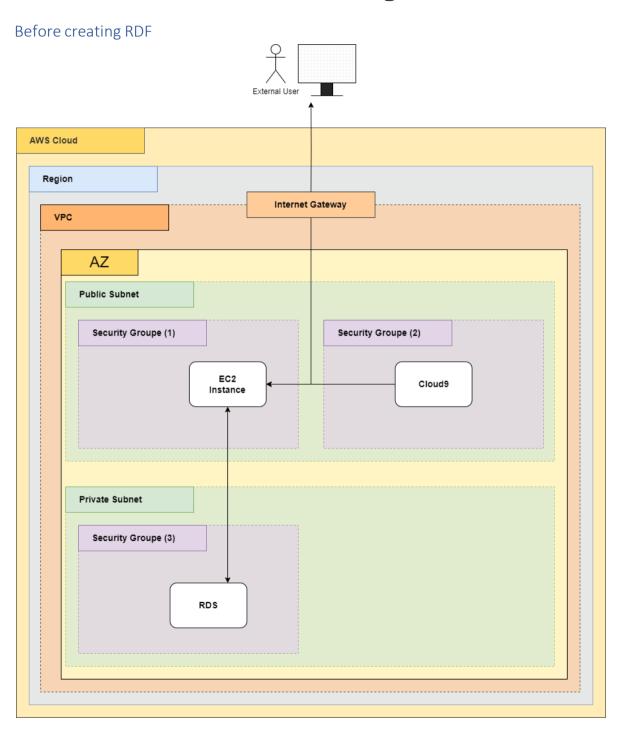


AWS Cloud & Big Data Architectures – Project

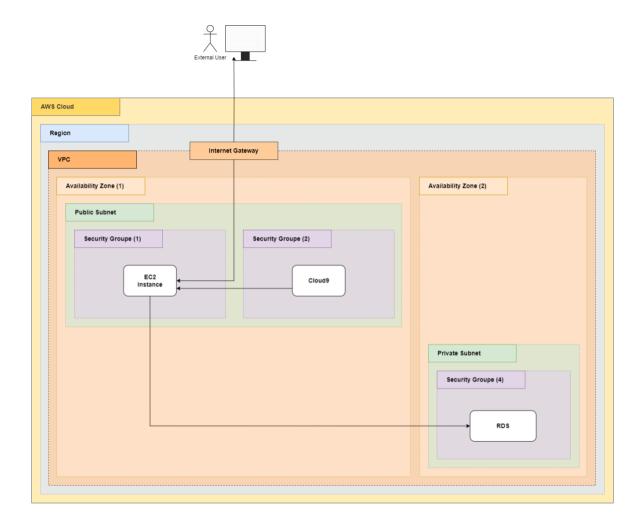
Julie MONNOT – Eléna TELEGA

Architecture Diagram





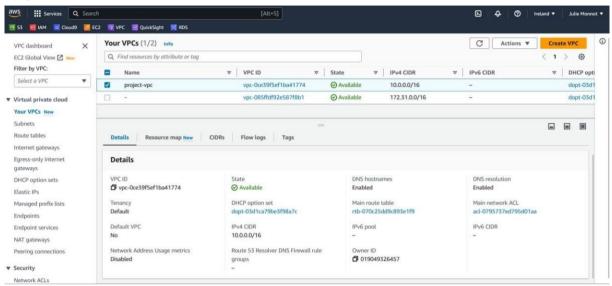
After creating RDF





VPC

VPC

