# Package 'Rmach'

July 31, 2024

Title Provides machine learning algorythm

Version 2.0.0.0	
<b>Description</b> Provides these algorythms: coefficient finder for regression functions	
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best_model best_model	

# Description

Returns the best input models. The coefficient of the best model can be found with the poly\_model function

best\_model

## Usage

```
best_model(
  inpt_datf,
  Degree,
  Coeff_v = NA,
  Powers = NA,
  Mth_symb,
  Numrtr_v = NA
)
```

## **Arguments**

inpt_datf	is the input dataframe, first column for the x values and second column for the y values
Degree	is a vector containing all the degrees. Each degree represents how many coefficients the model has.
Coeff_v	is a list containing the vector containing the coefficients for each model. The first value of each coefficient vector is always the constant, so it is not linked to any math symbol
Powers	is a list containing all the values associated with the math symbols of mth_symb list for each model. Because you can have multiple models in the function, so Powers is separated with the "-" separator between the different powers values for each model like in the examples
Mth_symb	is a list containing the vector of the different math symbols linked to the coefficients from the second value
Numrtr_v	is a list containing the different numerator values for each math symbol for each model, see examples

```
print(best_model(inpt_datf=data.frame(mtcars$wt, mtcars$mpg), Degree=c(2, 2), Coeff_v=c("
[1] 2
print(best_model(inpt_datf=data.frame(mtcars$wt, mtcars$mpg), Degree=c(2, 2), Coeff_v=c("
[1] 1
print(best_model(inpt_datf=data.frame(mtcars$wt, mtcars$mpg), Degree=c(2, 2), Coeff_v=c("
[1] 1
print(best_model(inpt_datf=data.frame(mtcars$wt, mtcars$mpg), Degree=c(2, 2), Coeff_v=c("
[1] 1
print(best_model(inpt_datf=data.frame(mtcars$wt, mtcars$mpg), Degree=c(2, 2), Coeff_v=c("
#' [1] 1
```

calcall 3

calcall

calcall

#### **Description**

Takes a formula as a character as an input and makes the calculation. Accepts also variables, in this case the part of the formula that contains the variable wont be calculated, but the others part will be as usual.

#### Usage

```
calcall(inpt)
```

## **Arguments**

inpt

is the input formula as a character

```
print(calcall(inpt="ze+(yu*((fgf)-(-12+8-Y+4-T+4+97+a)+tt))"))
   [1] "ze+(yu*(fgf-(-4-Y+4-T+101+a)+tt))"
print(calcall(inpt="ze+(yu*((fgf)-(-12+8-7+3-67+4+97+1)+tt))"))
   [1] "ze+(yu*(fgf-27+tt))"
print(calcall(inpt="ze+(yu*((fgf)+(12*3/2+4)+tt))"))
   [1] "ze+(yu*(fgf+22+tt))"
print (calcall(inpt="1+3*2+(-2/-3*-3*((fgf)-(--12-6)+2))+5-3*5"))
   [1] "7+(-2*(fgf-4))+20"
 \texttt{print} \, (\texttt{calcall} \, (\texttt{inpt="1+3*2+(-2/-3*-3*((fgf)-(--12-6)+2))+(-log\_e\_1\_e\_2+t+2^3)+m-log\_e\_1\_e\_2+t+2^3) + (\texttt{print} \, (\texttt{print}) + (\texttt{pri
  [1] "7+(-2*(fgf-4))+(-2+t+8)+m+6-m-12+(e_{ii}-8+log_{im}_4-67)-4+(y+2)"
print (calcall ("(6+4*-(4-5))+3/3"))
   [1] "11"
 \texttt{print} \ (\texttt{calcall} \ (\texttt{inpt="1+3*2+(-2/-3*-3*((fgf)-(--12-6)+2))+(-log\_e\_1\_e\_2+t+2^3)+m-log\_e\_1\_e\_2+t+2^3) + m-log\_e\_1\_e\_2+t+2^3) + m-log\_e\_1-e\_2+t+2^3) + m-log\_e\_1-e\_2+t+2^3) + m-log\_e\_1+2^3) + m-log_e\_1+2^3) + m-lo
   [1] "7+(-2*(fgf-4))+(-2+t+8)+m+6-m-16"
print (calcall(inpt="(log_5_Z-2-6+5)+-6+2"))
  [1] "(log_5_Z-3)-4"
print(calcall(inpt="m--2+-5"))
   [1] "m-3"
```

4 calcall\_var

```
print (calcall(inpt="(-2-6)+-6+2"))
[1] "-12"
print(calcall(inpt="m-6"))
[1] "m-6"
print(calcall(inpt="--6"))
[1] "6"
```

calcall\_var

calcall\_var

## **Description**

Does the same thing as calcall function but calculates the formula that have variables. The values of the variables have to be given in a list of vectors, see examples.

