Lens	6.2mm f/5
Illumination	Integrated LED with programmable intensity
Software engine	Powered by Cognex In-Sight
Application programming software	ABB Integrated vision or Cognex In-Sight Explorer

### Camera, dimensions

The following figure shows the dimension of the Cognex AE3 camera.





xx1500001395

Pos	Description
Α	Internal illumination

Continues on next page

# 2.2.4 Vision module

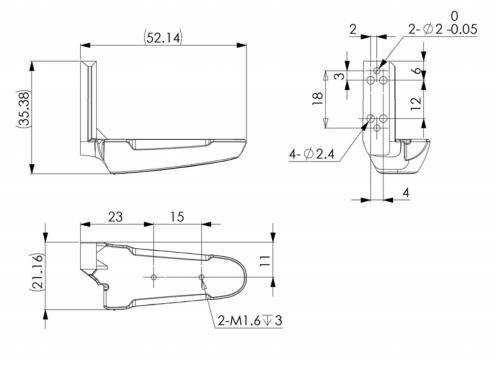
## Continued

Pos	Description
В	Lens

### 2.2.5 Fingers

### Getting-started finger, dimensions

The following figure shows the dimension of the getting-started finger.



xx1500001606

### Design requirements for customized fingers

Except for the two getting-started fingers delivered together with the IRB 14000 gripper, it is also possible for users to customize fingers based on actual requirements. When designing fingers, the following requirements should be met:

- To enhance the stiffness for gripping and extend lifetime of the fingers, it is recommended metal be used as the finger materials.
- The finger size must be designed properly to prevent any collision with the gripper shell during the finger movement or gripping.
- The length of the screws that are used for fastening the fingers to the finger flange must be proper and less than the maximum hole depth on the flange.
   For details about the maximum hole depth, see *Hole configuration*, *finger* flange on page 70.
- Installation direction and position of the fingers should follow those of the getting-started fingers. For details, see Getting-started finger, dimensions on page 63.

### 2.3.1 Operating requirements

### 2.3 Installation

# 2.3.1 Operating requirements

### **Protection standard**

Option combination	Protection standard IEC529
All gripper combinations	IP30

### **Ambient temperature**

Description	Standard/Option	Temperature
Gripper during operation	Standard	+ 5°C (41°F) to + 40°C (104°F)
Gripper during transportation and storage	Standard	- 10°C (14°F) to + 55°C (131°F)

### Air input

The gripper is recommended to be supplied with a maximum of 5-bar air input. Before the air input, ensure that the input air is filtered and clean.

### **Relative humidity**

Description	Relative humidity
Complete gripper during operation, transportation and storage	Max. 85% at constant temperature

# 2.3.2 Recommended standard tightening torque

## Standard tightening torque

The table below specifies the recommended standard tightening torque for the screws.

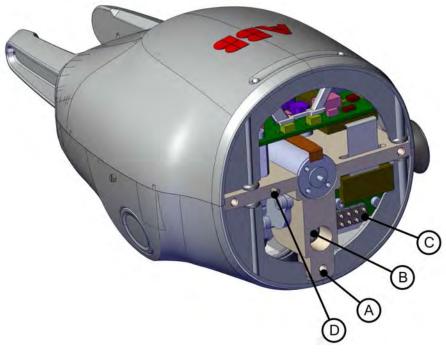
Screw type	Tightening torque (Nm) on metal	Tightening torque (Nm) on plastic
M1.2	N/A	0.05
M1.6 (12.9 class carbon steel screw)	0.25	N/A
M1.6 (stainless steel screw)	N/A	0.05
M2	0.25	0.1
M2.5	0.45	0.45

## 2.3.3 Mounting the gripper

# 2.3.3 Mounting the gripper

## **Mounting flange**

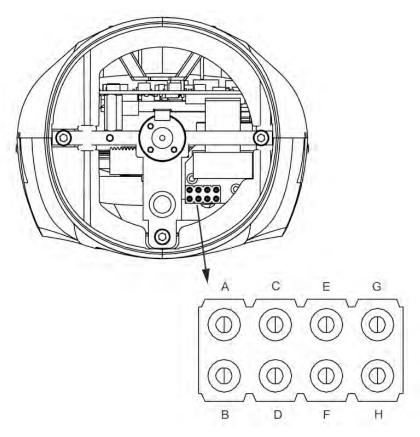
Three M2.5 holes and one guide pin are used to assemble the gripper to the arm tool flange.



Pos	Description
Α	Recommended screws, three M2.5 x 8
В	Air hose
С	8-pin connector (spring-loaded)
D	Guide pin

## 2.3.3 Mounting the gripper Continued

The pins of the connector (shown as C in the preceding figure) are defined as follows.

