



MySQL

Comissionn 81860
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PROJECT: **E-COMMERCE MUSIC STORE**

1) Project Description

The project develops the database for an e-commerce store focused on musical instruments. The system allows customer registration, product catalog management, purchase order generation, and payment tracking. The database organizes and centralizes all the information required for the proper operation of the website.

2) Problem Statement

The store uses separate files to manage data, which causes

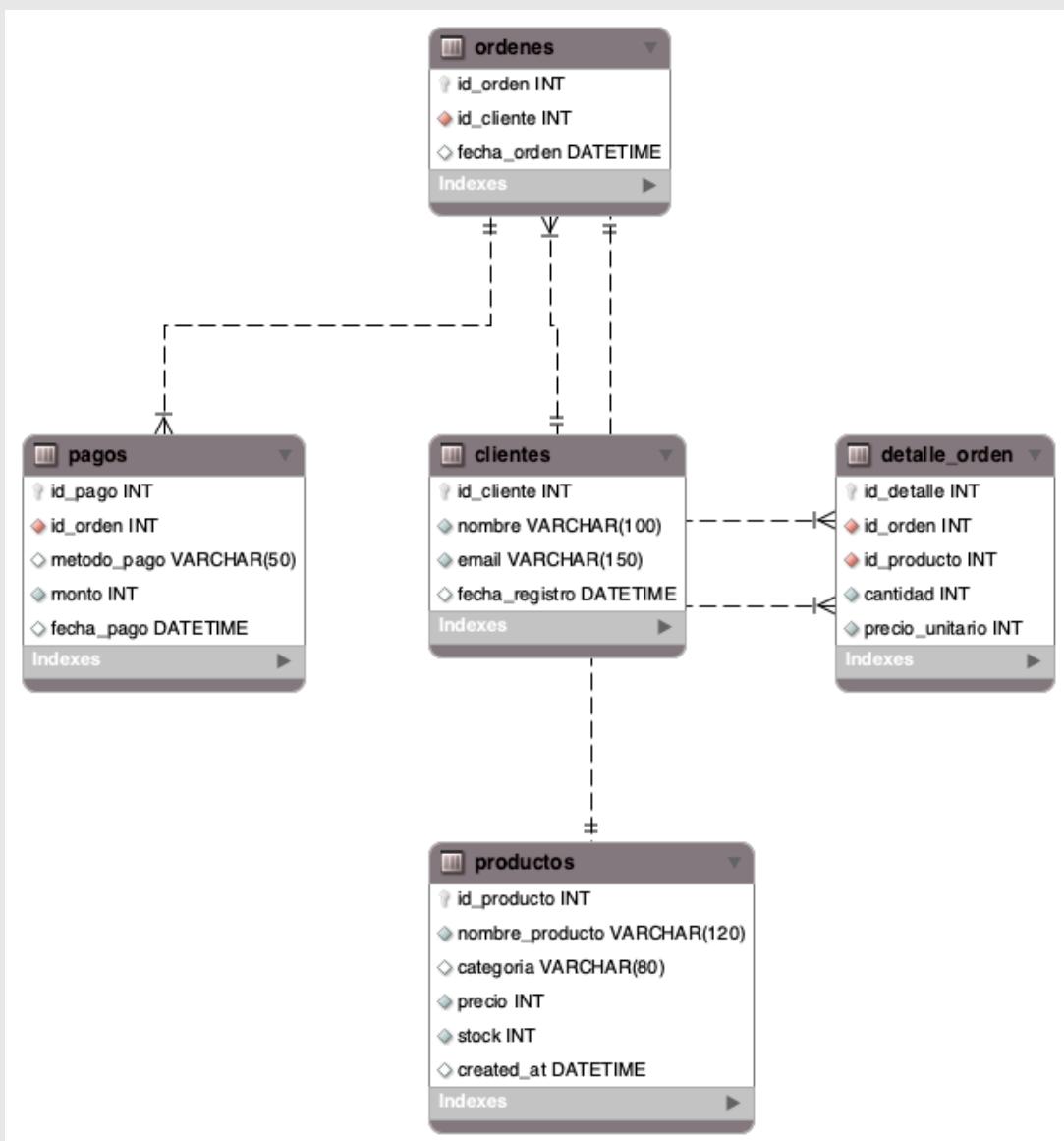
1. Difficulty tracking sales.
2. Stock errors and inconsistencies.
3. Duplicate or incomplete data.
4. Lack of a clear payment record.

A relational database is needed to unify and organize all the information efficiently.

3) Business Model

The company sells musical instruments through an e-commerce platform. It offers products with stock availability, registered customers, orders with multiple items, and a payment system. The business generates revenue through direct sales and requires a clear data structure to operate efficiently.

ER MODEL DIAGRAM



DATABASE TABLES

1) CUSTOMERS:

Stores the basic information of customers who register and make purchases on the e-commerce platform.

Nombre del campo	Abreviatura	Tipo de dato	Clave	Descripción
id_cliente	id_cliente	INT	PK	Identificador único del cliente
nombre	nombre	VARCHAR(100)	—	Nombre del cliente
email	email	VARCHAR(150)	—	Correo electrónico del cliente
fecha_registro	fecha_registro	DATETIME	—	Fecha en que el cliente se registró

2) PRODUCTS:

Contains the catalog of instruments and accessories available for sale.

Nombre del campo	Abreviatura	Tipo de dato	Clave	Descripción
id_producto	id_producto	INT	PK	Identificador único del
nombre_produc to	nombre_produc to	VARCHAR(120)	—	Nombre del producto o
categoria	categoria	VARCHAR(80)	—	Tipo/categoría del instrumento
precio	precio	INT	—	Precio del producto
stock	stock	INT	—	Cantidad disponible en
created_at	created_at	DATETIME	—	Fecha en que se agregó el

3) ORDERS:

Records each purchase made by the customers.

Nombre del campo	Abreviatura	Tipo de dato	Clave	Descripción
id_orden	id_orden	INT	PK	Identificador único de la orden
id_cliente	id_cliente	INT	FK	Cliente que realizó la compra
fecha_orden	fecha_orden	DATETIME	—	Fecha en que se generó la orden

4) ORDER_DETAILS:

Records the products included in each order.

Nombre del campo	Abreviatura	Tipo de dato	Clave	Descripción
id_detalle	id_detalle	INT	PK	Identificador único del detalle
id_orden	id_orden	INT	FK	Orden asociada
id_producto	id_producto	INT	FK	Producto incluido
cantidad	cantidad	INT	—	Cantidad comprada
precio_unitario	precio_unitario	INT	—	Precio del producto en el momento de la compra

5) PAYMENTS:

Records the payments made for each order.

