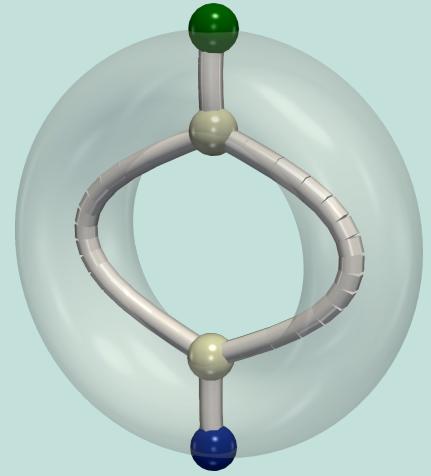


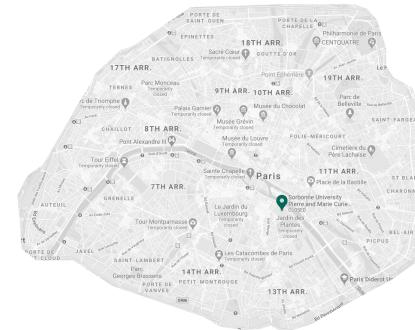
An Introduction to the Topology ToolKit



Julien Tierny

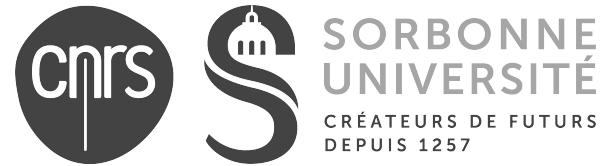
About our research

- **TDA @ Sorbonne**
 - Topological data analysis and visualization
 - Interactive data analysis
 - Data from engineering & science
 - Computational aspects
 - Practical algorithms
 - Emerging data types



About our research

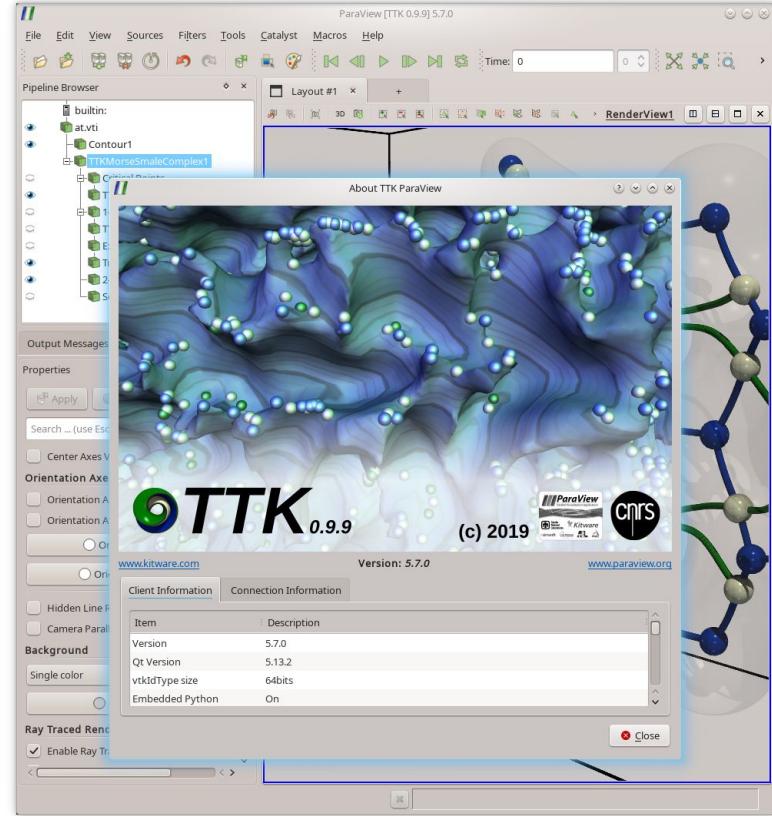
- **TDA @ Sorbonne**
 - Topological data analysis and visualization
 - Interactive data analysis
 - Data from engineering & science
 - Computational aspects
 - Practical algorithms
 - Emerging data types
 - Main venues
 - IEEE VIS, EuroVis, IEEE LDAV, TopoInVis



IEEE VIS 2019

About TTK

- **Initially**
 - Internal software platform (since 2015)
- **Public release (2017)**
 - BSD license, 115k lines of C++
- **Contributing institutions**
 - Academia (12):
 - Arizona State University, CNRS, Heidelberg University, INRIA, Linkoping University, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Sorbonne Universite, TU Kaiserslautern, University of Arizona, University of Leeds, University of Utah, Zuse Institute Berlin
 - Companies (3):
 - Kitware, ShapeShift3D, Total



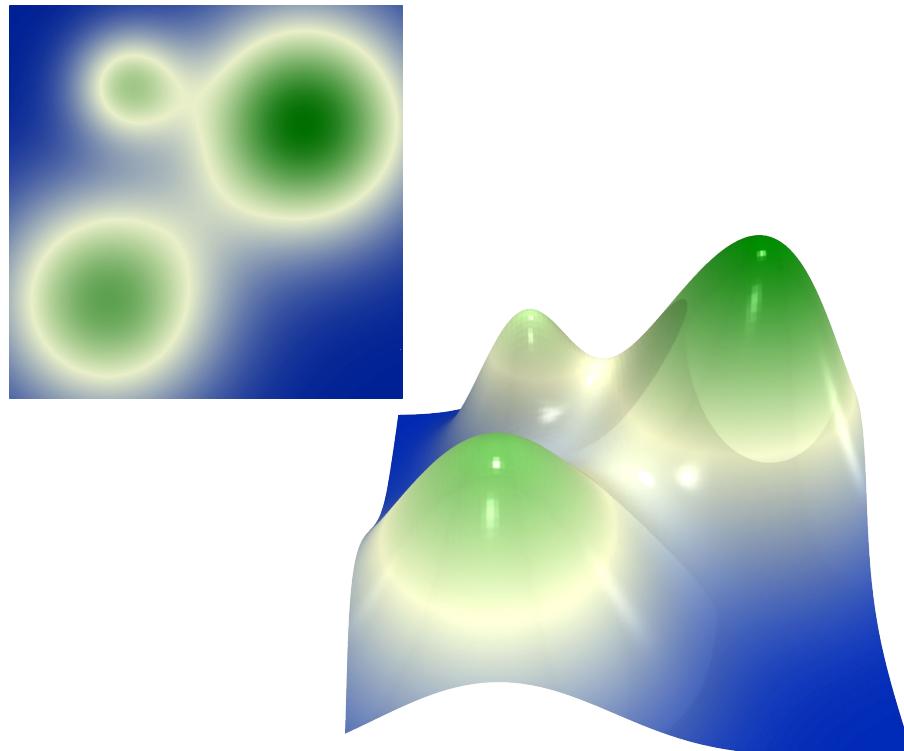
Why using TTK?

- **What is it good for?**

- Low dimensional data
- Continuous scalar fields
- Science & engineering
 - Astrophysics, biological imaging, quantum chemistry, fluid dynamics, material sciences

- **What is it not good for? (yet)**

- Vector / tensor data
- High dimensional data



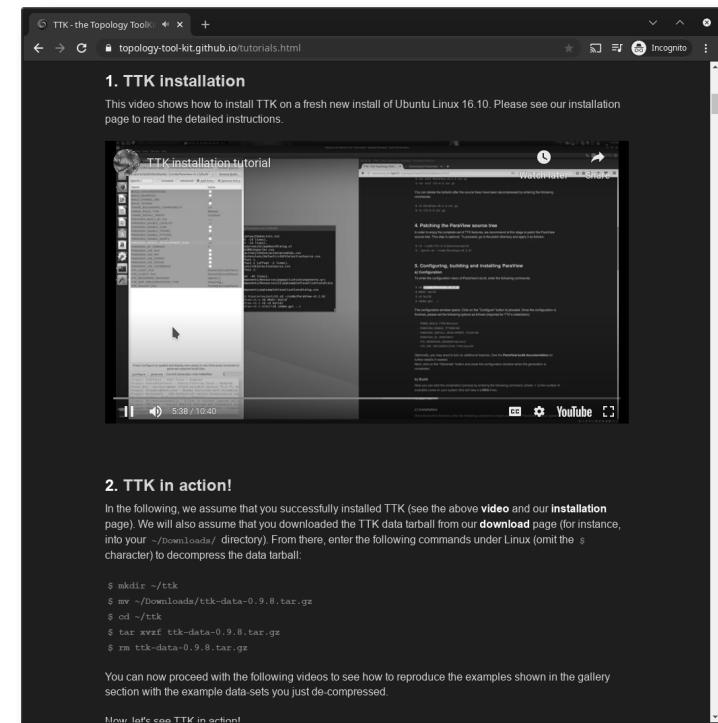
Online resources

- <https://topology-tool-kit.github.io/>
 - Installation instructions
 - Gallery
 - Data and examples
 - Video tutorials
 - Documentation
 - Exercises
 - Mailing lists
- ttk-users@googlegroups.com



Installation

- **Recommended**
 - From source
 - Step-by-step instructions
 - Linux, MacOS, Windows
- **To simply give it a try**
 - Virtualbox & docker images
- **For python usage only**
 - Anaconda package
 - `conda install -c conda-forge topologytoolkit`
- **For the latest features**
 - Github repository
 - <https://github.com/topology-tool-kit/ttk>



How should I interact with TTK?

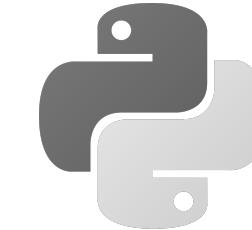
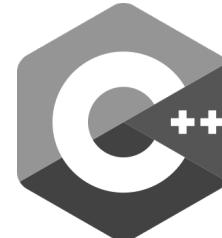
- **End users**

- Plugins for ParaView
 - De-facto standard in scientific computing
- Light Python API
 - Fast scripting
- Inviwo environment
 - <https://inviwo.org/>

The ParaView logo consists of three thick, dark gray parallel bars of decreasing height from left to right, followed by the word "ParaView" in a bold, black, sans-serif font.

- **Developers**

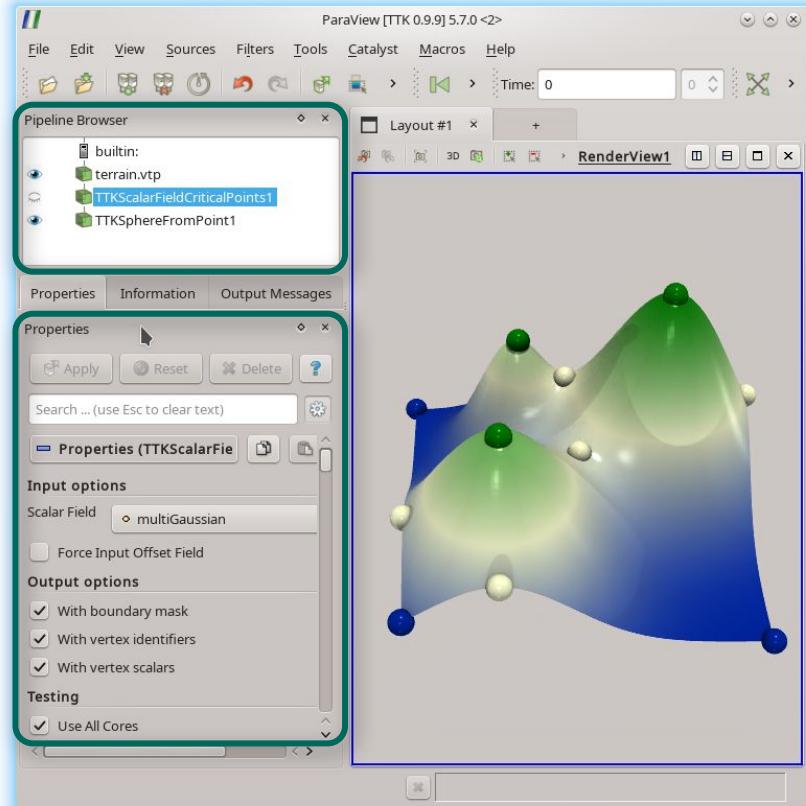
- Recommended
 - VTK-based APIs: C++ & Python
- Advanced
 - Dependency-free plain C++ API

The VTK logo is the acronym "VTK" in a large, bold, black, sans-serif font.

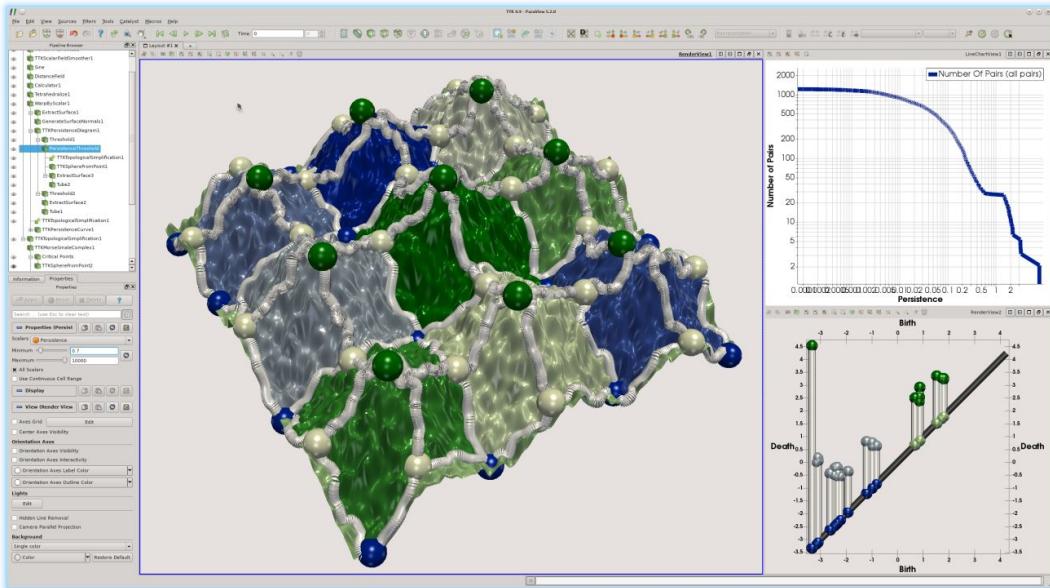
About ParaView

- **Interesting features**

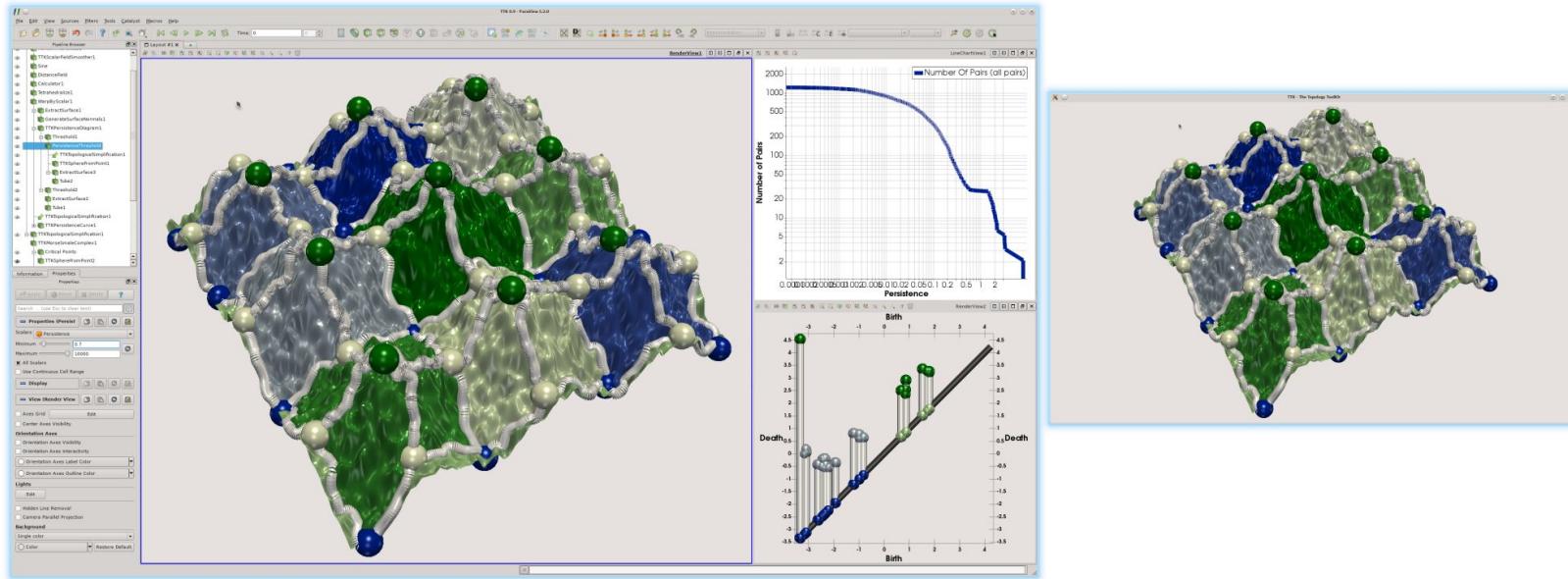
- Rich IO support
- Modern rendering
 - OpenGL, OSPRay, Optix
- Advanced user interface
- “Visual” programming
 - Pipeline philosophy
- Python scripting



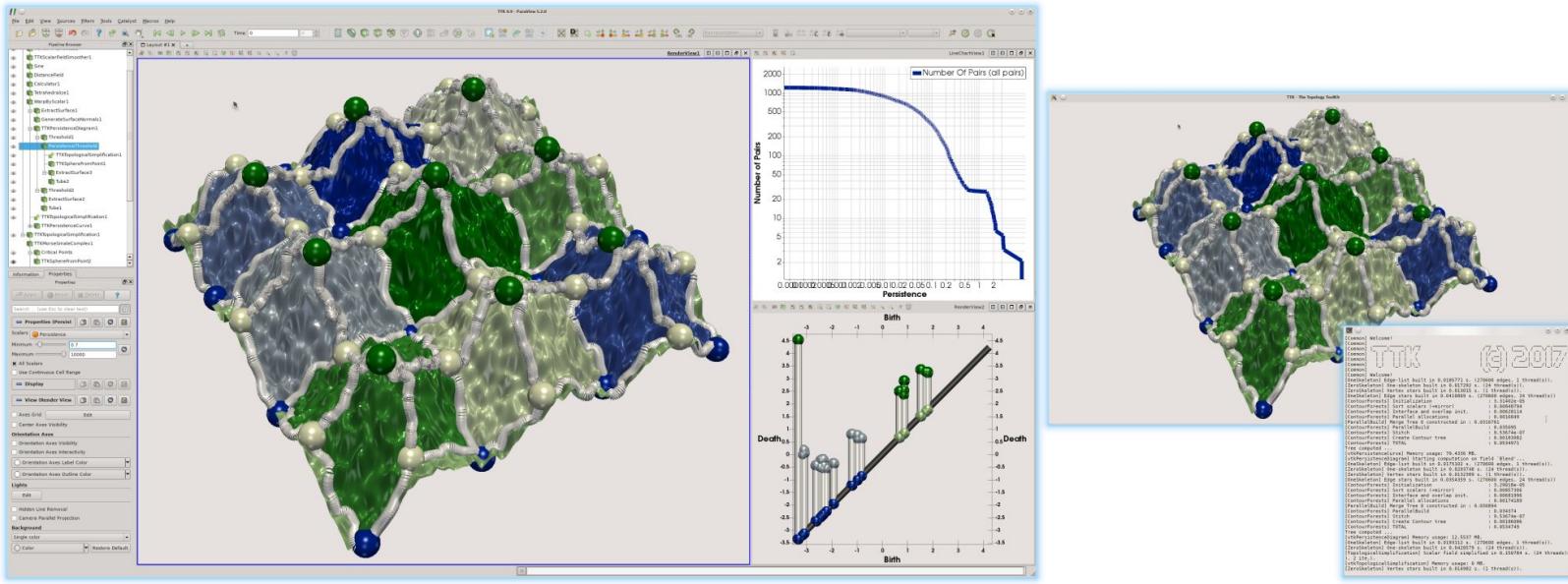
User experience



User experience



User experience



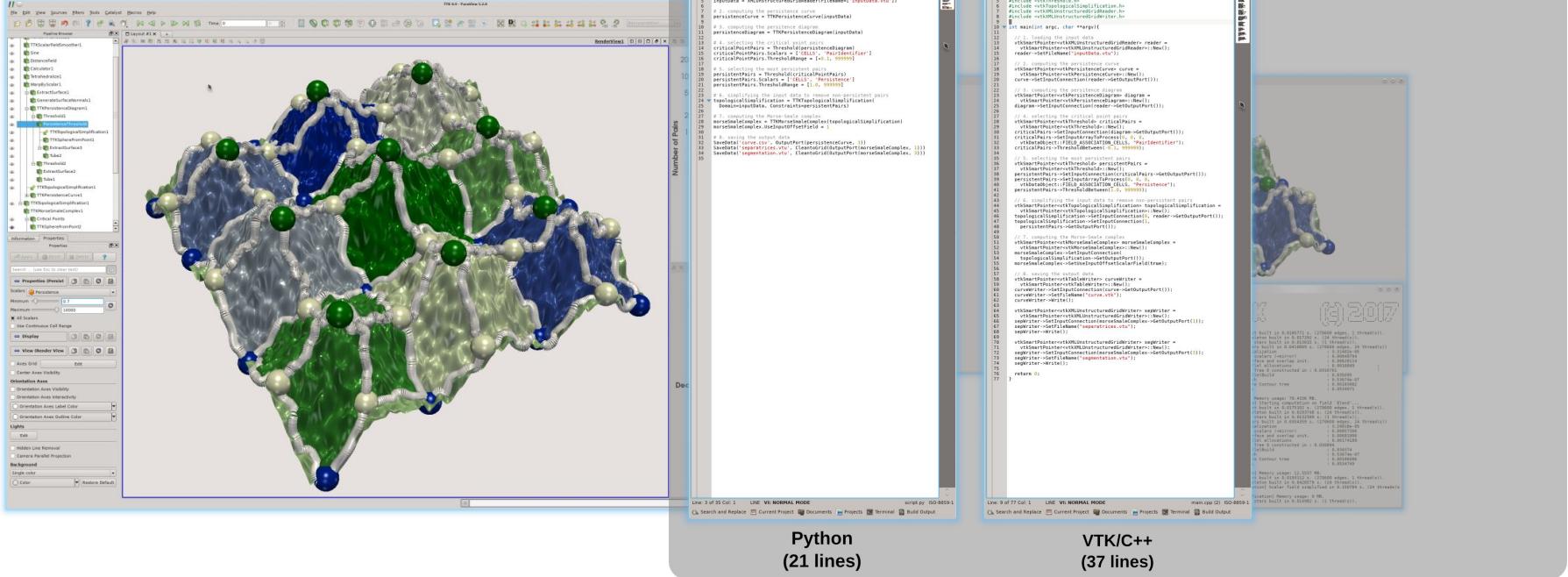
User experience

The image displays three windows illustrating the user experience of the TTK (Topological Toolkit) software:

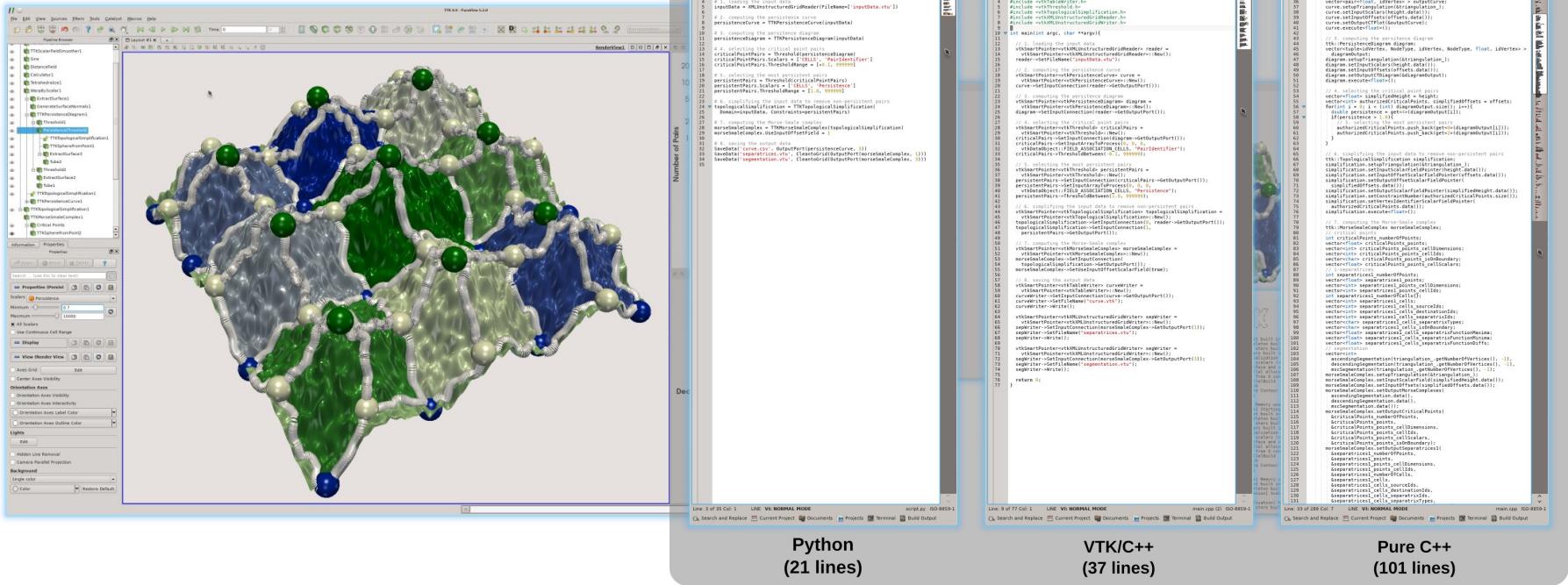
- Left Window (TTK GUI):** Shows a 3D visualization of a complex topological structure, likely a persistence diagram, composed of points (green spheres), edges (yellow lines), and faces (blue translucent regions). The interface includes a tree view of "Pipeline Browser" on the left, various rendering and selection tools, and a central 3D view.
- Middle Window (Python Script):** A code editor window titled "ttk-persistence-simple.py" containing 21 lines of Python code. The script performs operations like reading a VTK file, calculating persistence curves, and persisting them as a complex. It also includes a command to run the topology simplification algorithm.
- Right Window (TTK Topology Toolkit):** A command-line interface window showing the output of the topology simplification process. It displays memory usage, execution time, and various performance metrics for different stages of the computation, such as edge list building and contour tree construction.

Python
(21 lines)

User experience



User experience



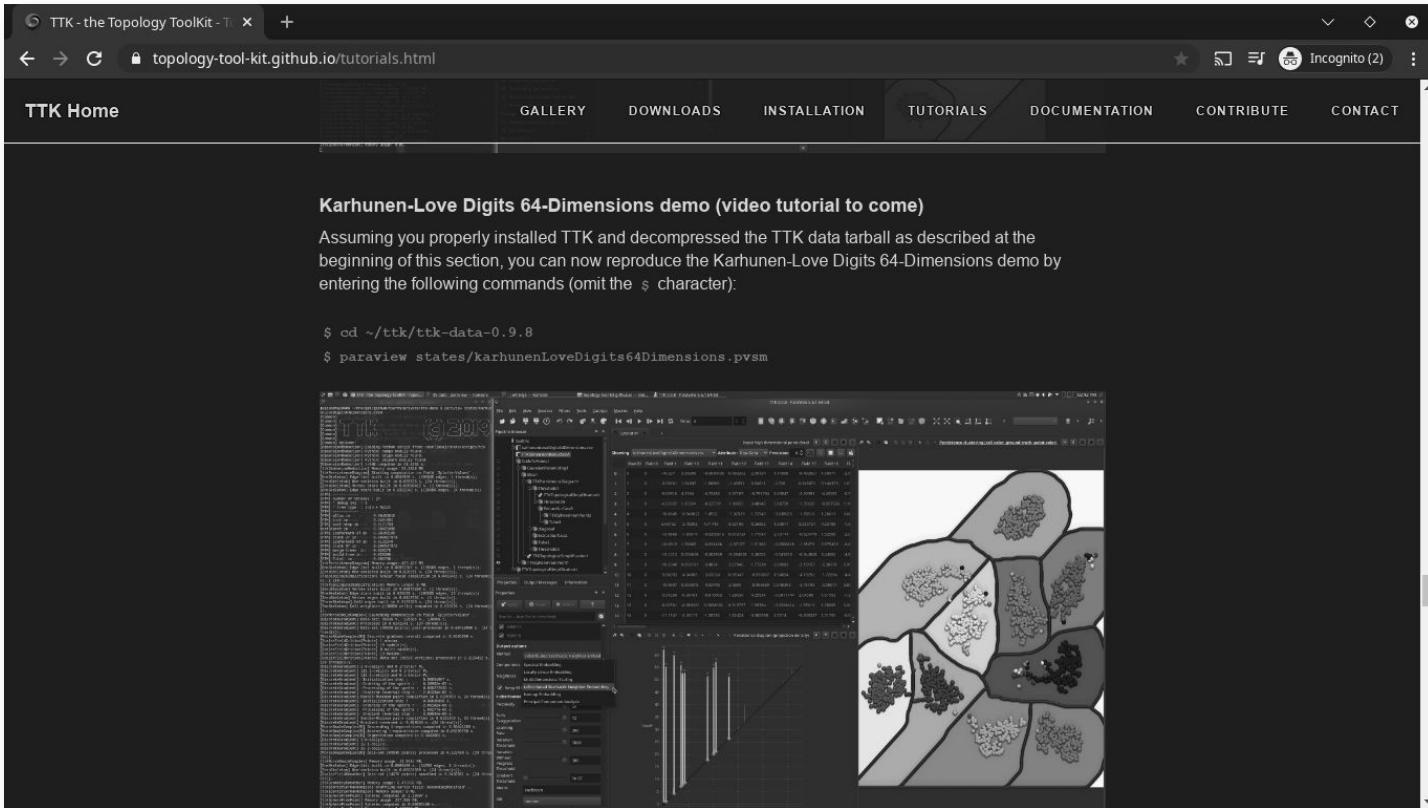
User experience

The screenshot illustrates the Topology Toolkit (TTK) user experience across three different environments:

- VTK Pipeline Browser:** Shows a complex 3D surface model composed of spheres and a mesh, visualized in a 3D rendering window.
- Python:** A script named `script4.py` containing 21 lines of Python code. The code performs operations like reading input data, setting up persistence diagrams, and saving results.
- VTK/C++:** A C++ file named `main.cpp` containing 37 lines of code. It performs similar operations to the Python script but in C++ syntax.
- Pure C++:** A C++ file named `main.cpp` containing 101 lines of code. This version is annotated with handwritten notes in blue ink, highlighting specific parts of the code related to the persistence curve computation.

- <https://github.com/topology-tool-kit/ttk/tree/dev/examples>

TTK data & examples



IEEE VIS Tutorials 2018, 2019



● Overview

- Presentations + hands-on
- ~10 speakers, attendance: ~50
- <https://topology-tool-kit.github.io/ieeeVisTutorial.html>
- Slides, data, examples, pre-installed virtual machines, more

A (non-exhaustive) tour of TTK

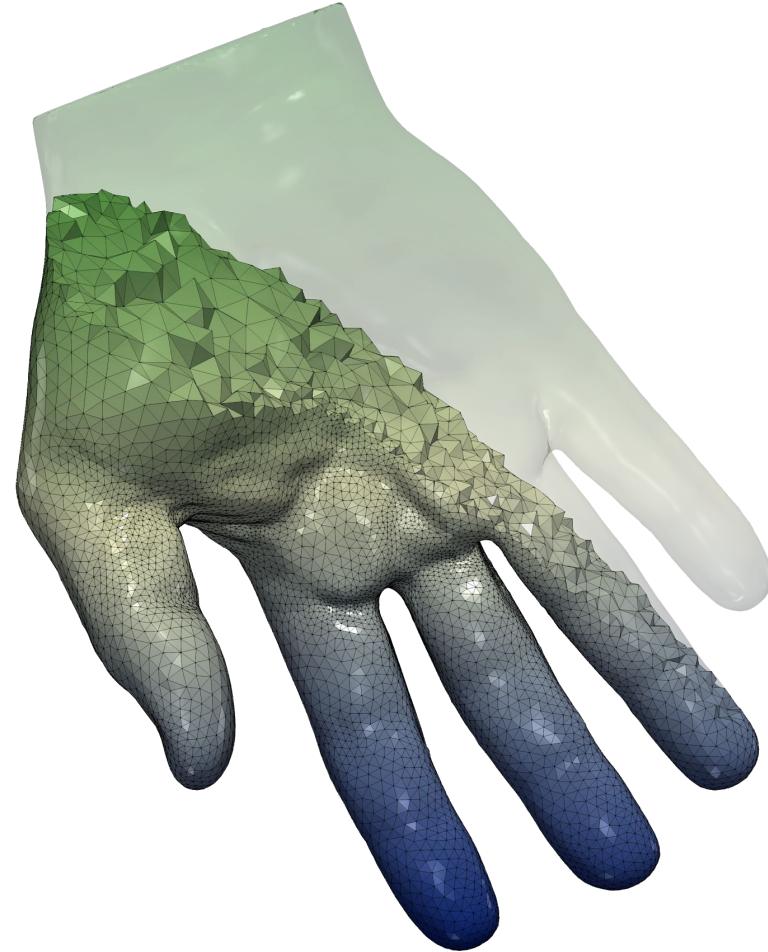
Input data

- PL scalar field
 - $f : \mathcal{M} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$



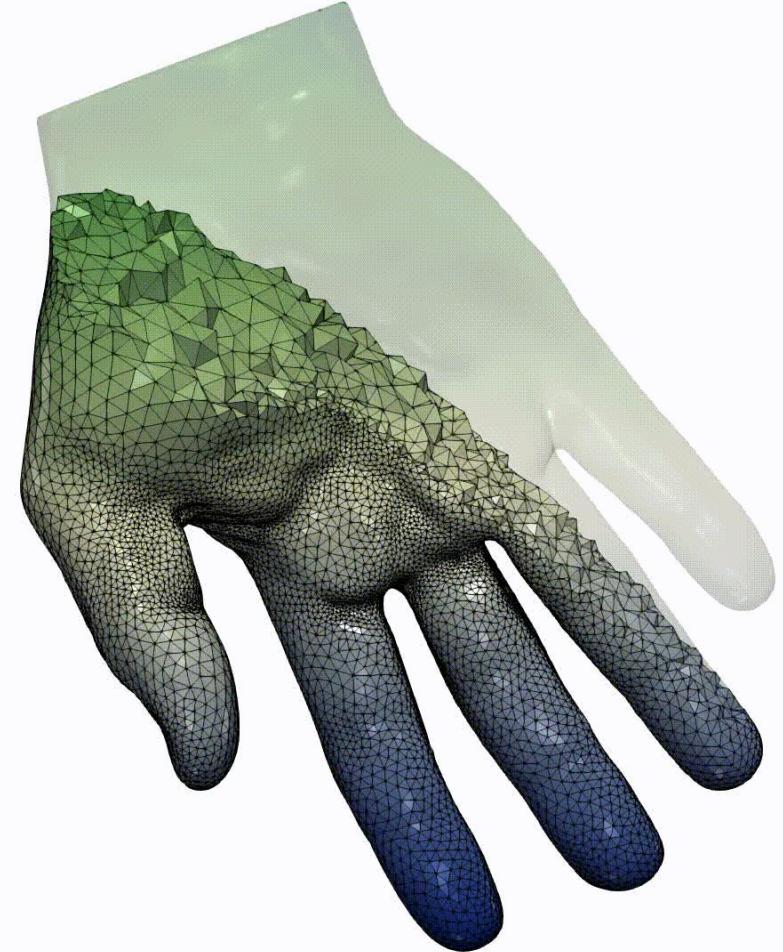
Input data

- PL scalar field
 - $f : \mathcal{M} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$
 - \mathcal{M} : simplicial complex



Input data

- PL scalar field
 - $f : \mathcal{M} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$
- \mathcal{M} : simplicial complex
 - Any mesh (**Tetrahedralize**)
 - Triangulated surface
 - Tetrahedral volume
 - Regular grids
 - 2D (pixel), 3D (voxel) images
 - Implicit triangulation
 - Periodicity support
 - Point clouds
 - Density estimates



Scalar data

Critical points

- **Module**

- **ScalarFieldCriticalPoints**

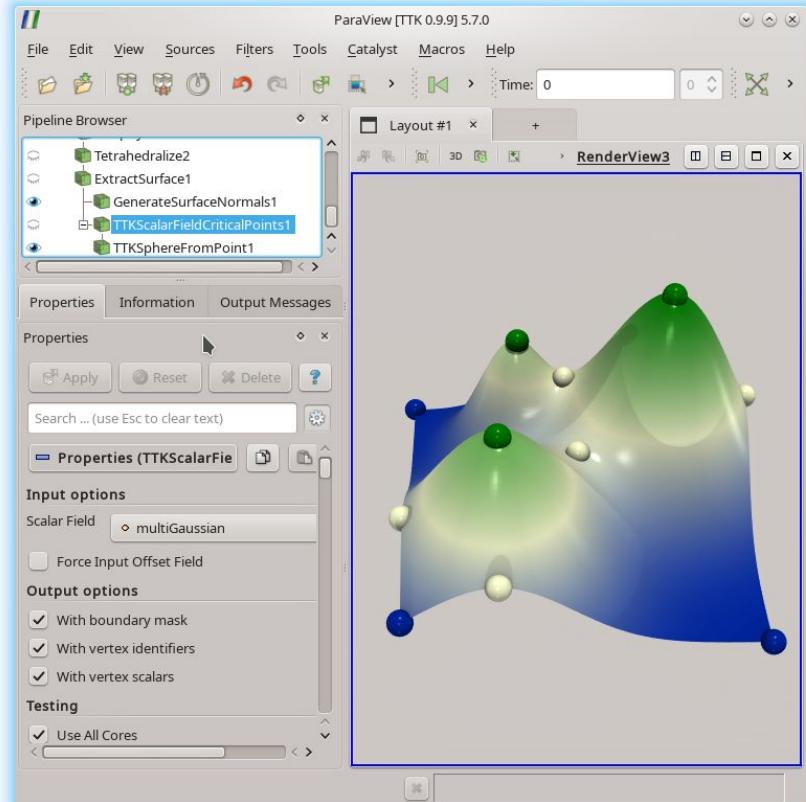
- Extract the singularities and their index

- **Algorithm**

- Banchoff, J. Diff. Geom. 1967
 - Linear time, trivially parallel

- **Output**

- Points with index and vertex IDs



Critical points

- **Module**

- **ScalarFieldCriticalPoints**

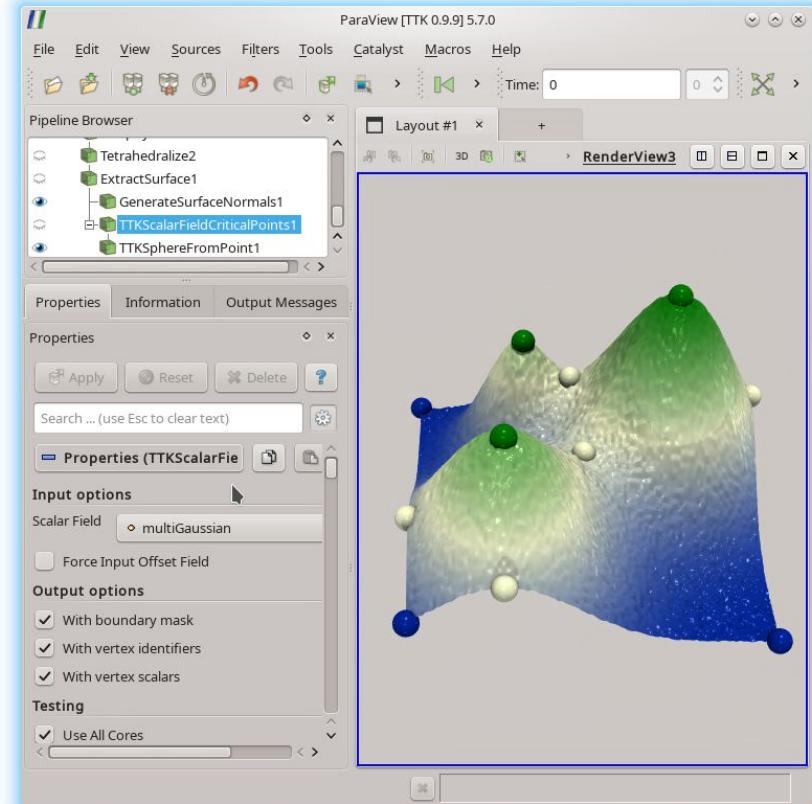
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Critical points