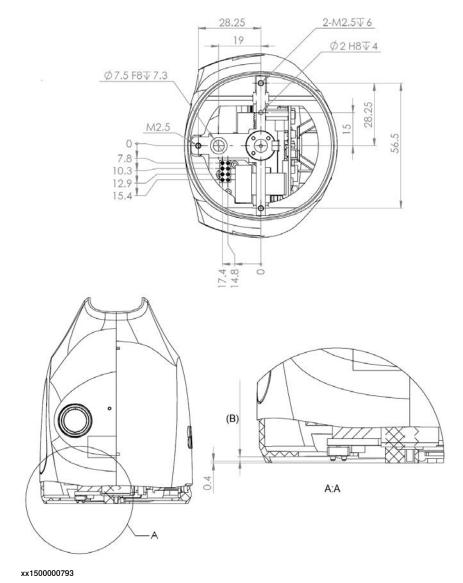


Pin	Description
Α	EtherNet RD-
В	EtherNet TD-
С	EtherNet RD+
D	EtherNet TD+
E	PE
F	Spare
G	0V, IO
Н	24V, IO

# 2.3.3 Mounting the gripper *Continued*

## Hole configuration, mounting base

The following figure shows the hole configuration when assembling the gripper to the arm tool flange.



Pos	Description
В	Stroke = 1 mm

2.3.4 Mounting the fingers

# 2.3.4 Mounting the fingers

### General

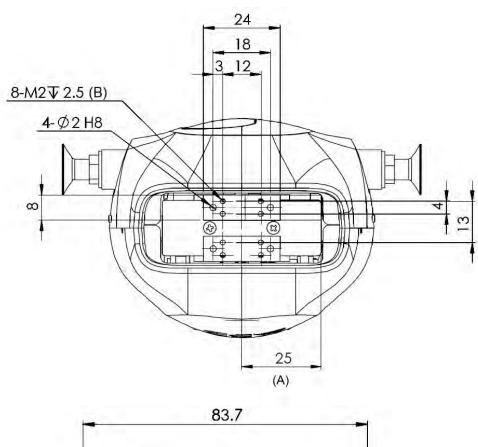
A pair of getting-started fingers are provided together with the gripper for demo and test purposes. These fingers should be replaced with fingers designed for the actual application by the system integrator and must be included in the final risk assessment done by the system integrator.

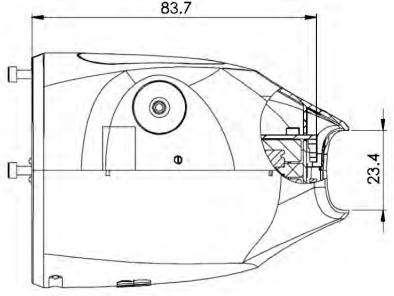
# 2.3.4 Mounting the fingers

# Continued

## Hole configuration, finger flange

The following figures show the hole configuration and main dimensions of the finger flanges.





Pos	Description
Α	Position of the maximum displacement
В	Maximum hole depth

2.3.5 Mounting tools to the vacuum module

## 2.3.5 Mounting tools to the vacuum module

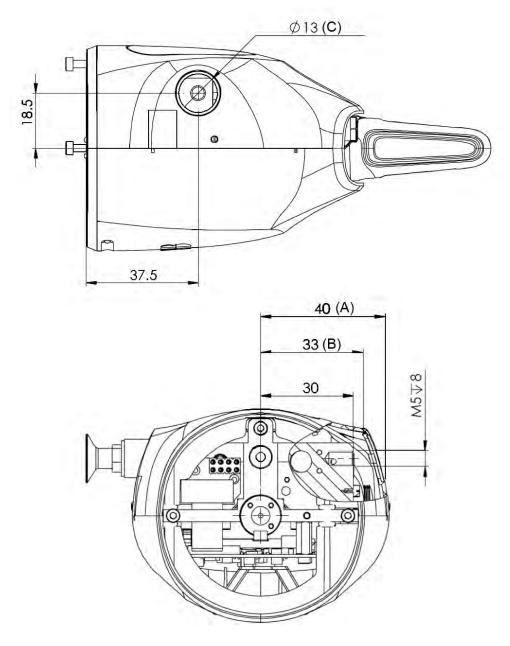
### General

The vacuum module is delivered with a first set of suction cups and filters for demo and test purposes. Application-specific suction tools should be designed and chosen by the system integrator. Air filters are required in the suction tools to ensure the long-term performance of the vacuum module. If the vacuum function is not required, passive assembly tools, such as press tools, can also be mounted to the suction tool interface. Any tools mounted to the gripper must be included in the final risk assessment by the system integrator.

# 2.3.5 Mounting tools to the vacuum module *Continued*

## Hole configuration, vacuum tools

The following figure shows the hole configuration and tool interface of the vacuum module.



Pos	Description
Α	Length from the center to the outer shell surface
В	Length from the center to the inner shell surface
С	Shell hole depth

2.4.1 Introduction

# 2.4 Maintenance and trouble shooting

# 2.4.1 Introduction

# General

The gripper requires only a minimum of maintenance during operation. It has been designed to make it as easy to service as possible.

#### Maintenance

The maintenance intervals depend on the use of the gripper, and the required maintenance activities also depend on the selected options. For detailed about the maintenance procedures, see the *Maintenance* section in the *Product manual - Grippers for IRB 14000*.

