

# Ideology Correlations for Moral/Emotional Contagion

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## Correlations, Linear Models, and Unpacking Interactions

### Variable Guide:

tID = ideology of original tweet author (negative = liberal; 0 = centrist; positive = conservative)

rtID = ideology of retweeter (in most cases, averaged per tweet)

ex.tID = ideological extremity (i.e. absolute value) of author (0 = centrist)

ex.rtID = ideological extremity (i.e. absolute value) of retweeter

diffID = ideological difference (absolute value) between author and (avg.) retweeter (0 = no difference)

M = moral (1); nonmoral (-1)

E = emotional (1); unemotional (-1)

cond = Four Conditions: M\_E, M\_NE, NM\_E, NM\_NE

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### Output of Models

```
# after adjusting for ideology of author, retweeters, and ideological extremity
lm(diffID ~ tID+rtID*M+rtID*E+M*E, data=dCjoin2) %>% summary() #main model
```

```
## 
## Call:
## lm(formula = diffID ~ tID + rtID * M + rtID * E + M * E, data = dCjoin2)
## 
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max 
## -1.2404 -0.3409 -0.1208  0.2204  3.0307 
## 
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value    Pr(>|t|)    
## (Intercept) 0.692340  0.005675 121.991 < 2e-16 ***
## tID          0.131735  0.006440  20.455 < 2e-16 ***
## rtID         0.104043  0.007365  14.127 < 2e-16 ***
## M            -0.056783  0.005579 -10.178 < 2e-16 ***
```

```

## E          0.011849  0.005566  2.129      0.0333 *
## rtID:M    -0.032949  0.006611 -4.984  0.000000631 ***
## rtID:E     0.025531  0.006180  4.131  0.000036338 ***
## M:E        -0.007284  0.005171 -1.409      0.1590
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.5188 on 13216 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.09611,   Adjusted R-squared:  0.09564
## F-statistic: 200.8 on 7 and 13216 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

```

```
# morality plays a bigger role than emotion when it comes to ideological diversity
lm(diffID ~ tID+rtID+ex.tID*M+ex.tID*E,data=dCjoin2) %>% summary() #emo int w/ ex.tID
```

```

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = diffID ~ tID + rtID + ex.tID * M + ex.tID * E, data = dCjoin2)
##
## Residuals:
##    Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max
## -1.5486 -0.3405 -0.1207  0.2304  2.9905
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.529326  0.009561 55.363 < 2e-16 ***
## tID         0.151042  0.006458 23.387 < 2e-16 ***
## rtID        0.091655  0.006630 13.824 < 2e-16 ***
## ex.tID      0.228819  0.011088 20.637 < 2e-16 ***
## M           0.029591  0.009420  3.141  0.00169 **
## E           0.014241  0.008978  1.586  0.11271
## ex.tID:M   -0.111851  0.010833 -10.325 < 2e-16 ***
## ex.tID:E   -0.023883  0.010206 -2.340  0.01929 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.5113 on 13216 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1222, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1217
## F-statistic: 262.8 on 7 and 13216 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

```

```
lm(diffID ~ tID+rtID+rtID*M+rtID*E,data=dCjoin2) %>% summary() #emo int w/ rtID
```

```

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = diffID ~ tID + rtID + rtID * M + rtID * E, data = dCjoin2)
##
## Residuals:
##    Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max
## -1.2311 -0.3410 -0.1213  0.2206  3.0262
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.691621  0.005653 122.356 < 2e-16 ***
## tID         0.131771  0.006440  20.460 < 2e-16 ***

```

```

## rtID      0.103877  0.007364 14.106    < 2e-16 ***
## M        -0.057722  0.005539 -10.420    < 2e-16 ***
## E         0.009333  0.005272   1.770     0.0767 .
## rtID:M   -0.032671  0.006609 -4.944  0.000000776 ***
## rtID:E    0.026110  0.006167   4.234  0.000023113 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.5188 on 13217 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.09598,   Adjusted R-squared:  0.09557
## F-statistic: 233.9 on 6 and 13217 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

```

```
lm(diffID ~ tID+rtID+tID*M+tID*E,data=dCjoin2) %>% summary()
```

```

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = diffID ~ tID + rtID + tID * M + tID * E, data = dCjoin2)
##
## Residuals:
##       Min     1Q Median     3Q    Max 
## -1.1279 -0.3407 -0.1206  0.2203  3.0207 
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
## (Intercept) 0.689315  0.005652 121.966 < 2e-16 ***
## tID          0.127240  0.006973 18.247 < 2e-16 ***
## rtID         0.098109  0.006763 14.507 < 2e-16 ***
## M            -0.044816  0.005470 -8.194 2.76e-16 ***
## E            -0.001973  0.005166 -0.382   0.703  
## tID:M        0.008567  0.006333  1.353   0.176  
## tID:E        -0.006908  0.005871 -1.177   0.239  
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.5195 on 13217 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.09354,   Adjusted R-squared:  0.09313
## F-statistic: 227.3 on 6 and 13217 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

```

```
lm(diffID ~ ex.tID+ex.rtID*M+ex.rtID*E+M*E,data=dCjoin2) %>% summary() #huge morality interaction
```

```

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = diffID ~ ex.tID + ex.rtID * M + ex.rtID * E + M * 
##       E, data = dCjoin2)
##
## Residuals:
##       Min     1Q Median     3Q    Max 
## -0.9705 -0.3885 -0.1452  0.2472  2.9761 
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
## (Intercept) 0.407822  0.013431 30.364 < 2e-16 ***
## ex.tID      0.094516  0.010414   9.076 < 2e-16 ***