Nombre del campo	Abreviatura	Tipo de dato	Clave	Descripción
id_pago	id_pago	INT	PK	Identificador único del pago
id_orden	id_orden	INT	FK	Orden asociada al pago
metodo_pago	metodo_pago	VARCHAR(50)	—	Método de pago utilizado
monto	monto	INT	—	Importe del pago
fecha_pago	fecha_pago	DATETIME	—	Fecha en que se realizó el pago

FIRST DELIVERY CORRECTIONS

Adjustments were made to the database:

```
#== CORRECCIONES ==#  
  
72 • ALTER TABLE clientes  
73     ADD UNIQUE (email),  
74     ADD COLUMN ciudad VARCHAR (100),  
75     ADD COLUMN pais VARCHAR (100);  
76  
77  
78 • ALTER TABLE ordenes  
79     ADD COLUMN total DECIMAL(10,2);  
80  
81  
82 • ALTER TABLE productos  
83     MODIFY precio DECIMAL (10, 2);  
84  
85 • ALTER TABLE detalle_orden  
86     MODIFY precio_unitario DECIMAL (10, 2);
```

- Customers: unique email and new columns for **city and country**.
- Orders: new column **total** for the order amount.
- Products / Order_Details: prices changed to **DECIMAL(10,2)** for greater precision.

These changes improve data integrity and enable the new functionalities of the project.

DATA LOADING INTO THE DATABASE

Shows the **INSERT** commands used to add data to the tables, along with screenshots of their execution in MySQL.

1) PAYMENTS

```
262 # === PAGOS === #
264
265 • INSERT INTO pagos (id_orden, metodo_pago, monto, fecha_pago) VALUES
266   (1, 'Tarjeta de crédito', 68.00, '2025-01-15 11:00:00'),
267   (2, 'Venmo', 79.00, '2025-02-03 15:00:00'),
268   (3, 'Zelle', 72.00, '2025-03-10 10:00:00'),
269   (4, 'Tarjeta de crédito', 87.50, '2025-04-22 17:00:00'),
270   (5, 'Venmo', 71.00, '2025-05-05 12:30:00'),
271   (6, 'Zelle', 57.50, '2025-06-18 14:00:00'),
272   (7, 'Tarjeta de crédito', 82.50, '2025-07-07 18:30:00'),
273   (8, 'Venmo', 70.00, '2025-08-12 13:30:00'),
274   (9, 'Zelle', 73.00, '2025-09-25 16:00:00'),
275   (10, 'Tarjetas de crédito', 54.00, '2025-10-03 11:00:00');
276
277
278 #== VISTAS ==#
279
280 #=1#
281
282 • CREATE VIEW vw_detalle_compra AS
283   SELECT p.categoría,
```

2) ORDERS

```
186 # === ORDENES === #
187
188
189 • INSERT INTO ordenes (id_cliente, fecha_orden) VALUES
190   (1, '2025-01-15 10:20:00'),
191   (2, '2025-02-03 14:45:00'),
192   (3, '2025-03-10 09:30:00'),
193   (4, '2025-04-22 16:10:00'),
194   (5, '2025-05-05 11:50:00'),
195   (6, '2025-06-18 13:25:00'),
196   (7, '2025-07-07 17:40:00'),
197   (8, '2025-08-12 12:15:00'),
198   (9, '2025-09-25 15:30:00'),
199   (10, '2025-10-03 10:05:00'),
200   (11, '2025-11-11 14:20:00'),
201   (12, '2025-12-01 09:55:00'),
202   (13, '2025-01-28 16:45:00'),
203   (14, '2025-02-15 11:10:00'),
204   (15, '2025-03-30 13:50:00'),
205   (16, '2025-04-18 17:25:00'),
206   (17, '2025-05-27 10:40:00'),
```

3) PRODUCTS

```
# == PRODUCTOS == #

INSERT INTO productos (nombre_producto, categoria, precio, stock, created_at) VALUES
  ('Vinilo "Midnight Echoes" - The Lunar Tides', 'Vinilo', 28.00, 40, '2025-01-05 10:00:00'),
  ('CD "Midnight Echoes" - The Lunar Tides', 'CD', 18.00, 50, '2025-01-10 11:00:00'),
  ('Camiseta "Midnight Echoes" - The Lunar Tides', 'Merchandising', 22.00, 80, '2025-01-15 12:00:00'),
  ('Pin "The Lunar Tides Logo"', 'Merchandising', 6.00, 150, '2025-01-20 13:00:00'),
  ('Poster "Midnight Echoes Album Art"', 'Poster', 12.00, 60, '2025-01-25 14:00:00'),

  ('Vinilo "Neon Shadows" - Desert Wolves', 'Vinilo', 20.00, 35, '2025-02-05 10:00:00'),
  ('CD "Neon Shadows" - Desert Wolves', 'CD', 20.00, 45, '2025-02-10 11:00:00'),
  ('Camiseta "Neon Shadows" - Desert Wolves', 'Merchandising', 24.00, 70, '2025-02-15 12:00:00'),
  ('Pin "Desert Wolves Logo"', 'Merchandising', 6.50, 140, '2025-02-20 13:00:00'),
  ('Poster "Neon Shadows Album Art"', 'Poster', 13.00, 55, '2025-02-25 14:00:00'),

  ('Vinilo "Crimson Horizon" - The Velvet Roads', 'Vinilo', 32.00, 30, '2025-03-05 10:00:00'),
  ('CD "Crimson Horizon" - The Velvet Roads', 'CD', 21.00, 40, '2025-03-10 11:00:00'),
  ('Camiseta "Crimson Horizon" - The Velvet Roads', 'Merchandising', 25.00, 60, '2025-03-15 12:00:00'),
  ('Pin "Velvet Roads Logo"', 'Merchandising', 7.00, 120, '2025-03-20 13:00:00'),
  ('Poster "Crimson Horizon Album Art"', 'Poster', 14.00, 50, '2025-03-25 14:00:00'),
  ('Vinilo "Echoes in Silence" - Midnight Signals', 'Vinilo', 29.00, 38, '2025-04-05 10:00:00'),
```

