Introduction to mathematical modelling of avian influenza in livestock

Julien Arino

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Modelling Al

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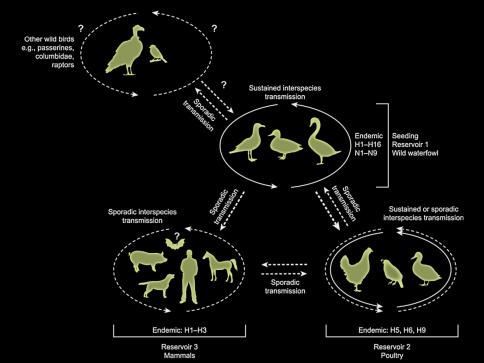


Natural history of highly pathogenic avian influenza H5N1

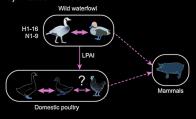




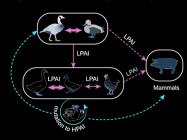




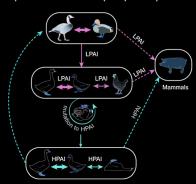
a) Stable Period



b) Transition Period (Sporadic)

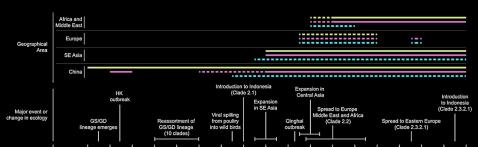


c) Transition Period (Adaptation)



d) Transition Period (Expansion)





Year 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2010 2011 2012 Fig. 3. Timeline of major events of goose/Guangdong-lineage H5N1 evolution. Shown are times of major changes in the evolution of highly pathogenic H5N1, goose/Guangdong-lineage, Expansion into different geographical areas is depicted, as is status in various hosts in different locations: solid lines depict stable interactions between virus and hosts and dashed lines depict transient interactions. Blue lines represent aquatic poultry hosts, green lines terrestrial poultry hosts, and red lines wild birds hosts. SE Asia – South East Asia, Cs/GD – goose/Guangdong, HK. Hong Kong.



REVIEW ARTICLE

Avian influenza viruses in poultry products: a review

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Commodity

Meat

Eggs

Feathers

Liver

Blood

Skin

Species

Chickens

Turkevs

Ducks

Turkeys

Chickens

Quail

Ducks

Ducks

Turkevs

Chickens

Turkeys

Ducks

Ducks

Geese

Pigeons, geese

Ducks and geese

Table 1. Summary of data available in the literature on the presence of HPAI viruses in poultry commodities

A/turkey/Italy/4580/99 (H7N1)

A/duck/Anyang/AVL-1/01 (H5N1)

A/goose/Vietnam/3/2005 (H5N1) A/Vietnam/1203/2004. A/ThailandPB/6231/2004

A/egret/HK/757.2/2002 (H5N1)

A/duck/Vietnam/12/2007 (H5N1)

A/chicken/Yamaguchi/7/2004 (H5N1)

Strain A/duck/Anyang/AVL-1/01 (H5N1)

A/chicken/Pennsylvania/1370/1983 (H5N2) A/tern/South Africa/61 (H5N3)

A/crow/Thailand/2004, A/Egret/HK/757.2/2002 (H5N1)

A/turkey/Ontario/7732/66 (H5N9) H5N2 (Virginia/1985) H5N2 (Virginia/1985) H5N1 (strain not reported) H5N1 (strain not reported)

A/chicken/Yamaguchi/7/2004. A/chicken/Mivazaki/K11/2007. Chickens, turkeys, A/chicken/Hong Kong/220/1997 A/chicken/Yamaguchi/7/2004. A/chicken/Miyazaki/K11/2007 H5N1 (strain not reported)

quail, guinea fowl

A/chicken/Vietnam/12/2005 (H5N1) A/tern/South Africa/61 (H5N3)

A/chicken/Pennsylvania/1370/1983 (H5N2) A/turkey/Italy/4580/99 (H7N1)

A/turkey/Ontario/7732/66 (H5N9) A/turkey/Ontario/7732/66 (H5N9)

A/chicken/Yamaguchi/7/2004

A/chicken/Miyazaki/K11/2007

A/chicken/Vietnam/12/2005 (H5N1)

A/turkey/Ontario/7732/66 (H5N9)