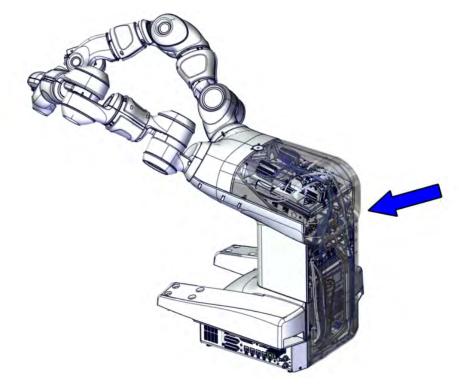


# 3 Controller

#### 3.1 Overview

#### Overview

The IRB 14000 integrated controller is based on the standard IRC5 controller, and contains all functions needed to move and control the robot.



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# Note

When replacing a unit in the controller, report the following data to ABB, for both the replaced unit and the replacement unit:

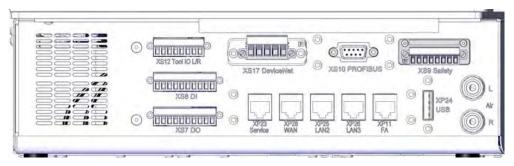
- · the serial number
- · article number
- revision

This is particularly important for the safety equipment to maintain the safety integrity of the installation.

# 3.1 Overview Continued

# Controller interface, left side

The following illustration describes the interface on the left side panel of the controller.

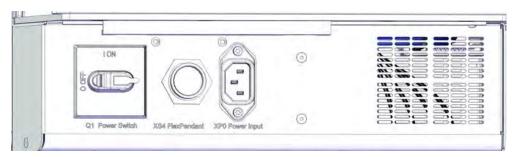


xx1400002129

XS12	Tool I/O, left and right arm 4x4 digital I/O signals to the tool flanges, to be cross connected with XS8 and/or XS9 when not using Ethernet.		
XS17	DeviceNet Master/Slave		
XS10	Fieldbus adapter PROFIBUS Anybus device (fieldbus adapter option)		
XS9	Safety signals		
XS8	Digital inputs 8 digital input signals (approx. 5 mA) to the internal I/O board (DSQC 652)		
XS7	Digital outputs 8 digital output signals (150 mA/channel) from the internal I/O board (DSQC 652)		
XP23	Service		
XP28	WAN (connection to factory WAN).		
XP25	LAN2 (connection of Ethernet based options).		
XP26	LAN3 (connection of Ethernet based options).		
XP11	FA = Fieldbus adapter PROFINET or EtherNet/IP (fieldbus adapter option)		
XP24	USB port to main computer		
Air L	Air supply, left arm O.D. 4 mm air hose, 0.5 MPa air pressure		
Air R	Air supply, right arm O.D. 4 mm air hose, 0.5 MPa air pressure		

# Controller interface, right side

The following illustration describes the interface on the right side panel of the controller.



xx1400002125

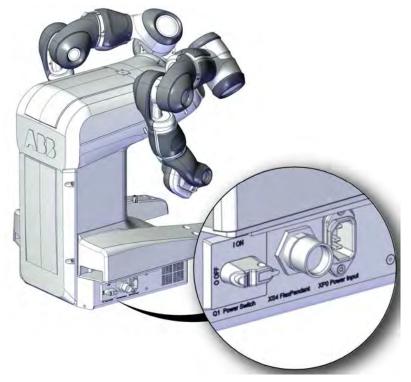
Q1	Power switch
XS4	FlexPendant
XP0	Power input Main AC power connector, IEC 60320-1 C14, 100-240 VAC, 50-60 Hz

3.2 Connecting power and the FlexPendant

# 3.2 Connecting power and the FlexPendant

#### Overview

The following illustration shows the connectors on the right side of the controller.



xx1500000503

Q1	Power switch
XS4	FlexPendant
XP0	Power input Main AC power connector, IEC 60320-1 C14, 100-240 VAC, 50-60 Hz

# Connecting power to the controller

The following procedure describes how to connect the main power to the controller.



# **CAUTION**

Always inspect the connector for dirt or damage before connecting it to the controller. Clean or replace any damaged parts.



#### Note

This product may cause interference if used in residential areas. Such use must be avoided unless the user takes special measures to reduce electromagnetic emissions to prevent interference to the reception of radio and television broadcasts.

# 3.2 Connecting power and the FlexPendant Continued

	Action	Information
1	Locate the main AC power connector on the right side of the controller.	The power switch must be turned off.
2	Connect the power cable	

# **Connecting a FlexPendant**

The following procedure describes how to connect a FlexPendant to the controller.



# **CAUTION**

Always inspect the connector for dirt or damage before connecting it to the controller. Clean or replace any damaged parts.

	Action	Information
1	Locate the FlexPendant socket connector on the right side of the controller.	The controller must be in manual mode.
2	Plug in the FlexPendant cable connector.	
3	Screw the connector lock ring firmly by turning it clockwise.	