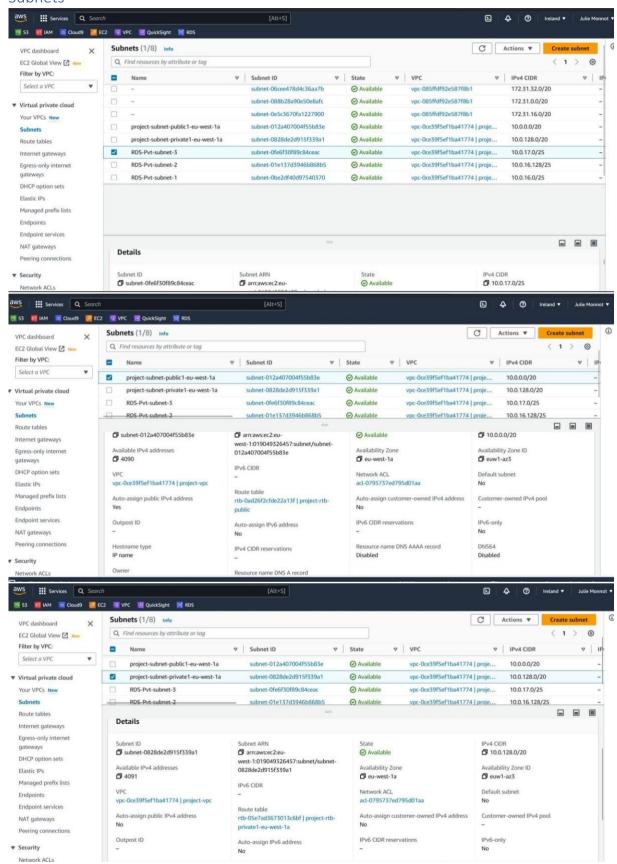


Ressource map



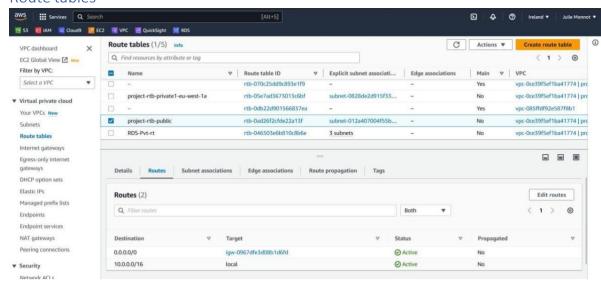


Subnets

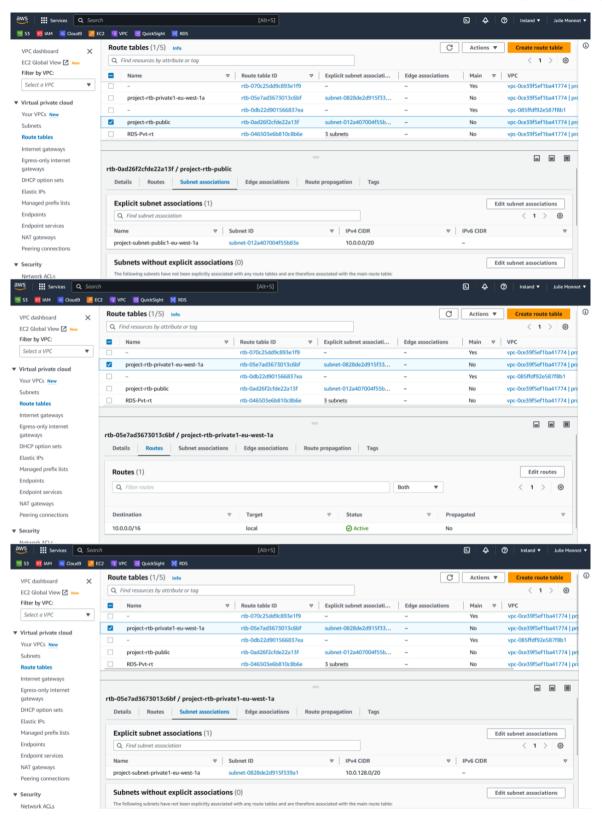




Route tables

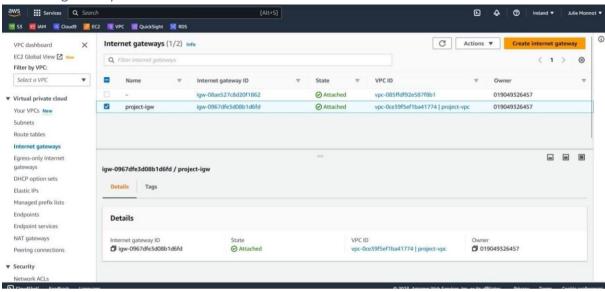


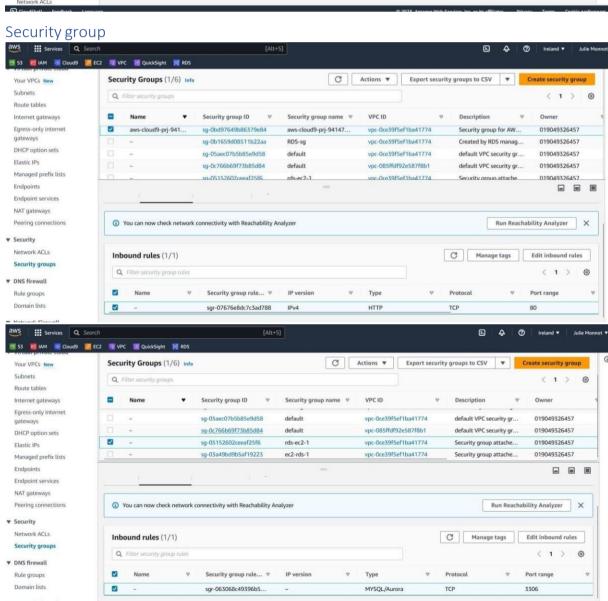






Internet gateways