# Usage

```
calcall_var(inpt, var_name_v, var_val_l)
```

the variable in var\_name\_v.

# **Arguments**

is the input formula, with the variables
 var\_name\_v
 is the vector that contains the variables name in the order of apparition in the formula. If the variable appears multiple times in the formula, it has to be specified in this vector, see examples.
 var\_val\_l
 is the list containing the vectors containing the values of each variable, for each point you want to calculate. The vectors has to be given in the same order has

individual\_route 5

```
c(3, 4, 2, 5, 6, 1),
c(6:1))))
[1] "11.5" "11.6" "4.75" "14" "19.5" "-8"
```

```
individual_route individual_route
```

# **Description**

From a time serie, allow to get the most common route for each individual at a given depth (time - 1). Access the frequency value as an element from the output vector and the value itself (the path) as a name of its element, see examples.

## Usage

```
individual_route(inpt_datf, col_target, id_col, untl_last = 2)
```

# **Arguments**

inpt\_datf is the input time serie as a dataframe
col\_target is the column name or number that refers to the value of each individual
id\_col is the column name or number that refers to the individual (ids)
untl\_last is the depth value

id\_col = "id",
untl\_last = 3))

```
ACB AC CAC BA BAA
1 2 1 2 1
```

6 knn\_Rmach

knn\_Rmach knn\_Rmach

## **Description**

KNN algorythm, see example

## Usage

```
knn_Rmach(train, test, k, col_vars_train = c(), col_vars_test = c(), class_col)
```

# **Arguments**

is a dataframe with the known individual and their variables and classification columns

test is a dataframe with the new individuals with ich e do not know the class, only the variables

k is the number of neighbours

col\_vars\_train

is a vector containing the column names or column numbers of the variables in train, if empty all column are considered as a variable apart from the last one that is considered as the classification column

col\_vars\_test

is a vector containing the column names or column numbers of the variables in test, if empty all column are considered as a variable

class\_col is the column name or column number of the classification column in train

```
knn_Rmach_cross_validation_k 
 knn_Rmach_cross_validation_k
```

## **Description**

Allow to perform knn with cross validation for the optimal value of k neighbours used, see examples and parameters. The result outputed is a vector containing the ratio of correct label found divided by the total number of unique individuals in the current dataset where the training occurred. So, higher is better.

#### Usage

```
knn_Rmach_cross_validation_k(
  inpt_datf,
  train_prop,
  knn_v = c(),
  n_fold = 5,
  col_vars = c(),
  class_col
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
    inpt_datf
    is the input dataset as a ddataframe
    train_prop
    is the training proportion
    knn_v
    is a vector containing the values of k neighbours to test
    n_fold
    is the number of fold used for each value of k, the higher this value is, he more accurate the result will be but the higher the amount of time it will takes
    col_vars
    is a vector containing the column names or numbers of the variables in the input dataframe
    class_col
    is the column names or number of the variable to predict in the input dataframe
```

```
knn_Rmach_cross_validation_train 
 knn_Rmach_cross_validation_train
```

## **Description**

Allow to perform knn with cross validation for the optimal value of k neighbours used, see examples and parameters. The result outputed is a vector containing the ratio of correct label found divided by the total number of individuals in the current dataset where the training occurred. So, higher is better.

#### Usage

```
knn_Rmach_cross_validation_train(
  inpt_datf,
  train_prop_v = c(),
  k,
  n_fold = 5,
  col_vars = c(),
  class_col
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
    inpt_datf
    is the input dataset as a ddataframe
    n_fold
    is the number of fold used for each value of k, the higher this value is, he more accurate the result will be but the higher the amount of time it will takes
    col_vars
    is a vector containing the column names or numbers of the variables in the input dataframe
    class_col
    is the column names or number of the variable to predict in the input dataframe
    train_prop
    is the training proportion
    knn_v
    is a vector containing the values of k neighbours to test
```

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poly\_model

Rmach poly\_model

#### **Description**

Take a datasets of x and y values and a function tha could fit all the data with the missing coefficients, and returns a list containing the coefficients that fit the best the data for a given function, as a vector for the first index, and at the second index, the actual sum of difference between each data point and the function at the same x values.