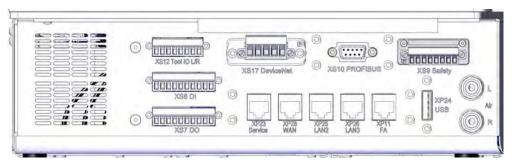
3.3 Connecting a PC and Ethernet based options

# 3.3 Connecting a PC and Ethernet based options

#### Introduction

The following connectors on the interface on the left side panel of the controller are directly connected to the Ethernet ports of the IRC5 main computer.

For more information about the functionality of each connector, see *Connectors* on the computer unit on page 81.



xx1400002129

XP23	Service	
XP28	WAN (connection to factory WAN).	
XP25	LAN2 (connection of Ethernet based options).	
XP26	LAN3 (connection of Ethernet based options).	
XP24	USB port to main computer	

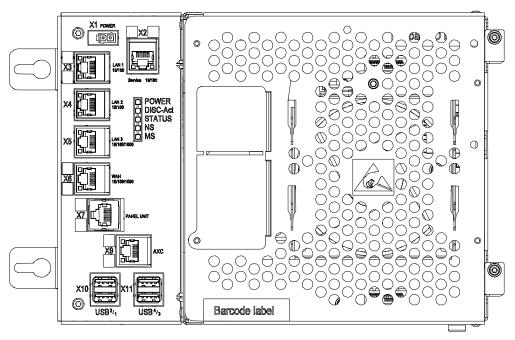
# **Multiple Ethernet based options**

For IRB 14000 it is possible to use both the options *PROFINET Controller/Device* (888-2) and *EtherNet/IP Scanner/Adapter* (841-1) at the same time.

# 3.3.1 Connectors on the computer unit

#### Overview of the computer unit

The following illustration shows an overview of the computer unit.



xx1300000608

X1	Power supply	
X2 (yellow)	Service (connection of PC).	
X3 (green)	LAN1 (connection of FlexPendant).	
X4	LAN2 (connection of Ethernet based options).	
X5	LAN3 (connection of Ethernet based options).	
X6	WAN (connection to factory WAN).	
X7 (blue)	Panel unit	
X9 (red)	Axis computer	
X10, X11	USB ports (4 ports)	



# Note

It is not supported to connect multiple ports of the main computer (X2 - X6) to the same external switch, unless static VLAN isolation is applied on the external switch.

# Service port

The service port is intended for service engineers and programmers connecting directly to the controller with a PC.

# 3.3.1 Connectors on the computer unit *Continued*

The service port is configured with a fixed IP-address, which is the same for all controllers and cannot be changed, and has a DHCP server that automatically assigns an IP-address to the connected PC.



#### Note

For more information about connecting a PC to the service port, see section *Working online* in *Operating manual - RobotStudio*.

#### **WAN** port

The WAN port is a public network interface to the controller, typically connected to the factory network with a public IP address provided by the network administrator.

The WAN port can be configured with fixed IP-address, or DCHP, from the **Boot application** on the FlexPendant. By default the IP-address is blank.

Some network services, like FTP and RobotStudio, are enabled by default. Other services are enabled by the respective RobotWare application.



#### Note

The WAN port cannot use any of the following IP-addresses which are allocated for other functions on the IRC5 controller:

- 192.168.125.0 255
- 192.168.126.0 255
- 192.168.127.0 255
- 192.168.128.0 255
- 192.168.129.0 255
- 192.168.130.0 255

The WAN port cannot be on a subnet which overlaps with any of the above reserved IP-addresses. If a subnet mask in the class B range has to be used, then a private address of class B must be used to avoid any overlapping. Please contact your local network administrator regarding network overlapping.

See the section about topic *Communication* in *Technical reference* manual - System parameters.



#### Note

For more information about connecting a PC to the WAN port, see section *Working online* in *Operating manual - RobotStudio*.

#### LAN ports

The LAN 1 port is dedicated for connecting the FlexPendant.

3.3.1 Connectors on the computer unit Continued

The LAN 2 and LAN 3 ports are intended for connecting network based process equipment to the controller. For example field buses, cameras, and welding equipment.



#### Note

When using IRB 14000 grippers, the following restrictions apply to the usage of I AN2:

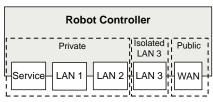
- Any external units connected to LAN2 need to have IP addresses on the same subnet as the grippers, network 192.168.125.0/24.
- If option 841-1 EtherNet/IP Scanner/Adapter is used for external units (EtherNet/IP scanners or adapters), these units must be connected to LAN2, network 192.168.125.0/24. These units will share EtherNet/IP network with the IRB 14000 grippers.

Note that option 840-1 EtherNet/IP Anybus Adapter can be used without restrictions.

LAN 2 can only be used as private network to the IRC5 controller.