4) CUSTOMERS

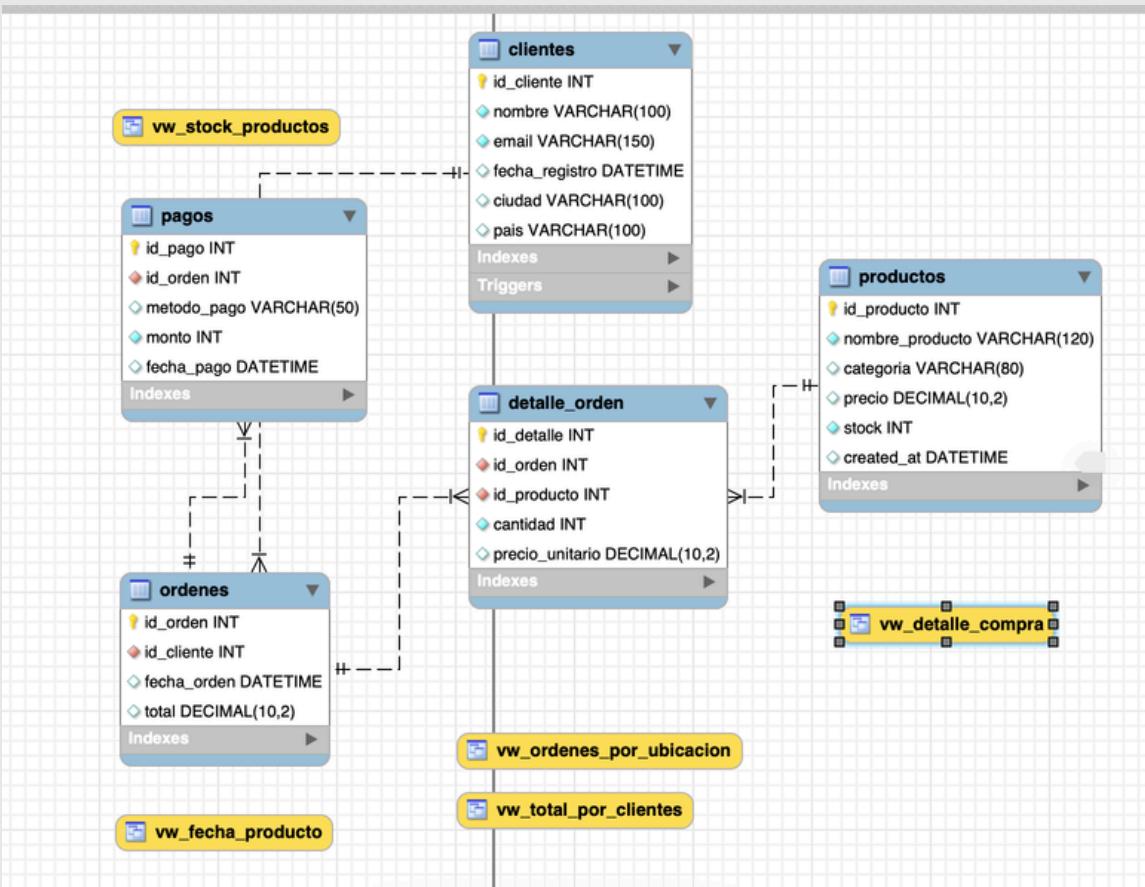
```
262 # === PAGOS === #
264
265 • INSERT INTO clientes (nombre, email, fecha_registro, ciudad, pais)
266   VALUES
267     ('Paul Salvatierra', 'paul.salvatierra.35@gmail.com', NOW(), 'Brooklyn', 'USA'),
268     ('Maria Perez', 'mariahotmail.com', NOW(), 'Buenos Aires', 'Argentina'),
269     ('Carlos Lopez', 'carlos@gmail.com', NOW(), 'Madrid', 'España'),
270     ('Gian Tenorio', 'gian.tenorio@gmail.com', NOW(), 'Call', 'Colombia'),
271     ('Brian Scheller', 'bscheller@gmail.com', NOW(), 'Brooklyn', 'USA'),
272     ('Juan Perez', 'juan.perez@gmail.com', NOW(), 'Buenos Aires', 'Argentina'),
273     ('Maria Gonzalez', 'maria.gonzalez@yahoo.com', NOW(), 'Santiago', 'Chile'),
274     ('Carlos Ramirez', 'carlos.ramirez@hotmail.com', NOW(), 'Lima', 'Peru'),
275     ('Ana Fernandez', 'ana.fernandez@gmail.com', NOW(), 'Bogotá', 'Colombia'),
276     ('Luis Martinez', 'luis.martinez@yahoo.com', NOW(), 'Quito', 'Ecuador'),
277     ('Sofia Lopez', 'sofia.lopez@hotmail.com', NOW(), 'Montevideo', 'Uruguay'),
278     ('Diego Sanchez', 'diego.sanchez@gmail.com', NOW(), 'Asunción', 'Paraguay'),
279     ('Camila Torres', 'camila.torres@yahoo.com', NOW(), 'La Paz', 'Bolivia'),
280     ('Jose Castillo', 'jose.castillo@hotmail.com', NOW(), 'Caracas', 'Venezuela'),
281     ('Valentina Herrera', 'valentina.herrera@gmail.com', NOW(), 'Ciudad de Mexico', 'Mexico'),
282     ('Ricardo Morales', 'ricardo.morales@yahoo.com', NOW(), 'Guadalajara', 'Mexico'),
283     ('Fernanda Diaz', 'fernanda.diaz@hotmail.com', NOW(), 'Medellín', 'Colombia'),
284     ('Gabriel Ortiz', 'gabriel.ortiz@gmail.com', NOW(), 'Santo Domingo', 'República Dominicana')
285
286
287 #== VISTAS ==#
288
289 #=1#
290
291
292 • CREATE VIEW vw_detalle_compra AS
293   SELECT p.categoría,
```

5) ORDER DETAIL

```
215 • INSERT INTO detalle_orden (id_orden, id_producto, cantidad, precio_unitario)
216   VALUES
217     (1, 1, 2, 28.00),
218     (1, 5, 1, 12.00),
219     (2, 2, 1, 18.00),
220     (2, 18, 2, 24.00),
221     (2, 15, 1, 13.00),
222     (3, 3, 1, 22.00),
223     (3, 7, 2, 25.00),
224     (4, 4, 1, 30.00),
225     (4, 12, 1, 14.00),
226     (4, 20, 2, 23.50),
227     (5, 8, 1, 26.00),
228     (5, 18, 2, 19.50),
229     (6, 6, 1, 31.00),
230     (6, 11, 2, 13.50),
231     (7, 9, 1, 21.00),
232     (7, 13, 1, 12.50),
233     (7, 17, 1, 24.50),
234     (8, 14, 2, 28.00),
```

Text Output

UPDATED ER MODEL



The original tables were adjusted by adding location and total columns, and data types were corrected to better reflect prices and amounts, while maintaining table relationships and optimizing database integrity.

VIEWS

The results of the created views are presented, showing that they **return the expected information correctly**.