# Usage

```
poly_model(
   inpt_datf,
   degree,
   twk_val = NA,
   sensi_val = twk_val,
   coeff_v = NA,
   powers = NA,
   mth_symb = c("x"),
   numrtr_v = NA
)
```

#### **Arguments**

degree

twk\_val

sensi\_val

coeff\_v

powers

inpt_datf	is the input data as a dataframe, first column is the x values and the second is the
	v values

is how many coefficients will be involved (each coefficient multiplies either an x to the power of something, an exponential of something or a base something logarithm for a something value)

is the value used for finding the best coefficients, it is directly linked to the accuracy of the coefficients, see the description for more information. Defaults to (max(yval) - min(yval)) / n

is the value from which two variations of a coefficient brings a so small accuracy contribution that the algorythm does not continue to find better coefficients. For example, if i set sensi\_val = 0.001, so if coefficients alpha1 and beta1 brings a total difference between the function and the actual data of 10.8073 and then the algorythm find alpha2 and beta1 that brings a total difference equal to 10.8066, so the algorythm will stop running. But the coefficients returned will still be the best, that is alpha2 and beta1

is a vector containing the original coefficients for the function, so the closest those are from the best one, the fastest the algorythm will compute the best coefficients. The first value of coeff is always the constant.

is a vector containing the exponent, or related value to mth\_symb. powers can be a vector if those values are constants or it could be a list of vectors the length of observed individuals, if those values varies like in the examples. Notthat if you use variables in powers (list), each values of a vector from this list has to be at the exact same x coordinates of each observed individuals in the input dataframe. Ex: datf <- data.frame("x"=c(4, 4, 3, 2, 1, 1), "y"=c(1:6)), so vector(s) from

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powers that contain varying value must be of length 4. Also, the values are not ascendly sorted, don't worry values are ascendly sorted under the hood, so fill your powers vectors in the intuitive ascendly way

mth\_symb

is a vector containing the elemnts linked to the coefficients from the second element. It can be x, e(exp(x)) or log-X(log(x)-base), and their reverse like 1/x. If the numerator varies the element should be entered like tis list/x, list/e or list/log-base. See numrtr\_v for the values related to list

numrtr\_v

is a vector containing the values for the numerator related to mth\_symb if on element is like this: list/x or list/e

## **Examples**

[[1]]

```
print(poly_model(inpt_datf=data.frame(mtcars$wt, mtcars$mpg), degree=2, coeff_v=c(32.5, -
                 numrtr_v=NA))
[[1]]
[1] 33.234375 -4.265625
[[2]]
[1] 74.78275
print(poly_model(inpt_datf=data.frame(mtcars$wt, mtcars$mpg), degree=2, coeff_v=c(32.5, -
                 numrtr_v=NA))
[[1]]
[1] 31.765625 -3.734375
[[2]]
[1] 80.36228
print(poly_model(inpt_datf=data.frame(mtcars$wt, mtcars$mpg), degree=2, coeff_v=c(32.5, -
                 numrtr_v=NA))
[[1]]
[1] 32.5 -3.0
[[2]]
[1] 1.067436e+24
print(poly_model(inpt_datf=data.frame(mtcars$wt, mtcars$mpg), degree=2, coeff_v=c(32.5, -
                 numrtr_v=list(c(length(mtcars$wt):1))))
[[1]]
[1] 19.28125 -0.06250
[[2]]
[1] 35839.44
print(poly_model(inpt_datf=data.frame(mtcars$wt, mtcars$mpg), degree=2, coeff_v=c(32.5, -
                 numrtr_v=NA))
```

sample\_Rmach-class 11

```
\verb|sample_Rmach-class| v_Rmach_fold|
```

## **Description**

Allow to create uniform sampling dataset for cross validation, train and test, see examples and variables