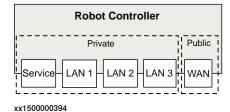
Isolated LAN 3 or LAN 3 as part of the private network (only for RobotWare 6.01 and later)

The default configuration is that LAN 3 is configured as an isolated network. This allows LAN 3 to be connected to an external network, including other robot controllers. The isolated LAN 3 network has the same address limitations as the WAN network.



xx1500000393

An alternative configuration is that LAN 3 is part of the private network. The ports Service, LAN 1, LAN 2, and LAN 3 then belong to the same network and act just as different ports on the same switch. This is configured by changing the system parameter *Interface*, in topic *Communication* and type *Static VLAN*, from "LAN 3" to "LAN". See *Technical reference manual - System parameters*.



# 3.3.1 Connectors on the computer unit *Continued*



# Note

For more information and examples of connecting to different networks, see Application manual - EtherNet/IP Scanner/Adapter or Application manual - PROFINET Controller/Device.

# **USB** ports

The USB ports are intended for connecting USB memory devices.



# Note

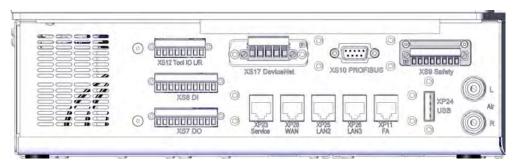
It is recommended to use the USB ports USB <sup>1</sup> and USB <sup>2</sup> on the X10 connector for connecting USB memory devices.

The USB ports on the X11 connector are intended for internal use.

# 3.4 Connecting I/O signals

#### Introduction

It is possible to connect digital I/O signals to the IRB 14000 through the connectors on the interface on the left side panel of the controller.



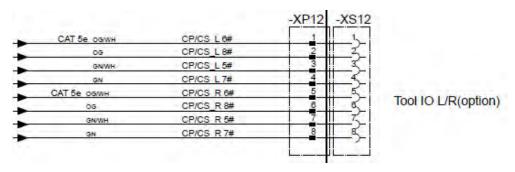
xx1400002129

XS12	Tool I/O, left and right arm 4x4 digital I/O signals to the tool flanges, when not using Ethernet.
XS8	Digital inputs 8 digital input signals to the internal I/O board (DSQC 652)
XS7	Digital outputs 8 digital output signals from the internal I/O board (DSQC 652)

#### Tool I/O

Tool I/O is a customer option.

When not using Ethernet to the tool flanges it is possible to use the XS12 connector for connecting digital I/O signals instead.



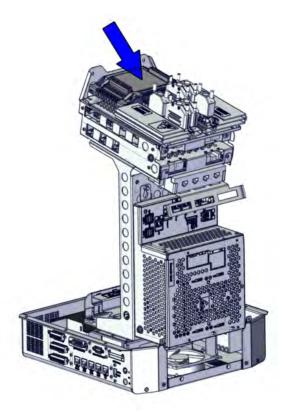
xx1500000012

For more information about connecting the tool I/O, see *Circuit diagram - IRB* 14000.

# 3.4 Connecting I/O signals *Continued*

# Digital inputs and outputs

The connectors for digital inputs and outputs on the controller interface are connected to the internal DeviceNet I/O unit in the controller.



xx1500000429

The signals are predefined in the system parameters in topic I/O System, with the names  $custom_DI_x$  and  $custom_DO_x$ . The customer should change the names to fit the current application.

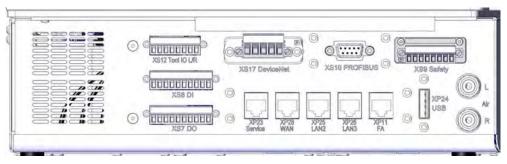
For more information about configuring I/O, see *Application manual - DeviceNet Master/Slave* and *Technical reference manual - System parameters* 

# 3.5 Connecting fieldbuses

#### Introduction

The IRC5 Controller may be fitted with a number of different fieldbus adapters and fieldbus master/slave boards.

The following connectors on the interface on the left side panel of the controller are directly connected to the fieldbus connectors on the integrated IRC5 main computer.



xx1400002129

XS17	DeviceNet
XS10	Fieldbus adapter PROFIBUS (fieldbus adapter option)
XP11	Fieldbus adapter PROFINET or EtherNet/IP (fieldbus adapter option)



# Note

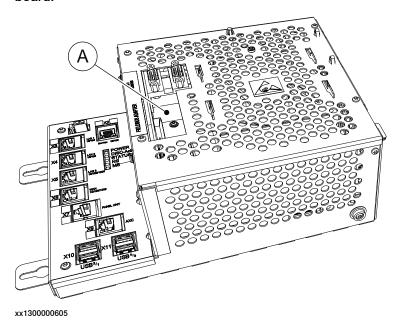
DeviceNet m/s (option 709-1) is provided at XS17 as default.

The DeviceNet fieldbus adapter (option 840-4) is not supported by IRB 14000.