- **Module**

- **ScalarFieldCriticalPoints**

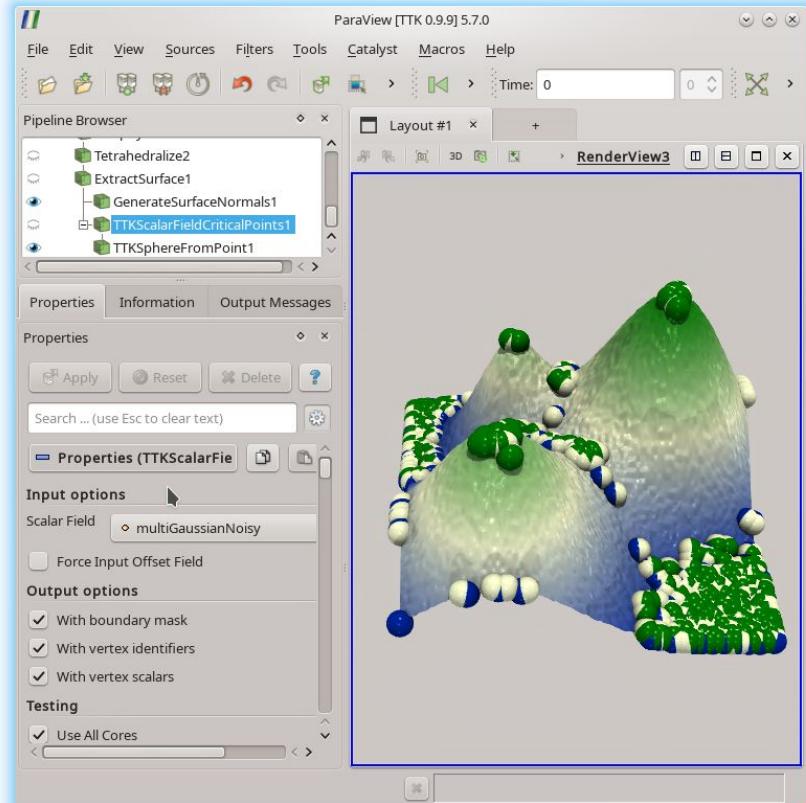
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Persistence diagrams

- **Module**

- **PersistenceDiagram**

- **PersistenceCurve**

- Specialized for dimensions 0, 1, 2

- **Algorithms**

- Extremum/saddle pairs

- Gueunet et al. IEEE TPDS 2019

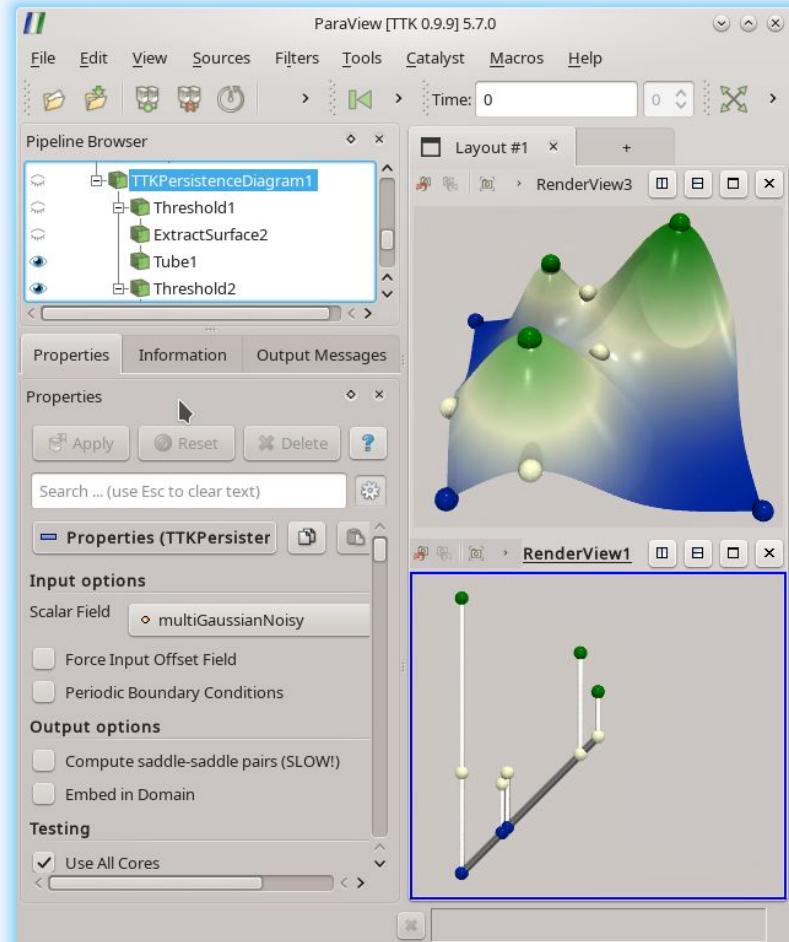
- Linearithmic time, efficient parallelization

- Saddle/saddle pairs

- Saddle connector reversal

- **Output**

- One edge per pair (indices & vertex IDs)
 - One curve per pair type



Persistence diagrams

- **Module**

- **PersistenceDiagram**

- **PersistenceCurve**

- Specialized for dimensions 0, 1, 2

- **Algorithms**

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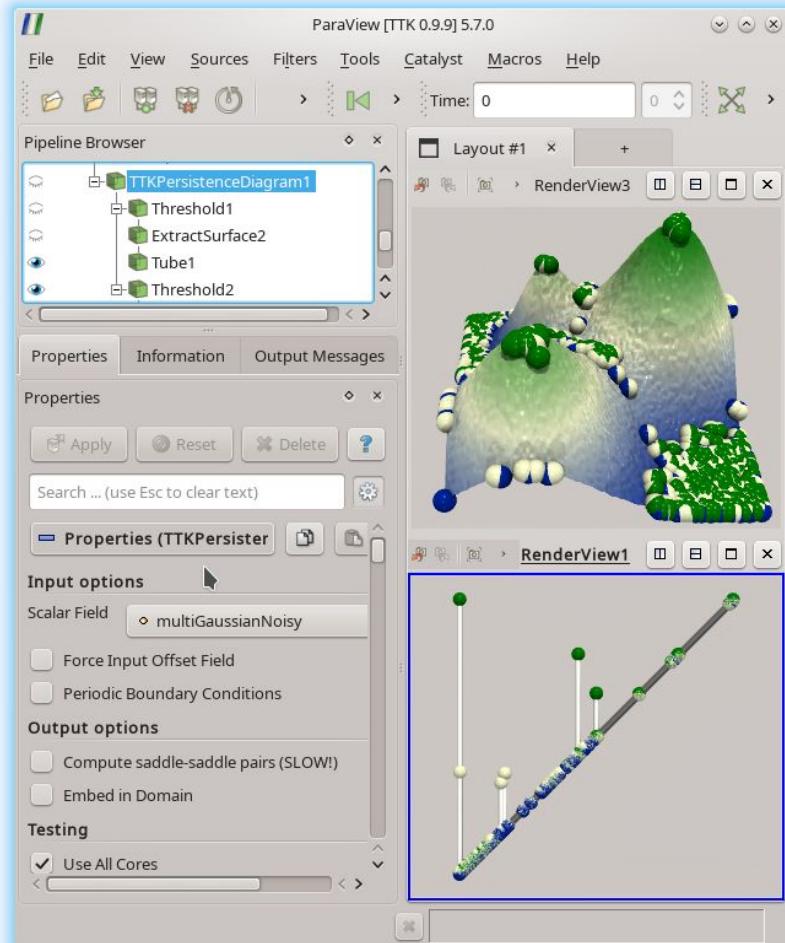
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Persistence diagrams

- **Module**

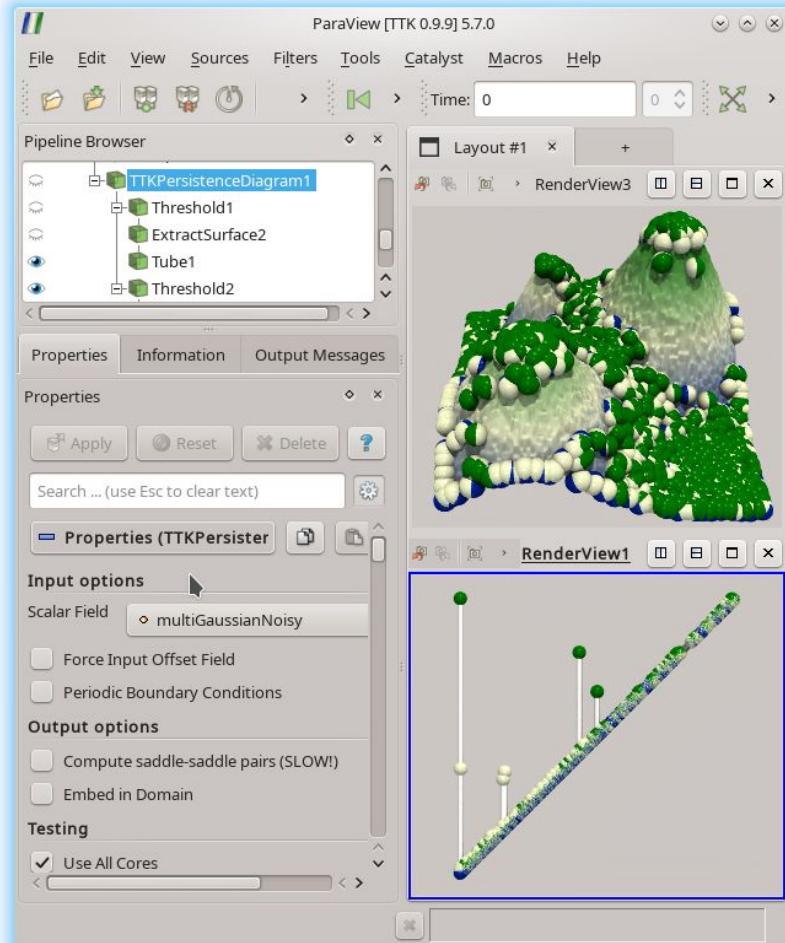
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Persistence diagrams

- **Module**

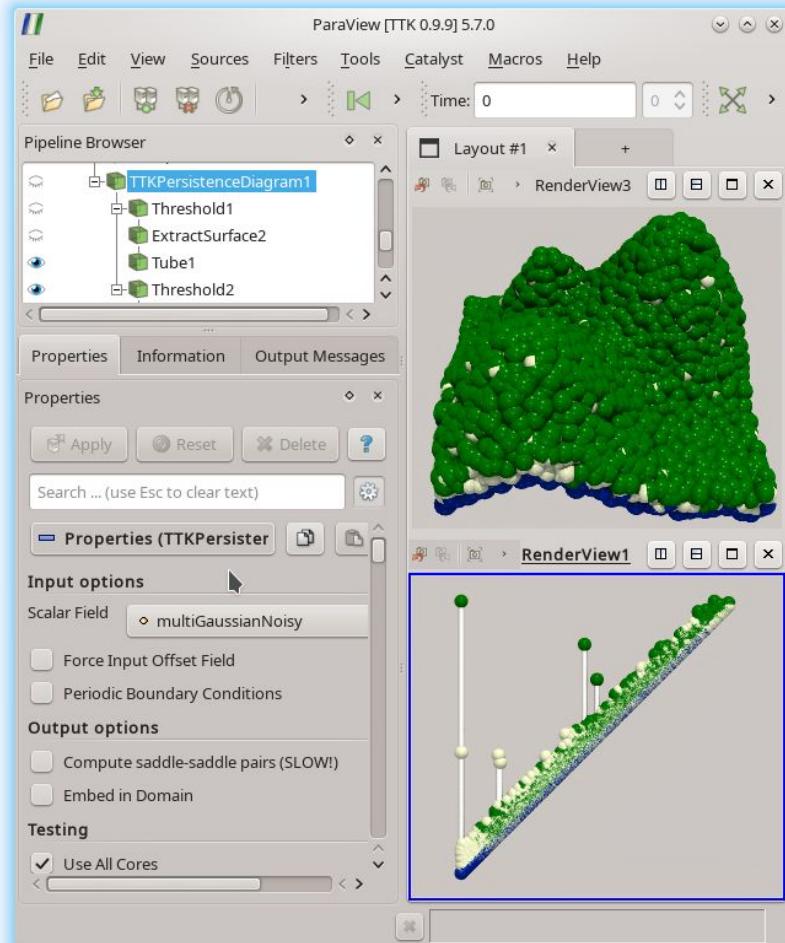
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Persistence diagrams

- **Module**

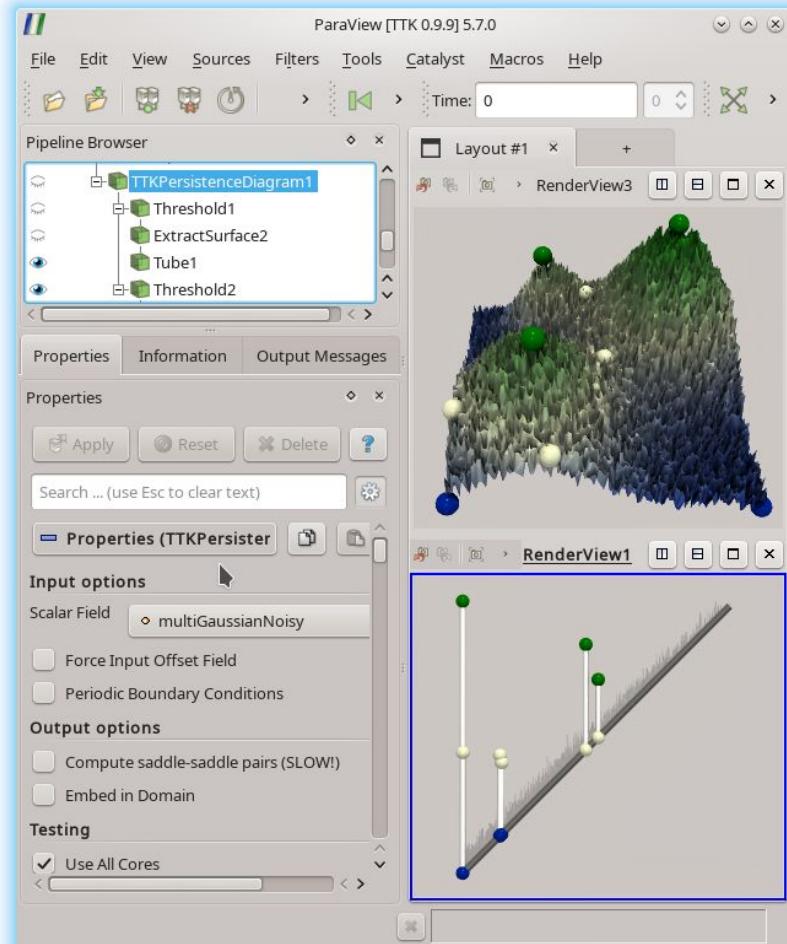
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Persistence diagrams

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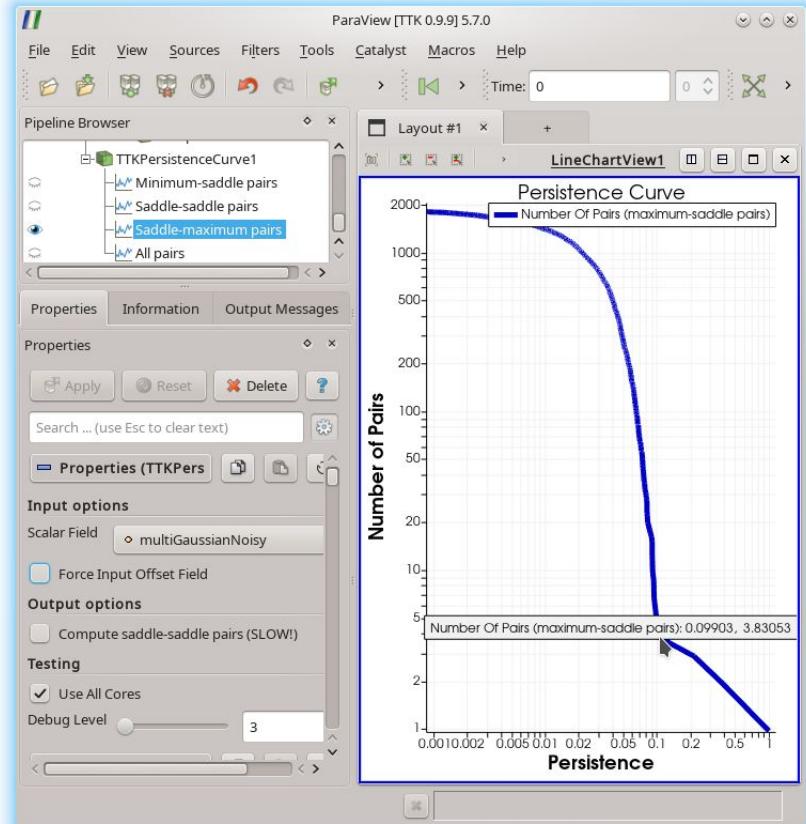
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Topological data simplification

- **Module**

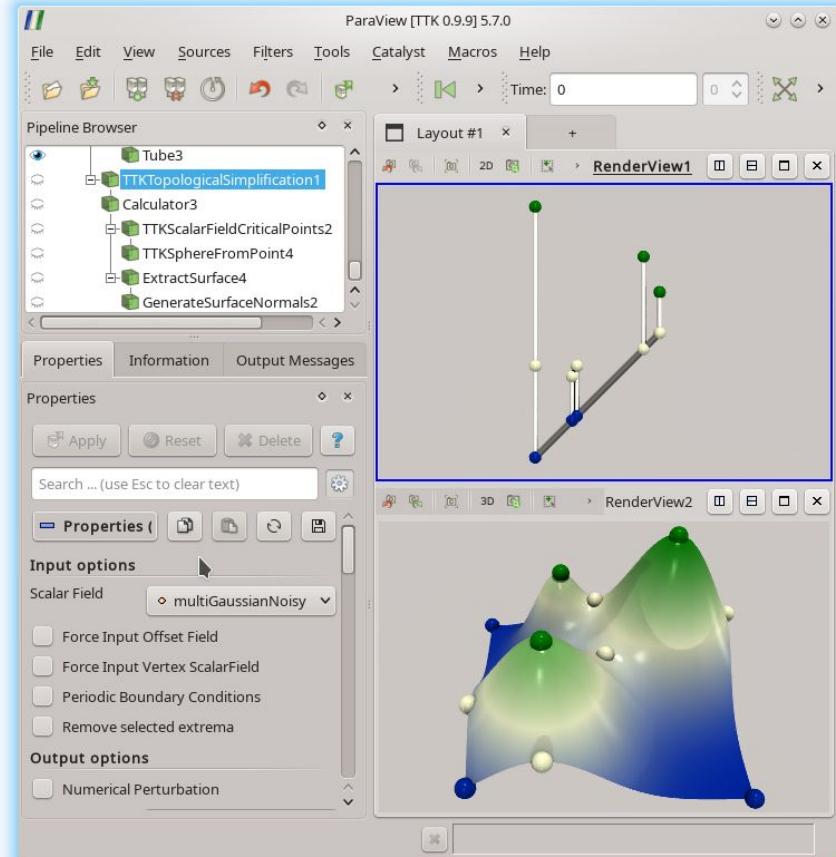
- **TopologicalSimplification**
- Extremum removal
- Default multiscale mechanism