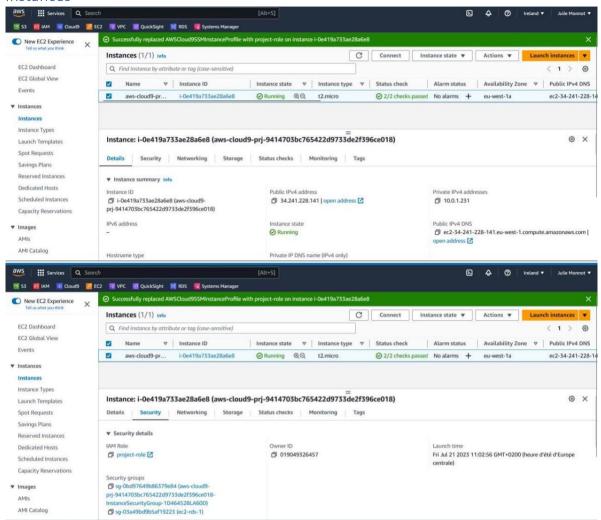






EC2

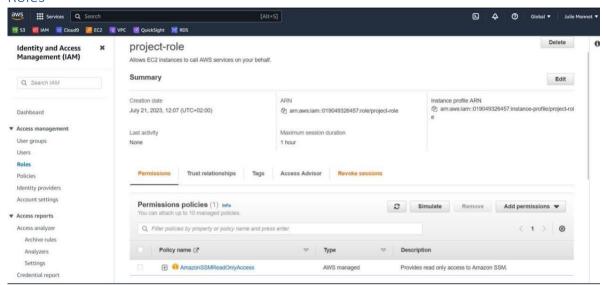
Instances





IAM

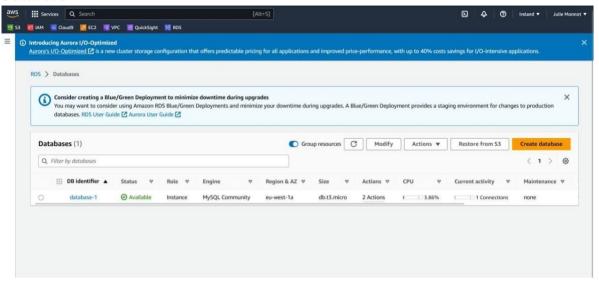
Roles





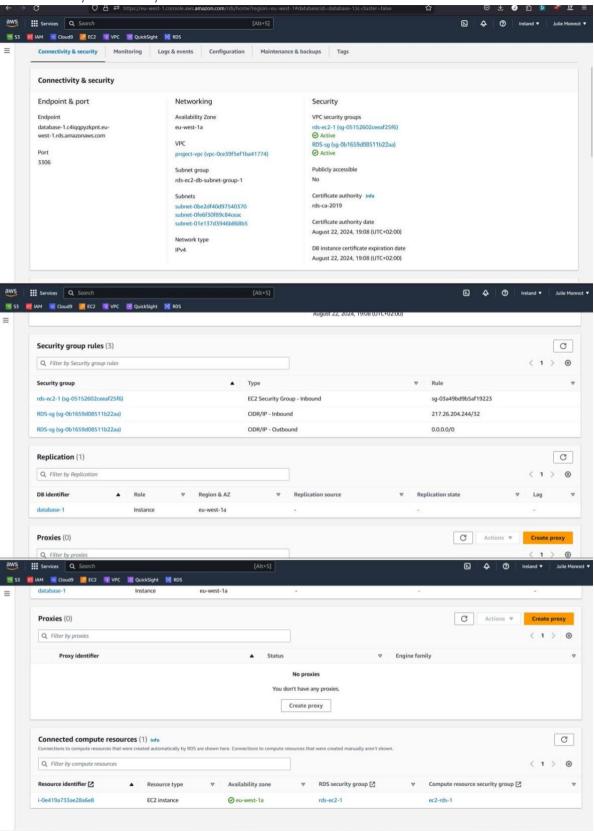
RDS

Database





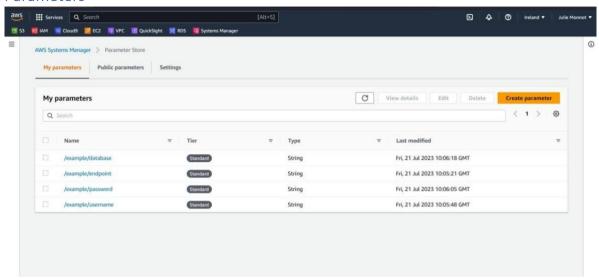
Connectivity & security