VIEWS 1 & 2

```
#1# CREATE VIEW vw_detalle_compra AS
SELECT p.categoría,
       pa.metodo_pago,
       d.precio_unitario
  FROM detalle_orden AS d
 INNER JOIN productos AS p ON d.id_producto = p.id_producto
 INNER JOIN órdenes AS o ON d.id_orden = o.id_orden
 INNER JOIN pagos AS pa ON o.id_orden = pa.id_orden;

#2#
CREATE VIEW vw_total_por_clientes AS
SELECT c.nombre,
       p.categoría,
       o.fecha_orden,
       pa.monto
  FROM clientes AS c
 INNER JOIN órdenes AS o ON c.id_cliente = o.id_cliente
 INNER JOIN detalle_orden AS do ON o.id_orden = do.id_orden
 INNER JOIN productos AS p ON do.id_producto = p.id_producto
 INNER JOIN pagos AS pa ON o.id_orden = pa.id_orden;
```

1. **VW_DETALLE_COMPRA**: Shows the **product category, payment method, and unit price** for each order detail. Tables: **Order_Details, Products, Orders, Payments**

2. **VW_TOTAL_POR_CLIENTES**: Shows the customer's name, product category, order date, and amount paid for each purchase. **Tables: Customers, Orders, Order_Details, Products, Payments**

VIEWS 3 & 4

```
#3#
CREATE VIEW vw_ordenes_por_ubicacion AS
SELECT c.ciudad,
       c.pais,
       COUNT(o.id_orden) AS cantidad_orden
  FROM clientes AS c
 LEFT JOIN órdenes AS o ON c.id_cliente = o.id_cliente
 GROUP BY c.ciudad, c.pais;

#4#
CREATE VIEW vw_fecha_producto AS
SELECT o.id_orden,
       o.fecha_orden,
       p.categoría,
       p.created_at
  FROM órdenes o
 INNER JOIN detalle_orden d ON o.id_orden = d.id_orden
 INNER JOIN productos p ON d.id_producto = p.id_producto;
```

1. **VW_ORDERS_BY_LOCATION**: Groups orders by **city and country**, showing the number of orders per location. Tables: **Customers, Orders**

2. **VW_DATE_PRODUCT**: Shows the date of each order along with the product category and the product creation date. Tables: **Orders, Order_Details, Products**

VIEW 5

```
325  #=5=#  
326  
327 • CREATE VIEW vw_stock_productos AS  
328   SELECT p.nombre_producto,  
329     p.stock,  
330     d.precio_unitario  
331   FROM productos p  
332   JOIN detalle_orden d ON p.id_producto = d.id_producto;  
333
```

1. VW_STOCK_PRODUCTOS: Shows the available stock of each product in the inventory. Tables: **Products**

TEST QUERIES

```
326  
327 • CREATE VIEW vw_stock_productos AS  
328   SELECT p.nombre_producto,  
329     p.stock,  
330     d.precio_unitario  
331   FROM productos p  
332   JOIN detalle_orden d ON p.id_producto = d.id_producto;  
333  
334  
335 # EJECUSIONES #  
336  
337 • SELECT * FROM vw_detalle_compra  
338 WHERE metodo_pago IN ('Venmo');  
339  
340 • SELECT * FROM vw_total_por_clientes  
341 WHERE categoria IN ('Vinilo');  
342  
343 • SELECT * FROM vw_ordenes_por ubicacion  
344 WHERE pais IN ('Argentina');  
345
```

The screenshot shows two separate database query results side-by-side. Both queries are labeled '1 •' and have a 'Limit to 1000 rows' option at the top.

The left query result, titled 'vw_stock_productos', displays a grid of data with columns: ciudad, pais, and cantidad_order... (partially visible). The data includes cities like Montevideo, Uruguay; Bogotá, Colombia; Buenos Aires, Argentina; Madrid, España; Cali, Colombia; Santiago, Chile; Lima, Peru; Bogotá, Colombia; Quito, Ecuador; Asunción, Paraguay; and La Paz, Bolivia.

The right query result, titled 'vw_fecha_producto', displays a grid of data with columns: id_orden, fecha_orden, categoria, and created_at. The data includes various orders with details like Vídeo, Poster, CD, Merchandising, and their respective creation dates.

Test queries are shown on the **views, functions, and stored procedures**, verifying that they return the expected data according to the project logic.

FUNCTIONS

TOTAL ORDER AMOUNT

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. On the left, the SQL editor contains the code for creating a function named `monto_total_ordenes`. The function takes an integer parameter `param_idOrden`, returns a decimal value with 2 decimal places, and uses a deterministic algorithm. It calculates the total amount by summing the product of unit price and quantity for all items in the `detalle_orden` table where the order ID matches the parameter. The result is stored in the `total` variable and returned. A final `SELECT` statement retrieves the total amount for order ID 2. On the right, the results grid shows a single row with the value `79.00`.

```
USE ecommerce_daud;
DELIMITER //
CREATE FUNCTION monto_total_ordenes (param_idOrden INT)
RETURNS DECIMAL(10,2)
DETERMINISTIC
BEGIN
    DECLARE total DECIMAL(10,2);

    SELECT IFNULL(SUM(precio_unitaria * cantidad), 0)
    INTO total
    FROM detalle_orden
    WHERE id_orden = param_idOrden;

    RETURN total;
END//
DELIMITER ;
SELECT monto_total_ordenes (2,3,8);

```

Calculates the total amount of an order by multiplying the unit price by the quantity of each product in Order_Details.

Tables: **Order_Details**

Purpose: Allows quickly obtaining the total for a specific order, avoiding manual summation of the products.

CUSTOMER LOCATION

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. On the left, the SQL editor contains the code for creating a function named `ubicacion_clientes`. The function takes an integer parameter `param_idCliente`, returns a string up to 250 characters long, and uses a deterministic algorithm. It concatenates the customer's name, city, and country into a single string separated by commas. The result is stored in the `info` variable and returned. A final `SELECT` statement retrieves the location for customer ID 10. On the right, the results grid shows a single row with the value `Ana Fernandez, Bogotá, Colombia`.

```
DELIMITER //
CREATE FUNCTION ubicacion_clientes(param_idCliente INT)
RETURNS VARCHAR(250)
DETERMINISTIC
BEGIN
    DECLARE info VARCHAR(250);
    SELECT CONCAT(nombre, ', ', ciudad, ', ', pais) INTO info
    FROM clientes
    WHERE id_cliente = param_idCliente;

    RETURN info;
END//
DELIMITER ;
SELECT ubicacion_clientes (2);
#*** SP ***#
# = 1 = #

```

Returns the **customer's full name** along with their **city and country** as a single string.