# 3.5 Connecting fieldbuses *Continued*

# **Expansion board for fieldbus adapters**

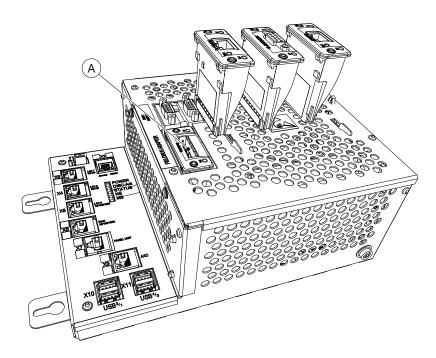
An expansion board needs to be installed to be able to fit a fieldbus adapter. On top of the main computer unit, there is one slot available for installing the expansion board.



A Assembled expansion board for fieldbus adapters, without adapter.

# Fieldbus adapters

The fieldbus adapters are inserted into the expansion board on top of the main computer unit. There is one slot available for installing a fieldbus adapter.



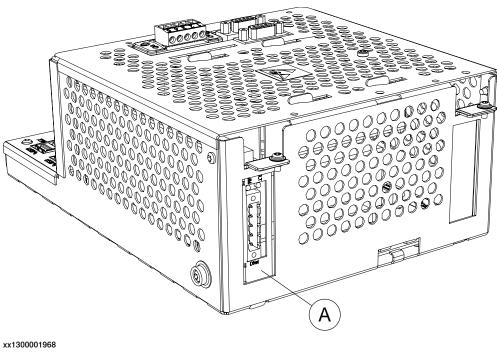
xx1300000604

3.5 Connecting fieldbuses Continued

A Slot for AnybusCC fieldbus adapters	
---------------------------------------	--

#### DeviceNet master/slave board

The DeviceNet m/s board is installed the right side of the main computer.

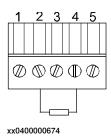


A Slot for DeviceNet m/s board

# Termination resistors in the DeviceNet bus

Each end of the DeviceNet bus must be terminated with a 121 ohm resistor. The two terminating resistors should be as far apart as possible.

The termination resistor is placed in the cable connector. There is no internal termination on the DeviceNet PCI board. The termination resistor is connected between CANL and CANH - that is, between pin 2 and pin 4 according to the illustration below.



#### References

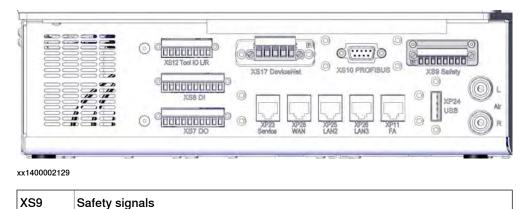
For more information on how to install and configure the fieldbuses, see the respective fieldbus application manual.

3.6 Connecting safety signals

# 3.6 Connecting safety signals

#### Introduction

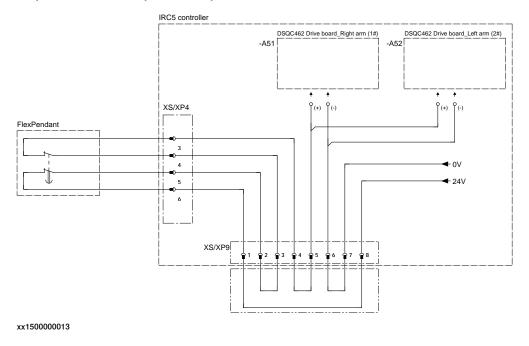
The IRB 14000 safety stop signals (SS) are accessed through the safety connector on the interface on the left side panel of the controller. This is covered by a safety bridge connector by default in standalone mode. If the bridge connector is removed, it is external device mode.



#### Standalone safety

IRB 14000 standalone is not connected to any external safety devices. The safety connector on the foot interface is plugged with a safety bridge connector, that closes both emergency stop channels of the FlexPendant.

The safety stop input on each drive monitors this channel, and triggers a safety stop if the circuit is open or not powered.



3.6 Connecting safety signals Continued

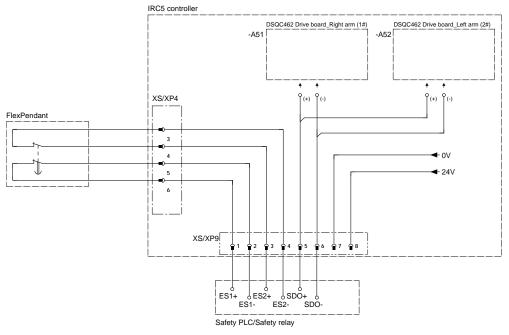
#### Safety when connected to external devices

To connect to external safety devices, the safety bridge connector must be removed.

The system integrator shall then use a safety PLC or safety relay to feed and monitor the dual channel emergency stop of the IRB 14000 FlexPendant.

The safety PLC shall process the input from the IRB 14000 emergency stop, as well as inputs from other safety devices in the cell, and set the necessary outputs to stop machinery in the cell.

Dual channel safety performance can be maintained where such is required. IRB 14000 can be stopped from the safety PLC by routing back a single channel stop signal to the safety connector XS9.



xx1500000014

For more information about connecting the safety signals, see *Circuit diagram - IRB* 14000.