# **Arguments**

inpt\_datfis the input dataframetrain\_propis the training proportionn\_foldis the number of distinc pair of training and test dataset that will be outputed

```
      5.1
      3.5
      1.4

      4.8
      3.4
      1.6

      5.7
      3.8
      1.7

                                                 0.3 setosa
0.2 setosa
0.3 setosa
18
12
                                                                            0
                                                                            0
19
                                                    0.3 setosa
                          3.8
                                       1.5
20
             5.1
                                                                            0
                          3.6
                                       1.4
                                                     0.2 setosa
5
             5.0
                                                                            0
                                                    0.2 setosa
                          3.1
                                       1.5
4
           3.1

4.6

5.1

3.5

5.1

3.5

4.6

3.4

4.3

3.0

4.6

3.1

5.7

3.8

4.4

2.9

5.0

3.4

4.4
             4.6
                                                                            0
                                      1.0
                                                    0.2 setosa
2.3
                                                                            0
                                                    0.3 setosa
18.1
                                       1.4
                                                    0.2 setosa
                                       1.4
1
7
                                       1.4
                                                    0.3 setosa
14
                                       1.1
                                                    0.1 setosa
                                                                            0
7.1
                                       1.4
                                                    0.3 setosa
                                                                            0
                                                    0.2 setosa
                                                                            0
4.1
                                       1.5
19.1
                                       1.7
                                                    0.3 setosa
                                                                           0
                                       1.4
                                                                           0
9
                                                    0.2 setosa
                          3.4
4.4
                                       1.5
1.5
8
                                                                           0
                                                    0.2 setosa
16
                                                    0.4 setosa
                                                                            0
```

#### Slot "test":

	Sepal.Length	Sepal.Width	Petal.Length	Petal.Width	Species	test_status
7	4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa	1
12	4.8	3.4	1.6	0.2	setosa	1
8	5.0	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa	1
14	4.3	3.0	1.1	0.1	setosa	1
11	5.4	3.7	1.5	0.2	setosa	1
25	4.8	3.4	1.9	0.2	setosa	1
23	4.6	3.6	1.0	0.2	setosa	1

Slot "train\_ids":

[1] 24 18 12 19 20 5 4 23 18 1 7 14 7 4 19 9 8 16

Slot "test\_ids":

[1] 7 12 8 14 11 25 23

#### \$sample2

An object of class "sample\_Rmach"

Slot "train":

	Sepal.Length	Sepal.Width	Petal.Length	Petal.Width	Species	test_status
20	5.1	3.8	1.5	0.3	setosa	0
8	5.0	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa	0
2	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	setosa	0
11	5.4	3.7	1.5	0.2	setosa	0
22	5.1	3.7	1.5	0.4	setosa	0
13	4.8	3.0	1.4	0.1	setosa	0
24	5.1	3.3	1.7	0.5	setosa	0
2.1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	setosa	0
7	4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa	0
2.2	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	setosa	0
22.1	5.1	3.7	1.5	0.4	setosa	0
22.2	5.1	3.7	1.5	0.4	setosa	0
24.1	5.1	3.3	1.7	0.5	setosa	0
22.3	5.1	3.7	1.5	0.4	setosa	0
3	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa	0
3.1	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa	0
11.1	5.4	3.7	1.5	0.2	setosa	0
6	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa	0

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```
Slot "test":
   Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species test_status
       5.0 3.4 1.5 0.2 setosa 1
4.8 3.4 1.6 0.2 setosa 1
12
                                                       0.2 setosa
            5.1
                          3.5
                                         1.4
1
                                         1.5
            5.4
                          3.7
                                                       0.2 setosa
11
                          3.0
                                       1.4
            4.9
                                                       0.2 setosa
2
            5.1
                          3.5
                                                       0.3 setosa
18
                          3.5 1.4
3.8 1.5
                                                       0.3 setosa
            5.1
Slot "train_ids":
[1] 20 8 2 11 22 13 24 2 7 2 22 22 24 22 3 3 11 6
Slot "test_ids":
[1] 8 12 1 11 2 18 20
$sample3
An object of class "sample Rmach"
Slot "train":
     Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species test_status
               5.0 3.6 1.4 0.2 setosa 0
                             3.0
                                            1.1
                                                          0.1 setosa
                                                                                    0
               4.3
14
                            4.4
                                            1.5
                                                                                    0
               5.7
                                                          0.4 setosa
16

