

LAMPIRAN

Lampiran 1. Determinasi Tanaman Rumput Laut *Kappaphycus alvarezii* Doty.



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SURAT KETERANGAN

No.: BF/18 / Ident /IV/2016

Kepada Yth. :
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 Di Bali

Dengan hormat,

Bersama ini kami sampaikan hasil identifikasi sampel alga yang Saudara kirimkan ke Departemen Biologi Farmasi, Fakultas Farmasi UGM, adalah :

No.Pendaftaran	Jenis	Suku
118	<i>Kappaphycus alvarezii</i> (Doty) Doty ex Silva Sinonim : <i>Eucheuma cottonii</i> Weber- van Bosse	Solieriaceae

Demikian, semoga dapat digunakan sebagaimana mestinya.

Yogyakarta, 25 April 2016



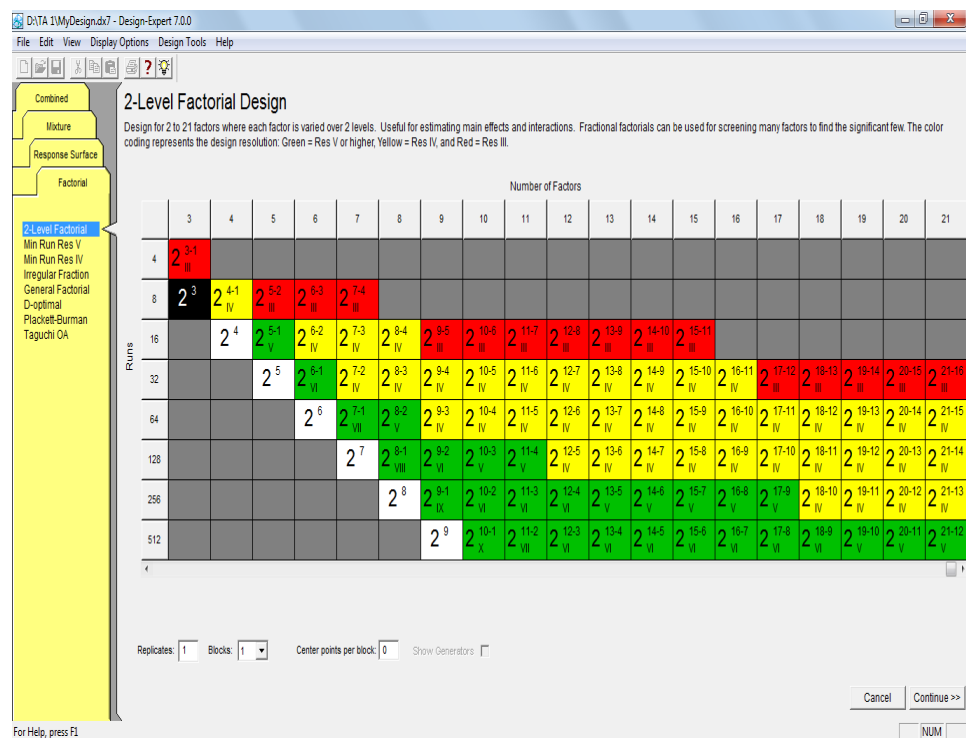
Ketua

Dr. rer.nat. Triana Hertiani, M.Si., Apt.
 NIP. 197306091998032003

Lampiran 2. Tahapan Pengolahan Data dalam Design Expert Version 7.0.0

Tahapan input faktor dalam software Design Expert Version 7.0.0 adalah sebagai berikut:

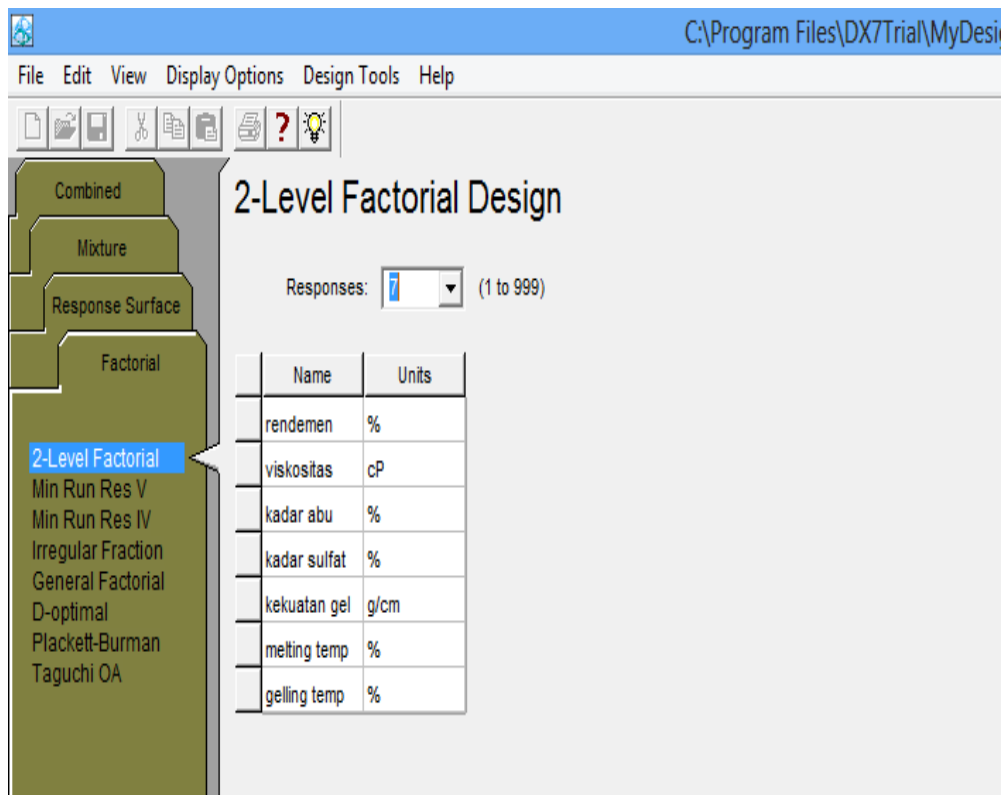
1. Dibuka aplikasi Design Expert Version 7.0.0, hingga muncul homepage berikut ini. Dipilih level factorial 2^3 karena variabel yang digunakan sebanyak tiga jenis



2. Diinput variabel yang divariasikan dalam penelitian ini (konsentrasi KOH, waktu ekstraksi, waktu presipitasi dengan KCl 5%)

	Std	Run	Block	Factor 1 A.konsentrasi	Factor 2 B.waktu ekstra	Factor 3 C.waktu presip	Response 1 Rendemen %	Response 2 Viskositas cP
5		1	Block 1	5.00	1.00	1.00		
	7	2	Block 1	5.00	3.00	1.00		
	1	3	Block 1	5.00	1.00	0.50		
	2	4	Block 1	10.00	1.00	0.50		
	8	5	Block 1	10.00	3.00	1.00		
	3	6	Block 1	5.00	3.00	0.50		
	4	7	Block 1	10.00	3.00	0.50		
	6	8	Block 1	10.00	1.00	1.00		

