

Corrected Report - Prenatal Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA)

# genes, including add-on gene(s) for F2 (1 variant), F5 (1 variant), F8, F9, G6PD, GP1BA, GP9, HFE, SERPINA1, TFR2

Specimen Type: Saliva

Ethnicity: Ashkenazi Jewish, Caucasian

Genetic Counselor: Michael Mull

Fetus ID: Twin A

Indication: Carrier Test

Date Collected: 04/29/2019 1142 Local

Date Received: 04/29/2019 1620 ET

Date Reported: 04/30/2019 1045 ET

Date Entered: 06/03/2019 1045 ET

Patient: McLastname, First N

DOB: 06/01/1947

Age (y/m/d): 72/02/12

Gender: Male

Patient ID: 123456789

Ethnicity: Unknown

Indication: Carrier screening

Specimen Type: Whole Blood

Date Collected: 04/29/2019 (Local)

Date Received: 04/29/2019 1620 ET

Date Reported: 04/30/2019 1045 ET

Date Entered: 06/03/2019 1045 ET

Ordering: B. Dickey

Referring: 72/02/12

ID: 123456789

NPI: 111111111

Specimen ID: 119-990-4002-0

Lab Case ID: 202000000003888

Partner: McLastname, First N

DOB: 12/03/1961

Age (y/m/d): 52/07/08

Gender: Female

Patient ID: 987654321

Ethnicity: Unknown

Indication: Carrier screening

Specimen Type: Whole Blood

Date Collected: 04/29/2019 (Local)

Date Received: 04/29/2019 1620 ET

Date Reported: 04/30/2019 1045 ET

Date Entered: 06/03/2019 1045 ET

Ordering: B. Dickey

Referring: 72/02/12

ID: 987654321

NPI: 111111111

Specimen ID: 119-990-4002-0

Lab Case ID: 2020000000038892

<Corrected Comments>

Summary: Negative

| DISORDER (GENE)                             | RESULTS PATIENT- Last Name, First Name | RESULTS PARTNER- Last Name2, First Name2 | INTERPRETATIONS      |
|---|--|--|----------------------|
| Spinal muscular atrophy (SMN1)<br>NM_000344 | << Result >>                           | << Result >>                             | << Interpretation >> |

< General comments section - need to be able to enter text manually or populate with MCC output from RightReport for prenatal report types >  
Comparison of maternal and fetal DNA markers indicates that maternal cell contamination is unlikely to have interfered with reported fetal result (maternal specimen # XXXXXXXXXXXX)

Recommendations

Genetic counseling is recommended to discuss the potential clinical and/or reproductive implications of positive results, as well as recommendations for testing family members and, when applicable, this individual's partner. Genetic counseling services are available. To access Integrated Genetics Genetic Counselors please visit [www.integratedgenetics.com/genetic-counseling](http://www.integratedgenetics.com/genetic-counseling) or call (855) GC-CALLS (855-422-2557).

Additional Clinical Information

Fragile X syndrome: Fragile X syndrome is an X-linked disorder of intellectual disability with variable severity. Expansions of CGG repeat sequences in the FMR1 gene account for 99% of mutations causing fragile X syndrome. The risk of expansion from a premutation allele of 55-90 repeats to a full mutation in offspring, when transmitted by a carrier female, is reduced with increasing number of AGG interruptions in the CGG repeat sequence (Yrigollen, PMID:22498846; Nolin, PMID:25210937). Greater than 99% of males and approximately 50% of females with the full mutation are intellectually disabled. Other signs and symptoms may include delayed speech and language skills, autism, hyperactivity, developmental delay, increased susceptibility to seizures, macroorchidism in males, a long, narrow face with prominent ears, and joint laxity. Individuals with a premutation do not have fragile X syndrome, but may have an increased risk for fragile X-related disorders. Females may have fragile X-associated primary ovarian insufficiency (FXPOI), which can cause infertility or early menopause. Most males with a premutation and some females are at risk for fragile X-associated tremor and ataxia syndrome (FXTAS), which can affect balance and is associated with tremor and memory problems in older individuals. Treatment is supportive and focuses on educational and behavioral support and management of symptoms. (Santoro, PMID:22017584).

Comments

This interpretation is based on the clinical information provided and the current understanding of the molecular genetics of the disorder tested. References and additional information about the disorders tested are available at [www.integratedgenetics.com](http://www.integratedgenetics.com).