- **Algorithm**

- Tierny & Pascucci IEEE TVCG 2012
- Linearithmic time

- **Output**

- “Flattened” data



Topological data simplification

- **Module**

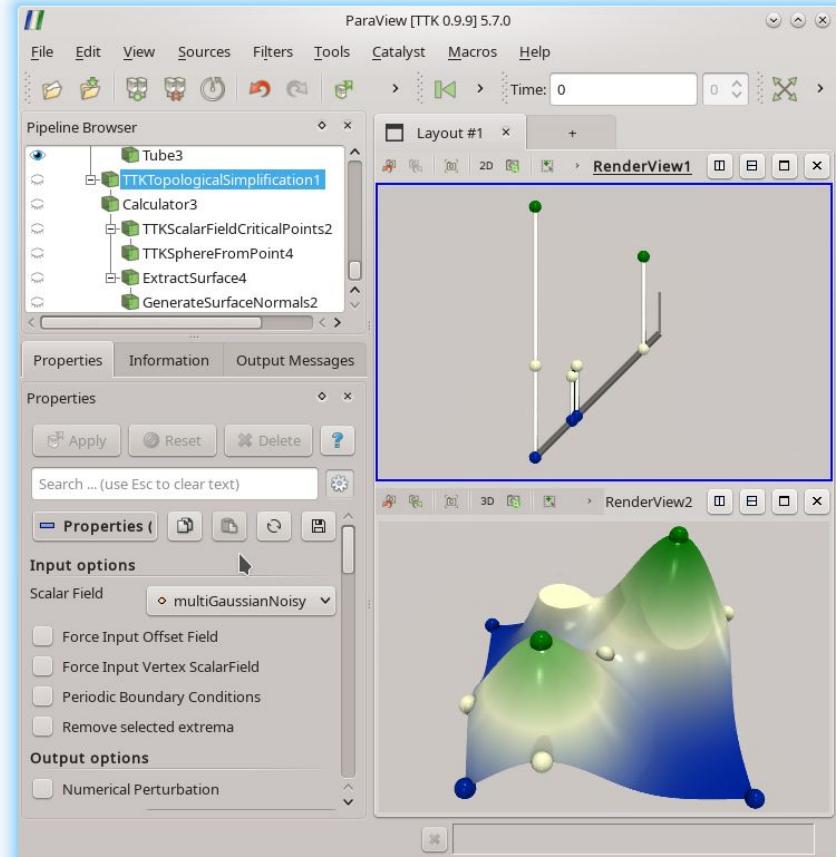
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Topological data simplification

- **Module**

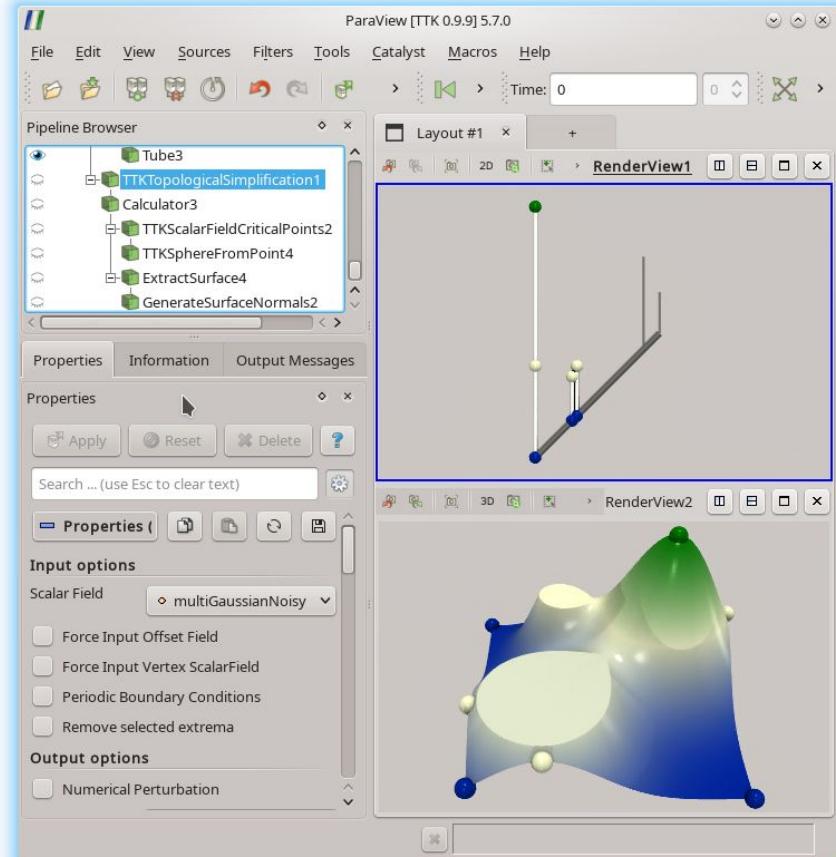
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- **Output**

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Topology aware compression

- **Module**

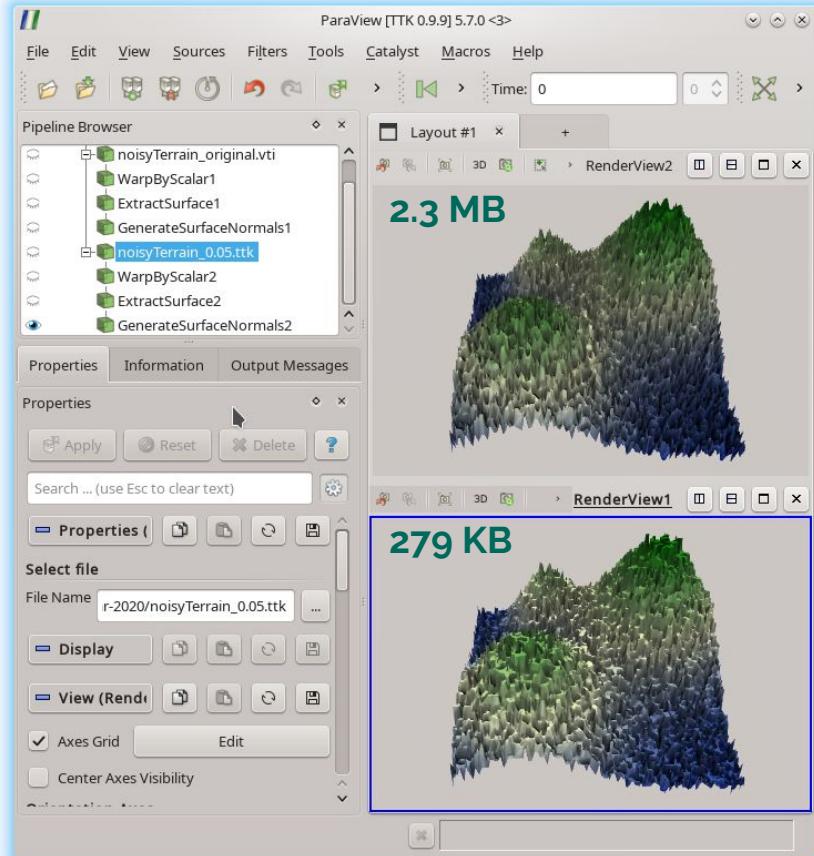
- **TopologicalCompression (IO)**
- Preserves the persistence diagram
 - Dimension 0 or $(d-1)$

- **Algorithm**

- Soler et al. PacificViz 2018
- Linearithmic time

- **Output**

- Compressed image data
- Geometry improvement with ZFP
 - Lindstrom IEEE TVCG 2014



Topology aware compression

- **Module**

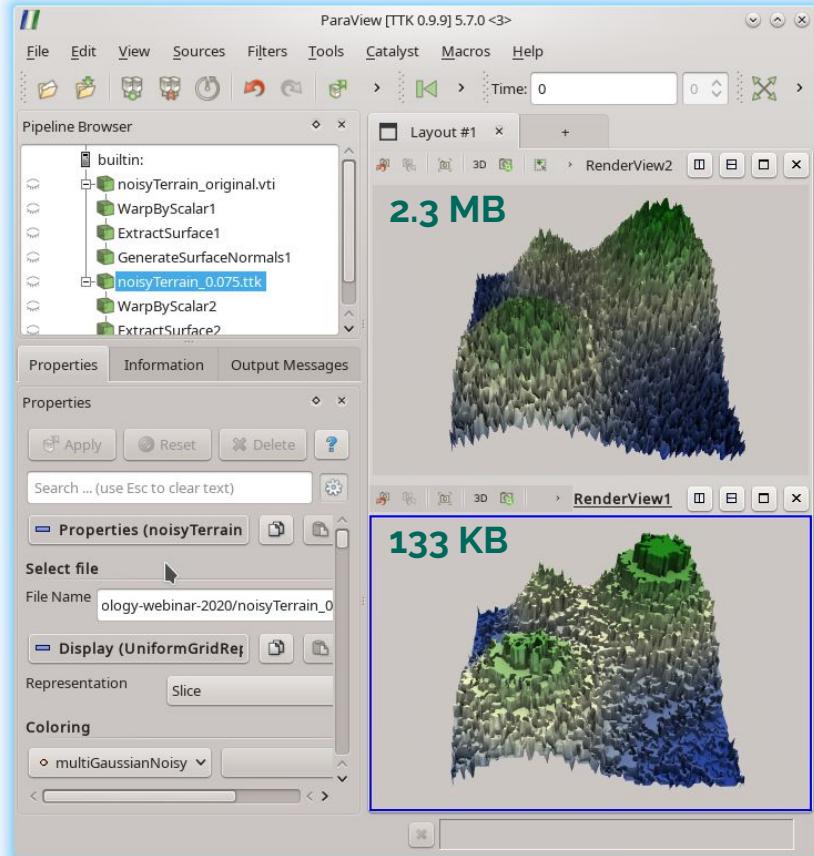
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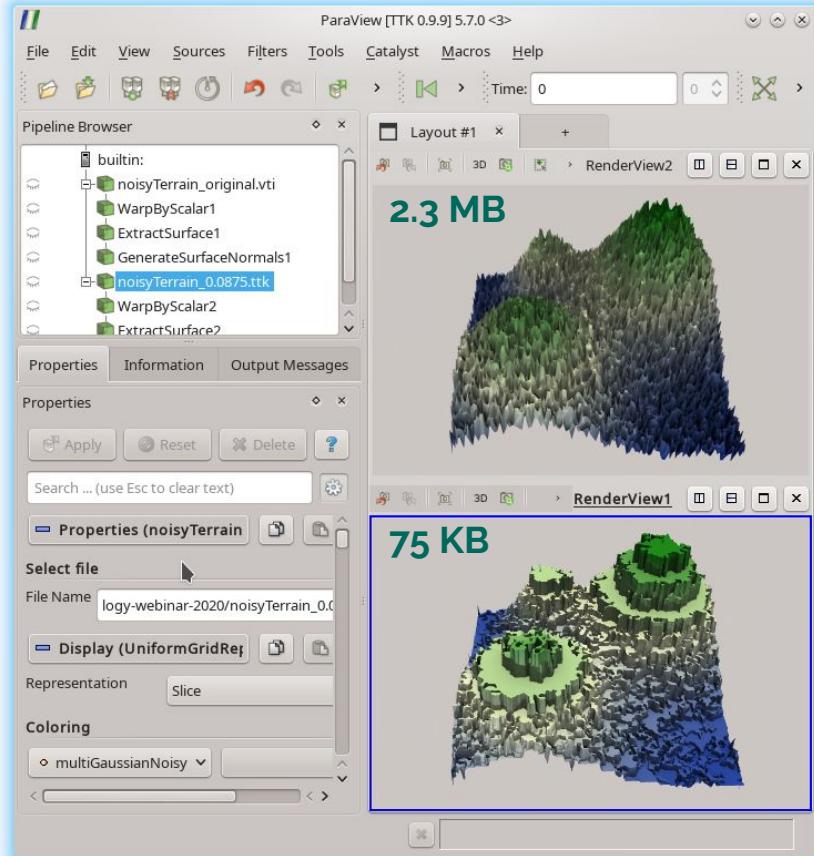
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Topology aware compression

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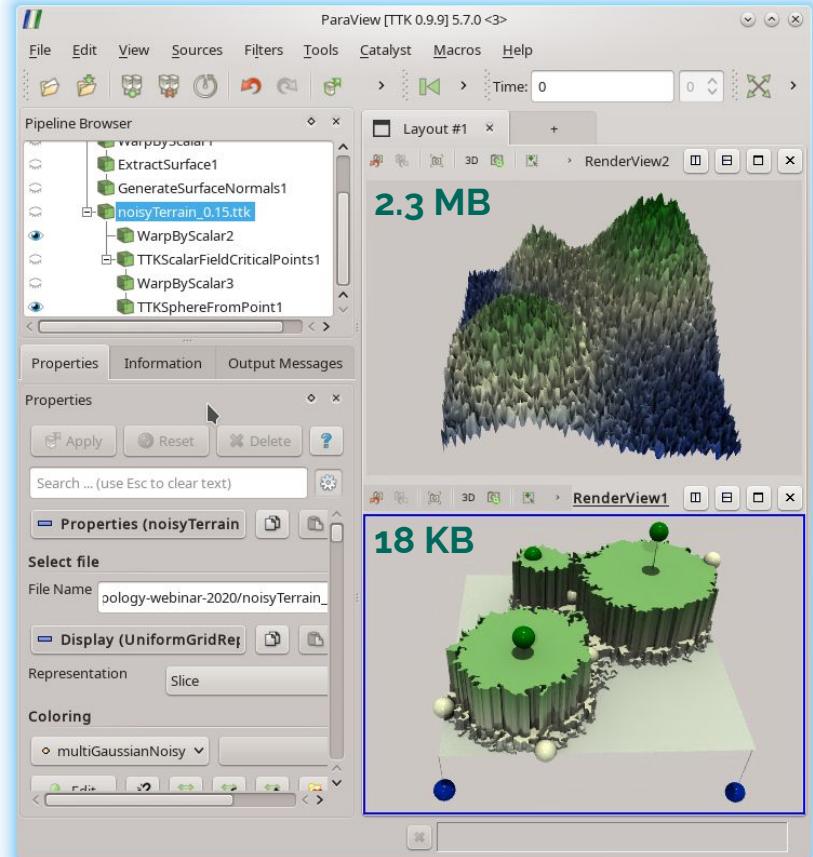
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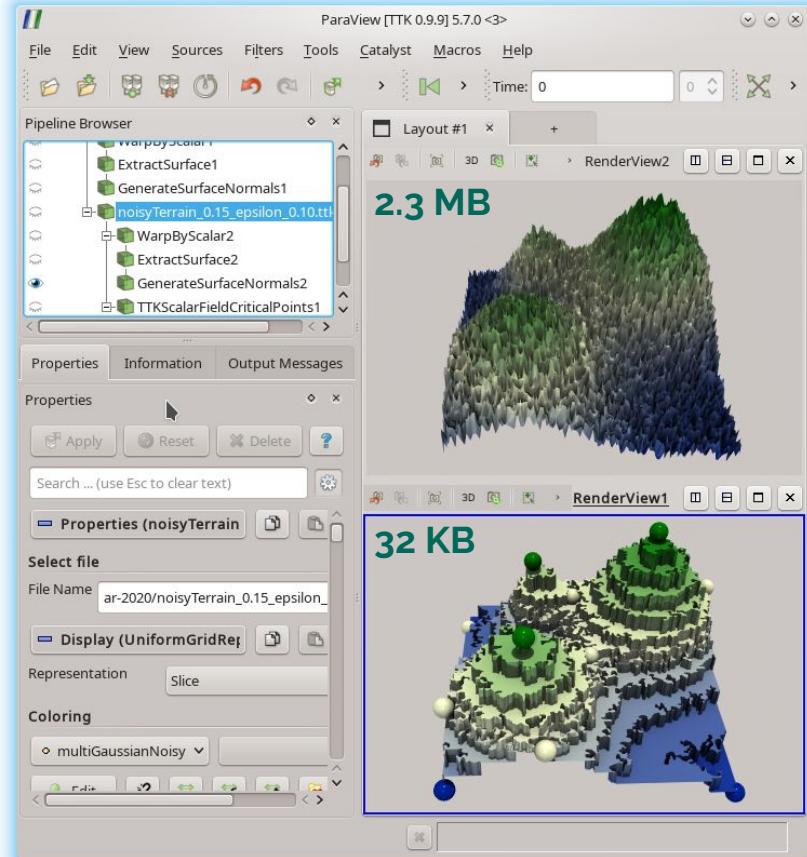
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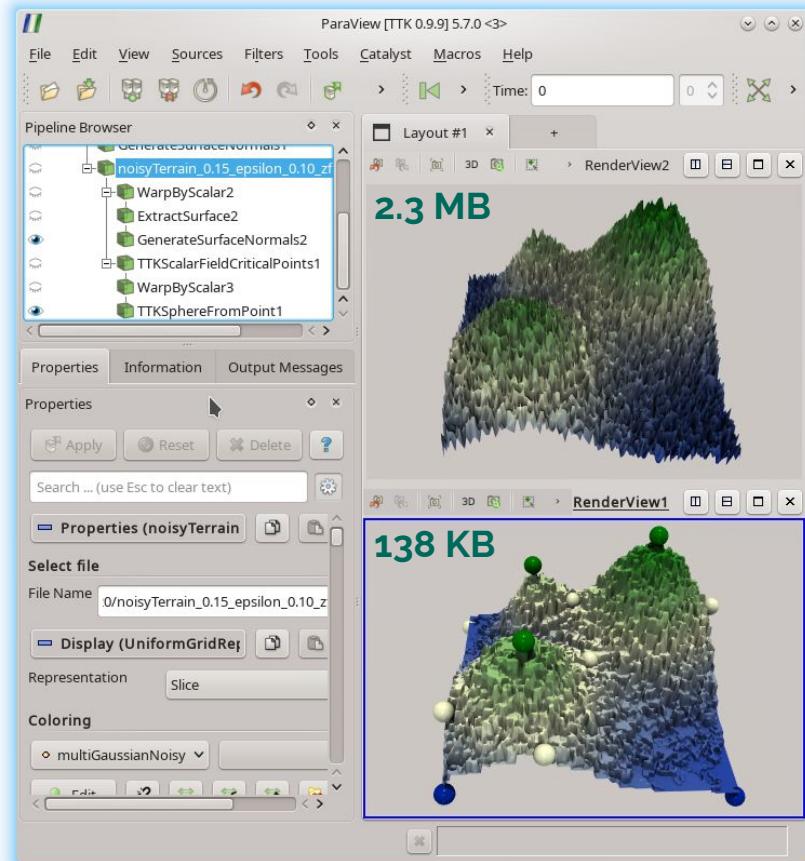
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- Preserves the persistence diagram
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- **Algorithm**

- Soler et al. PacificViz 2018
- Linearithmic time

- **Output**

- Compressed image data
- Geometry improvement with ZFP
 - Lindstrom IEEE TVCG 2014



Merge & contour trees

- **Module**

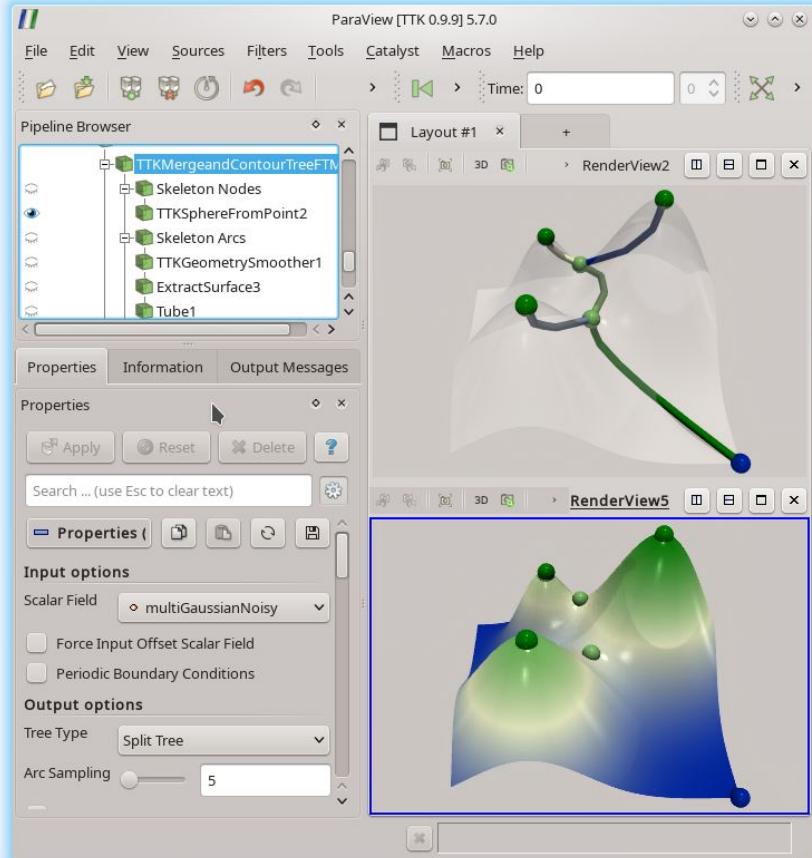
- **FTMTree**
- Skeleton extraction
- Level-set based segmentation