3. Diinput respon yang akan dianalisis dalam penelitian ini



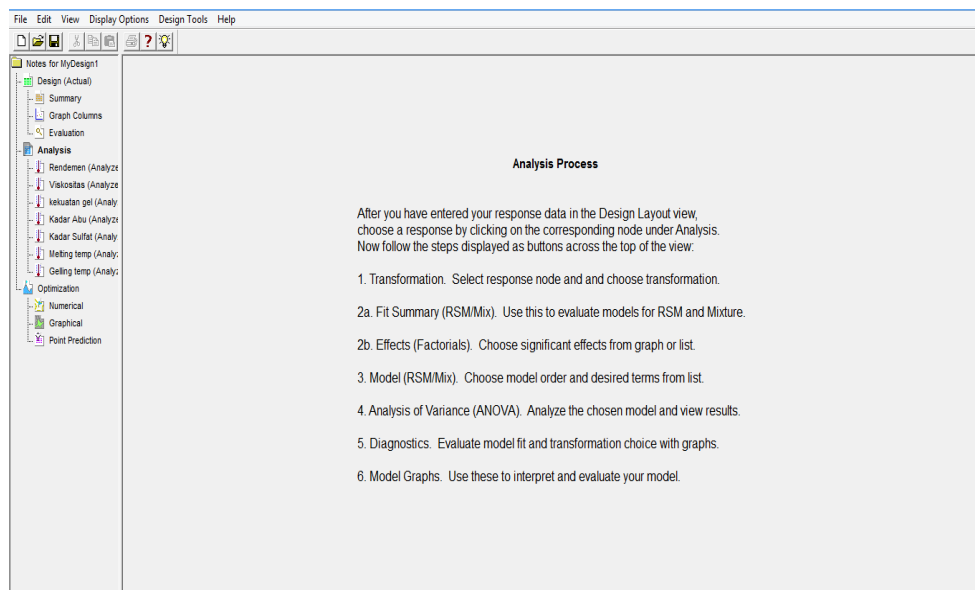
4. Akan muncul optimasi formula seperti dibawah ini

Solutions															
	Number	konsentrasi	Ki waktu	ekstrak	waktu	presipit	Rendemen	Viskositas	kekuatan	gel	Kadar Abu	Kadar Sulfat	Melting temp	Gelling temp	Desirability
1	5.13	1.65	0.96	25.0001	5.3349	568.67	15	33.8466	90.6	46.8579	0.715	Selected			
2	5.14	1.65	0.96	25.0845	5.33601	568.48	15.0023	33.8462	90.6	46.8485	0.715				
3	5.14	1.64	0.96	25.0002	5.3381	568.379	15.0346	33.8532	90.6	46.8482	0.715				

5. Dimasukkan nilai hasil evaluasi fisika dan kimia karagenan

[illegible]

6. Dilakukan analisa ANOVA tiap respon



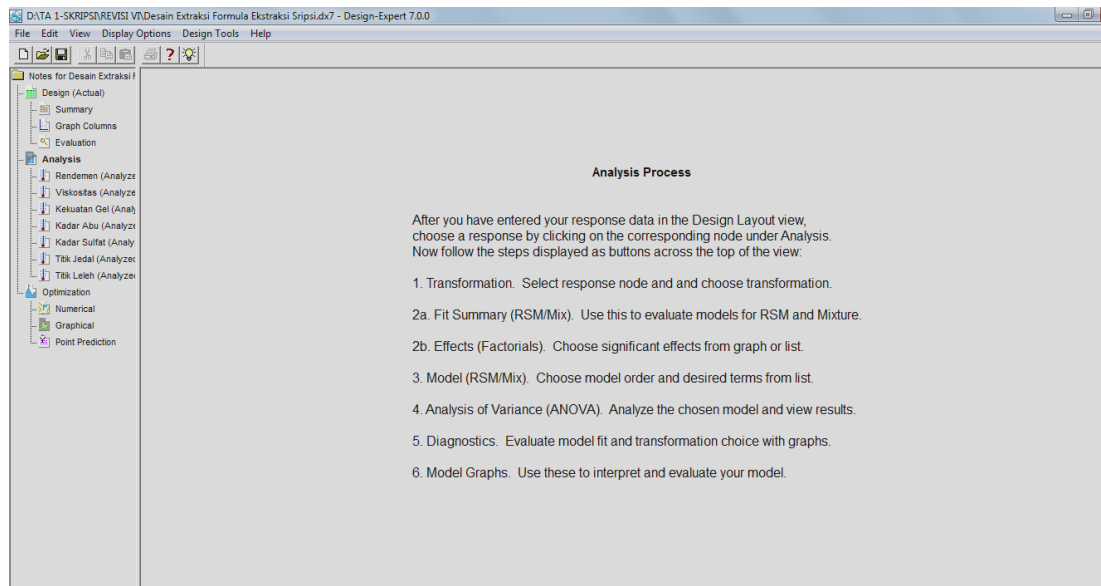
7. Hasil analisa ANOVA one way salah satu respon