```

```

## ex.rtID      0.171401  0.013705 12.507      < 2e-16 ***
## M            0.009813  0.012009  0.817       0.414
## E           -0.002869  0.011720 -0.245       0.807
## ex.rtID:M   -0.095029  0.013332 -7.128 0.00000000000107 ***
## ex.rtID:E   -0.015480  0.012877 -1.202       0.229
## M:E         -0.006337  0.005360 -1.182       0.237
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.5366 on 13216 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.03291,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.0324
## F-statistic: 64.26 on 7 and 13216 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

lm(diffID ~ ex.tID*ex.rtID*M+ex.rtID*E+M*E,data=dCjoin2) %>% summary() #morality 3-way interaction

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = diffID ~ ex.tID * ex.rtID * M + ex.rtID * E + M *
##     E, data = dCjoin2)
##
## Residuals:
##    Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max
## -0.9175 -0.3457 -0.0928  0.2280  4.0485
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
## (Intercept) -0.233553  0.019646 -11.888 <2e-16 ***
## ex.tID        1.004703  0.023686  42.418 <2e-16 ***
## ex.rtID       0.950614  0.023169  41.029 <2e-16 ***
## M            0.007826  0.019666  0.398  0.6907    
## E           -0.027112  0.010922 -2.482  0.0131 *  
## ex.tID:ex.rtID -1.045816  0.025842 -40.470 <2e-16 ***
## ex.tID:M      -0.037193  0.023663 -1.572  0.1160    
## ex.rtID:M     -0.016212  0.023174 -0.700  0.4842    
## ex.rtID:E      0.016855  0.012009  1.404  0.1605    
## M:E          -0.006993  0.004995 -1.400  0.1615    
## ex.tID:ex.rtID:M -0.058078  0.025799 -2.251  0.0244 * 
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.4994 on 13213 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1625, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1619
## F-statistic: 256.4 on 10 and 13213 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

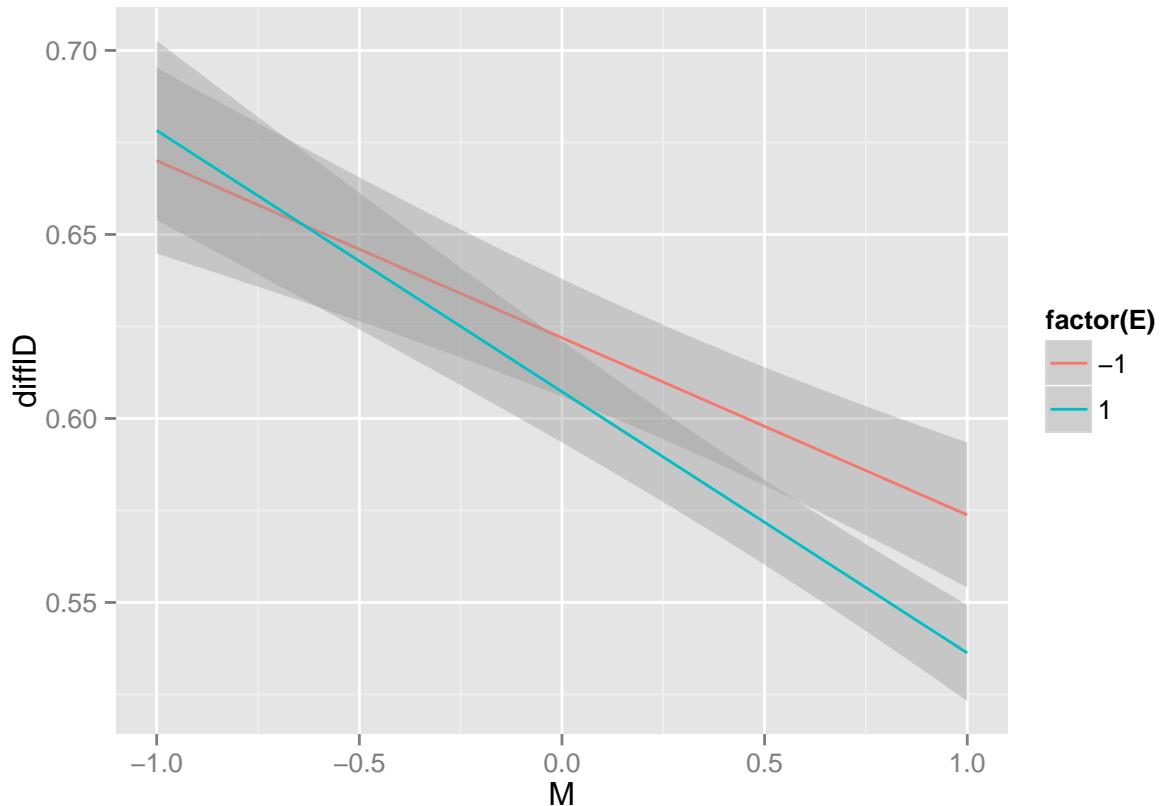
```

---

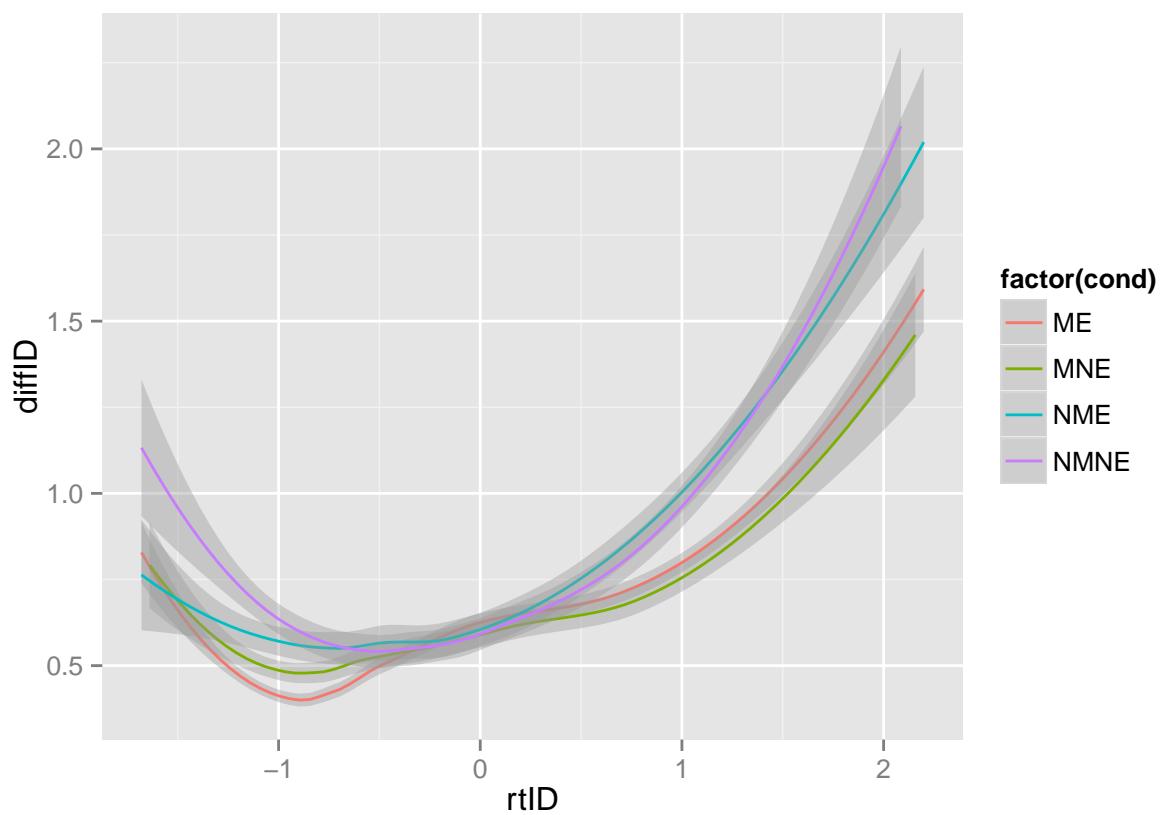
## Plots:

In a moral context, emotional tweets accrue even narrower support

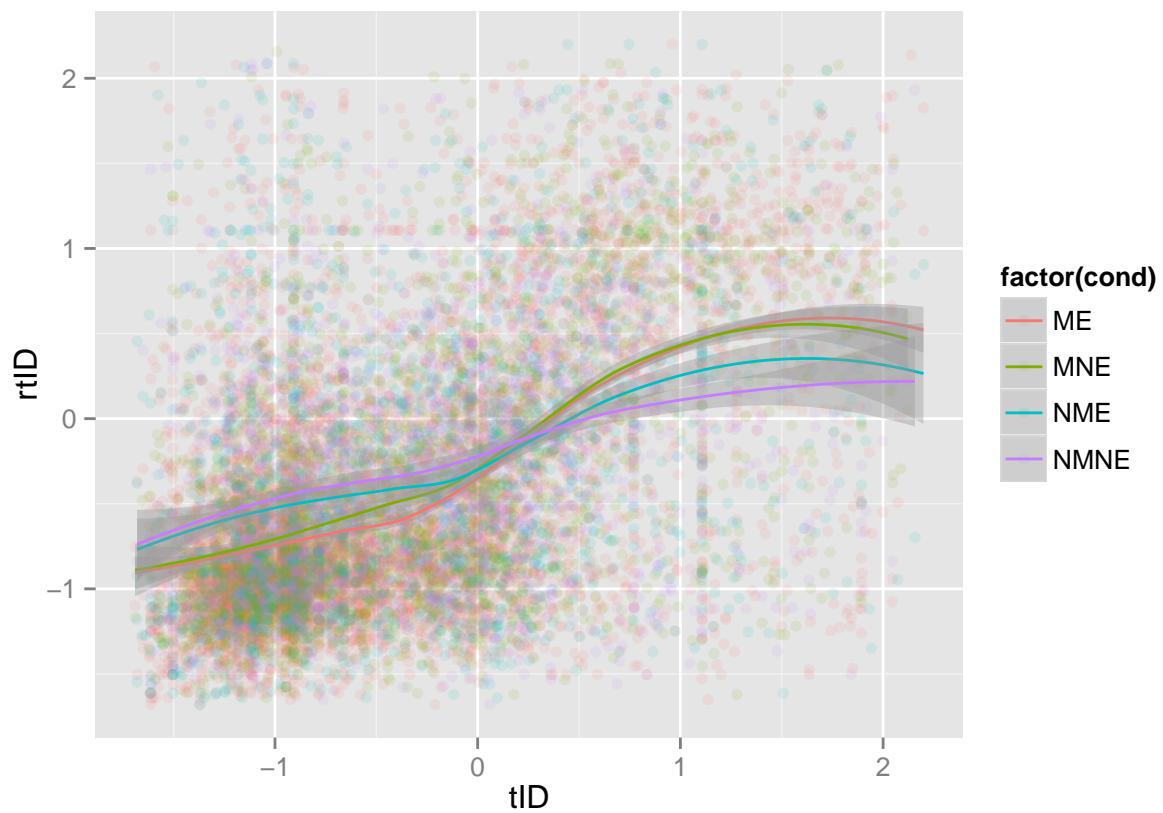
```
ggplot(dCjoin2,aes(x=M,y=diffID,color=factor(E))) +  
  geom_smooth(method="lm")
```



```
ggplot(dCjoin2,aes(x=rtID,y=diffID,color=factor(cond))) +  
  geom_smooth(method="loess")
```



