Building a Web App With Python and Flask

Ian Candy

About lan

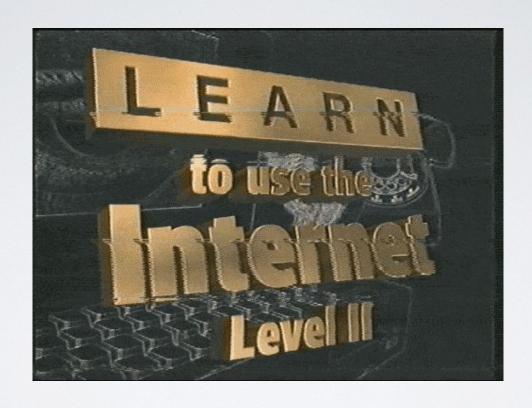
- Managing Section Lead, Flatiron School
- Flatiron Immersive Graduate
- Has Been Writing More Ruby Than Python (Please forgive any ends)

Overview

- Why Build Web Apps with Flask?
- How the Internet Works
- Flask Hello World
- Routes and Templates
- Data Visualizations with d3

Why Flask?

- Great documentation
- Simple, but scalable
- Python!





I. Browsers Make a Request



2. Server Responds with Content



I. Browsers Make a Request



Request URL: http://localhost:3000/

Request Method: GET Status Code: @ 200 OK

▼ Request Headers view parsed

GET / HTTP/1.1

Host: localhost:3000 Connection: keep-alive Cache-Control: max-age=0

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_7_2) AppleWebKit/535.2 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/15.0.874.106 Safari/535.2

Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8

Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate,sdch Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.8

Accept-Charset: ISO-8859-1, utf-8; q=0.7, *; q=0.3

Cookie: _mixtape_sample_session=BAh7CEkiD3Nlc3Npb25faWQG0gZFRkkiJTcyMzYxZmFjMzlhNzgxNzkx YTEzNmVmYTdkNDM1NzdlBjsAVEkiEF9jc3JmX3Rva2VuBjsARkkiMUxJQ0tiRkdQSzAzTEk50GNSY05SKzUzN2FF dkYvZGpaYWNMcnVpZVRHcUE9BjsARkkiCmZsYXNoBjsARm86JUFjdGlvbkRpc3BhdGNo0jpGbGFzaDo6Rmxhc2hI YXNoCToKQHVzZWRvOghTZXQG0gpAaGFzaHsG0gtub3RpY2VU0gxAY2xvc2VkRjoNQGZsYXNoZXN7BjsKSSImTWl4 dGFwZSB3YXMgc3VjY2Vzc2Z1bGx5IGNyZWF0ZWQuBjsARjoJQG5vdzA%3D--0195ea67620a5d8ca936750ec70e 238f19dd624b

If-Modified-Since: Sun, 06 Nov 2011 18:48:25 GMT

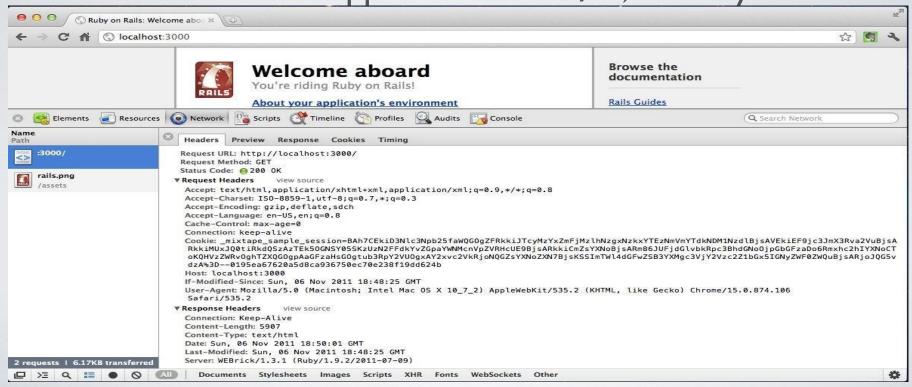


2. Server Responds with Content

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
   Last-Modified: Sun, 06 Nov 2011 18:48:25 GMT
   Content-Type: text/html
   Content-Length: 5907
   Server: WEBrick/1.3.1 (Ruby/1.9.2/2011-07-09)
   Date: Sun, 06 Nov 2011 18:50:01 GMT
   Connection: Keep-Alive
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
 <head>
   <title>Ruby on Rails: Welcome aboard</title>
   <style type="text/css" media="screen">
      body {
        margin: 0:
        margin-bottom: 25px;
        padding: 0;
        background-color: #f0f0f0;
        font-family: "Lucida Grande", "Bitstream Vera Sans", "Verdana";
        font-size: 13px:
        color: #333;
```

Communication happens over TCP/IP, namely HTTP

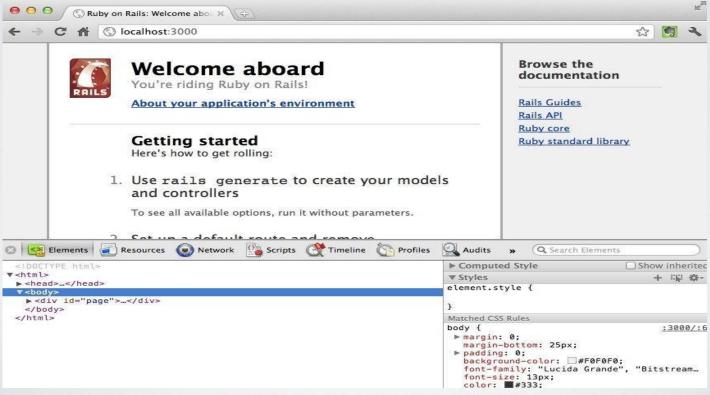
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HTTP requests use verbs to describe the interaction

HEAD	Asks for a response like a GET but without the body
GET	Retrieves a representation of a resource
POST	Submits data to be processed in the body of the request
PUT	Uploads a representation of a resource in the body of the request
DELETE	Deletes a specific resource.
TRACE	Echoes back the received request
OPTIONS	Returns the HTTP methods the server supports
CONNECT	Converts the request to a TCP/IP tunnel (generally for SSL)
PATCH	Apply a partial modification of a resource

Servers send back HTML, browsers render Content



Getting Started With Flask

http://github.com/ipc103/flask-d3-wordcloud

pip install Flask

```
from flask import Flask
    app = Flask(__name__)
    @app.route("/")
    def index():
       return "Hello World!"
10
    app.run()
```

Live Coding: Setting Up Flask

d3.js

About d3

- Created at Stanford by Jeff Heer, Mike Bostock, and Vadim Ogievetsky
- Utilizes Web Standards for Data Visualizations
- Almost infinitely customizable

D3 Examples

- https://beta.observablehq.com/@mbostock/d3-histogram
- https://beta.observablehq.com/@mbostock/d3-zoomable-sunburs
 t
- https://jfire.io/animations/

BONUS: Flask Forms

- Flask-wtf great library for forms
- Easily create forms, validate inputs, and collect params
- Great thing about Flask customizable

Resources

- http://exploreflask.com/en/latest
- https://d3js.org/
- https://www.jasondavies.com/wordcloud/
- https://realpython.com/web-development-with-flask-fetching-data
 -with-requests/