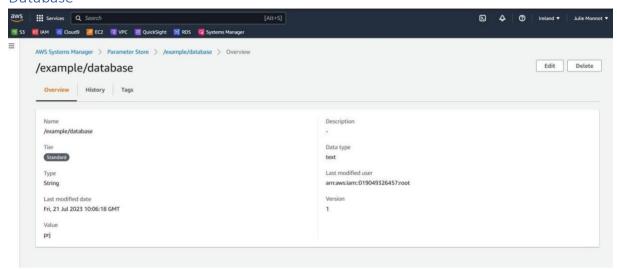
SYSTEM MANAGER

Parameters

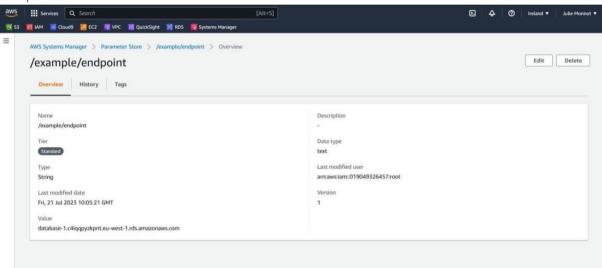




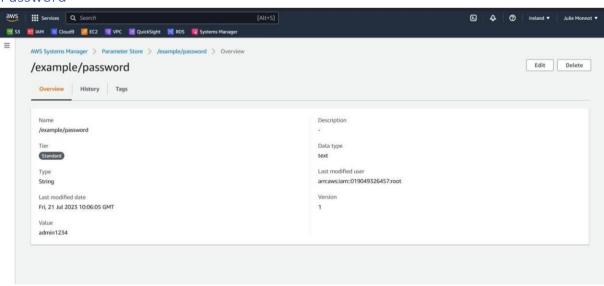
Database



Endpoint

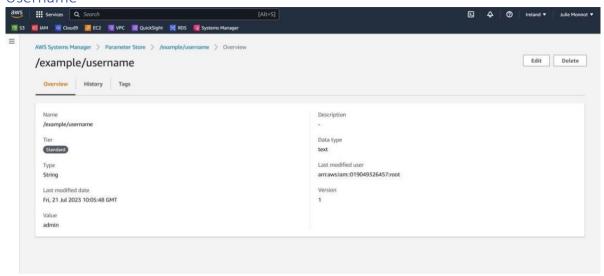


Password





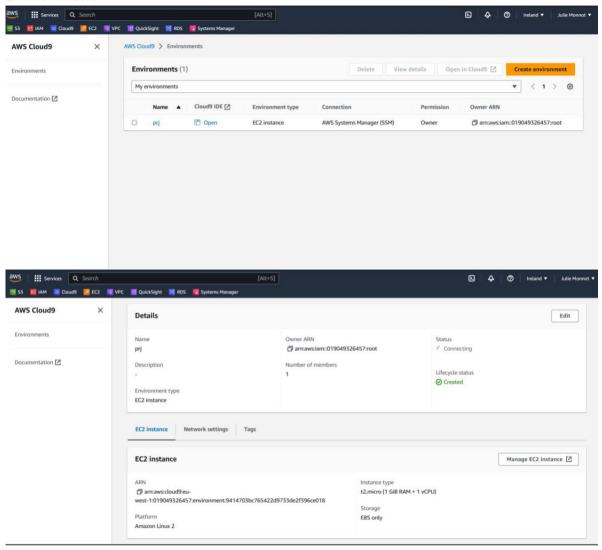
Username