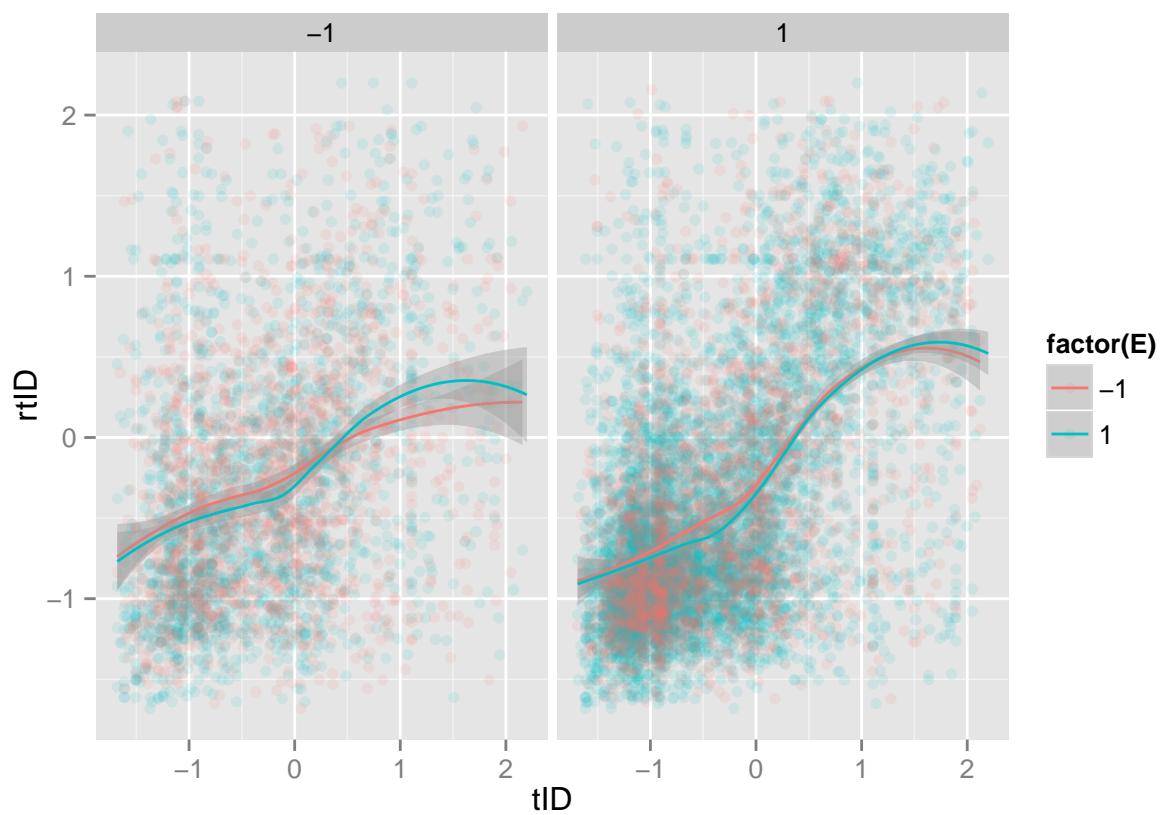
```
ggplot(dCjoin2, aes(x=tID, y=rtID, color=factor(cond))) +  
  geom_point(alpha=.1) +  
  geom_smooth(method="loess")
```



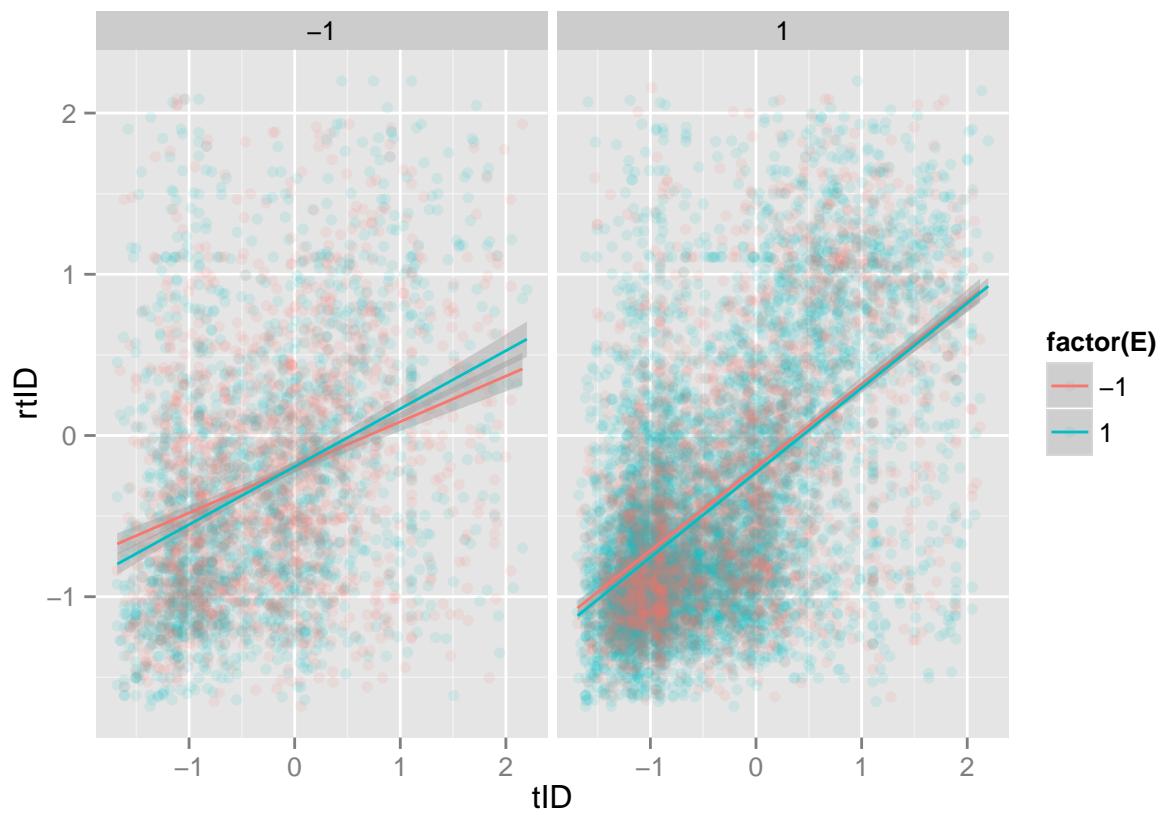

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Morality drives ideological clustering more than emotion (though emotion helps in nonmoral context)

```
ggplot(dCjoin2,aes(x=tID,y=rtID,color=factor(E))) +
  geom_point(alpha=.1) +
  geom_smooth(method="loess") +
  facet_grid(~M)
```