3.7.1 SD-card memory

# 3.7 Memory functions

# 3.7.1 SD-card memory

# General

The controller is fitted with an SD-card memory containing ABB Boot Application software. The SD-card memory is located inside the computer unit.



# Note

Only use SD-card memory supplied by ABB.

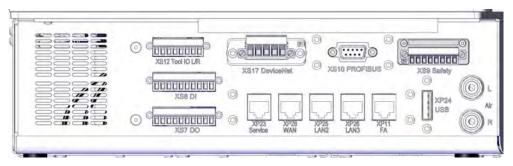
# 3.7.2 Connecting an USB memory

#### General

Handling of USB memory is described in *Operating manual - IRC5 with FlexPendant*.

#### Location on the controller

The location of the USB port on the controller is shown by the following illustration:



xx1400002129

XP24 USB<sup>1</sup> port to main computer

#### Location on the FlexPendant

The location of the USB port on the FlexPendant is shown by the following illustration:



xx1500000701



4.1 Introduction to variants and options

# 4 Specification of variants and options

# 4.1 Introduction to variants and options

#### General

The different variants and options for the IRB 14000 are described in the following sections. The same option numbers are used here as in the specification form.

#### **Related information**

For the controller see Product specification - Controller IRC5.

For the software options see Product specification - Controller software IRC5.

# 4 Specification of variants and options

# 4.2 Manipulator

# 4.2 Manipulator

# **Variants**

Option	IRB Type	Handling capacity (kg)	Reach (m)
435-131	IRB 14000	0.5	0.559

# 4.3 Grippers

Below are the gripper options.

# First gripper

Option	Туре	Description
1512-1	Servo	
1513-1	Vacuum 1	Requires: Servo [1512-1]
1514-1	Vacuum 2	Requires: Servo [1512-1] and Vacuum 1 [1513-1], Not together with: Vision [1515-1]
1515-1	Vision	Requires: Servo [1512-1], Integrated Vision support [1520-1]

# Second gripper

Option	Туре	Description
1516-1	Servo	
1517-1	Vacuum 1	Requires: Servo [1516-1]
1518-1	Vacuum 2	Requires: Servo [1516-1] and Vacuum 1 [1517-1], Not together with: Vision [1519-1]
1519-1	Vision	Requires: Servo [1516-1], Integrated Vision support [1520-1]

# **Grippers**

Option	Туре	Description
1512(6)-1		Servo
1512(6)-1 + 1513(7)-1	Sec.	Vacuum 1 Servo + one vacuum unit
1512(6)-1+1513(7)-1+1514(8)- 1		Vacuum 2 Servo + two vacuum units

# 4.3 Grippers *Continued*

Option	Туре	Description
1512(6)-1+1515(9)-1		Vision Servo + integrated vision camera
1512(6)-1+1513(7)-1+1515(9)- 1		Vision Servo + integrated vision camera + one vacuum unit

# 4.4 Basic

# Warranty

Option	Туре	Description
438-1	Standard warranty	Standard warranty is 12 months from <i>Customer Delivery Date</i> or latest 18 months after <i>Factory Shipment Date</i> , whichever occurs first. Warranty terms and conditions apply.

#### Mains cable

Option	Туре	Description
1525-1	EU mains cable, 2 m	IEC C14 cable assembly with locking system and CEE7/VII line-side plug.
1,525	UK mains cable, 2 m	IEC C14 cable assembly with locking system and BS1363 line-side plug, 5A fused.
1525-3	US mains cable, 6 ft	IEC C14 cable assembly with locking system and NEMA5-15 line-side plug.
1525-4	JP mains cable, 2 m	IEC C14 cable assembly with locking system and JI8303 line-side plug.
1525-5	CN mains cable, 2 m	IEC C14 cable assembly with locking system and CPCS-CCC line-side plug.
1525-6	AU mains cable, 2 m	IEC C14 cable assembly with locking system and AS/NZS 3112 line-side plug.

# Safety relay

Option	Туре	Description
1526-1	RT6 relay, 230VAC	ABB RT6 safety relay for 230VAC.
1,526	RT6 relay, 115VAC	ABB RT6 safety relay for 115VAC.

# **FlexPendant**

Color graphic pendant with touch screen.

Option	Description
701-1	FlexPendant 10 m

# 4.4 Basic Continued



xx1400002067

Pos	Description
Α	Display
В	Emergency stop button
С	Enabling control device (no function)
D	Joystick

# FlexPendant removal

Option	Description
702-1	Connector plug
	The option consists of a jumper connector to close the safety chains. This is mandatory if a FlexPendant is not connected.

# **RS232 serial port**

Option	Description	
970-1	RS232 Serial Channel	
	One RS232 serial channel for permanent use which can be used for communication point to point with printers, terminals, computers, and other equipment.	

The fieldbus adapter and the RS232 serial channel is located on the fieldbus adapter expansion board. Therefore the option 970-1 is required when using a fieldbus adapter, see *Fieldbus adapters on page 101*.