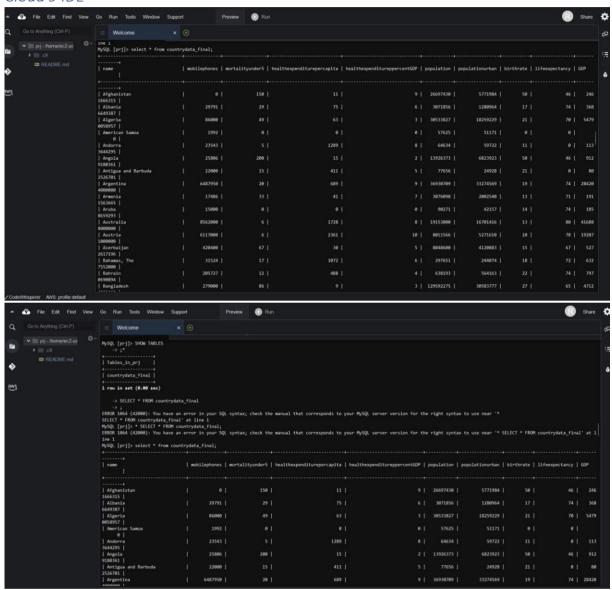
CLOUD 9

Environment





Cloud 9 IDE

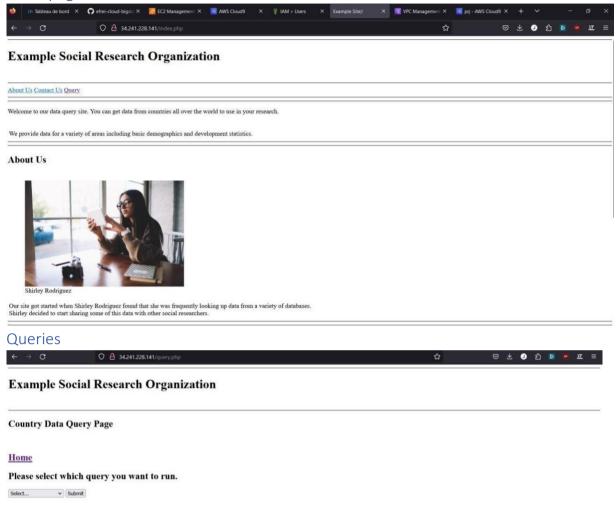




WEBSITE

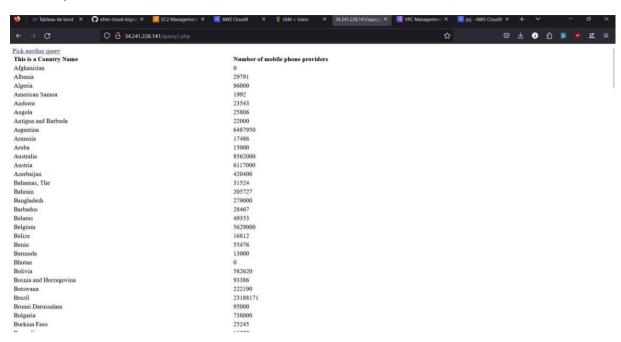
Homepage

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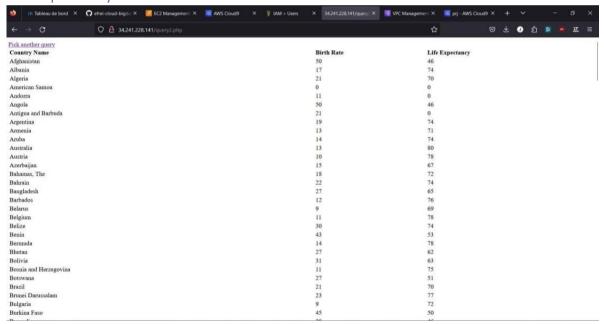