Tables: **Customers**

Purpose: Makes it easy to display complete customer information in reports or views without multiple joins or concatenations.

STORED PROCEDURES

LIST CUSTOMER ORDERS

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. On the left, the SQL editor contains the code for creating a stored procedure:

```
CREATE PROCEDURE sp_listar_ordenes_cliente (IN p_id_cliente INT)
BEGIN
    SELECT
        o.id_orden,
        o.fecha_orden,
        monto_total_ordenes(o.id_orden) AS total
    FROM ordenes AS o
    WHERE o.id_cliente = p_id_cliente;
END//
```

Line numbers 409 to 419 are visible. Below the procedure definition, there is a USE statement and a CALL command:

```
USE ecommerce_daud;
CALL sp_listar_ordenes_cliente(2);
```

On the right, the Results tab displays the output of the stored procedure call:

id_orden	fecha_orden	total
10	2025-10-03 10:05:00	46.50

Displays all orders for a specific customer along with the date and total of each order.

Tables: **Orders, Order_Details** (through the total_order_amount function)

Purpose: Allows quickly querying a customer's purchase history without complex joins.

SORT CUSTOMERS

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. On the left, the SQL editor contains the code for creating a stored procedure sp_ordenar_clientes:

```
DELIMITER //
```

```
CREATE PROCEDURE sp_ordenar_clientes(IN p_tabla VARCHAR(225), IN p_columna VARCHAR(225), IN p_orden VARCHAR(225))
BEGIN
    SET @sql_text = CONCAT("SELECT * FROM ", p_tabla, " ORDER BY ", p_columna, " ", p_orden, ";");
    PREPARE stmt FROM @sql_text;
    EXECUTE stmt;
    DEALLOCATE PREPARE stmt;
END//
```

Line numbers 614 to 722 are visible. Below the procedure definition, there is a CALL command:

```
CALL sp_ordenar_clientes('clientes', 'fecha_registro', 'ASC');
```

On the right, the Results tab displays the sorted data from the 'clientes' table:

id_cliente	nombre	email	fecha_registro	ciudad	pais
1	Nuevo Cliente	nuevo@email.com	2025-12-18 20:32:16	Montevideo	Uruguay
2	Raul Salvatierra	raul.salvatierra.35@gmail.com	2025-12-18 20:36:16	Brooklyn	USA
3	Maria Perez	maria@hotmail.com	2025-12-18 20:36:16	Buenos Aires	Argentina
4	Carlos Lopez	carlos@gmail.com	2025-12-18 20:36:16	Madrid	España
5	Gian Terorio	gian.terorio@gmail.com	2025-12-18 20:36:16	Cali	Colombia
6	Bethany Rodriguez	bethanyrodriguez95@yahoo.com	2025-12-18 20:36:16	New York	USA
7	Juan Perez	juan.perez@gmail.com	2025-12-18 20:36:16	Buenos Aires	Argentina
8	Maria Gonzalez	maria.gonzalez@yahoo.com	2025-12-18 20:36:16	Santiago	Chile
9	Carlos Ramirez	carlos.ramirez@hotmail.com	2025-12-18 20:36:16	Lima	Peru
10	Ana Fernandez	ana.fernandez@gmail.com	2025-12-18 20:36:16	Bogotá	Colombia
11	Luis Martinez	luis.martinez@yahoo.com	2025-12-18 20:36:16	Quito	Ecuador

Dynamically sorts any table by the specified **column and order**.

Tables: Can be applied to any table passed as a parameter.

Purpose: Allows listing data in an organized way without creating multiple fixed queries, enabling flexible and reusable queries.

TRIGGERS

UPDATE STOCK

```
439
440    DELIMITER //
441
442 •  CREATE TRIGGER trg_actualizar_stock
443     AFTER INSERT ON detalle_orden
444     FOR EACH ROW
445     BEGIN
446         UPDATE productos
447             SET stock = stock - NEW.cantidad|
448             WHERE id_producto = NEW.id_producto;
449     END//
450
451     DELIMITER ;
452
453 •  SELECT stock FROM productos WHERE id_producto = 15;
454
455
456     DELIMITER //
```

⌚ 37:47

Automatically updates a product's stock whenever a **new order** detail is inserted.

Tables: Order_Details, Products

Purpose: Keeps the inventory up-to-date without manual calculations after each sale.

MARK PAYMENT

```
DELIMITER //

CREATE TRIGGER trg_marcar_pago
AFTER UPDATE ON pagos
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
    IF NEW.estado_pago = 'Pagado' THEN
        UPDATE ordenes
            SET total = NEW.monto
            WHERE id_orden = NEW.id_orden;
    END IF;
END//

820
821     DELIMITER ;
822
823 •  SELECT * FROM pagos WHERE id_pago = 70;
824 •  SELECT * FROM ordenes WHERE id_orden = (SELECT id_orden FROM pagos WHERE id_pago = 70);
825
```

Trigger that executes when a record in the **Payments** table is updated. When a payment status changes to "Paid," the corresponding total in the **Orders** table is updated, ensuring consistency between payments and orders.

SECOND DELIVERY CORRECTIONS

Adjustments were made to the database:



```
491 • ALTER TABLE pagos
492   MODIFY COLUMN estado_pago ENUM('Pagado', 'Pendiente', 'Rechazado');
493
494
495 • UPDATE pagos
496   SET estado_pago = 'Pagado'
497   WHERE id_pago >= 1
498     AND fecha_pago IS NOT NULL;
499
500
501 • UPDATE pagos
502   SET estado_pago = 'Pendiente'
503   WHERE id_pago IN (3, 7, 15);
504
505 • UPDATE pagos
506   SET estado_pago = 'Rechazado'
507   WHERE id_pago IN (9, 21);
508
```

- The payment_status column in the Payments table was changed to **ENUM** type (**Paid, Pending, Rejected**).
- Records were updated to reflect the actual **status** of each order.
- Adjustments were made to simplify payment tracking.



```
515 • INSERT INTO pagos (id_orden, metodo_pago, monto, fecha_pago, estado_pago) VALUES
516   (1, 'Venmo', 20.00, '2025-01-16 09:00:00', 'Pendiente'),
517   (2, 'Zelle', 30.00, '2025-02-04 10:30:00', 'Rechazado'),
518   (3, 'Tarjeta de crédito', 15.00, '2025-03-11 14:00:00', 'Pagado'),
519   (4, 'Venmo', 25.00, '2025-04-23 12:00:00', 'Pendiente'),
520   (5, 'Zelle', 10.00, '2025-05-06 16:00:00', 'Pagado'),
521   (6, 'Tarjeta de crédito', 18.00, '2025-06-19 10:00:00', 'Pendiente'),
522   (7, 'Venmo', 12.00, '2025-07-08 11:30:00', 'Rechazado'),
523   (8, 'Zelle', 22.00, '2025-08-13 09:45:00', 'Pendiente'),
524   (9, 'Tarjeta de crédito', 19.00, '2025-09-26 15:00:00', 'Pagado');
525
526
```