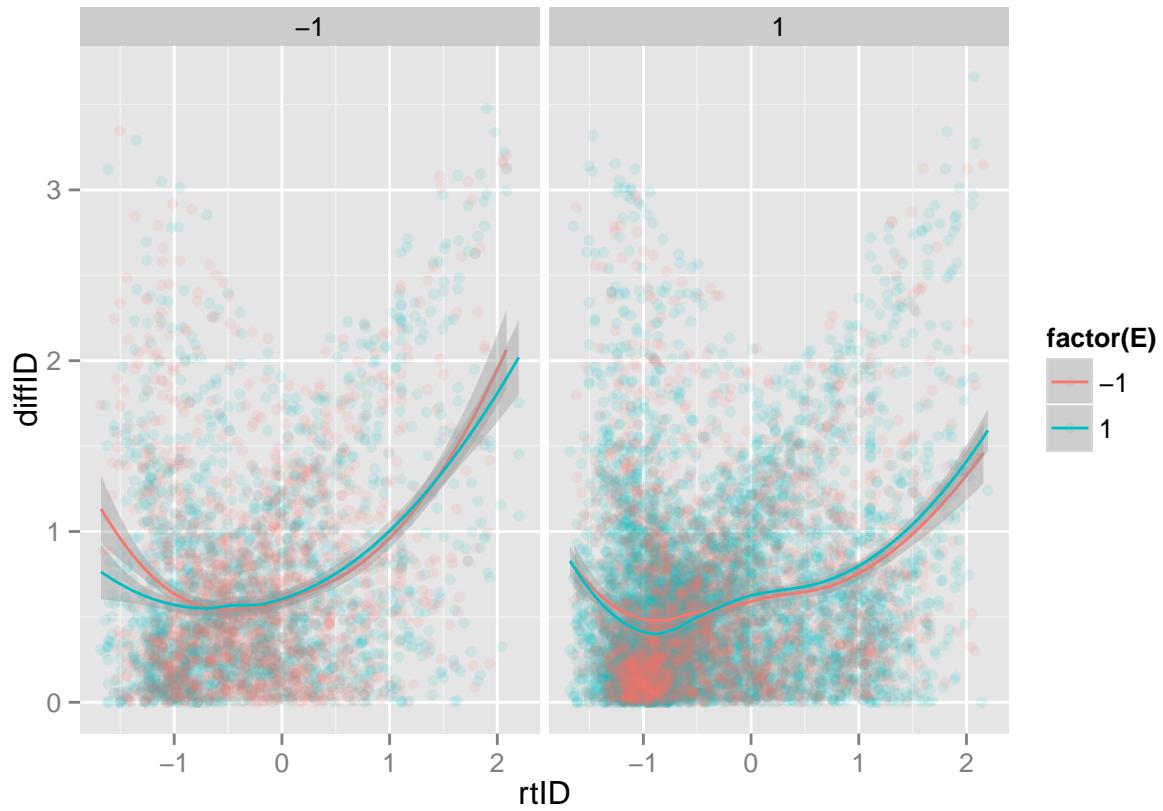
```
ggplot(dCjoin2, aes(x=tID, y=rtID, color=factor(E))) +
  geom_point(alpha=.1) +
  geom_smooth(method="lm") +
  facet_grid(~M)
```




---

Narrower clusters for moral tweets, especially for liberals when they are emotional

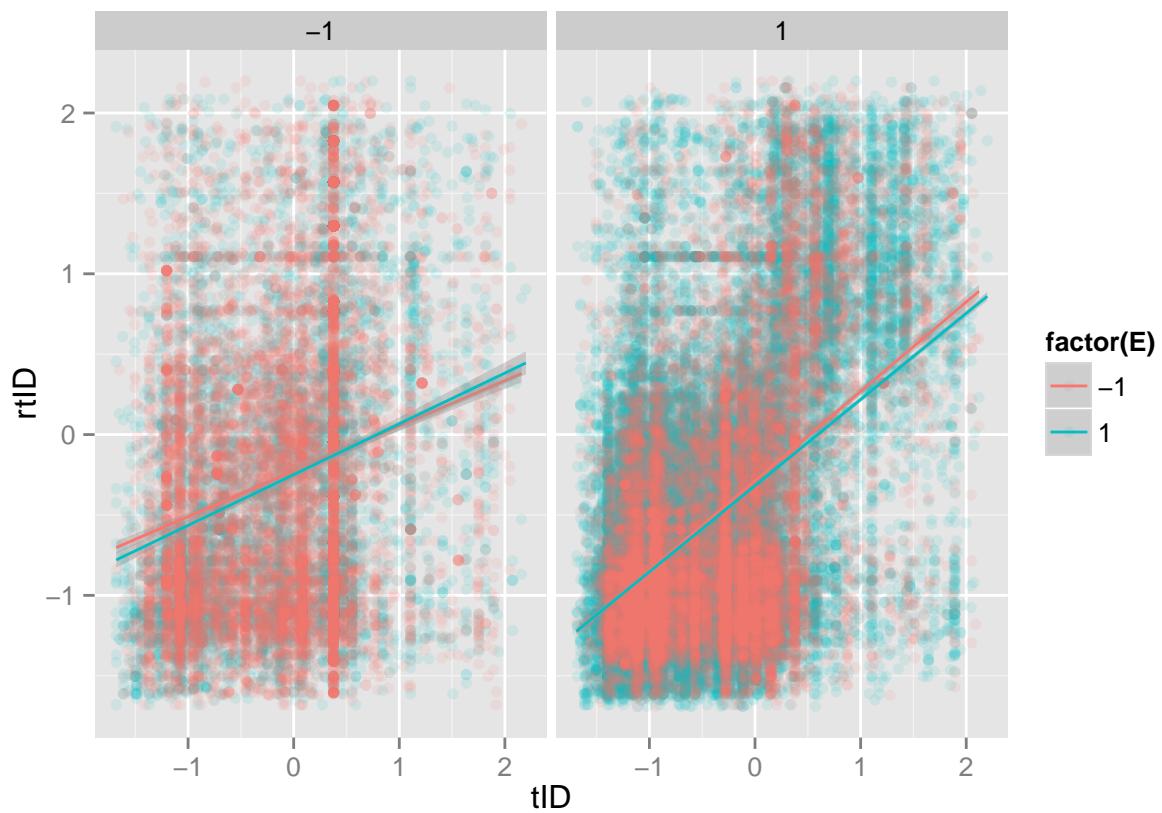
```
ggplot(dCjoin2,aes(x=rtID,y=diffID,color=factor(E))) +
  geom_point(alpha=.1) +
  geom_smooth(method="loess") +
  facet_grid(~M)
```




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On raw data, before clustering retweeters w/ original author. Vert/Horz lines reflect active users?