Mobile phone

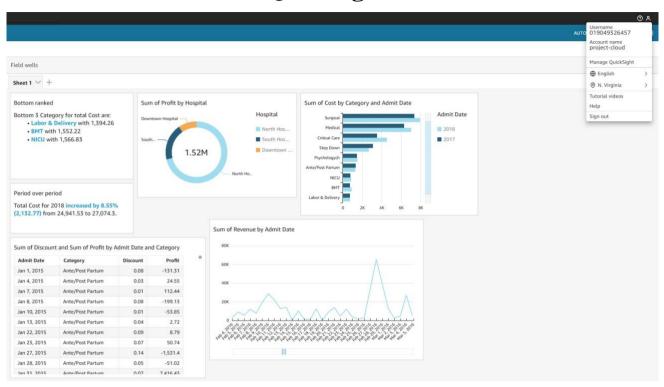


Life expectancy





Quicksight





Quiz

IAM Quiz

- 1 Answer 1
- 2 Answer 1
- 3 Answer 3 + 5
- 4 Answer 4
- 5 Answer 2
- 6 Answer 3
- 7 -Answer 1

Network quiz

- 1 Answer 3
- 2 Answer 3
- 3 Answer 3 + 5 + 6
- 4 Answer 4

Policies evaluation

Question: What actions are allowed for EC2 instances and S3 objects based on this policy? What specific resources are included?

We can observe that the rules allow some actions on ec2 and s3: Running and Terminate Instances in ec2 and Get and Put objects on the s3. This means that it can only be on ec2 instances located in the us-east-1 region or on every s3 bucket named example-bucket.

Question: Under what condition does this policy allow access to VPC-related information? Which AWS region is specified?

This allows access to VPC-related information on the condition that the user accessing it is connected on the uswest-2 region.

Question: What actions are allowed on the "example-bucket" and its objects based on this policy? What specific prefixes are specified in the condition?

We can observe on the Action list that any IAM user with this rule can either get or put an object, or access to the list objects inside the bucket. This rules only applies to the files in the image and documents folders of example-bucket as the prefixes are documents/* and images/* precise.

Question: What actions are allowed for IAM users based on this policy? How are the resource ARNs constructed?

IAM users can create and delete IAM users. The resource ARNs are constructed as an IAM ressource with the part: arn:aws:iam::123456789012:user. The placeholder \${aws:username} precise the username of the IAM user making the creation/deletion request.



Questions:

Which AWS service does this policy grant you access to?

This policy grants access to the IAM policies.

Does it allow you to create an IAM user, group, policy, or role?

Does it allow you to create an IAM user, group, policy, or role?

No, we can only access information about one policy or list every policies (indicated by with "Ressource": "*".)

Go to https://docs.aws.amazon.com/IAM/latest/UserGuide/ and in the left navigation expand Reference > Policy Reference > Actions, Resources, and Condition Keys. Choose Identity And Access Management. Scroll to the Actions Defined by Identity And Access Management list. Name at least three specific actions that the iam:Get* action allows.

- iam/Get* action is a set of actions that permits to access to a lot of data
 - o iam/Getuser grants permission to retrieve information about the specified IAM user
 - o iam/GetRole grants permission to retrieve information about the specified IAM user
 - iam/GetPolicyGrants permission to retrieve information about the specified managed policy, including the policy's default version and the total number of identities to which the policy is attached

Questions:

What actions does the policy allow?

This policy denies the possibility to run and start instances of ec2 t2.micro or t2.small. So it means that it allows everything except this.

How would the policy restrict the access granted to you by this additional statement?

It would remain the same. Here we are just saying that we allow everything on ec2 with this new statement (so it doesn't change anything).

If the policy included both the statement on the left and the statement in question 2, could you terminate a m3.xlarge instance that existed in the account?

If the policy included all the statements, we would be able to terminate a m3.xlarge instance, since there is no restriction on this kind of instance.