The altsubsup package*

Julien Labbé Julien.Labbe@univ-grenoble-alpes.fr

January 23, 2022

Abstract

A LATEX package to write alternative and customisable subscripts and superscripts, with square brackets.

Typical use:

 $\begin{array}{lll} {\tt x_[roman] \hat{\ }[italic\}} & \longrightarrow & x_{\tt roman}^{italic} \\ {\tt x_\{italic\} \hat{\ }[roman]} & \longrightarrow & x_{italic}^{roman} \end{array}$

Contents

1	Introduction	2
2	Motivations	2
3	Usage	2
4	Options	3
5	Example	3
6	Known issues	4
7	Alternatives	4
8	Implementation	4

^{*}This document corresponds to altsubsup v1.0, dated 2022/01/23.

1 Introduction

The altsubsup package allows to write alternate subscripts and superscripts, in math mode, with square brackets:

```
x_{my} = x^{my}  subscript] or x^{my} = x^{my}  superscript].
```

These alternate superscripts and superscripts are formatted by the commands set, respectively, with \SetAltSubscriptCommand and \SetAltSuperscriptCommand. By default, the \text command, from amstext (part of amsmath) is used. This gives:

```
x_{\text{my subscript}} or x^{\text{my superscript}}.
```

This package redefine _ and ^ symbols. Options allow to redefine both (by default), only subscript _ symbol, or only superscript ^ symbol.

2 Motivations

Common typographic conventions¹ use italic (sloping) type for physical quantities or mathematical variables and roman (upright) type for words or fixed numbers. For example, heat capacity at constant pressure should be printed C_P , but kinetic energy E_k (instead of E_k) and relative permeability μ_r (instead of μ_r). This can be obtainted in LaTeX with E_{\mathrm{k}} and \mu_{\mathrm{r}}. This package allows to write them simply E_[k] and \mu_[r].

3 Usage

$\SetAltSubscriptCommand{\langle cmd \rangle}$

Set the command $\langle cmd \rangle$ used to format square brackets subscripts _[...]. By default, $\langle cmd \rangle$ is the \text command, provided by the amstext package (part of amsmath package).

$\verb|\SetAltSuperscriptCommand{| \langle \mathit{cmd} \rangle|}$

Set the command $\langle cmd \rangle$ used to format square brackets superscripts $^{[...]}$. By default, $\langle cmd \rangle$ is the \text command, provided by the amstext package (part of amsmath package).

$\SetAltSubSupCommands{\langle cmd \rangle}$

Set both square brackets subscripts and square brackets superscripts, with the same command $\langle cmd \rangle$.

 $^{^1{\}rm See},$ for example: International Organization for Standardization. (2009). Quantities and units – Part 1: General (ISO Standard No. 80000-1:2009). https://www.iso.org/standard/30669.html.

4 Options

```
To load the package, add in your preamble:

\usepackage[\langle option \rangle] \{ altsubsup \}

Available values for \langle option \rangle:

subscript redefine only the _ subscript symbol.

superscript redefine only the ^ superscript symbol.

both redefine both _ and ^ symbols (default).
```

5 Example

```
The following input:
           Default:
           \begin{displaymath}
             x_a^b \quad
             x_{\text{braces sub}}^{\text{braces sup}} \ \quad
             x_[brackets sub]^{braces sup} \quad
             x_{braces sub}^[brackets sup] \quad
             x_[brackets sub]^[brackets sup]
            \end{displaymath}
           New formats:
           % \text from amstext package
           \% \color from xcolor package
           \newcommand{\redcolor}[1] {\text{\color{red}#1}}
            \SetAltSubscriptCommand{\bluecolor}
            \SetAltSuperscriptCommand{\redcolor}
            \begin{displaymath}
             x_a^b \neq quad
             x_{braces sub}^{braces sup} \quad
             x_[brackets sub]^{braces sup} \quad
              x_{braces sub}^[brackets sup] \quad
              x_[brackets sub]^[brackets sup]
            \end{displaymath}
           Same command for subscripts and superscripts:
            \SetAltSubSupCommands{\mathbf}
            \begin{displaymath}
             x_a^b \neq 
             x_{braces sub}^{braces sup} \quad
             x_[brackets sub]^{braces sup} \quad
             x_{braces sub}^[brackets sup] \quad
             x_[brackets sub]^[brackets sup]
           \end{displaymath}
```

gives:

Default:

$$x_a^b \quad x_{bracessub}^{bracessup} \quad x_{brackets \; \mathrm{sub}}^{brackets \; \mathrm{sub}} \quad x_{brackets \; \mathrm{sub}}^{brackets \; \mathrm{sub}} \quad x_{brackets \; \mathrm{sub}}^{brackets \; \mathrm{sub}}$$

New formats:

$$x_a^b \quad x_{bracessup}^{bracessup} \quad x_{brackets \; \mathrm{sub}}^{brackets \; \mathrm{sup}} \quad x_{brackets \; \mathrm{sub}}^{brackets \; \mathrm{sub}} \quad x_{brackets \; \mathrm{sub}}^{brackets \; \mathrm{sub}}$$

Same command for subscripts and superscripts:

$$x_a^b$$
 $x_{bracessub}^{bracessup}$ $x_{\mathbf{bracketssub}}^{bracessup}$ $x_{bracketssub}^{\mathbf{bracketssup}}$ $x_{\mathbf{bracketssub}}^{\mathbf{bracketssup}}$

6 Known issues

The use of the prime symbol 'can raise the *Double superscript* error message. This is normally fixed (x^2 gives x'^2 correctly). If needed, enclose the expression with \dots . In particular, x^2 [sup] doesn't work, and should be written: x'^2 [sup].