A/chicken/Yamaguchi/7/2004,

Experimental

(E) or natural (N) infection

E and N

Ν

Z

Ν

Z

Ν

8.7/0.5 ml 7/0.1 ml 8/0.5 ml 8/0.1 ml

Infecting dose

 $(EID_{50} log_{10})$

6/0.1 ml

6/0.1 ml 7/0.1 ml

7/0.1 ml

6/0.1 ml

6/0.1 ml

5/0.1 ml

8/0.1 ml

7/0.1 ml

Not reported

Not reported

Not reported

Not reported

Not reported

Not available

8/0.1 ml

7/0.1 ml

7/0.1 ml

6/0.1 ml

8/0.5 ml

8/0.1 ml

5.8 to 6.2/0.1 ml

Titres (log₁₀ EID₅₀/g)

detected in commodity

4 to 6 (2-week-old birds) 2 to 4 (5-week-old birds)

5.3 to 5.5 2.2 to 3.2

>4

3 to 4

Not reported

Not reported

Not reported

Not reported

Not investigated

Not investigated

Not investigated

Not reported

Not reported

4.5

Not recovered

4.6 to 6.2

6/0.1 ml 1 to 5.8 2.7 to 3.7 Not reported Not recovered 2.5 to 4.4

Natural (N) or experimental Infecting dose Titres Commodity Species Strain (E) infection (EIDso logio) (log10 EID50/g Chickens A/chicken/aq-Y-55/01 (H9N2); 7/0.1 ml 1.6 to 2 A/chicken/aq-Y-135/01(H9N2) 7/0.1 ml 1.6 to 2 Turkeys A/turkey/Italy/3675/99 (H7N1) 6/0.1 ml

Meat

Table 2. Summary of data available in literature on the presence of LPAI viruses in poultry commodities

A/turkey/Virginia/159512/2002 (H7N2) 6/0.1 ml No infectious virus detected 6/0.1 m1

A/chicken/New York/21586-8/99 (H7N2) Ducks No data available Turkevs A/turkev/California/meleagrium/64; A/turkev/California/5142/66 2.25/0.2 ml No infectious virus detected Chickens A/chicken/Alabama/7395/75 (H4N8) Not reported Ducks and geese Not available

Eggs No infectious virus detected Avian species Not available Avian species Not available

Feathers Liver Blood Chickens E (co infection with S. aureus) 6/0.1 ml Not reported A/chicken/ag-Y-55/01 (H9N2) A/chicken/Beijing/2/97 (H9N2) 6/0.1 ml

Turkevs A/turkev/Italy/3675/99 (H7N1) 6/0.1 ml

Ducks No data available

Subtype

H5N1

H7N3

H5N9

Approximate numbers of poultry involved

1 small farm

29,000

8.000

Table 1
Reported highly pathogenic avian influenza isolates obtained from primary outbreaks in poultry^a since 1959

HPAI virus

A/chicken/Scotland/59

A/turkey/Ontario/7732/66

^c 19 Asian, 7 European and 5 African countries had reported outbreaks to May 2006.

A/turkey/England/63

4	A/chicken/Victoria/76	H7N7	58,000
	A/chicken/Germany/79	H7N7	1 chicken farm, 1 goose farm
6	A/turkey/England/199/79	H7N7	9,000
	A/chicken/Pennsylvania/1370/83	H5N2	17,000,000
8	A/turkey/Ireland/1378/83	H5N8	307,000, mostly ducks
9	A/chicken/Victoria/85	H7N7	240,000
10	A/turkey/England/50-92/91	H5N1	8,000
11	A/chicken/Victoria/1/92	H7N3	18,000
12	A/chicken/Queensland/667-6/94	H7N3	22,000
13	A/chicken/Mexico/8623-607/94	H5N2	Unknown—millions?
14	A/chicken/Pakistan/447/94	H7N3	>6,000,000
15	A/chicken/NSW/97	H7N4	160,000
16	A/chicken/Hong Kong/97b	H5N1	3,000,000
17	A/chicken/Italy/330/97	H5N2	8,000
18	A/turkey/Italy/99	H7N1	14,000,000
19	A/chicken/Chile/2002	H7N3	\sim 700,000
20	A/chicken/Netherlands/2003	H7N7	>25,000,000
21	A/chicken/Eurasia and Africac/2003-2006	H5N1	Unknown—100s of millions
22	A/chicken/Texas/2004	H5N2	6,600
23	A/chicken/Canada-BC/2004	H7N3	16,000,000
24	A/ostrich/S. Africa/2004	H5N2	30,000
a Where out	breaks were extensive and infecting different types of poultry t	he first reported virus is list	red
	early outbreak of 21.	ne macreported virus is no	icu.
r robably t	diriy outbreak of 21.		