ANOVA for selected factorial model

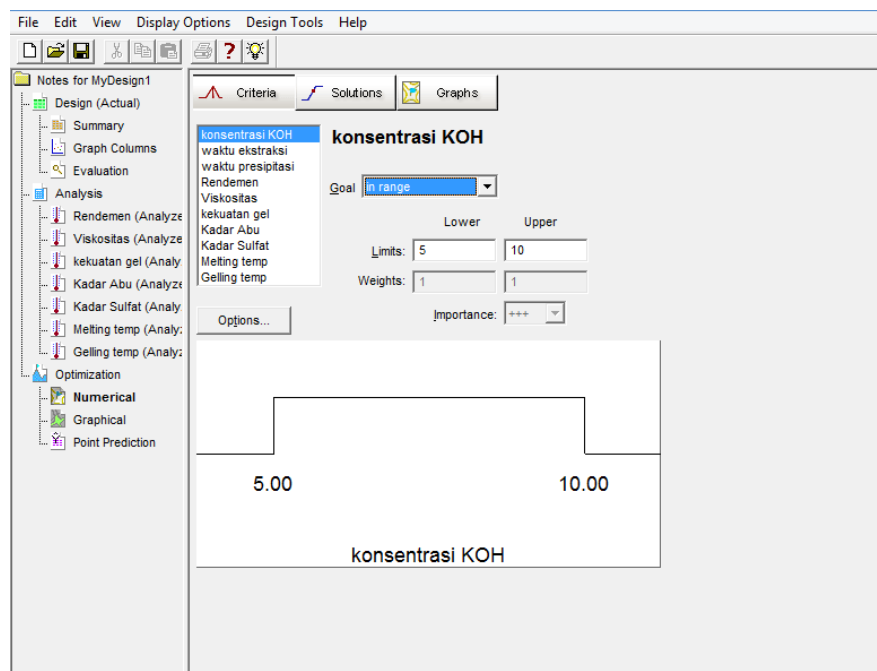
Analysis of variance table [Partial sum of squares - Type III]

Source	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F Value	p-value	
Model	2305.70	3	768.57	41.86	0.0018	significant
A-konsentrasi K	1888.97	1	1888.97	102.87	0.0005	
B-waktu ekstrak	278.36	1	278.36	15.16	0.0176	
C-waktu presipi	138.36	1	138.36	7.54	0.0516	
Residual	73.45	4	18.36			
Cor Total	2379.15	7				

8. Menentukan formula optimum



9. Memasukkan nilai respon yang diharapkan



10. Hasil formula Optimum

Solutions														
	Number	konsentrasi	Khwaktu	ekstrakwaktu	presipit	Rendemen	Viskositas	kekuatan gel	Kadar Abu	Kadar Sulfat	Melting temp	Gelling temp	Desirability	
	1	5.13	1.65	0.96	25.0001	5.3349	568.67		15	33.8466	90.6	46.8579	0.715	Selected
	2	5.14	1.65	0.96	25.0845	5.33601	568.48		15.0023	33.8462	90.6	46.8485	0.715	
	3	5.14	1.64	0.96	25.0002	5.3381	568.379		15.0346	33.8532	90.6	46.8482	0.715	
	4	5.14	1.65	0.96	25.0003	5.3382	568.341		15.0755	33.8555	90.6	46.8485	0.715	

Lampiran 3. Hasil Evaluasi Optimasi Metode Isolasi Karagenan dari Rumpun

Laut *Kappaphycus alvarezii* Doty.