7 Alternatives

Two other packages give similar functionalities:

the subtext package (https://www.ctan.org/pkg/subtext), by Palle Jørgensen, formats _[...] subscripts with \text (the differences, is that the altsubsup package works both for subscripts and superscripts, allows to customise the commands, and redefine symbols only in math mode);

the spbmark package (https://www.ctan.org/pkg/spbmark), by Qu Yi, allows a complete customisation of subscripts and superscripts.

8 Implementation

Package declaration

```
\scriptstyle 1\ \ProvidesPackage{altsubsup}[2022/01/23, v1.0, Alternative and customisable \scriptstyle 2\ subscripts and superscripts, with square brackets.]
```

Flags declaration

Determine the commands that will be redefined.

```
3 \newif\ifaltsbsp@subscript \altsbsp@subscripttrue 4 \newif\ifaltsbsp@superscript \altsbsp@superscripttrue
```

Options declarations and processing

```
5 \DeclareOption{subscript} {\altsbsp@subscripttrue \altsbsp@superscriptfalse} 6 \DeclareOption{superscript} {\altsbsp@subscriptfalse \altsbsp@superscripttrue } 7 \DeclareOption{both} {\altsbsp@subscripttrue \altsbsp@superscripttrue } 8 \DeclareOption*{\PackageWarning{altsubsup}}{Unknown option \CurrentOption.}} 9 \ProcessOptions\relax
```

Redefine catcodes and make symbols active in mathmode

```
10 \AtBeginDocument{%
11 \ifaltsbsp@subscript \catcode'\_=12 \mathcode'\_="8000 \fi%
12 \ifaltsbsp@superscript \catcode'\^=12 \mathcode'\^="8000 \fi%
13 }
```

Redefinition of the subscript symbol

```
14 \ifaltsbsp@subscript%
15 \begingroup\lccode'\~='\_\lowercase{\endgroup%
16 \def~}{\@ifnextchar[% dummy bracket ]
17 {\altsbsp@subwrapper}% bracket wrapper
18 {\sb}% standard form
19 }%
20 \fi
```

Redefinition of the superscript symbol

```
21 \ifaltsbsp@superscript%
22 \begingroup\lccode'\~='\^\lowercase{\endgroup%
23 \def~}{\@ifnextchar[% dummy bracket ]
24 {\altsbsp@supwrapper}% bracket wrapper
25 {\sp}% standard form
26 }%
27 \fi
```

User macros

```
\SetAltSubscriptCommand
```

```
 28 \ensuremath{$\ 29 \ensuremath{$\ 1}{\ensuremath{$\ 29 \ensuremath{$\ 26}\ensuremath{$\ 26}\ensuremath{\ 2
```

\SetAltSuperscriptCommand

```
30 \ef\SetAltSuperscriptCommand#1{\left(\t altsbsp@altsupcmd#1\right)}% \\ 31 \ef\altsbsp@supwrapper[#1]{\left(\t altsbsp@altsupcmd{#1}\right)}% \\
```

$\verb|\SetAltSubSupCommands||$

```
32 \newcommand{\SetAltSubSupCommands}[1]{%

33 \SetAltSubscriptCommand{#1}%

34 \SetAltSuperscriptCommand{#1}%

35 }
```

Set default commands

```
36 \RequirePackage{amstext}%
37 \SetAltSubSupCommands{\text}%
```

Fix prime symbol

```
38 \ifaltsbsp@superscript%
39 \begingroup \catcode'\^=12%
40 \gdef\altsbsp@pr@m@s{% copy of \@pr@m@s code from latex.ltx
    \ifx'\@let@token
42
      \expandafter\pr@@s
43
    \else
      \ifx^\@let@token
44
         \expandafter\expandafter\pr@@@t
45
46
47
         \egroup
48
      \fi
    \fi}
49
50 \endgroup
51 \ensuremath{\mbox{let\pr@m@s\altsbsp@pr@m@s}}
```

End of the package

53 \endinput

Change History

v1.0 General: Initial version $\dots 1$

Index

Numbers written in italic refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers underlined refer to the code line of the definition; numbers in roman refer to the code lines where the entry is used.

${f Symbols}$	\altsbsp@subscriptfalse	\altsbsp@supwrapper
\@pr@m@s 40	6	$\dots \dots 24, 31$
\~ 15, 22	$\verb \altsbsp@subscripttrue \\ \dots \dots 3, 5, 7$	$\verb \AtBeginDocument 10$
${f A}$	\altsbsp@subwrapper	C
\altsbsp@altsubcmd .	17, 29	\CurrentOption 8
$\dots \dots 28, 29$	\altsbsp@superscriptfalse	(Currentoption 8
\altsbsp@altsupcmd .	5	
$\dots \dots 30, 31$	\altsbsp@superscripttrue	D
$\verb \altsbsp@pr@m@s . 40, 51 $	$\ldots 4, 6, 7$	$\verb \DeclareOption \dots 5-8$

I	\pr@@@s 42	${f S}$
\ifaltsbsp@subscript	\pr@@@t 45	\SetAltSubscriptCommand
3, 11, 14	\pr@m@s 51	$$ $\underline{28}, 33$
\ifaltsbsp@superscript 4, 12, 21, 38	\ProcessOptions 9 \ProvidesPackage 1	\SetAltSubSupCommands
	G	$32, 37$
P	\mathbf{R}	\SetAltSuperscriptCommand
\P	\RequirePackage 36	$30, 34$