Additional payments were added using different **order_id** and **payment_id** values to reflect that an order can have multiple payments with varying statuses (**Paid, Pending, Rejected**)

```
864  
865  
866 • ALTER TABLE pagos  
867     MODIFY monto DECIMAL(10,2);  
868  
869  
870  
871
```

The amount field in the payments table was changed to **DECIMAL(10,2)** to correctly represent monetary values, allow **decimals**, and keep consistency in the data model.

```
...  
509 • CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW vw_stock_productos AS  
510     SELECT  
511         nombre_producto,  
512         stock  
513     FROM productos;
```

The **vw_stock_productos** view was replaced using **CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW** so that it selects only **nombre_producto** and stock from the **productos** table, removing the join with **detalle_orden** and the **precio_unitario** column.

```
# === DATOS === #  
  
USE ecommerce_daud;  
  
#==== CLIENTES ===#  
  
USE ecommerce_daud;
```

The **USE** command was corrected to point to the correct database **ecommerce_daud** before operating on the clientestable.

The call to the **monto_total_ordenes** function was modified to execute one **id_orden** at a time, respecting the function definition that accepts a single parameter.

```
        RETURN total;  
END//  
386  
387     DELIMITER ;  
388  
389 •     SELECT monto_total_ordenes(2);  
390 •     SELECT monto_total_ordenes(3);  
391 •     SELECT monto_total_ordenes(8);  
392  
393
```

ACTUALIZACION DE TRIGGER

The **agregar_clientes** trigger was removed because it required creating a new table that was not part of the original design and could alter the database dynamics. Instead, a new trigger **focused on payment and order management** was implemented, maintaining simpler logic and alignment with the defined data model.

DATA UPDATE AND INSERT

New records were added to achieve a **more balanced and realistic data distribution**, allowing better testing of the model's functionality. The final dataset includes **70 customers, 115 orders, 131 order detail records, 200 products, and 115 payments**.

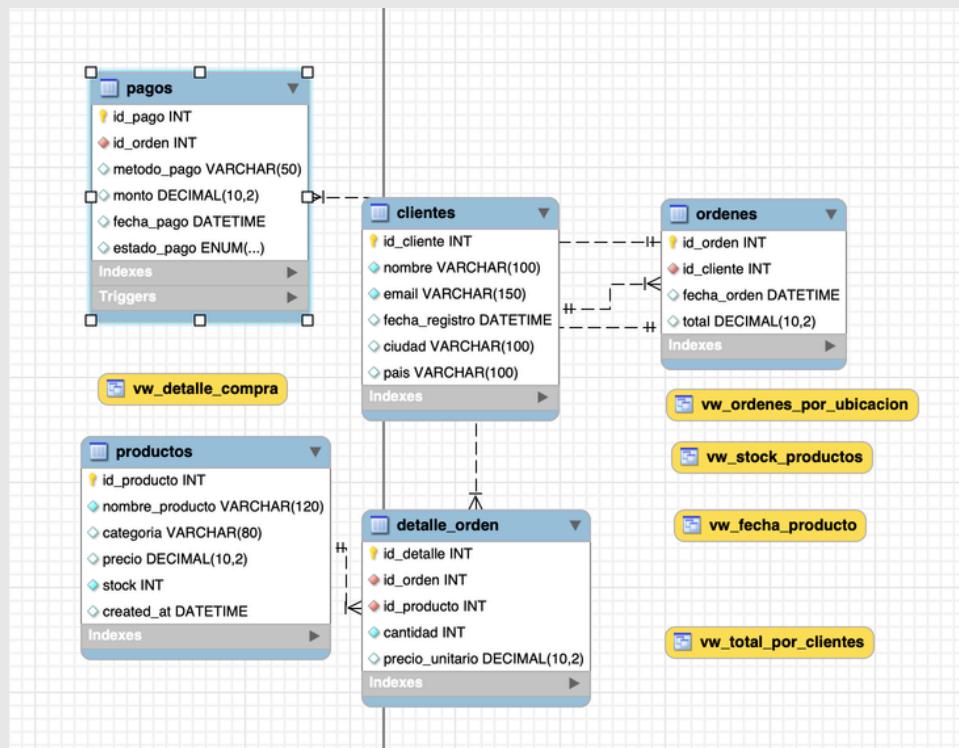
TOTAL ORDERS

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Edit: Export/Import:

	id_orden	id_cliente	fecha_orden	total	
▶	1	5	2025-01-01 10:00:00	21.00	
	2	12	2025-01-02 11:15:00	12.00	
	3	7	2025-01-03 12:30:00	24.00	
	4	20	2025-01-04 13:45:00	20.00	
	5	3	2025-01-05 14:00:00	7.00	
	6	42	2025-01-06 15:10:00	23.00	
	7	18	2025-01-07 16:20:00	14.50	
	8	31	2025-01-08 17:30:00	13.50	
	9	50	2025-01-09 09:45:00	32.00	
	10	25	2025-01-10 10:50:00	22.00	
	11	8	2025-01-11 11:05:00	14.00	
	12	3	2025-01-12 12:15:00	22.00	
	13	17	2025-01-13 13:25:00	6.50	
	14	9	2025-01-14 14:35:00	6.50	
	15	22	2025-01-15 15:45:00	22.00	