a. Rendemen

Formula	Konsentrasi KOH (%)	Waktu Ekstraksi (jam)	Waktu Presipitasi (jam)	Rendemen (%)
F1	5	1	1	20,92
F2	5	3	1	28,92
F3	5	1	0,5	15,03
F4	10	1	0,5	37,71
F5	10	3	1,0	64,05
F6	5	3	0,5	26,34
F7	10	3	0,5	56,96
F8	10	1	1,0	55,42

b. Viskositas

Formula	Konsentrasi KOH (%)	Waktu Ekstraksi (jam)	Waktu Presipitasi (jam)	Viskositas (Cp)
F1	5	1	1	5,8
F2	5	3	1	4,2
F3	5	1	0,5	6,6
F4	10	1	0,5	9,18
F5	10	3	1,0	7,46
F6	5	3	0,5	4,6
F7	10	3	0,5	8,22
F8	10	1	1,0	8,38

c. Kekuatan Gel

Formula	Konsentrasi KOH (%)	Waktu Ekstraksi (jam)	Waktu Presipitasi (jam)	Kekuatan Gel (g/cm ²)
F1	5	1	1	536,14
F2	5	3	1	742,82
F3	5	1	0,5	362,01
F4	10	1	0,5	142,8
F5	10	3	1,0	212,03
F6	5	3	0,5	642,61
F7	10	3	0,5	194,16
F8	10	1	1,0	174,12

d. Kadar Abu

Formula	Konsentrasi KOH (%)	Waktu Ekstraksi (jam)	Waktu Presipitasi (jam)	Kadar Abu (%)
F1	5	1	1	18,89
F2	5	3	1	6,98
F3	5	1	0,5	21
F4	10	1	0,5	48,89
F5	10	3	1,0	24,26
F6	5	3	0,5	11,47
F7	10	3	0,5	32
F8	10	1	1,0	39,17

e. Kadar Sulfat

Formula	Konsentrasi KOH (%)	Waktu Ekstraksi (jam)	Waktu Presipitasi (jam)	Kadar Sulfat (%)
F1	5	1	1	34,71
F2	5	3	1	32,16
F3	5	1	0,5	34,92
F4	10	1	0,5	39,15
F5	10	3	1,0	35,14
F6	5	3	0,5	33,26
F7	10	3	0,5	35,76
F8	10	1	1,0	37,08

f. *Melting temperature*

Formula	Konsentrasi KOH (%)	Waktu Ekstraksi (jam)	Waktu Presipitasi (jam)	Melting temp. (°C)
F1	5	1	1	90,1
F2	5	3	1	90,6
F3	5	1	0,5	90
F4	10	1	0,5	78,5
F5	10	3	1,0	89,6
F6	5	3	0,5	90,4
F7	10	3	0,5	80,1
F8	10	1	1,0	79,4

g. Gelling temperature

Formula	Konsentrasi KOH (%)	Waktu Ekstraksi (jam)	Waktu Presipitasi (jam)	Gelling temp. (°C)
F1	5	1	1	46
F2	5	3	1	52
F3	5	1	0,5	40
F4	10	1	0,5	32
F5	10	3	1,0	34
F6	5	3	0,5	50
F7	10	3	0,5	32
F8	10	1	1,0	32

Y Transform
U Effects
A ANOVA
D Diagnostic
E Model Graphs

Use your mouse to right click on individual cells for definitions.

Response 2 Viskositas

ANOVA for selected factorial model

Analysis of variance table [Partial sum of squares - Type III]

Source	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	p-value	
Model	22.83	3	7.61	71.38	0.0006	significant
A-konsentrasi K	18.12	1	18.12	169.98	0.0002	
B-waktu ekstrak	3.75	1	3.75	35.21	0.0040	
C-waktu presipi.	0.95	1	0.95	8.93	0.0404	
Residual	0.43	4	0.11			
Cor Total	23.25	7				

The Model F-value of 71.38 implies the model is significant. There is only a 0.06% chance that a "Model F-Value" this large could occur due to noise.

Values of "Prob > F" less than 0.0500 indicate model terms are significant. In this case A, B, C are significant model terms.

Values greater than 0.1000 indicate the model terms are not significant. If there are many insignificant model terms (not counting those required to support hierarchy), model reduction may improve your model.

Std. Dev.	0.33	R-Squared	0.9817
Mean	6.81	Adj R-Squared	0.9679
C.V. %	4.80	Pred R-Squared	0.9266
PRESS	1.71	Adeq Precision	21.961

e. Kadar sulfat

Use your mouse to right click on individual cells for definitions.