      4.6
      3.1
      1.5

      5.7
      4.4
      1.5

      5.8
      4.0
      1.2

      4.7
      3.2
      1.3

      5.1
      3.5
      1.4

      4.8
      3.4
      1.9

      4.6
      3.6
      1.0

      4.6
      3.1
      1.5

      5.1
      3.3
      1.7

      5.1
      3.8
      1.5

      4.6
      3.4
      1.4

      5.7
      3.8
      1.7

      5.4
      3.4
      1.7

      4.6
      3.6
      1.0

      5.4
      3.7
      1.5

                             3.1
                                            1.5
                                                          0.2 setosa
                                                                                    0
               4.6
4
                                                          0.4 setosa
16.1
                                                          0.2 setosa
15
                                                          0.2 setosa
3
                                                          0.3 setosa
18
                                                          0.2 setosa
23
                                                          0.2 setosa
4.1
                                                          0.2 setosa
                                                                                    0
                                                                                    0
24
                                                          0.5 setosa
20
                                                                                    0
                                                          0.3 setosa
                                                                                    0
7
                                                          0.3 setosa
                                                                                    0
19
21
                                                          0.3 setosa
                                                                                    0
                                                          0.2 setosa
                                                                                    0
23.1
                                                          0.2 setosa
                                                          0.2 setosa
11
Slot "test":
   Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species test_status
            5.1 3.5 1.4 0.3 setosa
5.4 3.4 1.7 0.2 setosa
18
                           3.4
21
                                         1.4
                          3.6
                                                       0.2 setosa
5
             5.0
                          3.4
                                         1.6
                                                       0.2 setosa
12
             4.8
                          3.0
                                         1.1
                                                       0.1 setosa
            4.3
14
                          3.0
                                         1.4
                                                       0.2 setosa
            4.9
                                                                                 1
2
                          3.4
                                         1.5
                                                       0.2 setosa
             5.0
Slot "train ids":
[1] 5 14 16 4 16 15 3 18 25 23 4 24 20 7 19 21 23 11
Slot "test_ids":
[1] 18 21 5 12 14 2 8
```

14 sample\_Rmach-class

```
$sample4
An object of class "sample_Rmach"
Slot "train":
      Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species test_status
               5.1 3.5 1.4 0.3 setosa 0
5.1 3.5 1.4 0.3 setosa 0
18
18.1
                 4.8
                                 3.0
                                                  1.4
                                                                  0.1 setosa
13

      4.6
      3.4
      1.4

      5.1
      3.5
      1.4

      4.9
      3.0
      1.4

      5.7
      3.8
      1.7

      4.4
      2.9
      1.4

      4.6
      3.6
      1.0

      5.8
      4.0
      1.2

      5.7
      4.4
      1.5

      5.8
      4.0
      1.2

      5.0
      3.4
      1.5

      4.4
      2.9
      1.4

      4.9
      3.1
      1.5

      4.3
      3.0
      1.1

      5.4
      3.7
      1.5

      4.8
      3.4
      1.6

                 4.6
                                3.4
                                                  1.4
                                                                  0.3 setosa
                                                                  0.3 setosa
18.2
                                                                  0.2 setosa
19
                                                                  0.3 setosa
                                                                                                0
                                                                                                0
9
                                                                  0.2 setosa
23
                                                                                                0
                                                                  0.2 setosa
15
                                                                                                0
                                                                  0.2 setosa
                                                                                                0
16
                                                                  0.4 setosa
15.1
                                                                                                0
                                                                  0.2 setosa
                                                                                               0
8
                                                                  0.2 setosa
                                                                                                0
9.1
                                                                   0.2 setosa
                                                                  0.1 setosa
0.1 setosa
0.2 setosa
0.2 setosa
0.2 setosa
                                                                                                0
10
14
11
                                                                                                 0
                                                                                                0
12
Slot "test":
Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species test_status
     4.4 2.9 1.4 0.2 setosa 1
                                                               0.1 setosa
13
              4.8
                              3.0
                                               1.4
                                           1.5
                              3.1
                                                               0.2 setosa
4
              4.6
19
              5.7
                              3.8
                                               1.7
                                                               0.3 setosa
              5.1
                              3.7
                                               1.5
                                                               0.4 setosa
22
11
              5.4
                              3.7
                                               1.5
                                                               0.2 setosa
                                              1.4
5
              5.0
                              3.6
                                                               0.2 setosa
Slot "train_ids":
[1] 18 18 13 7 18 2 19 9 23 15 16 15 8 9 10 14 11 12
Slot "test_ids":
[1] 9 13 4 19 22 11 5
```

# **Index**