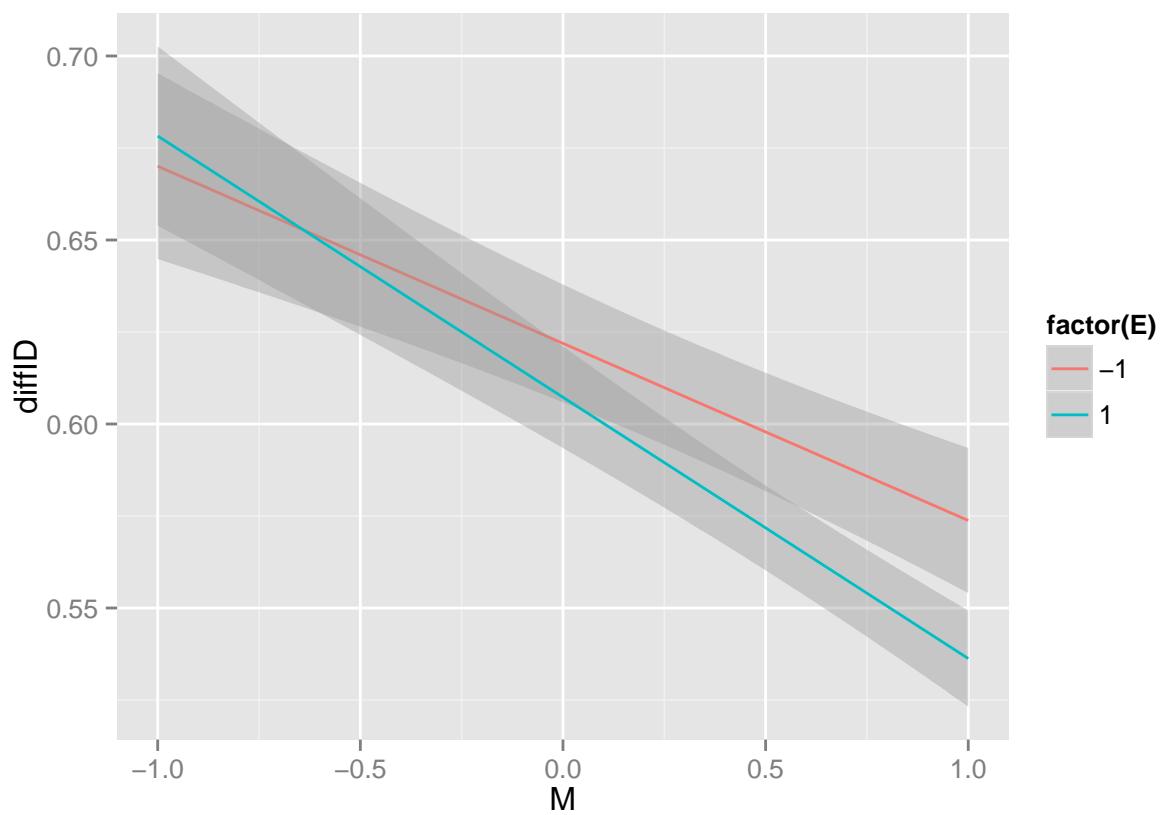
```
ggplot(dCjoin,aes(x=tID,y=rtID,color=factor(E))) +
  geom_point(alpha=.1) +
  geom_smooth(method="lm") +
  facet_grid(~M)
```



\*\*\*

In a moral context, emotional tweets accrue even narrower support

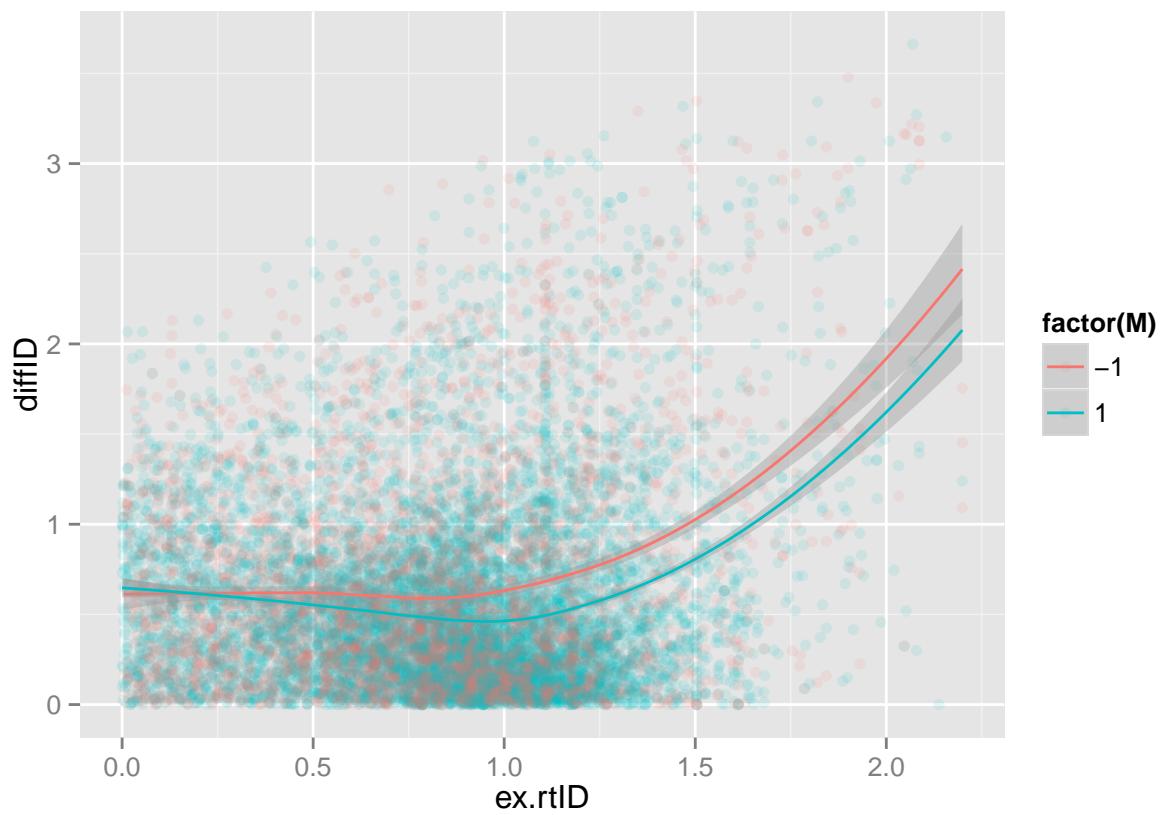
```
ggplot(dCjoin2, aes(x=M, y=diffID, color=factor(E))) +
  geom_smooth(method="lm")
```