- **Algorithm**

- Gueunet et al. IEEE TPDS 2019
- Linearithmic time, efficient parallelization

- **Output**

- Nodes of the trees
- Arcs
- Data segmentation



Merge & contour trees

- **Module**

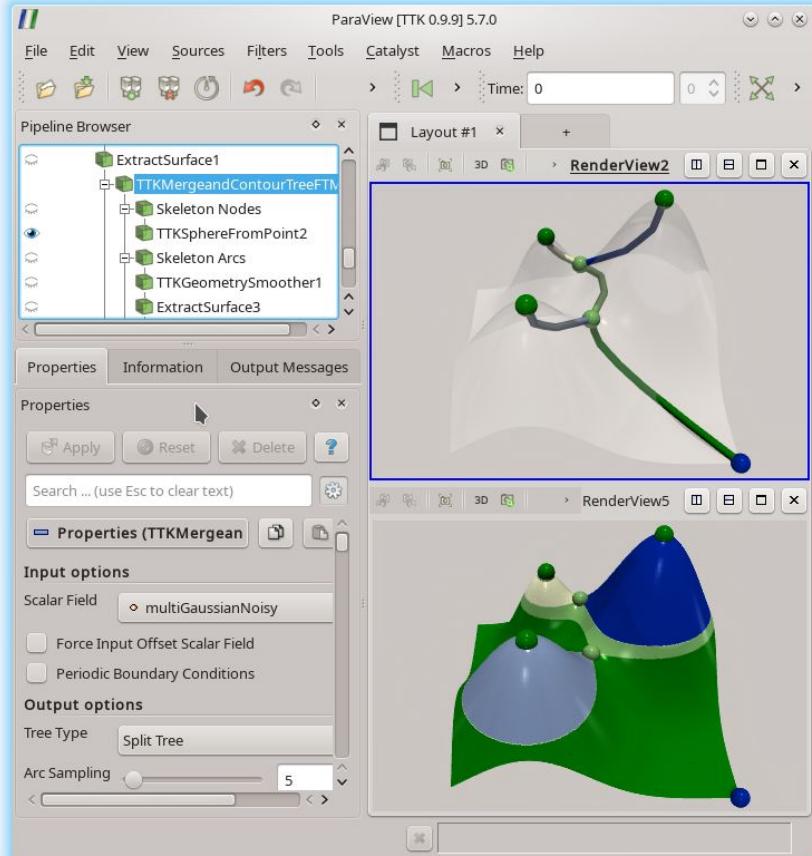
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Merge & contour trees

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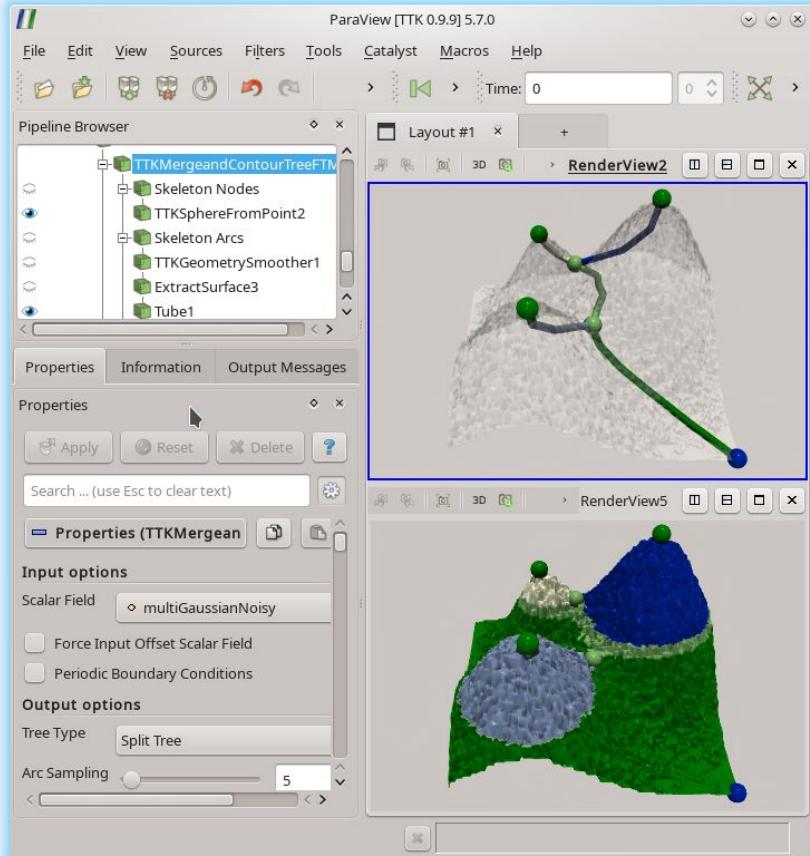
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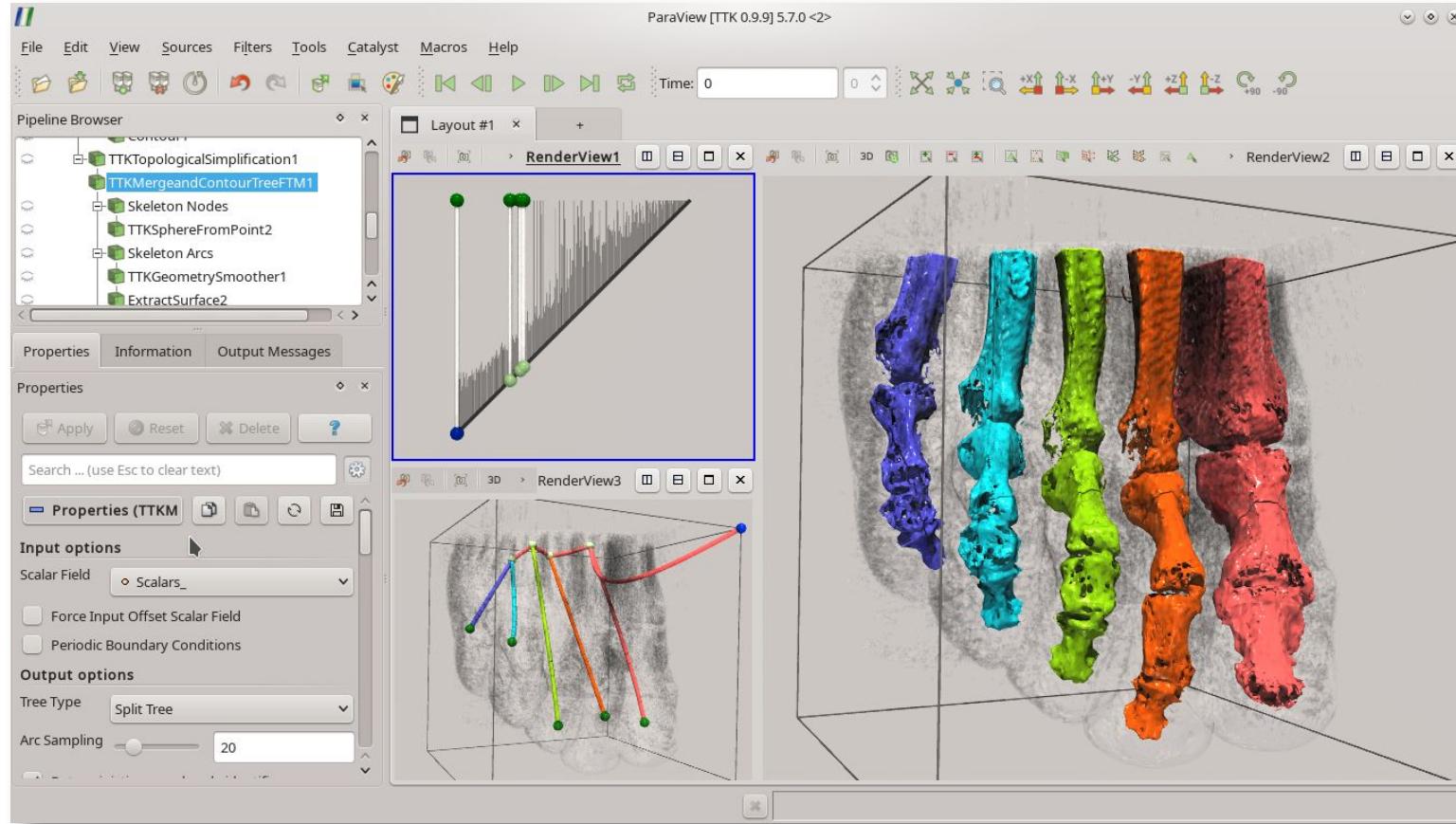
- Gueunet et al. IEEE TPDS 2019
- Linearithmic time, efficient parallelization

- **Output**

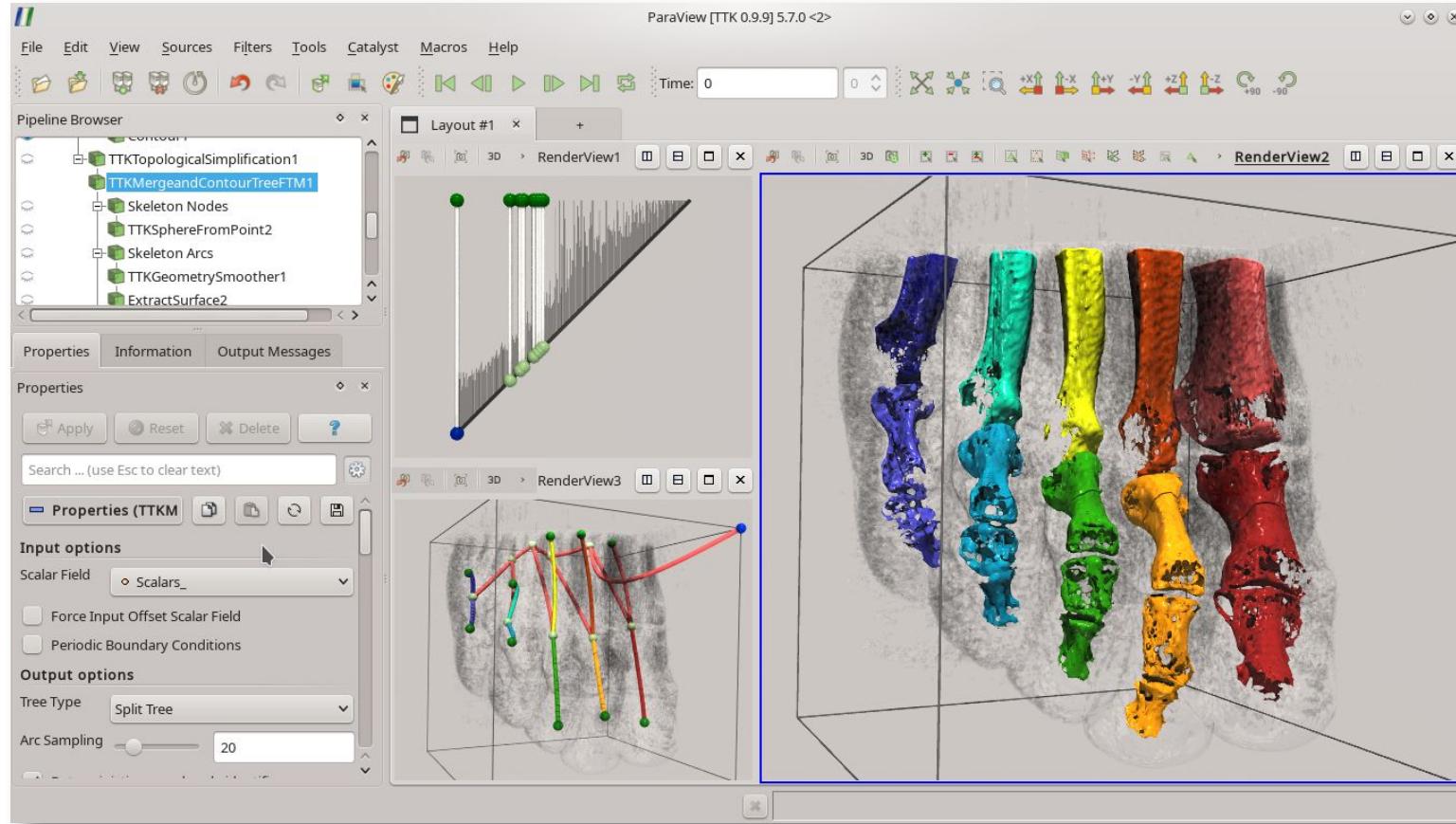
- Nodes of the trees
- Arcs
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Application to biomedical imaging



Application to biomedical imaging



Reeb graphs

- **Module**

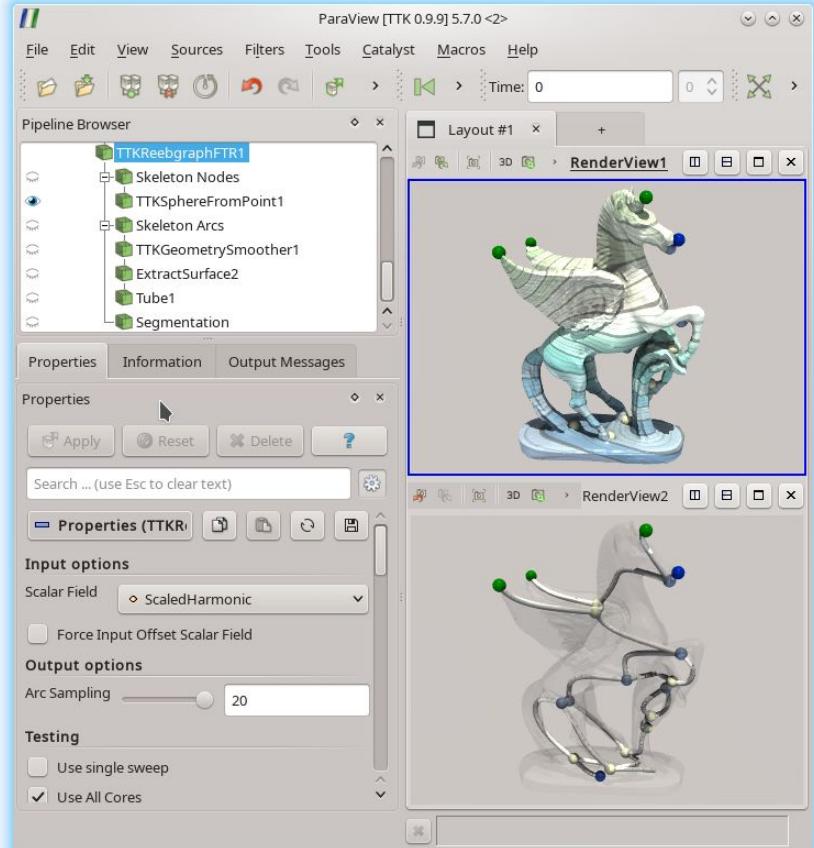
- **FTMGraph**
- Skeleton extraction
- Level-set based segmentation
- For non simply-connected domains

- **Algorithm**

- Gueunet et al. EGPGV 2019
- Linearithmic time
 - Fast Parallelization of Parsa SoCG 2012

- **Output**

- Nodes of the trees
- Arcs
- Data segmentation



Morse-Smale complexes

- **Module**

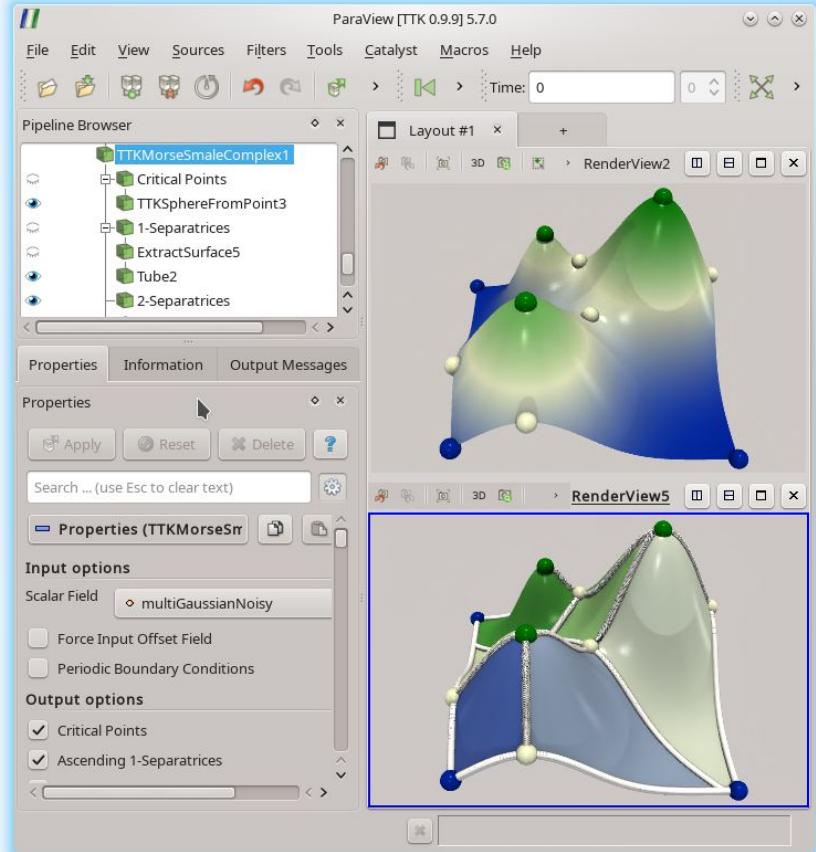
- **MorseSmaleComplex**
- Extremal curves, separating surfaces

- **Algorithms**

- Discrete Morse Theory, Forman SLC 2002
- Complex extraction
 - Standard v-path collection (BFS)
 - Quadratic time (worst case)
- Discrete gradient
 - Tierny et al. IEEE TVCG 2017
 - Robins et al. IEEE PAMI 2011