Response 5 Kadar Sulfat

ANOVA for selected factorial model

Analysis of variance table [Partial sum of squares - Type III]

Source	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F Value	p-value Prob > F
Model	31.62	3	10.54	37.69	0.0022
A-konsentrasi K	18.24	1	18.24	65.23	0.0013
B-waktu ekstrak	11.38	1	11.38	40.68	0.0031
C-waktu presipi	2.00	1	2.00	7.15	0.0556
Residual	1.12	4	0.28		
Cor Total	32.74	7			

The Model F-value of 37.69 implies the model is significant. There is only a 0.22% chance that a "Model F-Value" this large could occur due to noise.

Values of "Prob > F" less than 0.0500 indicate model terms are significant. In this case A, B are significant model terms. Values greater than 0.1000 indicate the model terms are not significant. If there are many insignificant model terms (not counting those required to support hierarchy), model reduction may improve your model.

Std. Dev.	0.53	R-Squared	0.9658
Mean	35.27	Adj R-Squared	0.9402
C.V. %	1.50	Pred R-Squared	0.8633
PRESS	4.47	Adeq Precision	17.130

f. Melting temperature

Transform Effects ANOVA Diagnostics Model Graphs

Use your mouse to right click on individual cells for definitions.

Response 6 Melting temp

ANOVA for selected factorial model

Analysis of variance table [Partial sum of squares - Type III]

Source	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F Value	p-value Prob > F
Model	174.75	3	58.25	5.05	0.0758
A-konsentrasi K	140.28	1	140.28	12.17	0.0251
B-waktu ekstrak	20.16	1	20.16	1.75	0.2565
C-waktu presipi	14.31	1	14.31	1.24	0.3275
Residual	46.10	4	11.52		
Cor Total	220.85	7			

The Model F-value of 5.05 implies there is a 7.58% chance that a "Model F-Value" this large could occur due to noise.

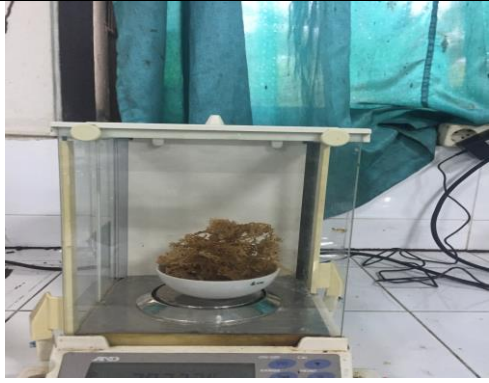


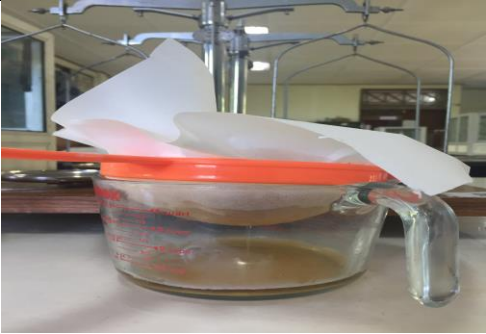

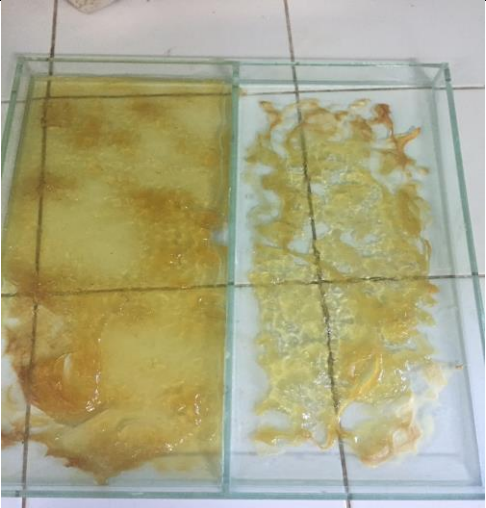
Values of "Prob > F" less than 0.0500 indicate model terms are significant. In this case A are significant model terms. Values greater than 0.1000 indicate the model terms are not significant. If there are many insignificant model terms (not counting those required to support hierarchy), model reduction may improve your model.

