

The AWS DevOps combo

I hope you're hungry!

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amazon

Thousands of teams × Microservice architecture × Continuous delivery × Multiple environments

= 50 million deployments a year (1.5 deployment every second)

The AWS DevOps menu

Infrastructure as code: AWS CloudFormation

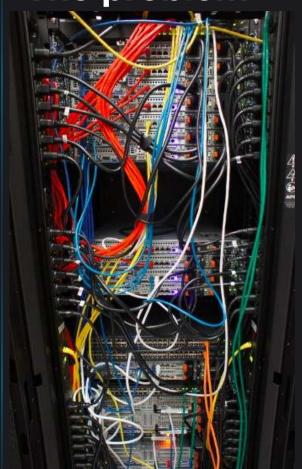
- Configuration management: AWS OpsWorks
 - Won't cover it today
 - 3 words: "Managed Chef server" ©

Continuous Integration & Deployment: AWS Code*

Container management: Amazon ECS & ECR

AWS CloudFormation

The problem



```
"Conditions" : {
 "HaveNoOtherRoles" : { "Fn::Equals" : [{"Ref" : "OtherRoles"}, ""]},
                     : { "Fn::Not" : [{ "Fn::Equals" : [{"Ref" : "EbsVolumeSize"}, "0"]}] },
  "HaveEbsSnapshotId" : { "Fn::Not" : [{ "Fn::Equals" : [{"Ref" : "EbsSnapshotId"}, ""]}] },
  "HaveAdditionalTagKey": { "Fn::Not" : [{ "Fn::Equals" : [{"Ref" : "AdditionalTagKey"}, ""]}] },
  "HaveAdditionalTagValue": { "Fn::Not" : [{ "Fn::Eguals" : [{"Ref" : "AdditionalTagValue"}. ""]}] }.
  "HaveSSL": { "Fn::Not" : [{ "Fn::Equals" : [{"Ref" : "SSLPort"}, "0"]}] },
 "IsHTTP" : { "Fn::Equals" : [{"Ref" : "ElbProtocol"}, "HTTP"]},
 "HaveSpotPrice" : { "Fn::Not" : [{ "Fn::Equals" : [{"Ref" : "SpotPrice"}, ""]}]}
"Resources": {
  "AutoScalingGroup": {
    "Type": "AWS::AutoScaling::AutoScalingGroup",
    "UpdatePolicy" : {
     "AutoScalingRollingUpdate" : {
      "MaxBatchSize": "1",
      "MinInstancesInService": "0".
      "PauseTime" : "PT15M".
      "WaitOnResourceSignals": "true"
    "Properties": {
     "LaunchConfigurationName": { "Ref": "LaunchConfig" },
     "LoadBalancerNames": [ { "Ref": "ElasticLoadBalancer" } ].
      "MinSize": { "Ref": "MinPoolSize" },
      "MaxSize": { "Ref": "MaxPoolSize" }.
     "AvailabilityZones": { "Fn::FindInMap": ["AZConfiq", "AvailabilityZones", "all"] },
      "VPCZoneIdentifier": { "Ref": "EC2SubnetsIds" },
      "Tags" : [
       { "Fn::If": [
            "HaveAdditionalTagKey",
              "Kev" : { "Ref": "AdditionalTagKev" }.
              "Value": {
                "Fn::If": [
                  "HaveAdditionalTagValue".
                  {"Ref": "AdditionalTagValue"},
              "PropagateAtLaunch": "true"
            {"Ref" : "AWS::NoValue"}
        { "Key" : "Name", "Value" : { "Fn::Join" : [ ".", [ { "Ref" : "ServiceName"}, { "Ref" : "EnvironmentName"
         "Key": "cost", "Value": { "Ref": "Cost" }, "PropagateAtLaunch": "true" },
         "Key": "environment", "Value": { "Ref": "EnvironmentName"}, "PropagateAtLaunch": "true" }
```

AWS CloudFormation

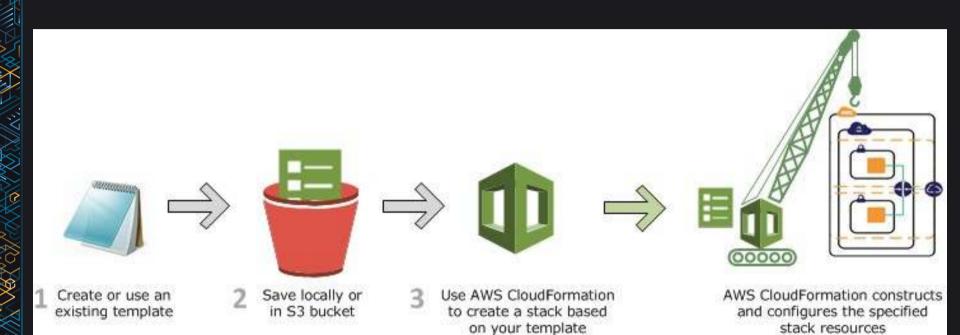
 Fundamental service used to automate deployment and configuration of AWS resources (VPC, EC2, RDS, etc.)