- **Output**

- Critical points, 1D & 2D separatrices
- Data segmentation



Morse-Smale complexes

- **Module**

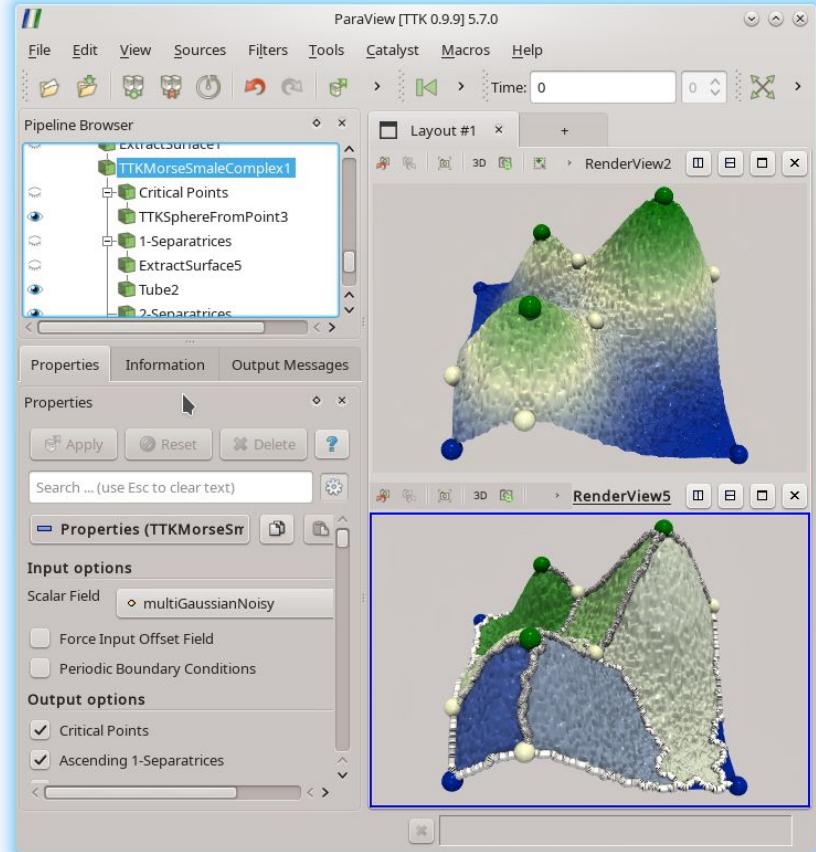
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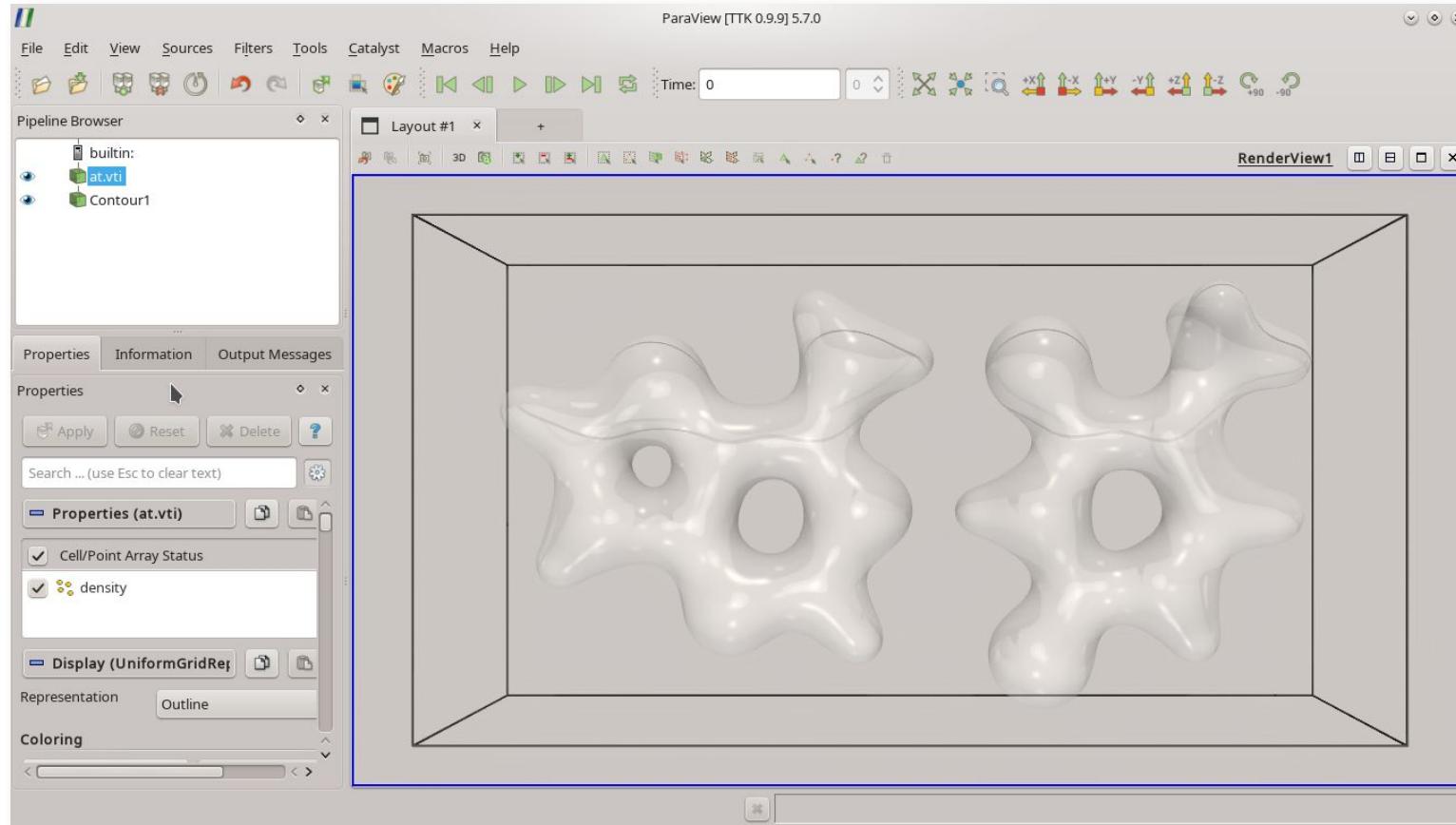
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- **Output**

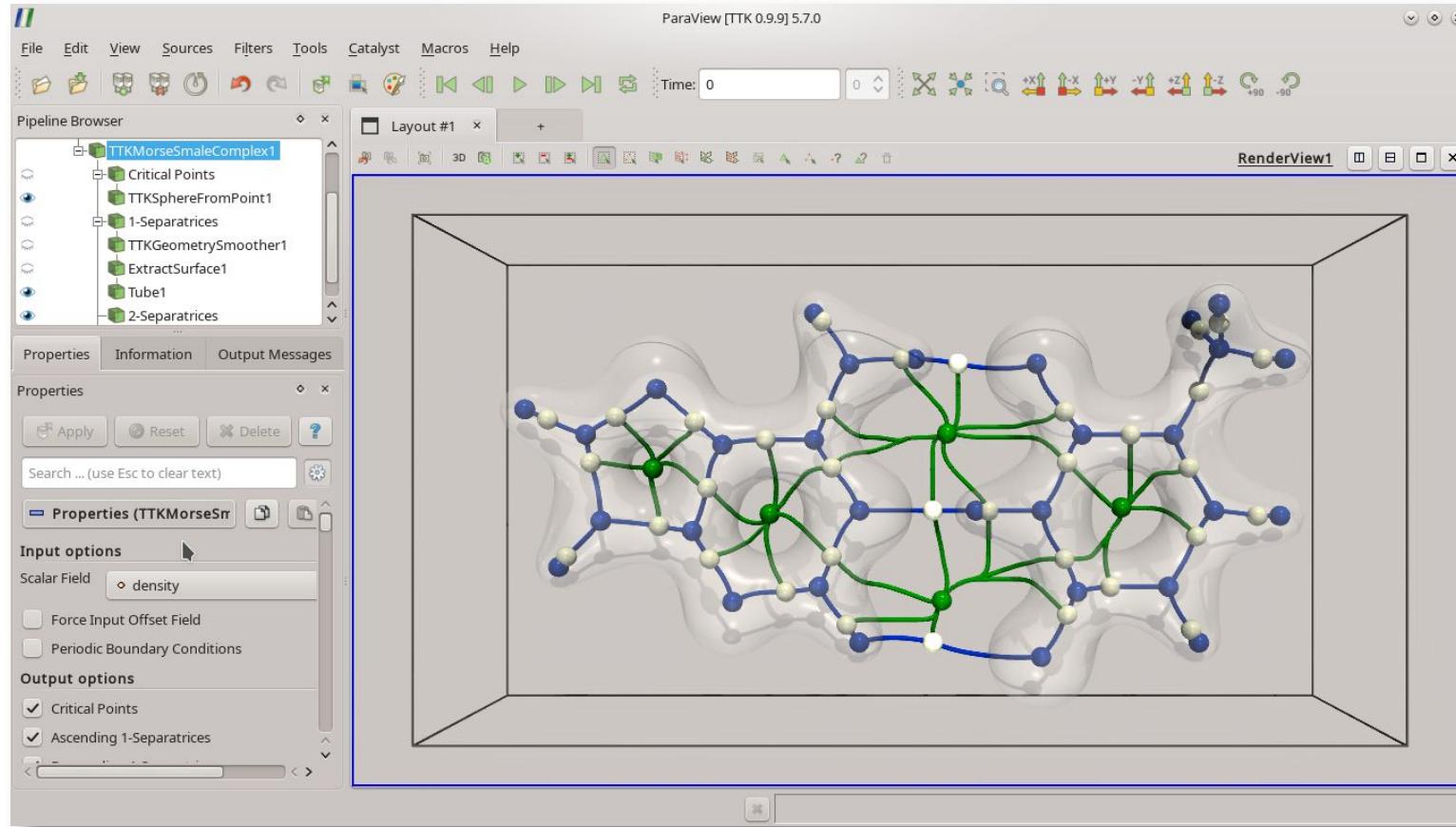
- Critical points, 1D & 2D separatrices
- Data segmentation



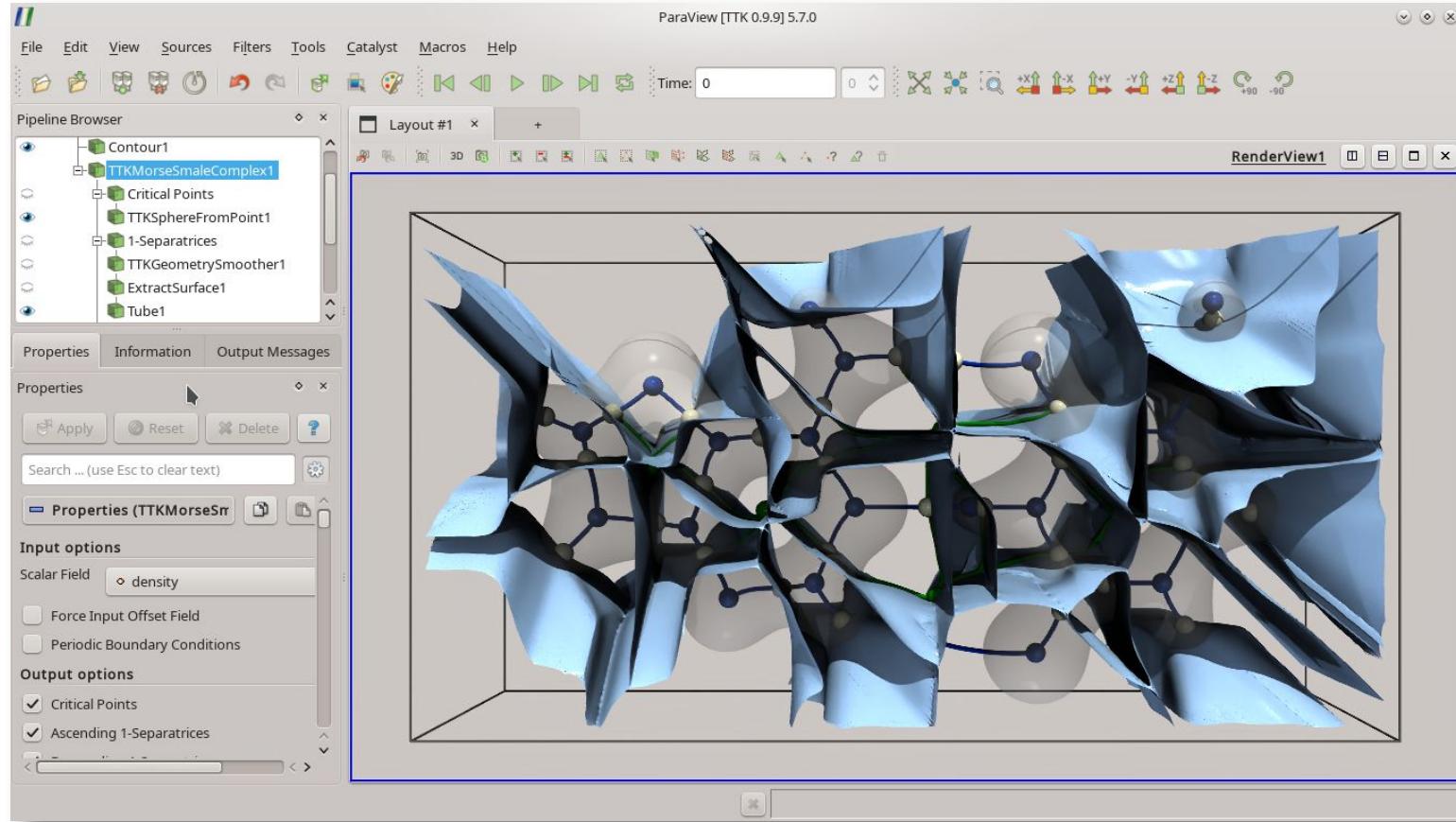
Application to quantum chemistry



Application to quantum chemistry



Application to quantum chemistry



Distances between persistence diagrams

- **Module**

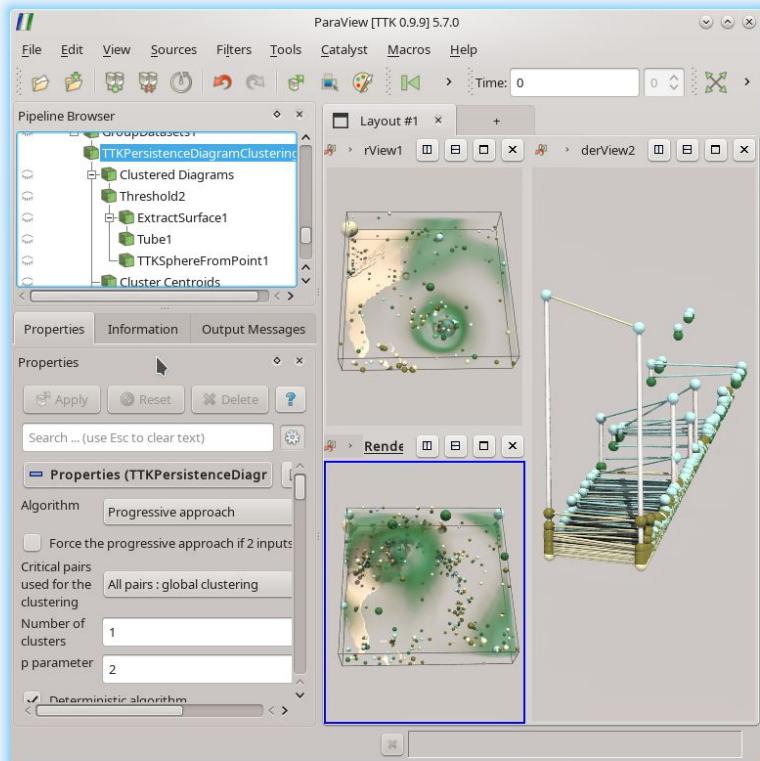
- **Bottleneck**
- **PersistenceDiagramClustering**
- Bottleneck & Wasserstein

- **Algorithms**

- Soler et al. IEEE LDAV 2018
 - Extends Bourgeois & Lassalle C. ACM 1971
- Vidal et al. IEEE VIS 2019
 - Progressive Kerber et al. ACM JEA 2017
 - Computation time limits

- **Output**

- Diagrams & Matching



Barycenters/clusters of persistence diagrams

- **Module**

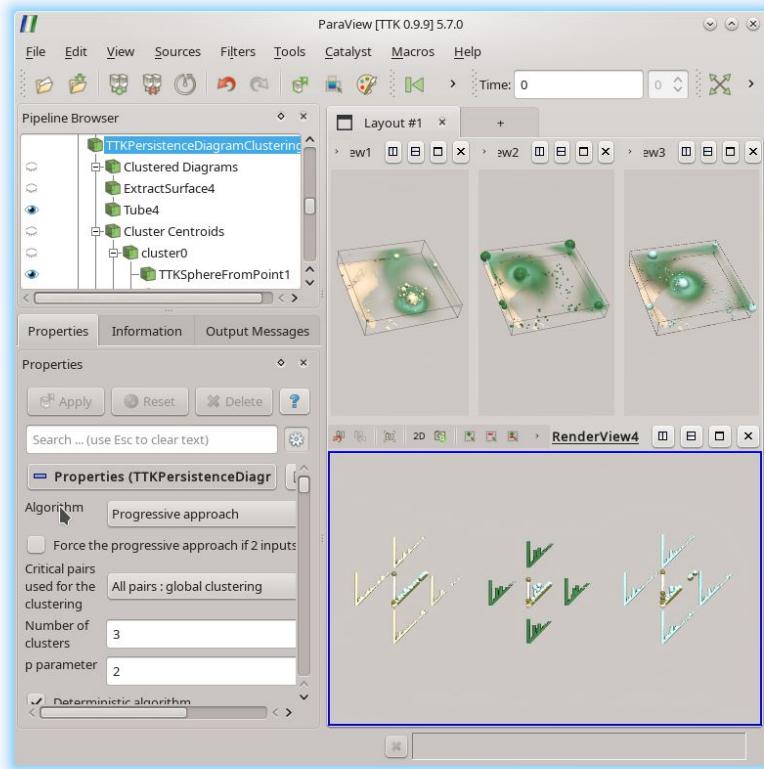
- **PersistenceDiagramClustering**
- Wasserstein barycenters + clustering

- **Algorithm**

- Vidal et al. IEEE VIS 2019
 - Progressive approximation
 - Turner et al. DCG 2014
 - Fast convergence, parallelism
 - Computation time limits

- **Output**

- Diagrams & Matching
- Barycenters (cluster centers)



Time tracking

- **Module**

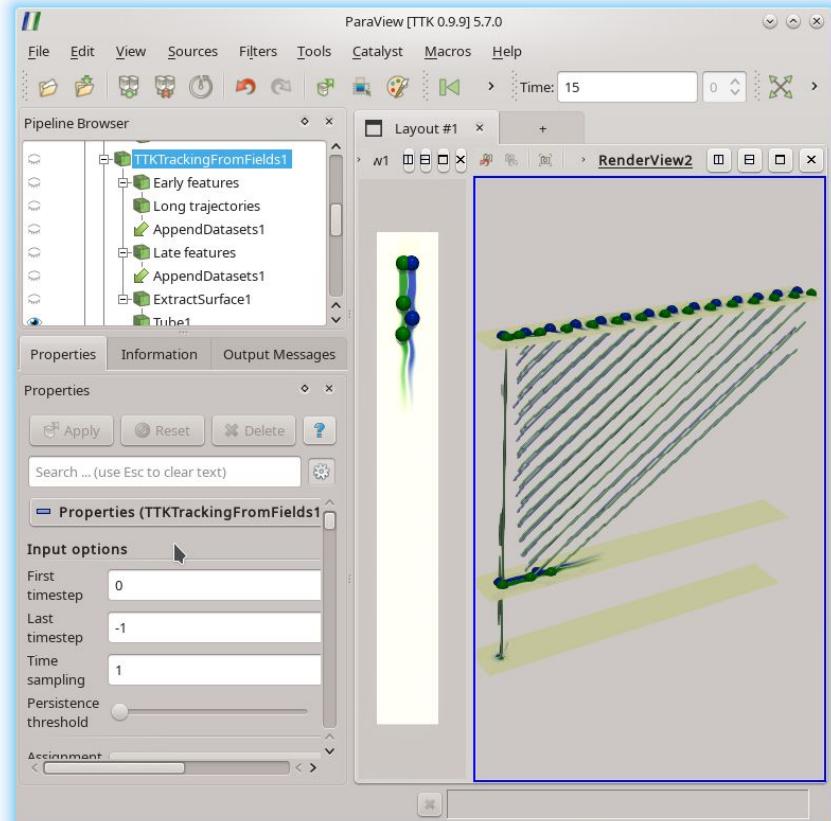
- **TrackingFromFields**
- **TrackingFromPersistenceDiagrams**
- Minimizes Wasserstein distance
 - Lifted metric (geometry blending)