Std. Dev.	3.39	R-Squared	0.7913
Mean	86.09	Adj R-Squared	0.6347
C.V. %	3.94	Pred R-Squared	0.1651
PRESS	184.38	Adeq Precision	5.926

g. Gelling temperature

<div> <div>Transform</div> <div>Effects</div> <div>ANOVA</div> <div>Diagnostics</div> <div>Model Graphs</div> </div>					
Use your mouse to right click on individual cells for definitions.					
Response 7 Gelling temp					
ANOVA for selected factorial model					
Analysis of variance table (Partial sum of squares - Type III)					
Source	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F Value	p-value Prob > F
Model	473.50	3	157.83	18.57	0.0082
A-konsentrasi K	420.50	1	420.50	49.47	0.0022
B-waktu ekstrak	40.50	1	40.50	4.76	0.0944
C-waktu presipi	12.50	1	12.50	1.47	0.2920
Residual	34.00	4	8.50		
Cor Total	507.50	7			
The Model F-value of 18.57 implies the model is significant. There is only a 0.82% chance that a "Model F-Value" this large could occur due to noise.					
Values of "Prob > F" less than 0.0500 indicate model terms are significant. In this case A are significant model terms.					
Values greater than 0.1000 indicate the model terms are not significant. If there are many insignificant model terms (not counting those required to support hierarchy), model reduction may improve your model.					
Std. Dev.	2.92		R-Squared	0.9330	
Mean	39.75		Adj R-Squared	0.8828	
C.V. %	7.33		Pred R-Squared	0.7320	
PRESS	136.00		Adeq Precision	10.429	

Lampiran 5. Gambar Proses Isolasi Karagenan dari *Kappaphycus alvarezii* Doty.

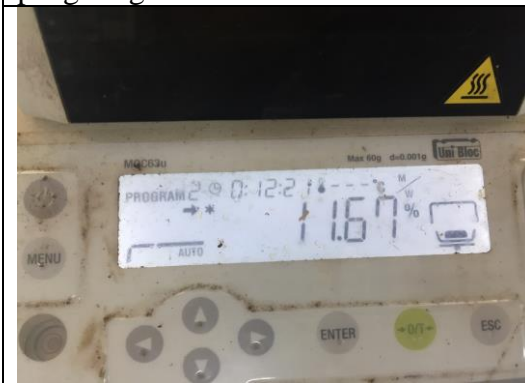
	
<p>Gambar 1. Proses penimbangan rumput laut</p>	<p>Gambar 2. Proses perendaman rumput laut menggunakan aquades selama 30 menit</p>
	
<p>Gambar 3. Proses ekstraksi di dalam water bath</p>	<p>Gambar 4. Proses penyaringan setelah ekstraksi</p>
	
<p>Gambar 5. Proses presipitasi</p>	<p>Gambar 6. Hasil presipitasi yang siap dikeringkan di dalam oven</p>



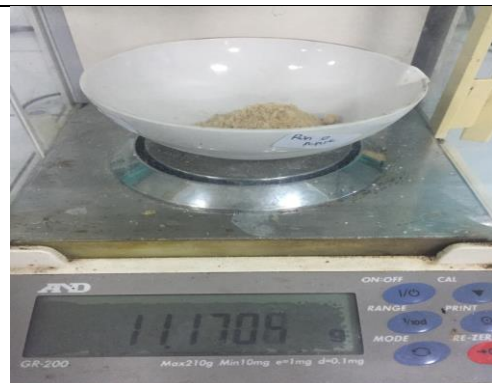
Gambar 7. Serat karagenan hasil pengeringan



Gambar 8. Serbuk karagenan



Gambar 9. Uji Kadar air serbuk karagenan



Gambar.10 Proses penimbangan hasil rendemen



Gambar 11. Proses uji viskositas



Gambar 12. Uji Kekuatan Gel



Gambar 13. Uji Gelling Temperature



Gambar 14. Uji Melting Temperature



Gambar 15. Uji Kadar Abu



Gambar 16. Uji Kadar Sulfat