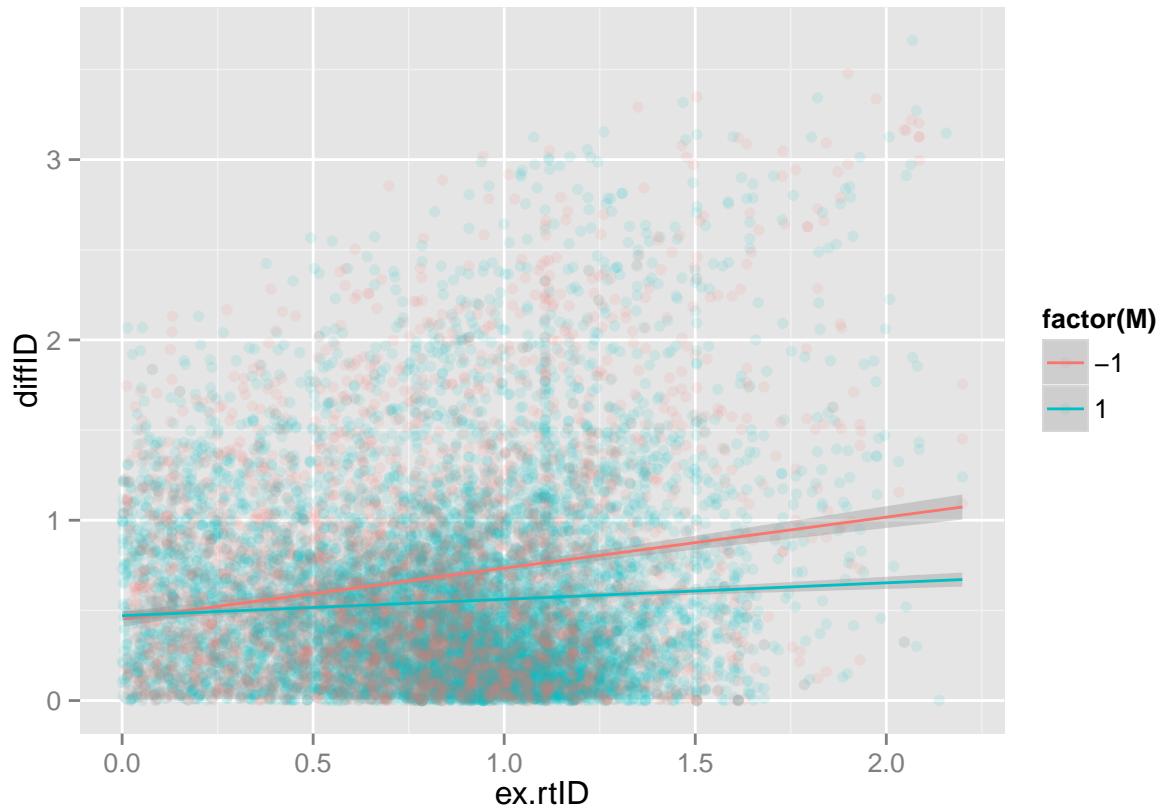
---

Political extremists retweet same ideology if tweet has moral content

```
ggplot(dCjoin2,aes(x=ex.rtID,y=diffID,color=factor(M))) +  
  geom_point(alpha=.1) +  
  geom_smooth(method="loess")
```

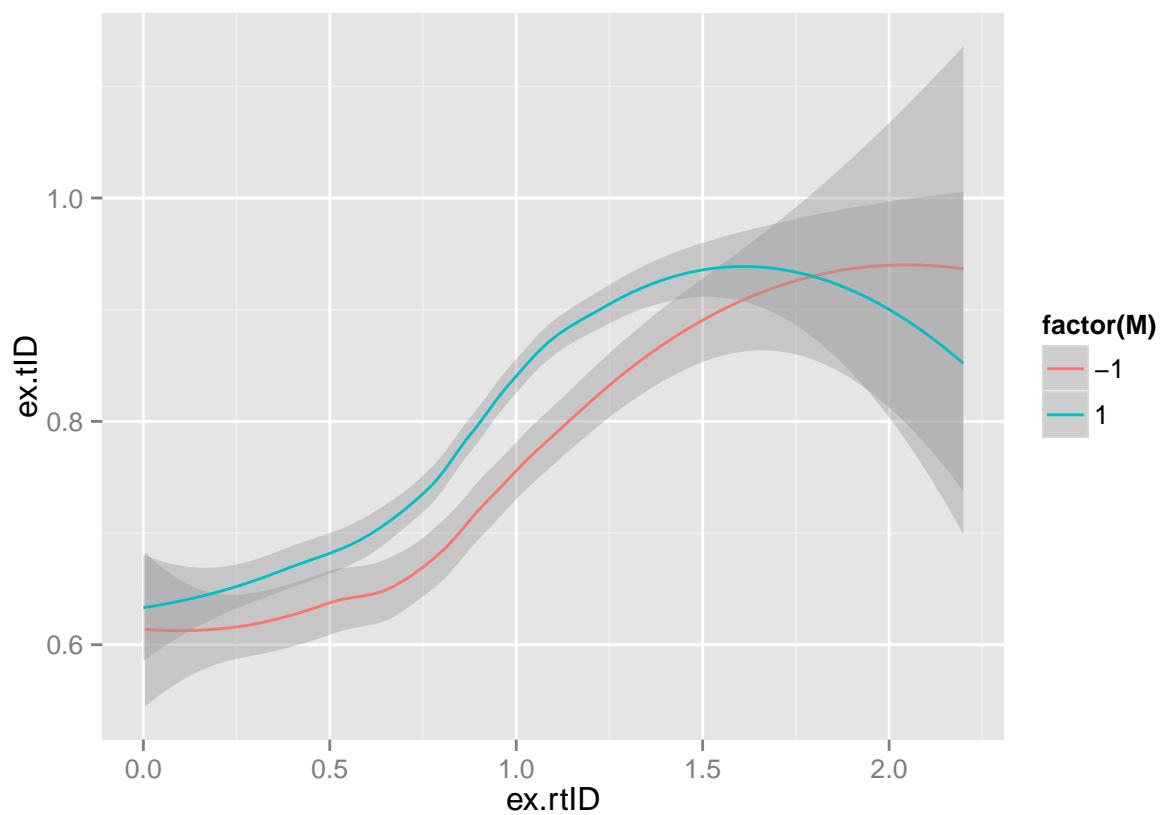


```
ggplot(dCjoin2, aes(x=ex.rtID, y=diffID, color=factor(M))) +  
  geom_point(alpha=.1) +  
  geom_smooth(method="lm")
```