- **Algorithm**

- Soler et al. IEEE LDAV 2018

- **Output**

- Extremum temporal trajectories



Time tracking

- **Module**

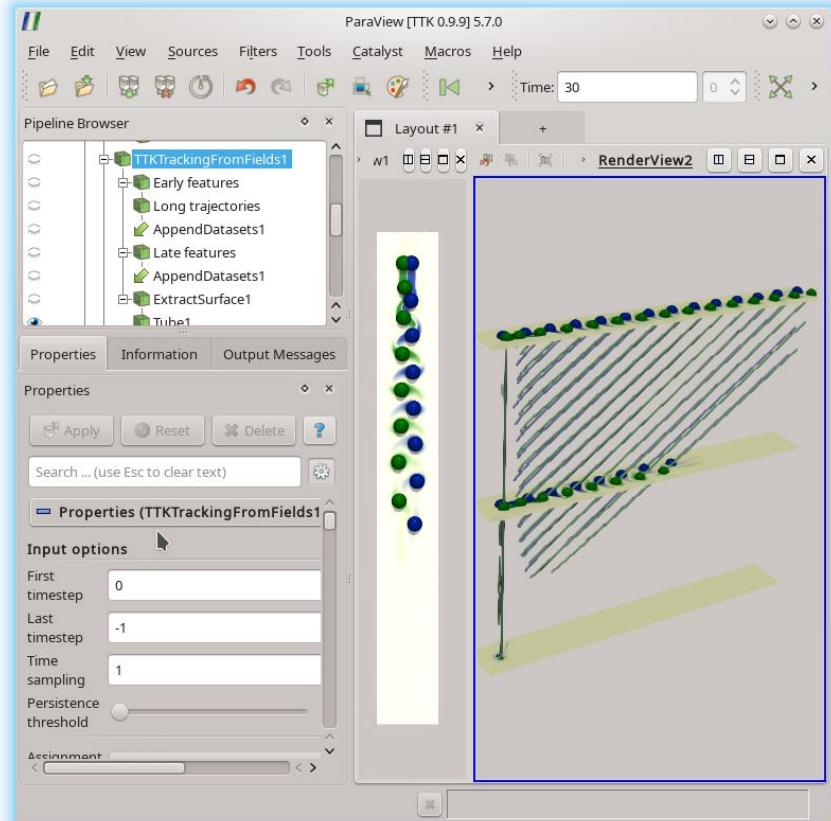
- **TrackingFromFields**
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- Soler et al. IEEE LDAV 2018

- **Output**

- Extremum temporal trajectories



Time tracking

- **Module**

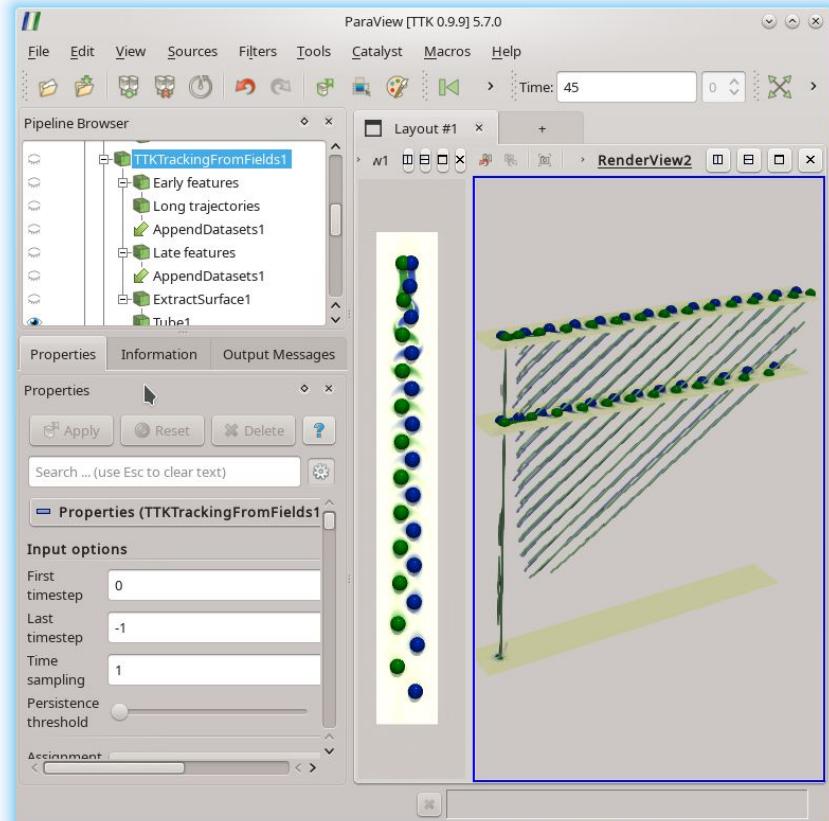
- **TrackingFromFields**
- **TrackingFromPersistenceDiagrams**
- Minimizes Wasserstein distance
 - Lifted metric (geometry blending)

- **Algorithm**

- Soler et al. IEEE LDAV 2018

- **Output**

- Extremum temporal trajectories



Emerging data types

Bivariate data

- **Module**

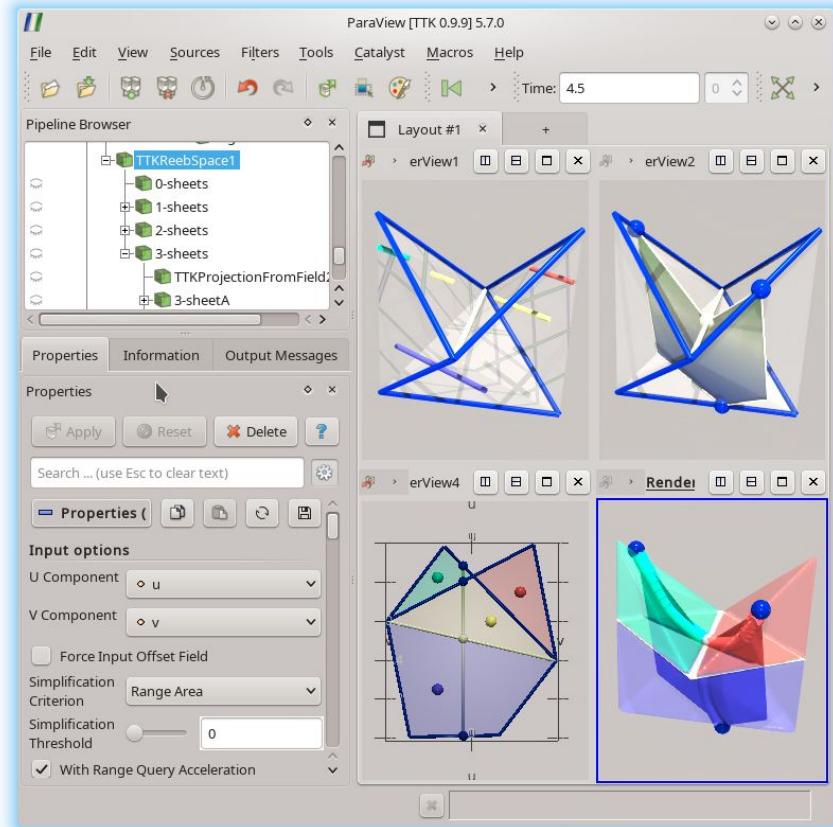
- **JacobiSet, ReebSpace**
- **ContinuousScatterPlot**
- Singularities extraction, segmentation

- **Algorithms**

- Edelsbrunner & Harer FCM 2002
- Bachthaler & Weiskopf IEEE TVCG 2008
- Tierny & Carr IEEE TVCG 2016

- **Output**

- Junction between Jacobi sets
- Jacobi set curves (index and vertex IDs)
- Sheets of the Reeb space & boundaries



Bivariate data

- **Module**

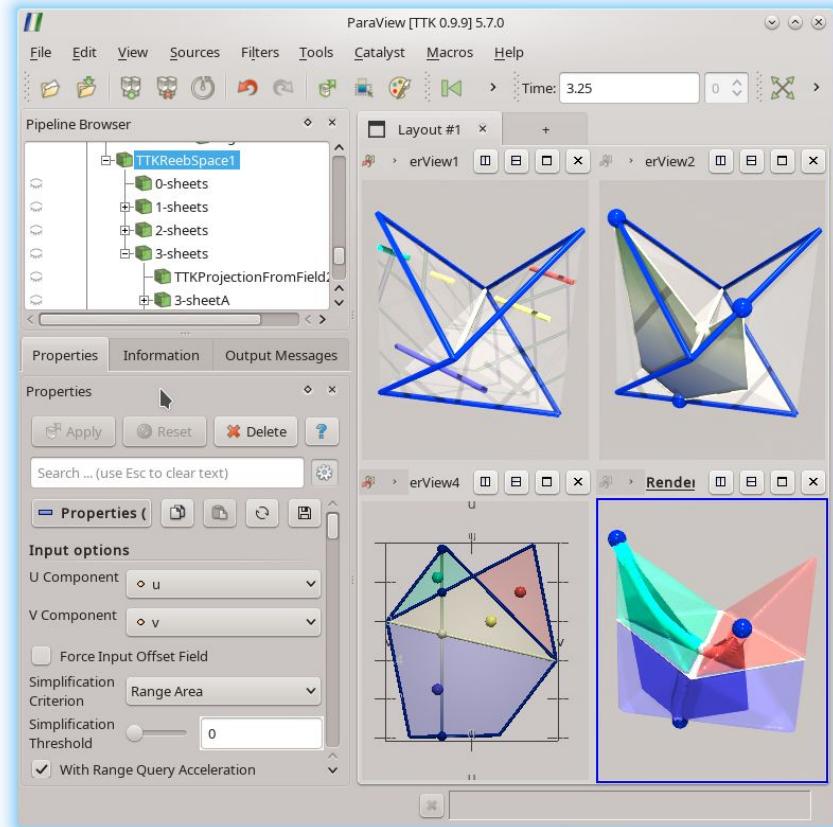
- **JacobiSet, ReebSpace**
- **ContinuousScatterPlot**
- Singularities extraction, segmentation

- **Algorithms**

- Edelsbrunner & Harer FCM 2002
- Bachthaler & Weiskopf IEEE TVCG 2008
- Tierny & Carr IEEE TVCG 2016

- **Output**

- Junction between Jacobi sets
- Jacobi set curves (index and vertex IDs)
- Sheets of the Reeb space & boundaries



Bivariate data

- **Module**

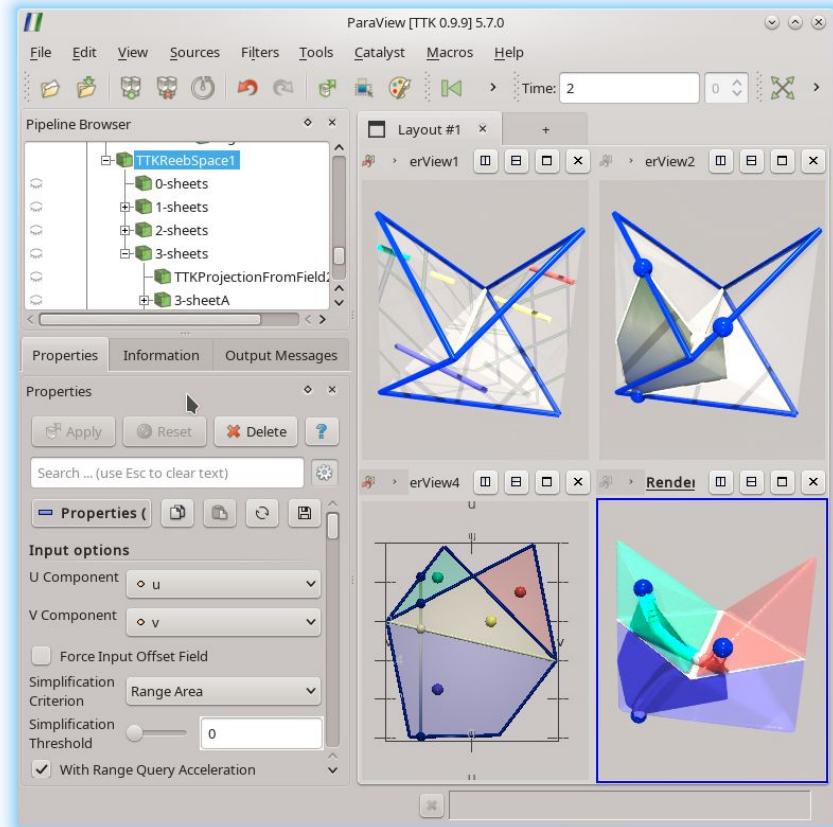
- **JacobiSet, ReebSpace**
- **ContinuousScatterPlot**
- Singularities extraction, segmentation

- **Algorithms**

- Edelsbrunner & Harer FCM 2002
- Bachthaler & Weiskopf IEEE TVCG 2008
- Tierny & Carr IEEE TVCG 2016

- **Output**

- Junction between Jacobi sets
- Jacobi set curves (index and vertex IDs)
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Uncertain data

- **Module**

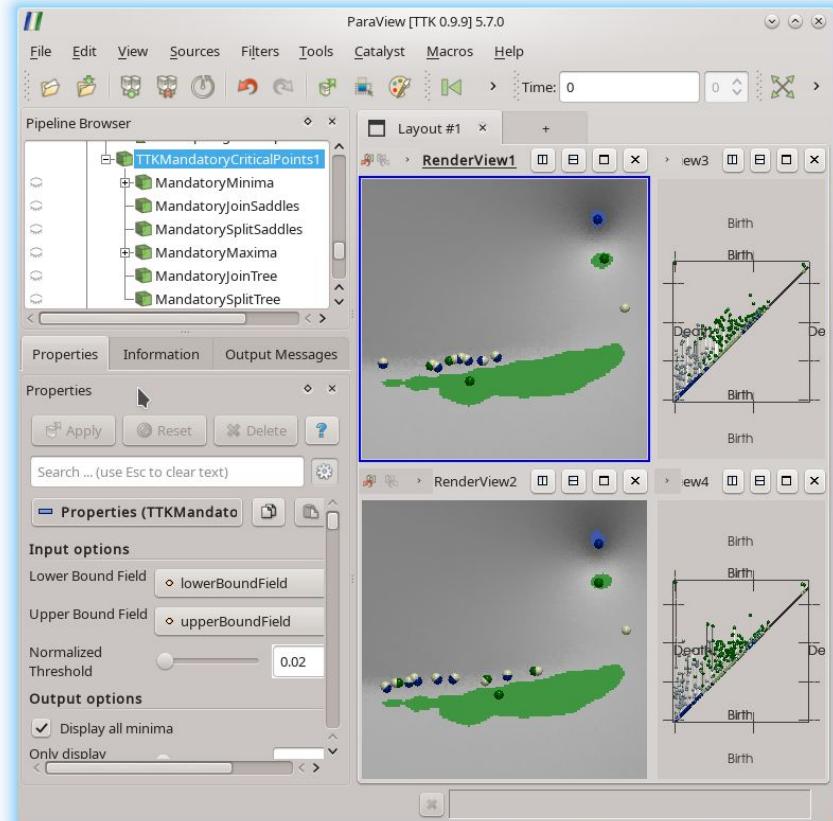
- **MandatoryCriticalPoints**
- Per-vertex error bounds
- Critical points
 - Guaranteed regions of appearance

- **Algorithm**

- Guenther et al. EuroVis 2014

- **Output**

- Mandatory critical point regions
- Mandatory merge trees



High dimensional point cloud data

Dimension reduction

- **Module**

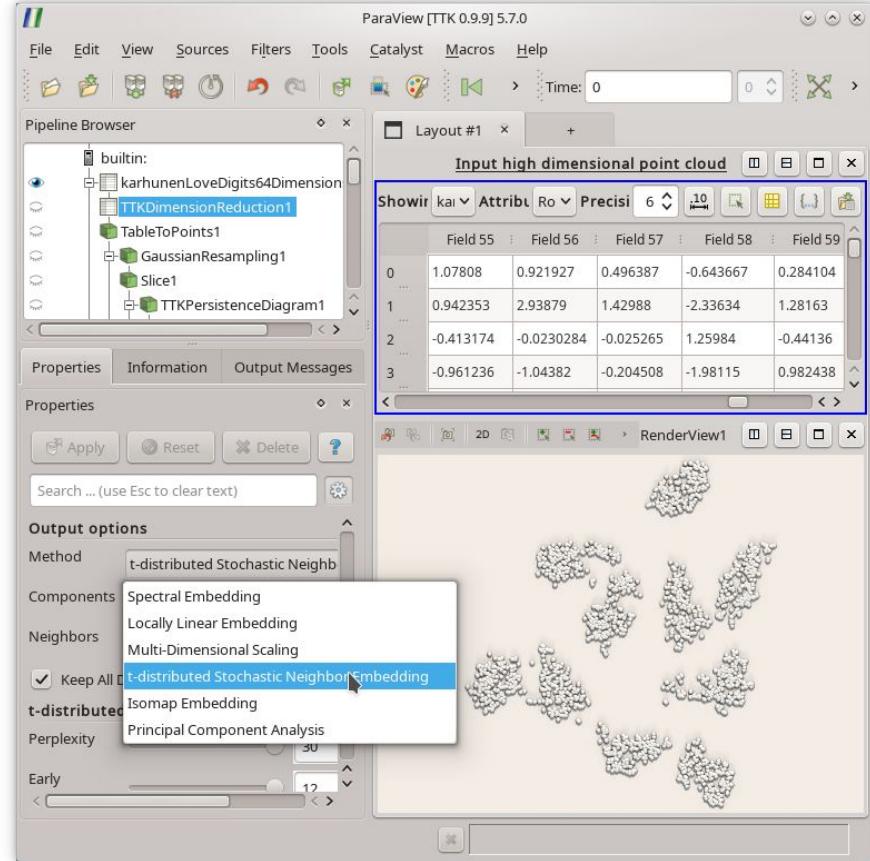
- DimensionReduction
- Wrapper to scikit-learn features

- **Algorithm**

- Spectral Embedding
- Locally Linear Embedding
- Multi-Dimensional Scaling
- t-Stochastic Neighbors Embedding
- Isomap Embedding
- Principal Component Analysis

- **Output**

- Project point cloud (2D/3D)



Persistence-based clustering

- **Module**

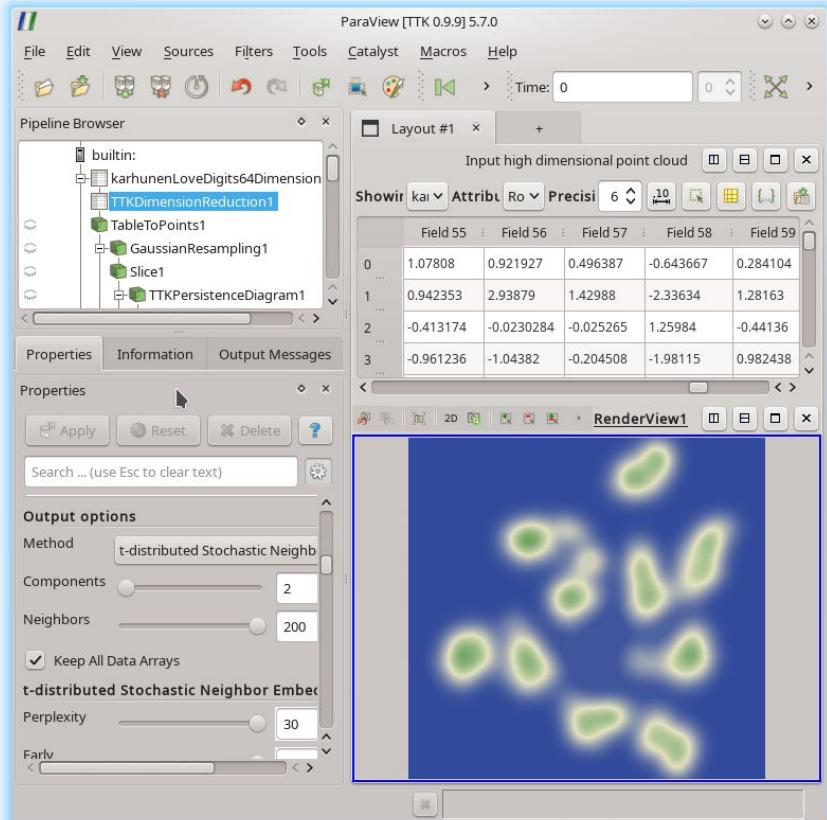
- Combination of TTK modules
- **PersistenceDiagram**
- **TopologicalSimplification**
- **MorseSmaleComplex**