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Review

The history of avian influenza

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Year	Event
1878	First description of highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI) or fowl plague
1880	Differentiation of HPAI from fowl cholera
1901	Identification of HPAI as a virus
1901-1930s	Major outbreaks of HPAI throughout the world
1918	Major human pandemic
1931	First influenza virus isolated (swine)
1941	Recognition of hemagglutination by influenza viruses
1942	HPAI and Newcastle disease virus shown to agglutinate red blood
	cells and to be different serologically
1955	HPAI virus shown to be a type A influenza virus
1959	Isolation of a HPAI virus serologically different from the classical
	fowl plague virus in hemagglutination inhibition test
1970s	Intensive surveillance of influenza viruses in wild birds and recognition
	that wild birds harbor all identified subtypes of influenza viruses
1971	Classification of influenza viruses based on antigenic properties of
	the NP (type) and HA and NA (subtype) proteins and the species of origin
1977-1981	Recognition that the presence of multiple basic amino acids in the
	HA cleavage site correlates with tissue spread and virulence of AI strains
1978	Recognition that the 1957 (H2N2) and 1968 (H3N2) pandemic
	influenza viruses aroused by reassortment with AI viruses
1980	Classification of influenza viruses based on antigenic properties of
	the NP (type) and HA and NA (subtype) proteins regardless of
	the species of origin
1981	First International Symposium on Avian Influenza
1981	The name highly pathogenic avian influenza is proposed to substitute fowl plague
1999-2001	H9N2 virus transmission to humans
1997-present	HPAI H5N1 transmission to humans
2000s	H9N2 becomes endemic in Asia
2003-present	HPAI H5N1 spreads through Asia, Europe and Africa and
	becomes endemic in Asia

	HPAI virus	Subtype	Species affected	Approximately number of birds culled
1	A/chicken/Scotland/59	H5N1	Chicken	1 small farm
2	A/tern/South Africa/61	H5N3	Common tern	1300
3	A/turkey/England/63	H7N3	Turkey	29,000
4	A/turkey/Ontario/7732/66	H5N9	Turkey	8000
5	A/chicken/Victoria/76	H7N7	Chickens, ducks	58,000
6	A/chicken/Germany/79	H7N7	Chicken and goose	1chicken and 1 goose farr
7	A/turkey/England/199/79	H7N7	Turkey	9000
3	A/chicken/Pennsylvania/1370/83**	H5N2	Chicken turkey	17,000,000 chickens and turkeys
9	A/turkey/Ireland/1378/83	H5N8	Turkey	307,000, chickens, turkeys and mostly ducks
10	A/chicken/Victoria/85	H7N7	Chicken	240,000
11	A/turkey/England/50-92/91	H5N1	Turkey	8000
12	A/chicken/Victoria/1/92	H7N3	Chicken	18,000 broiler breeders, ducks
13	A/chicken/Queenland/667-6/94	H7N3	Chicken	22,000
14	A/chicken/Mexico/8623-607/94**	H5N2	Chicken	Millions?
15	A/chicken/Pakistan/447/94**	H7N3	Chicken	>6,000,000

16	A/chicken/NSW/97	H7N4	Chicken	160,000 chickens, emus
17	A/chicken/Hong Kong/97	H5N1	Chicken, duck	1,500,000 chickens and other domestic birds
18	A/chicken/Italy330/97	H5N2	Chicken	8000 chickens, turkeys, guinea-fowl, ducks, quail,
19	A/turkey/Italy/99**	H7N1	Turkey	pigeons, geese, pheasant 14,000,000 chickens, turkeys, guinea-fowl, quail, ducks, pheasants, ostriches
20	A/chicken/Chile/02	H7N3	Chicken	700,000 chickens, turkeys
21	A/grey heron/Hong Kong/861.1/02	H5N1	Wild birds	Outbreak in wild birds; over 800,000 domestic birds were culled
22	A/chicken/Netherlands/03**	H7N7	Chicken	>34,000,000
23	A/chicken/Asia, Europe and Africa/03-07**	H5N1	Chicken, duck	100s of millions
24	A/chicken/Texas/04	H5N2	Chicken	6600
25	A/chicken/Canada/04**	H7N3	Chicken	16,000,000
26	A/ostrich/South Africa/04	H5N2	Ostrich	30,000
27	A/chicken/North Korea/05	H7N7	Chicken	219,000
28	A/turkey/England/07	H5N1	Turkey	160,000

Al characteristics

Modelling A

