Problem 0

Problem 0

$$f_1(n) = O(g_1(n)), \quad f_2(n) = O(g_2(n))$$

$$(1) \ f_1(n) + f_2(n) = O(g_1(n) + g_2(n)) = O(\max(g_1(n), g_2(n)))$$

$$(2) \ f_1(n) \cdot f_2(n) = O(g_1(n) \cdot g_2(n))$$

• Prove statement (2).

V is the section of the section o

$$\sqrt{f_{\Sigma}(n)} = 0$$
 (g=01)) \leq \leq $\sqrt{f_{\Sigma}(n)} = 0$ (g=01)) \leq $\sqrt{f_{\Sigma}(n)} = 0$ (g=01) \leq $\sqrt{f_{\Sigma}($

→ (5代g 分配)

$$f_{1}(N) \times f_{2}(N) \leq (C_{1} \cdot g_{1}(N)) \times (C_{2} \cdot g_{2}(N))$$

$$= (C_{1} \cdot C_{2}) \cdot g_{1}(N) \cdot g_{2}(N) \quad \text{old} ,$$

$$Old Good Garding (Graph Color of Colo$$

 \therefore $f(n) \cdot f(n) = O(g(n) \cdot g_2(n))$ of the definition of the second of

Problem 1

Problem 1

— ● Show that 5n² = O(n²). 뵌 ☞ O 킹의 자 홈몇VV

Problem 2 Problem 2 • Show that $2n^2 - 10n + 3 = \Theta(n^2)$. Hint) You can use the proofs of Big-O (O) and Big-Omega (Ω) . Let (87-0) by (87-0)* AMEL STOIL (HU)= 0(3(V)) 8 HU)= D[3(U)) #58" (POI)" @ f(n)= 202-101+3 ⇒ f(n) = 2n2 -10 n+3 < c.n2 > extrem there no 25 2. > 2001 = NOT CUM 21 - 101 +3 ≤ 21 -(101 3년 문제, -101+3은 기에 비해 음제된다 (화된다)). (Ol8) e.g. C=3, 120012 >+8tea4, 202-101-63 < 372 (103 : +(1)=0(12)0 | 212 totaler. V @ 31°€: BZ-0Mega (1595 501) ⇒ 21°-101+3 (Z.C.1°) Ether Effer 10° 262! 의 출발이 로 NOU ZUM _ 212~~(ON ~ 5) 조시아 (OPT) (201-101-13) -12 > N2-18 シ ハニのハナラとの のぼりられい e.g /\≥/| દોષ્ટ્ર\$, __ />_ (૦/૨૩૦૦ ાહેક 121-110+3 : HN ≥N2 +(N) = ZZ(N2) 01≥HZ PERS DEF 35 13612 An 202101+8=0(12) 12th 2015 12th, Big-0 Beronega

Problem 3	Problem 3 a. O(n) b. Ω (n) c. θ (n) d. O(n²) e. Ω (n²) f. θ (n²)		
	For each of the following, select all related items from the options above.		
	1. 8n	5. 5n²+3	
	2. 8n-3	6. n³+3nlogn	
	3. n²+3nlogn	7. n²logn +n	
	4. 4nlogn	V	
	7.8 5 0 00) PT(1)	C. D(n) P(g: sight NAI AIRI)gNISAE	
	2. BV-3: 0. O(V) P. Tous	9(n) 0(7): nol 71218 - 38-fn) 1212	
		7रीई OM)मा हेपडास्ट्रेस.	
	2 02-1 201-0-1	. /102.	
	3. N2+ 3nlag 1	AND CO (122)	
	: d. on2) e. ra:		gVI
		(² 간터	
	t. 41/69 M : a. O(n) d. O(n	2) 6 DLA) OPE: NIGH < N2 OPEZ	
		Q(nlogn) 01210L O(n2) 5 3626,,	
	5. 5n2+3	Old: Eldrich I Moles re guyel.	
	: d,002) e, D(12) f,0 (12)		
		1 2006 1 902 10 6 1 mm 10 2	
		: ZLANGO (Nº 0121 IMANE ALISEE	
	: FE	O(N³), I(N³), 8(N³) 아니만 메운 바에 (변화하므로	小 .
	7. AtogA + A		
	: d. 001) (LE	のは: N ² (g N Z N bml 対象3で4 つをなという O (N ² (g N) OIE O(N ²) フトをなただら	
	, ,	श्रेषा घटा	
		반축설기>> 1220+ toute d. O(n^)E	
		配分级工建计	

Problem 4

Problem 4

What function does the running time of the following algorithm correspond to when the input size is n? (Express the answer using Θ notation)

```
sample(A[], n)
\begin{cases} sum1 \leftarrow 0; \\ \textbf{for } i \leftarrow 1 \textbf{ to } n \\ sum1 \leftarrow sum1 + A[i]; \\ sum2 \leftarrow 0; \\ \textbf{for } i \leftarrow 1 \textbf{ to } n \\ \textbf{2} \textbf{ for } j \leftarrow 1 \textbf{ to } n \\ sum2 \leftarrow sum2 + A[i]*A[j]; \end{cases}
      return sum1+sum2;
  }
 ①在 如海: 丽斯 VA 下流管 晓公只
                                                                            O(n)
                ج : ۸(کلهای : ۵(۱۸)
(8-1年 多条(長): 系蘇城底
                                                                                 Q(12)
         四一之世 和 之正 (學): 각 中国各四四八世
→ OFT FOREST : VXV=V3
    (SARREGINE)
                 3: LOCHE: O(12)
  : ((N+N2)= (N2)
```

(N201 NET HEN TON, SOUTH INST MENT OF THE [. O(n2)]