Infrastructure as code: versionable, auditable, testable

https://aws.amazon.com/cloudformation/

Pricing: no extra charge ©

AWS CloudFormation



CloudFormation template

- JSON or YAML document which describes a configuration to be deployed in an AWS account
 - Resources, Parameters, Outputs, etc.

When deployed, refers to a stack of resources

Not a script, a document

Some use cases for AWS CloudFormation

- Used internally by many AWS products (Elastic Beanstalk, ECS, etc.)
- Building as many environments as you need
 - Dev, staging, pre-production, production
 - Same architecture, different sizing → template + parameters
- Deploying in a different region
- Green / blue deployments
- Disaster Recovery

Managing AWS CloudFormation with the CLI

```
$ aws cloudformation validate-template --template-body
file://template.json
```

```
$ aws cloudformation create-stack --template-body
file://template.json --stack-name MyTemplate --region eu-
west-1
```

- \$ aws cloudformation get-template --stack-name MyTemplate
- \$ aws cloudformation update-stack --stack-name MyTemplate
 --template-body file://template.json
- \$ aws cloudformation delete-stack --stack-name MyTemplate

Demo

Starting stuff, updating it, deleting it, yeah!

AWS Code*

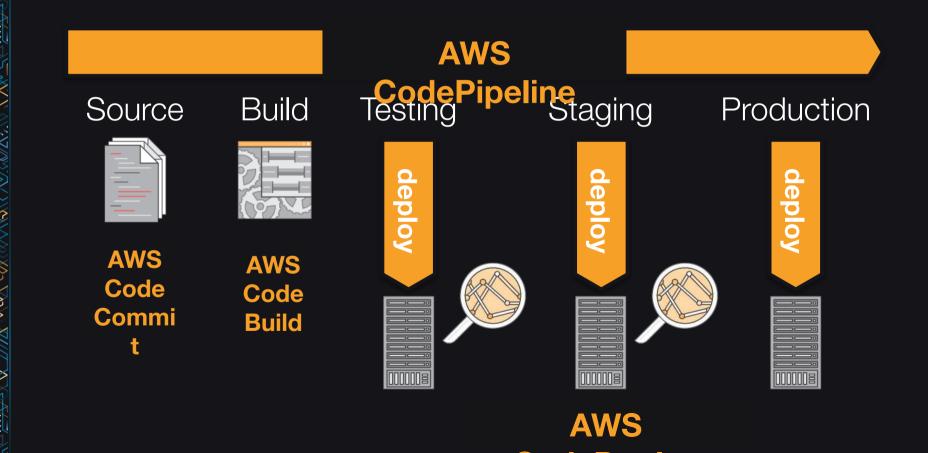
The problem



???

delivery pipeline

Setting up a delivery pipeline



AWS Code* partners





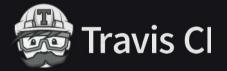






Jenkins

















XebiaLabs

Deliver Faster

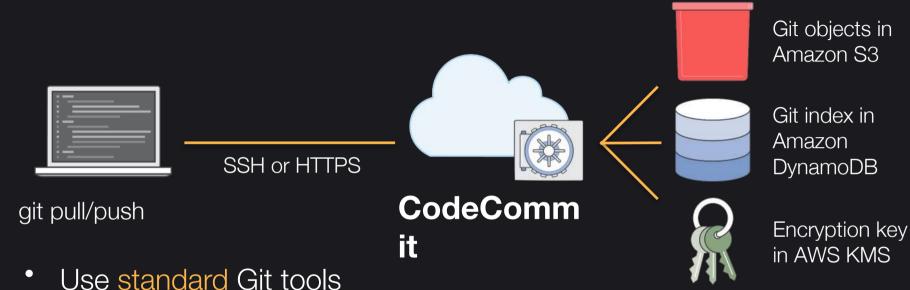


≡BlazeMeter



Ghost Inspector

AWS CodeCommit

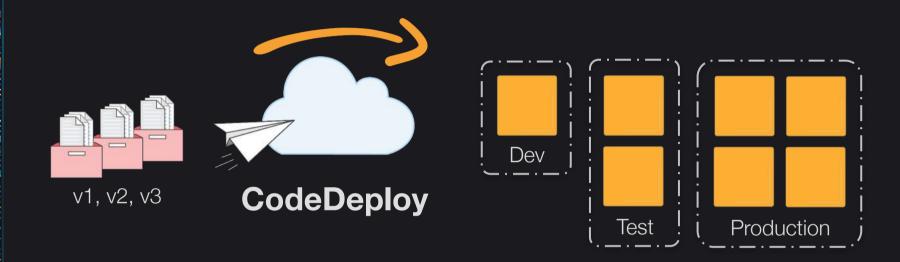


- Scalability, availability and durability of Amazon S3
- Encryption at rest with customer-specific keys
- Pricing: first 5 users free, then \$1 / user / month
- https://aws.amazon.com/codecommit/