# DeviceNet<sup>TM</sup> m/s

Option	Description
709-1	Single channel. Occupies 1 PCI slot.

4.4 Basic Continued

# **PROFIBUS DP**

Option	Description
969-1	PROFIBUS DP Master NOT TOGETHER WITH:PROFIBUS DP [840-2]

# **PROFINET IO**

Option	Description
888-2	PROFINET IO m/s SW
	Occupies one Ethernet port.
888-3	PROFINET IO slave SW
	Occupies one Ethernet port.

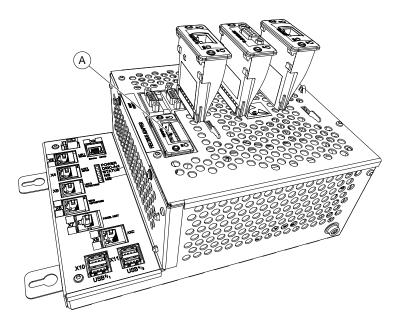
# Fieldbus adapters

Option	Description
840-1	EtherNet/IP <sup>TM</sup> Up to 1024 digital inputs and 1024 digital outputs can be transferred serially to a master equipped with an EtherNet/IP <sup>TM</sup> interface. The bus cable is connected directly to the adapter RJ45 connector.
840-2	PROFIBUS DP Up to 512 digital inputs and 512 digital outputs can be transferred serially to a master equipped with a PROFIBUS DP interface. The bus cable is connected to the adapter D-sub connector.
840-3	PROFINET IO  Up to 1024 digital inputs and 1024 digital outputs can be transferred serially to a master equipped with a PROFINET IO interface. The bus cable is connected to the adapter RJ45 connector.

# 4.4 Basic

# Continued

The fieldbus adapter and the RS232 serial channel is located on the fieldbus adapter expansion board. Therefore the option 970-1 is required when using a fieldbus adapter, see *RS232 serial port on page 100*.



xx1300000604

Α	Slot for AnybusCC fieldbus adapters
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# Enc. interface unit-Exte

Option	Description
826-1	Encoder interface unit- Exte
	REQUIRES: DeviceNet <sup>TM</sup> m/s [709-X] or DeviceNet <sup>TM</sup> Lean [748-1]

# **Conveyor Tracking**

Option	Description
606-1	Conveyor Tracking NOT TOGETHER WITH: Prep. for PickMaster 3 [642-1]
	REQUIRES: Encoder interface unit [826-1]

# **High resolution PoE camera**

# Integrated Vison interface

Option	Description
1521-1	(1-2) Choose quantity
	Only for IRB 14000.

# 4.5 Unlisted options

# Included by default, not listed in the specification form

Option	Name	Option	Name
604-1	Multimove, coordinated	613-1	Collision detection
988-1	RW Add-In prepared	841-1	EtherNet/IP <sup>TM</sup> m/s
608-1	World Zones	611-1	Path Recovery
612-1	Path Offset	616-1	PC Interface
688-1	RobotStudion App Connect	617-1	FlexPendant Interface
1341-1	Vision Interface	213-1	Safety Lamp
1520-1	Integrated Vision SW	129-1	Prep. for CE labelling
429-1	UL/CSA		

# Not currently supported, not listed in the specification form

Option	Name	Option	Name	
689-1	EGM <sup>i</sup>	855-1	SoftMove <sup>i</sup>	
812-1	Production Manager	890-1	GPRS/Internet (Remote Service)	
602-1	Advanced shape tuning	607-1	Sensor Sync	
607-2	Analog Sync	610-1	Independent Axis	
624-1	Cont. Appl. Platform	625-1	Discrete Appl. Platform	
628-1	Sensor Interface	634-1	MultiProcess	
641-1	Dispense	642-1	PickMaster 3	
642-2	PickMaster 5	661-2	Force Control base	
687-1	Advanced robot motion	702-2	Hot plug	
813-1	Optical Tracking	840-4	DeviceNet IO (Fieldbus adapter)	
897-1	RRI	900-1	WristMove	
951-1	RW Cutting	976-1	T10 Jogging device	
983-1	Enabling	1167-1	Machine Tending	
	Additional axes and drive module options			

i Planned for future release.



# 5 Accessories

#### Introduction to accessories

General

There is a range of tools and equipment available.

Basic software and software options for robot and PC

For more information, see *Product specification - Controller IRC5* and *Product specification - Controller software IRC5*.

#### Robot peripherals

- Grippers
- Signal lamp
- · Stationary camera



#### Note

Cognex In-Sight Micro 1402 is a stationary camera specific to IRB 14000. See *Product specification - Integrated Vision*.



# Index EN, 15 EN IEC, 14 EN ISO, 14 safety, 14 standard warranty, 99 stock warranty, 99 options, 95 P protection standards, 14 S safety standards, 14 S safety standards, 14 S safety standards, 14 S safety standards, 14 W warranty, 99 W warranty, 99

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