McLastname, First N

Specimen ID: 00000000010 Control ID: 119-990-4002-0

Container ID: H0651

Patient ID: 000012

Address: 101 Main Street Raleigh, NC 27571

Phone: (919) 555-5678

DOB: 06/01/1947

Age: 72 Sex: Male

Ethnicity: Ashkenazi Jewish, Caucasian

Indication: Carrier Test

Specimen Type: Saliva Genetic Counselor: Michael Mull

Fetus ID: Twin A

Prenatal Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA)

labcorp

Ordering Physician: David Johnson Referring Physician: Michael Mull Date Collected: 08/05/2019 12:00 (Local)

Date Received: 08/05/2019 12:00 (Local) Date Reported: 08/05/2019 12:00 (Local)

SUMMARY: <NEGATIVE or POSITIVE>

POSITIVE RESULTS or NEGATIVE RESULTS

DISORDER (GENE)	RESULTS	INTERPRETATION
Spinal muscular atrophy (SMN1)	< <result>></result>	< <interpretation>></interpretation>
NM_000344		

<General comments section - need to be able to enter text manually or populate with MCC info output from RightReport for prenatal report types>

RECOMMENDATIONS

Genetic counseling is recommended to discuss the potential clinical and/or reproductive implications of positive results, as well as recommendations for testing family members and, when applicable, this individual's partner. Genetic counseling services are available. To access Integrated Genetics Genetic Counselors please visit www.integratedgenetics.com/genetic-counseling or call (855) GC-CALLS (855-422-2557).

ADDITIONAL CLINICAL INFORMATION

Spinal muscular atrophy: Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA) is an autosomal recessive neurodegenerative disorder with variable age at onset and severity, characterized by progressive degeneration of the lower motor neurons in the spinal cord and brain stem, leading to muscle weakness, and in its most common form, respiratory failure by age two. Complications of SMA may include poor weight gain, sleep difficulties, pneumonia, scoliosis, and joint deformities. In severely affected individuals, abnormal fetal ultrasound findings may include congenital joint contractures, polyhydramnios, and decreased fetal movement (Korinthenberg, PMID:9307259). Treatment is supportive. Targeted therapies may be available for some individuals. Approximately 94% of affected individuals have 0 copies of the SMN1 gene; in these individuals an increase in the number of copies of the SMN2 gene correlates with reduced disease severity (Feldkotter, PMID:11791208). Individuals with one copy of the SMN1 gene are predicted to be carriers of SMA; those with two or more copies have a reduced carrier risk. For individuals with two copies of the SMN1 gene, the presence or absence of the variant c.*3+80T>G correlates with an increased or decreased risk, respectively, of being a silent carrier (2+0) (Luo, PMID 23788250; Feng, PMID 28125085).

COMMENTS

This interpretation is based on the clinical information provided and the current understanding of the molecular genetics of the disorder tested. References and additional information about the disorders tested are available at www.integratedgenetics.com.

METHODS/LIMITATIONS

Spinal muscular atrophy: The copy number of SMN1 exon 7 is assessed relative to internal standard reference genes by quantitative polymerase chain reaction (qPCR). A mathematical algorithm calculates 0, 1, 2 and 3 copies with statistical confidence. When no copies of SMN1 are detected, the primer and probe binding sites are sequenced to rule out variants that could interfere with copy number analysis and SMN2 copy number is assessed by digital droplet PCR analysis relative to an internal standard reference gene. For carrier screening, when two copies of SMN1 are detected, allelic discrimination qPCR targeting c.*3+80T>G in SMN1 is performed.

Electronically released under the direction of <Director Name, Certification>

CF detection rates for prenatal testing			
Disorder (Gene) Reference sequence	Population	Detection rate	
Cystic fibrosis (CFTR) NM_000492	African American	81%	
	Ashkenazi Jewish	97%	
	Asian American	55%	
	Caucasian	93%	
	Hispanic	78%	
	Mixed or other ethnic background	For counseling purposes, consider using the ethnic background with the most conservative estimates.	



Comparison of maternal and fetal DNA markers indicates that maternal cell contamination is unlikely to have interfered with the reported fetal result (maternal specimen # XXXXXXXXXX).

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DOB: 06/01/1947

Age: 72 Sex: Male

Ethnicity: Ashkenazi Jewish, Caucasian

Indication: Carrier Test Specimen Type: Saliva

Genetic Counselor: Michael Mull

Fetus ID: Twin A

Prenatal Spinal Muscular Atrophy

labcorp

(SMA)

Ordering Physician: David Johnson Referring Physician: Michael Mull

Date Collected: 08/05/2019 12:00 (Local) Date Received: 08/05/2019 12:00 (Local)

Date Reported: 08/05/2019 12:00 (Local)

McOther, First B DOB: 06/01/1968

Specimen ID: 00000000011 Age: 52 Control ID: 119-990-4002-0 Sex: Female

Container ID: H0651 Ethnicity: Ashkenazi Jewish, Caucasian Ordering Physician: David Johnson Referring Physician: Michael Mull Patient ID: 000019 Indication: Carrier Test

> Date Collected: 08/05/2019 12:00 (Local) Specimen Type: Saliva Date Received: 08/05/2019 12:00 (Local) Genetic Counselor: Michael Mull Fetus ID: Twin B Date Reported: 08/05/2019 12:00 (Local)

Address: 101 Main Street Raleigh, NC 27571

Phone: (919) 555-5678

< NEGATIVE or POSITIVE> **SUMMARY:**

POSITIVE RESULTS or NEGATIVE RESULTS

DISORDER (GENE)	RESULTS	INTERPRETATION
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NM_000344		

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