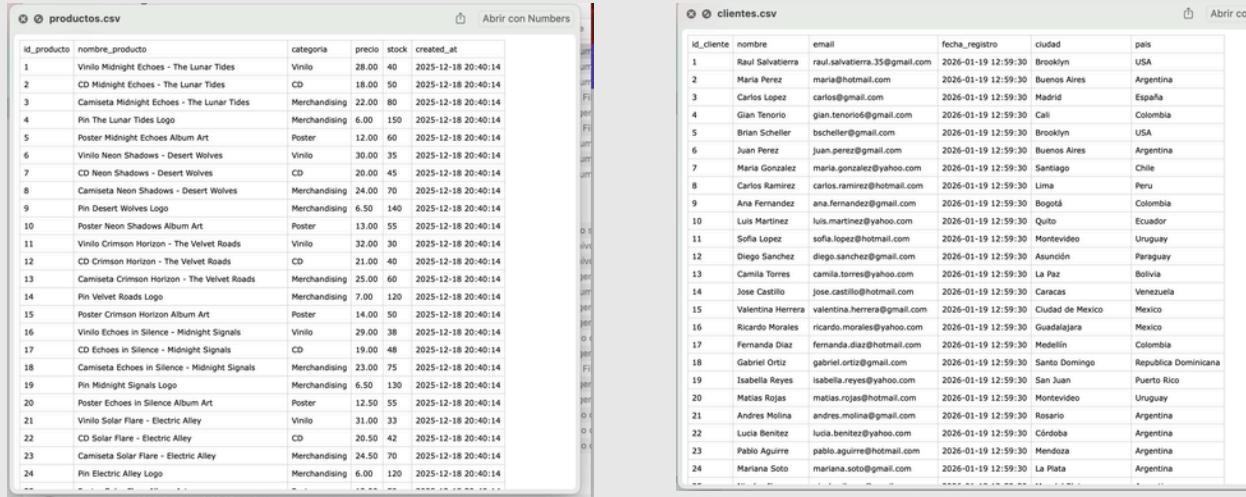
The total field in the ordenes table was updated based on each product's price and the quantity recorded in the **detalle_orden** table, allowing the correct **total amount for each order** to be reflected.

FINAL ER MODEL



SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

The tables **were exported** from **MySQL Workbench** in **CSV format**, then opened and organized in **Google Sheets** to build a working dataset. The dataset was later used in **Power BI** to generate visualization charts.

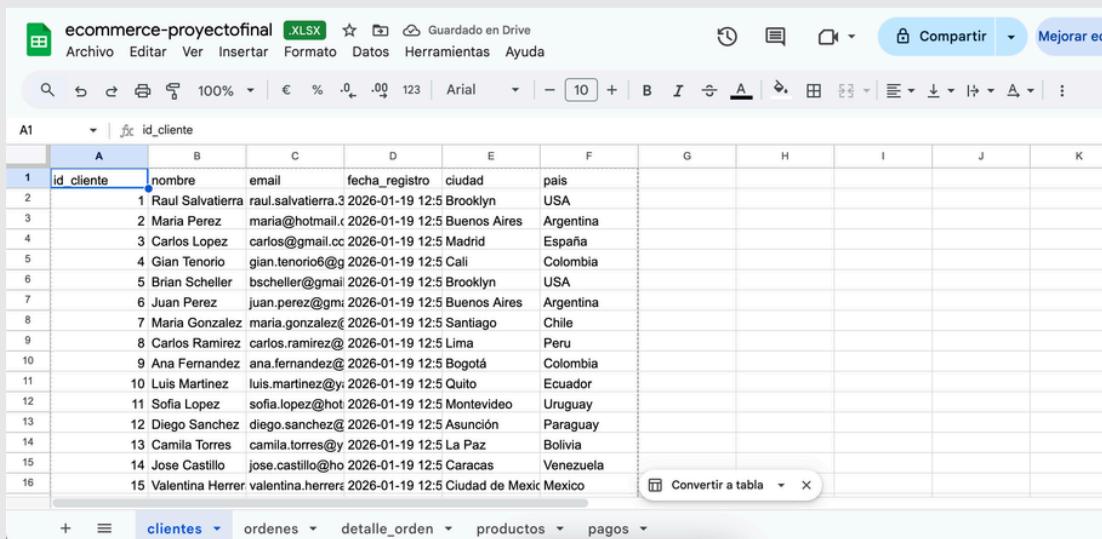


The image shows two side-by-side Google Sheets. The left sheet is titled 'productos.csv' and contains data for various products with columns: id_producto, nombre_producto, categoria, precio, stock, and created_at. The right sheet is titled 'clientes.csv' and contains data for clients with columns: id_cliente, nombre, email, fecha_registro, ciudad, and pais. Both sheets show 24 rows of data.

id_producto	nombre_producto	categoria	precio	stock	created_at
1	Vinilo Midnight Echoes - The Lunar Tides	Vinilo	28.00	40	2025-12-18 20:40:14
2	CD Midnight Echoes - The Lunar Tides	CD	18.00	50	2025-12-18 20:40:14
3	Camiseta Midnight Echoes - The Lunar Tides	Merchandising	22.00	80	2025-12-18 20:40:14
4	Pin The Lunar Tides Logo	Merchandising	6.00	150	2025-12-18 20:40:14
5	Poster Midnight Echoes Album Art	Poster	12.00	60	2025-12-18 20:40:14
6	Vinilo Neon Shadows - Desert Wolves	Vinilo	30.00	35	2025-12-18 20:40:14
7	CD Neon Shadows - Desert Wolves	CD	20.00	45	2025-12-18 20:40:14
8	Camiseta Neon Shadows - Desert Wolves	Merchandising	24.00	70	2025-12-18 20:40:14
9	Pin Desert Wolves Logo	Merchandising	6.50	140	2025-12-18 20:40:14
10	Poster Neon Shadows Album Art	Poster	13.00	55	2025-12-18 20:40:14
11	Vinilo Crimson Horizon - The Velvet Roads	Vinilo	32.00	30	2025-12-18 20:40:14
12	CD Crimson Horizon - The Velvet Roads	CD	21.00	48	2025-12-18 20:40:14
13	Camiseta Crimson Horizon - The Velvet Roads	Merchandising	25.00	60	2025-12-18 20:40:14
14	Pin Velvet Roads Logo	Merchandising	7.00	120	2025-12-18 20:40:14
15	Poster Crimson Horizon Album Art	Poster	14.00	50	2025-12-18 20:40:14
16	Vinilo Echoes in Silence - Midnight Signals	Vinilo	29.00	30	2025-12-18 20:40:14
17	CD Echoes in Silence - Midnight Signals	CD	19.00	48	2025-12-18 20:40:14
18	Camiseta Echoes in Silence - Midnight Signals	Merchandising	23.00	70	2025-12-18 20:40:14
19	Pin Midnight Signals Logo	Merchandising	6.50	130	2025-12-18 20:40:14
20	Poster Echoes in Silence Album Art	Poster	12.50	55	2025-12-18 20:40:14
21	Vinilo Solar Flare - Electric Alley	Vinilo	31.00	33	2025-12-18 20:40:14
22	CD Solar Flare - Electric Alley	CD	20.50	42	2025-12-18 20:40:14
23	Camiseta Solar Flare - Electric Alley	Merchandising	24.50	70	2025-12-18 20:40:14
24	Pin Electric Alley Logo	Merchandising	6.00	120	2025-12-18 20:40:14