- **Algorithm**

- Chazal et al. SoCG 2011

- **Output**

- Clustered point cloud



Persistence-based clustering

- **Module**

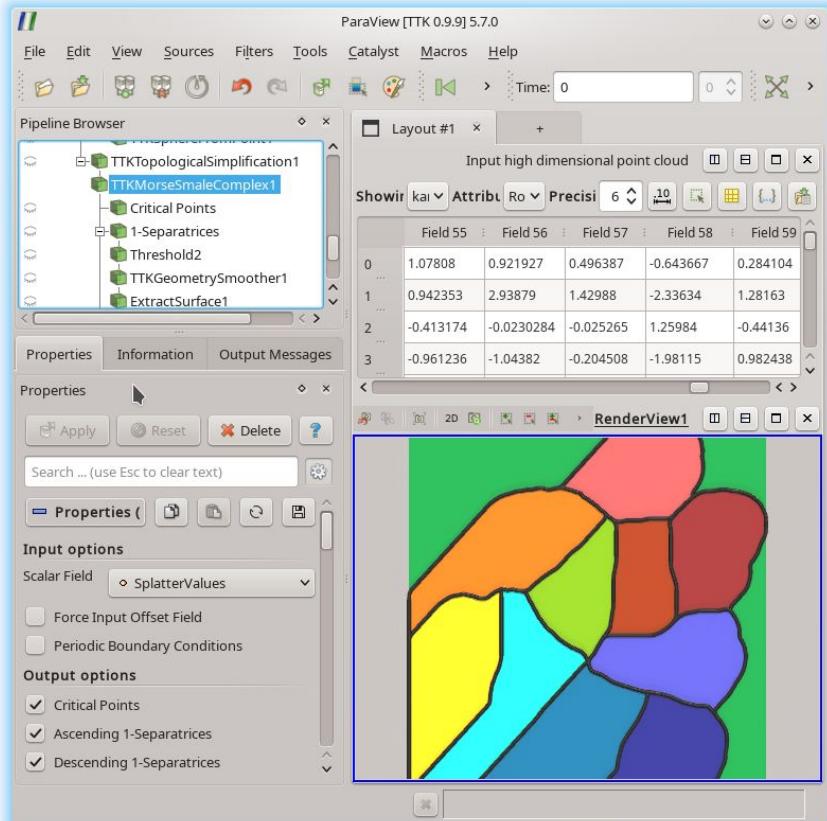
- Combination of TTK modules
- **PersistenceDiagram**
- **TopologicalSimplification**
- **MorseSmaleComplex**

- **Algorithm**

- Chazal et al. SoCG 2011

- **Output**

- Clustered point cloud



Persistence-based clustering

- **Module**

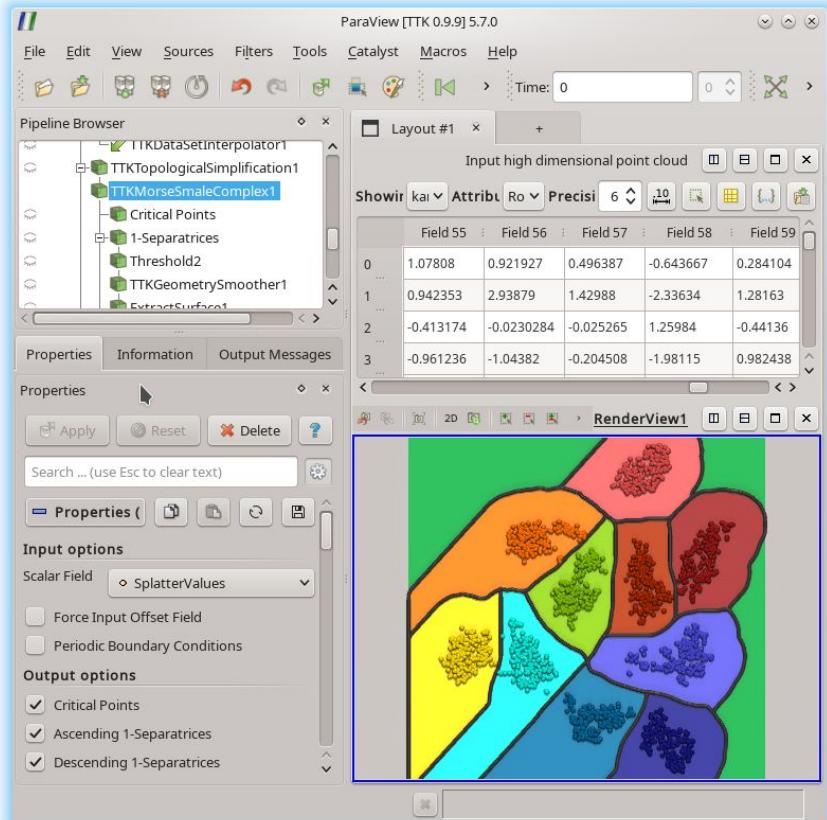
- Combination of TTK modules
- **PersistenceDiagram**
- **TopologicalSimplification**
- **MorseSmaleComplex**

- **Algorithm**

- Chazal et al. SoCG 2011

- **Output**

- Clustered point cloud



Persistence-based clustering

- **Module**

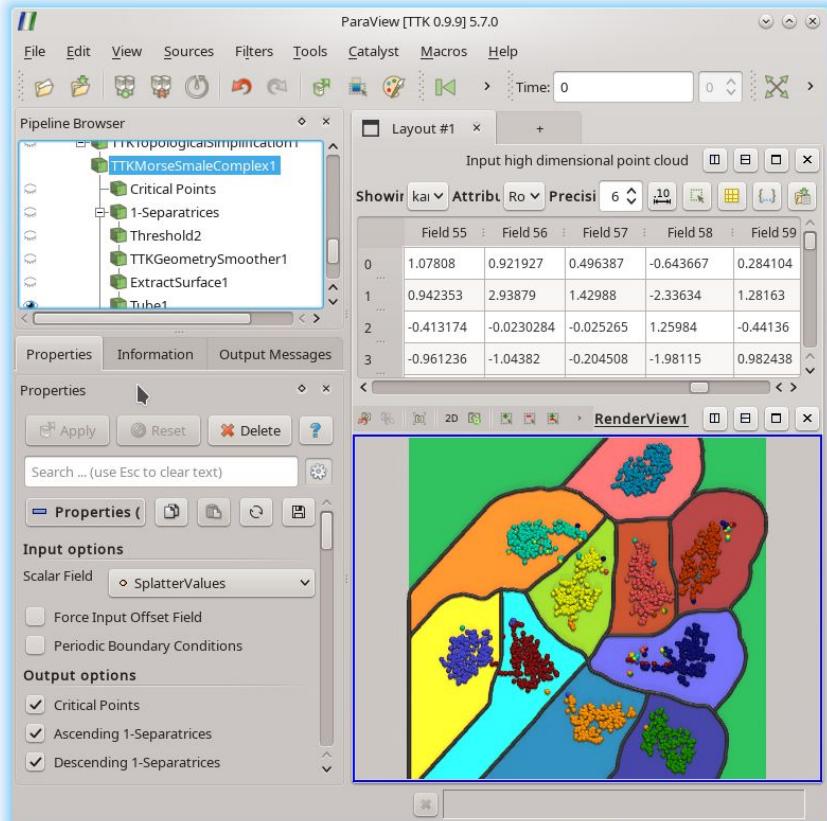
- Combination of TTK modules
- **PersistenceDiagram**
- **TopologicalSimplification**
- **MorseSmaleComplex**

- **Algorithm**

- Chazal et al. SoCG 2011

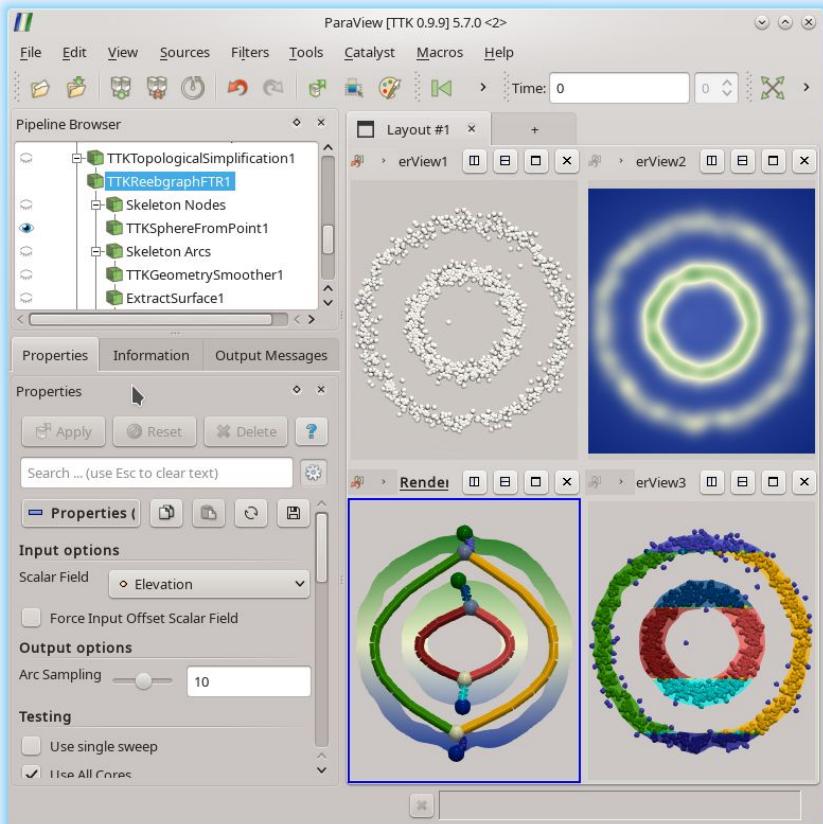
- **Output**

- Clustered point cloud



Mapper

- **Module**
 - **FTRGraph**
 - Density based Reeb graph
- **Algorithm**
 - Singh et al. EG PBG 2007
- **Output**
 - Graph
 - Clustering



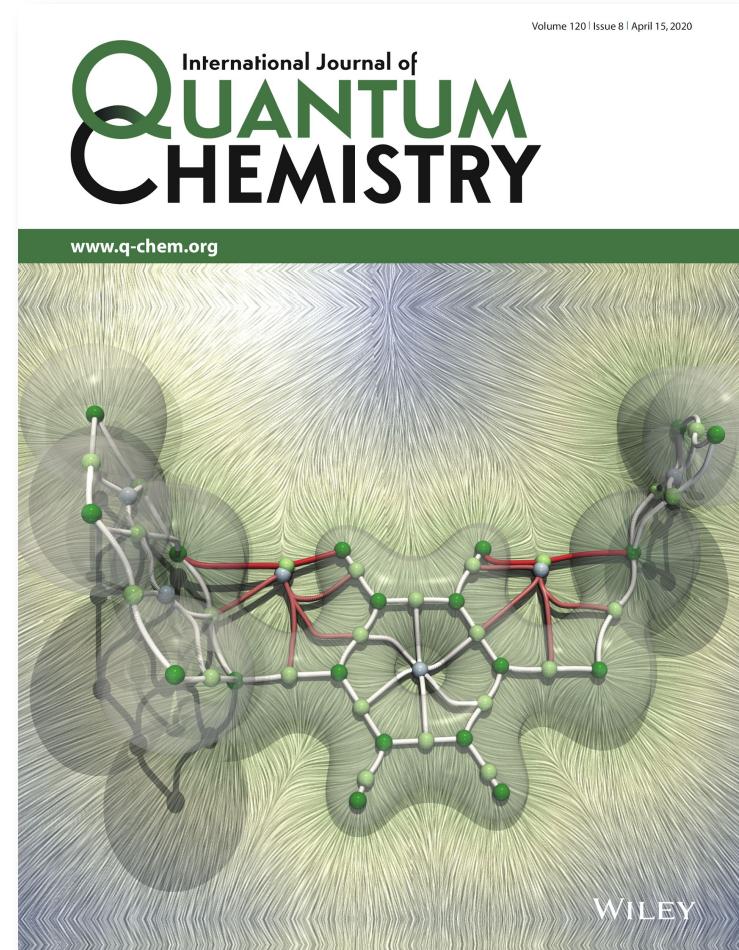
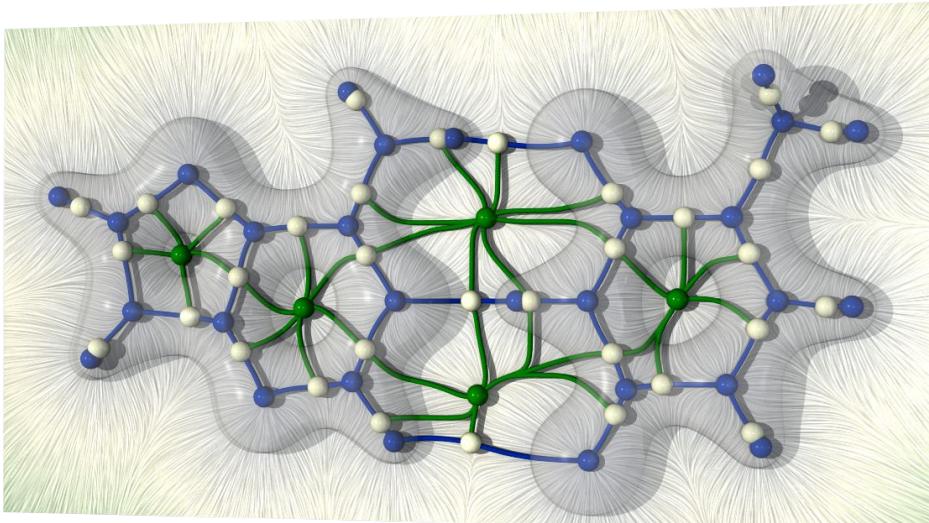
And many more!

<https://topology-tool-kit.github.io/tutorials.html>

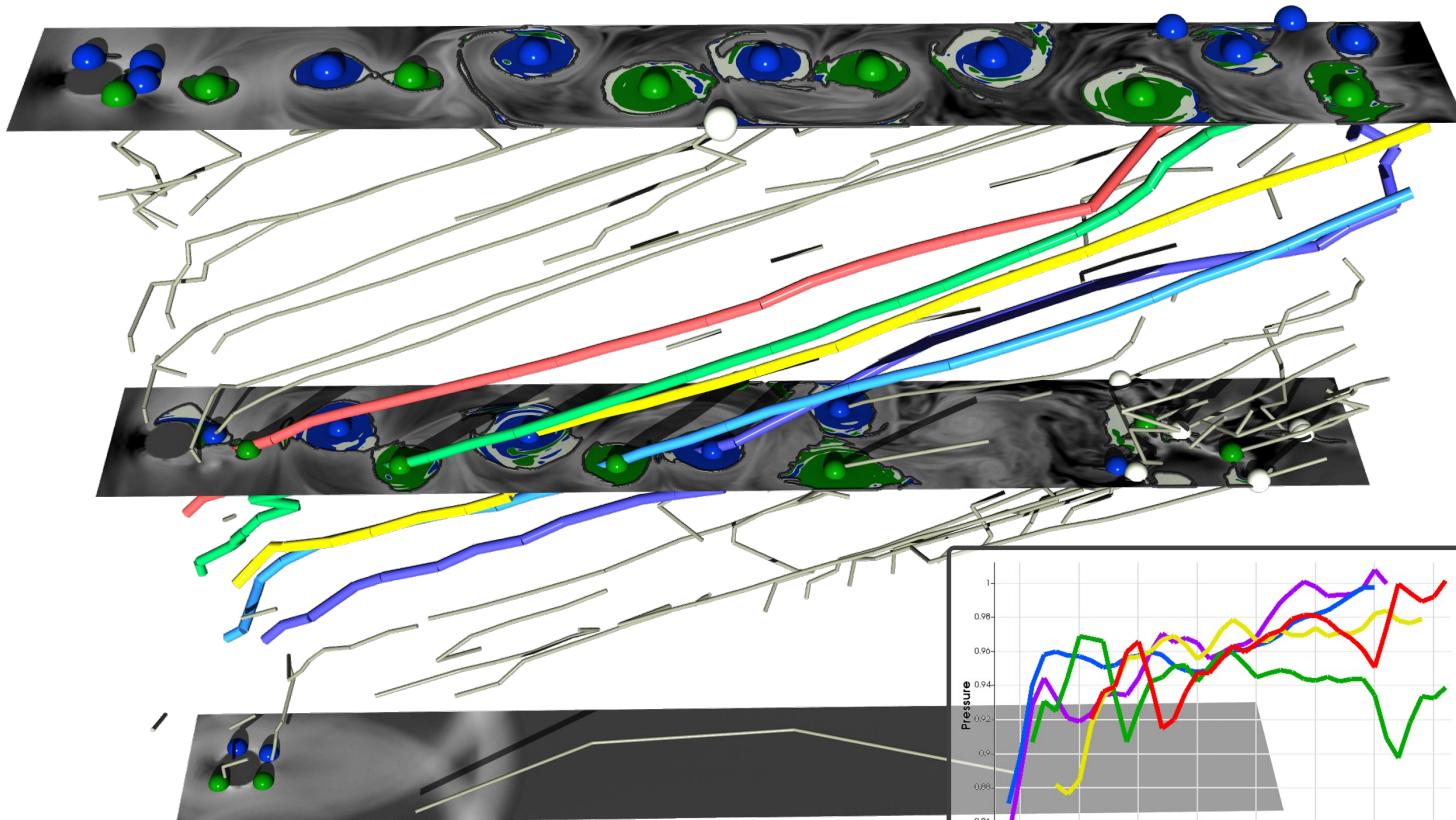
Examples of applications

Quantum chemistry

- Non-covalent interactions
 - Extract and analyze
 - Olejniczak et al. IJQC 2020
- Other possible applications
 - Bassin integration

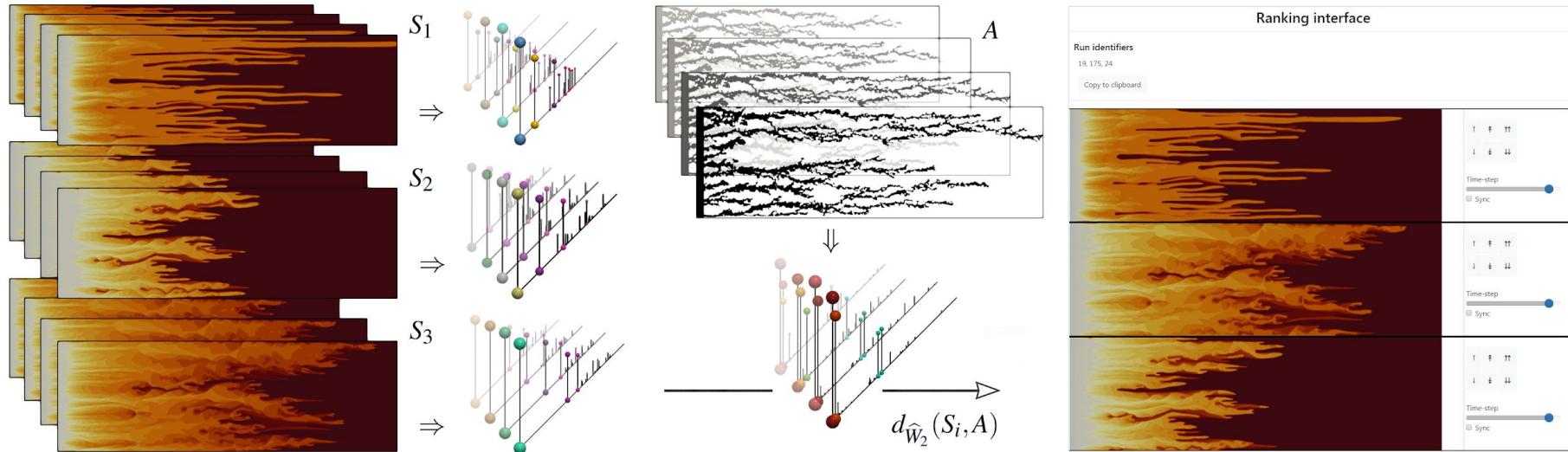


Turbulent flow analysis



- Bridel-Bertomeu et al., IEEE LDAV 2019

Ensemble analysis (material sciences)



Conclusion

Join us!

- **For users**

- Active user mailing list
- Many tutorials, examples
- Many available algorithms
- Easy to interface

- **For developers**

- TTK as a research platform
 - Rich IO support, advanced rendering
 - Scripting, efficient data structures
 - Leverage and combine
- Easy module creation

- **Contribute!**

- Everybody can help!
- We welcome everyone :)



ttk-users@googlegroups.com

Conclusion

- **Roadmap**

- Easier installation
 - Binary distributions
 - Integration with ParaView distribution
- Extensions
 - Following research results
 - Vector / Tensor data?
 - High-dimensional data?

- **Community**

- Data, example, tutorials
- Mailing lists
- Use TTK for your developments



Thanks!

- **Thanks to the TTK community!**
 - Developers & users
- **Code, documentation, tutorials, videos, etc.**
 - <http://topology-tool-kit.github.io>
- **We're hiring!**
 - 4 Ph.D. students, 2 post-docs, 2 engineers
- **Questions?**