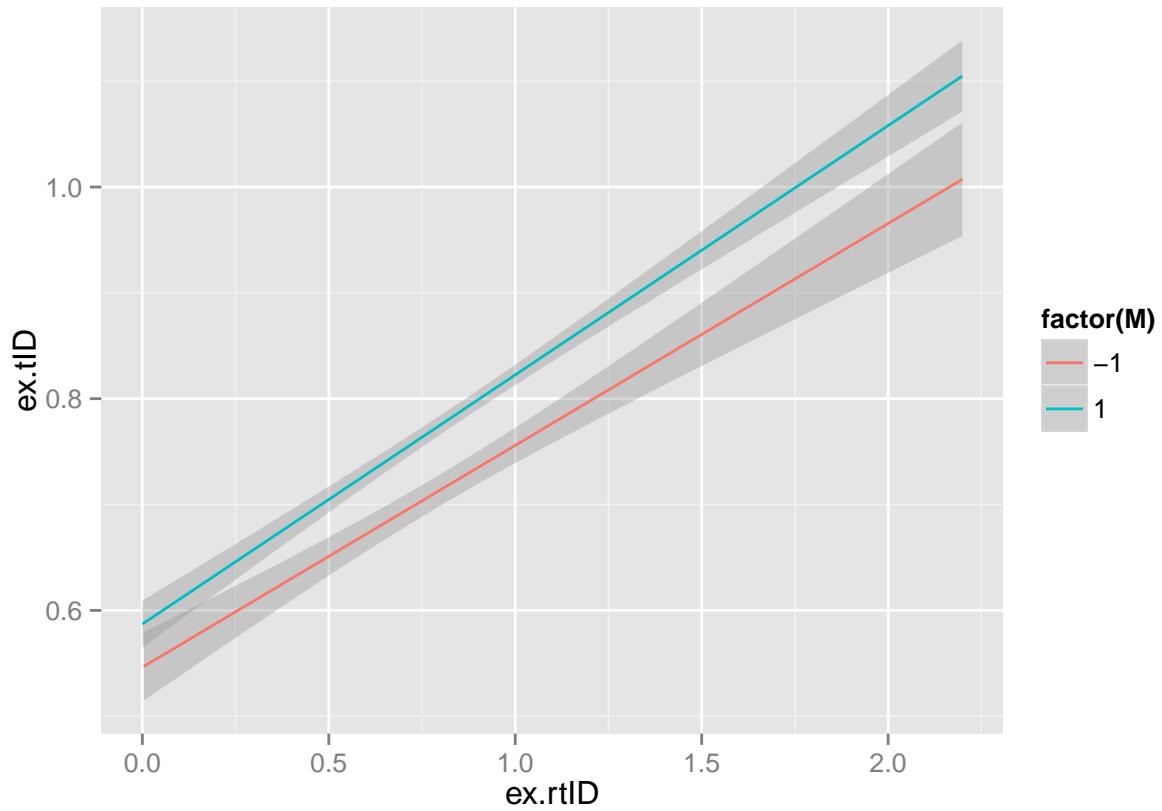


More extremism (author and retweeter) when content is moral

```
ggplot(dCjoin2, aes(x=ex.rtID, y=ex.tID, color=factor(M))) +  
  geom_smooth(method="loess")
```



```
ggplot(dCjoin2, aes(x=ex.rtID, y=ex.tID, color=factor(M))) +  
  geom_smooth(method="lm")
```



## Code for heatmaps

```

# # Heat maps -----
#
# ## functions to construct heatmaps
# min <- -3.5
# max <- 3.5
# breaks <- 0.25
#
# expand_data <- function(df, breaks=0.10, min=-4, max=4){
#   x <- df$rtid %>% as.numeric()
#   y <- df$tid %>% as.numeric()
#   x <- (round((x - min) / breaks, 0) * breaks) + min
#   y <- (round((y - min) / breaks, 0) * breaks) + min
#   tab <- table(x, y)
#   tab <- melt(tab)
#   tab$prop <- tab$value/sum(tab$value)
#   return(tab)
# }
#
# ideoHeatMap <- function(df) {
#   new.xy.me <- expand_data(df %>% filter(cond=="ME"),breaks=0.25) %>% mutate(cond="ME")
#   new.xy.nme <- expand_data(df %>% filter(cond=="NME"),breaks=0.25) %>% mutate(cond="NME")

```

```
#   new.xy.mne <- expand_data(df %>% filter(cond=="MNE"), breaks=0.25) %>% mutate(cond="MNE")
#   new.xy.nmne <- expand_data(df %>% filter(cond=="NMNE"), breaks=0.25) %>% mutate(cond="NMNE")
#   return (rbind(new.xy.me,new.xy.nme,new.xy.mne,new.xy.nmne))
# }
```

## Ideology plots