id_cliente	nombre	email	fecha_registro	ciudad	pais
1	Raul Salvatierra	raul.salvatierra.3@gmail.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	Brooklyn	USA
2	Maria Perez	maria@hotmail.c	2026-01-19 12:59:30	Buenos Aires	Argentina
3	Carlos Lopez	carlos@gmail.cc	2026-01-19 12:59:30	Madrid	España
4	Gian Tenorio	gian.tenorio6@gmail.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	Call	Colombia
5	Brian Scheller	bscheller@gmail.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	Brooklyn	USA
6	Juan Perez	juan.perez@gmail.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	Buenos Aires	Argentina
7	Maria Gonzalez	maria.gonzalez@yahoo.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	Santiago	Chile
8	Carlos Ramirez	carlos.ramirez@hotmail.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	Lima	Peru
9	Ana Fernandez	ana.fernandez@gmail.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	Bogotá	Colombia
10	Luis Martinez	luis.martinez@yahoo.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	Quito	Ecuador
11	Sofia Lopez	sofa.lopez@hotmail.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	Montevideo	Uruguay
12	Diego Sanchez	diego.sanchez@gmail.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	Asunción	Paraguay
13	Camila Torres	camila.torres@yahoo.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	La Paz	Bolivia
14	Jose Castillo	jose.castillo@hotmail.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	Caracas	Venezuela
15	Valentina Herrera	valentina.herrera@gmail.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	Ciudad de Mexico	Mexico
16	Ricardo Morales	ricardo.morales@yahoo.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	Guadalajara	Mexico
17	Fernanda Diaz	fernanda.diaz@hotmail.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	Medellín	Colombia
18	Gabriel Ortiz	gabriel.ortiz@gmail.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	Santa Domingo	República Dominicana
19	Isabella Reyes	isabella.reyes@yahoo.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	San Juan	Puerto Rico
20	Matias Rojas	matias.rojas@hotmail.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	Montevideo	Uruguay
21	Andres Molina	andres.molina@gmail.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	Rosario	Argentina
22	Luria Benitez	luria.benitez@yahoo.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	Córdoba	Argentina
23	Pablo Aguirre	pablo.aguirre@hotmail.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	Mendoza	Argentina
24	Mariana Soto	marianna.soto@gmail.com	2026-01-19 12:59:30	La Plata	Argentina

Clientes and productos correspond to two of the five CSV files imported from **MySQL Workbench**, used for data loading within the project.



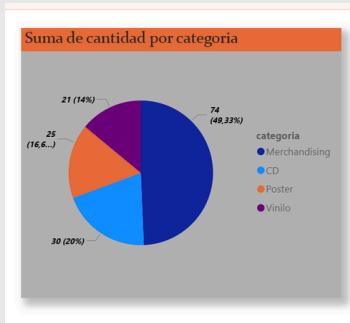
The image shows an Excel spreadsheet with the 'clientes' tab selected. The data consists of 24 rows of client information, including columns for id_cliente, nombre, email, fecha_registro, ciudad, and pais. The spreadsheet interface includes standard Excel tools like filters, sort, and search at the top, and a ribbon menu at the bottom.

A1	id_cliente	nombre	email	fecha_registro	ciudad	pais
1	1	Raul Salvatierra	raul.salvatierra.3@gmail.com	2026-01-19 12:5 Brooklyn	USA	
2	2	Maria Perez	maria@hotmail.c	2026-01-19 12:5 Buenos Aires	Argentina	
3	3	Carlos Lopez	carlos@gmail.cc	2026-01-19 12:5 Madrid	España	
4	4	Gian Tenorio	gian.tenorio6@gmail.com	2026-01-19 12:5 Call	Colombia	
5	5	Brian Scheller	bscheller@gmail.com	2026-01-19 12:5 Brooklyn	USA	
6	6	Juan Perez	juan.perez@gmail.com	2026-01-19 12:5 Buenos Aires	Argentina	
7	7	Maria Gonzalez	maria.gonzalez@yahoo.com	2026-01-19 12:5 Santiago	Chile	
8	8	Carlos Ramirez	carlos.ramirez@hotmail.com	2026-01-19 12:5 Lima	Peru	
9	9	Ana Fernandez	ana.fernandez@gmail.com	2026-01-19 12:5 Bogotá	Colombia	
10	10	Luis Martinez	luis.martinez@yahoo.com	2026-01-19 12:5 Quito	Ecuador	
11	11	Sofia Lopez	sofa.lopez@hotmail.com	2026-01-19 12:5 Montevideo	Uruguay	
12	12	Diego Sanchez	diego.sanchez@gmail.com	2026-01-19 12:5 Asunción	Paraguay	
13	13	Camila Torres	camila.torres@yahoo.com	2026-01-19 12:5 La Paz	Bolivia	
14	14	Jose Castillo	jose.castillo@hotmail.com	2026-01-19 12:5 Caracas	Venezuela	
15	15	Valentina Herrera	valentina.herrera@gmail.com	2026-01-19 12:5 Ciudad de Mexic	Mexico	

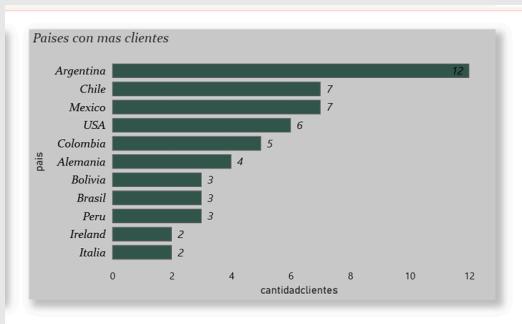
In the **Excel** project, the dataset can be viewed, and it was later imported into **Power BI** for creating charts and visualizations.

POWER BI VISUALIZATIONS

Interactive visualizations were created in **Power BI** using **DAX** measures, aiming to enhance data visibility and analysis, allowing the identification of **patterns, trends, and relevant comparisons** based on the project data.



A pie chart shows the distribution of sales by **product type**, with merchandising accounting for nearly **50% of the total**, while **CDs, posters, and vinyl** share the remaining half in a balanced way.



The bar chart shows the number of **customers by country**, displaying only the 11 countries with the highest number of customers. **Argentina** leads with 12 customers, followed by **Chile** and **México** with 7, the **United States** with 6, and **Colombia** with 5 customers.

metodo_pago	Productos Vendidos
Paypal	34
Tarjeta	39
Venmo	40
Zelle	37
Total	150

The **table** shows the **payment method** along with the number of products sold, with **Venmo** leading at 40 units, followed by **Card** with 39, **Zelle** with 37, and **PayPal** with 34 products sold. 4 productos vendidos.