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Methods/Limitations

**Fragile X syndrome:** Repeat-primed PCR is used to detect the number of CGG repeats on each allele of the FMR1 gene. The reportable range is 5-200 repeats. Alleles with expansions above 200 repeats are reported as >200. In females, excluding prenatal specimens, alleles between 55 and 90 repeats are assessed by a PCR assay to determine the number and position of AGG interruptions within the CGG repeats. Interpretation of repeat expansion results is based on the following ranges: Negative: < 45 repeats; in-termediate: 45-54 repeats; premutation: 55-200 repeats; full mutation: >200 repeats. The analytical sensitivity of this assay for the detection of expanded alleles in the FMR1 gene is estimated to be >99%. Repeat numbers are typically 1 for alleles containing up to 60 repeats, 3 for alleles containing 61-119 repeats, and 10 for alleles with >119 repeats. Low levels of mosaicism (<5%) and FMR1 variants unrelated to trinucleotide expansion are not detected by this assay.

Information Table

| CF detection rates for prenatal testing |                                  |   |
|---|----------------------------------|---|
| Disorder<br>(gene) Reference sequence   | Population                       | Detection rate  |
| Cystic fibrosis<br>(CTFR) NM_000492     | African American                 | 81%   |
|   | Ashkenazi Jewish                 | 97%   |
|   | Asian American                   | 55%   |
|   | Caucasian                        | 93%   |
|   | Hispanic                         | 78%   |
|   | Mixed or other ethnic background | For counseling purposes, consider using the ethnic background with the most conservative estimates. |

References

1.Eaton, T. V., & Akers, M. D. (2007). Whistleblowing and good governance. CPA Journal, 77(6), 66–71.

2. American Nurses Association. (2015). Nursing: Scope and standards of practice (3rd ed.).

Disordered Tested

3-Methylcrotonyl-CoA carboxylase deficiency (2 genes). Autosomal recessive: MCCC1, MCCC2.

3M syndrome (3 genes). Autosomal recessive: CCDC8, CUL7, OBSL1.

Abetalipoproteinemia (1 gene). Autosomal recessive: MTTP.

Acute infantile liver failure (3 genes). Autosomal recessive: LARS, NBAS, TRMU.

Adenosine deaminase deficiency (1 gene). Autosomal recessive: ADA.

Adrenoleukodystrophy, X-linked (1 gene). X-Linked: ABCD1. Males are not tested for X-linked disorders.

Agammaglobulinemia, X-linked (1 gene). X-Linked: BTK. Males are not tested for X-linked disorders.

Aicardi-Goutières syndrome (4 genes). Autosomal recessive: RNASEH2A, RNASEH2B, RNASEH2C, SAMHD1.

Allan-Herndon-Dudley syndrome (1 gene). X-Linked: SLC16A2. Males are not tested for X-linked disorders.

Alpha-mannosidosis (1 gene). Autosomal recessive: MAN2B1.

Alpha-thalassemia X-linked intellectual disability syndrome (1 gene). X-Linked: ATRX. Males are not tested for X-linked disorders.

Alport syndrome, X-linked (1 gene). X-Linked: COL4A5. Males are not tested for X-linked disorders.

Alström syndrome (1 gene). Autosomal recessive: ALMS1.

|  |  |                                       |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| Patient Details                        | Physician Details                          | Specimen Details                      |
| McLastname, FirstName N                | David Johnson                              | Specimen ID: 119-990-4002-0           |
| 401 Holly Street NW, Atlanta, GA 30318 | Remedy Hospital                            | Control ID:                           |
| Phone: 336-436-0515                    | 2550 McMillan Parkway Burlington, NC 27215 | Alternate Control Number: ALTC8975456 |
| Patient ID: 1234                       | Phone: 555-555555                          | Account Number: 01818355              |
| Alternate Patient ID: ALTP2318975      | Physician ID:                              |                                       |
|  | NPI:                                       |                                       |

Performing Labs

| Component Type                  | Performed at   | Laboratory Director         |
|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Technical component, processing | Esoterix Genetic Laboratories, LLC, 3400 Computer Drive, Westborough, MA 01581 | Bernice Allitto, PhD, FACMG |
| Technical component, analysis   | Laboratory Corporation of America, 1912 TW Alexander Drive, RTP, NC 27709-0150 | Anjen Chenn, MD, PhD        |
| Professional component          | Esoterix Genetic Laboratories, LLC, 3400 Computer Drive, Westborough, MA 01581 | Bernice Allitto, PhD, FACMG |

For inquiries, the physician may contact the lab at (800) 255-7357

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