AWS CodeBuild

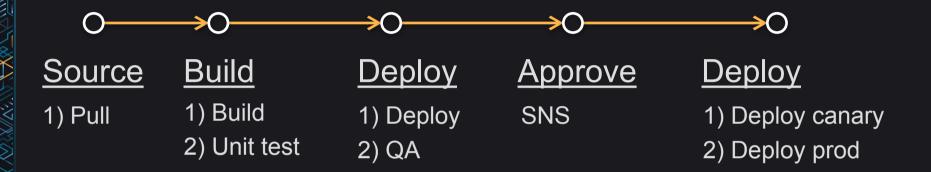
- New service launched at re:Invent 2016
- Managed build environments (Linux only)
- Pull sources from Github, S3 or CodeCommit
- Build on an AWS-provided image or on your Docker container
- Supported environments: "base", Android, Java, Go, Python, Ruby, Go, Docker
- Build commands: inline or in buildspec.yml file
- Pricing starts at \$0.005 per minute (free tier available)
- https://aws.amazon.com/codebuild/

AWS CodeDeploy



- Easy and reliable deployments (zero downtime, rollbacks)
- Scale with ease (support for Auto Scaling groups)
- Deploy to any server (Linux / Windows, EC2 / on-premise)
- Pricing : no extra charge for EC2
- https://aws.amazon.com/codedeploy/

AWS CodePipeline



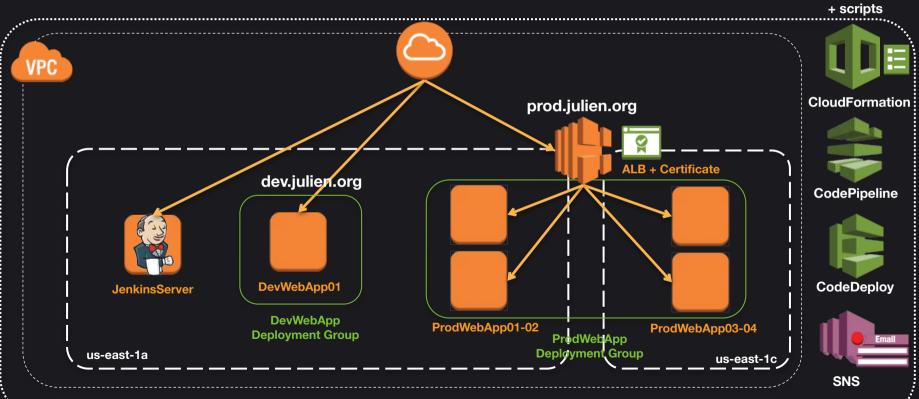
- Define stages: Source, Build, Test, Deploy, Invoke, Approve
- Connect to best-of-breed tools
- Accelerate your release process
- Consistently verify each release
- Pricing: \$1 / active pipeline / month
- https://aws.amazon.com/codepipeline/

AWS Code* demo

Source (GitHub) → Build (Jenkins) → Deploy Dev (CodeDeploy)

→ Approve (SNS Email) → Deploy Prod (CodeDeploy)





APPROVAL NEEDED: AWS CodePipeline app-name-Pipeline for action My Approval





--Pipeline Details--

Stage name: Approval Action name: My_Approval

Region: us-east-1

Email JS

Pipeline name: app-name-Pipeline

11:15 =

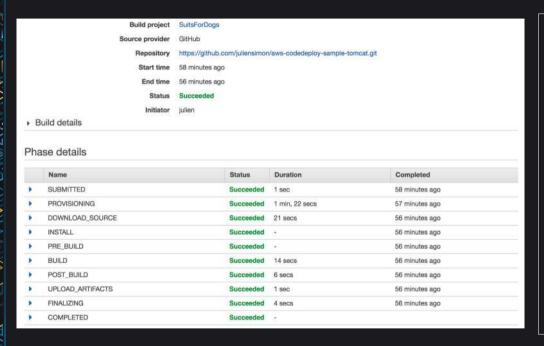
Hello.

The following Approval action is waiting for your response:



--Approval Details--Content to review: http://dev.julien.org Approve or reject: https://console.aws.amazon.com/codepipeline/home?region=us-east-1#/view/app-name-Pipeline/Approval/My_Approval/appro ve/0bba2e19-4c19-4a74-87de-cdc1f9612613 Additional information: Please review this deployment Deadline: This review request will expire on 2016-10-12T09:15Z Sincerely, Amazon Web Services

Building our app with CodeBuild

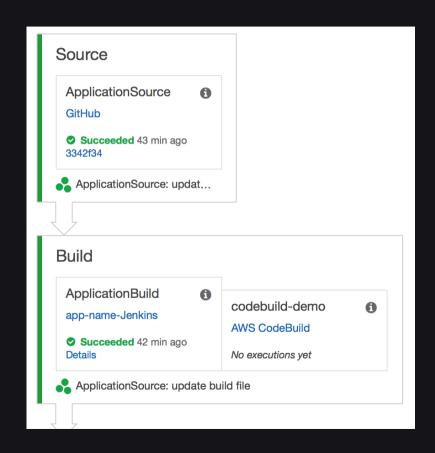


```
buildspec.yml
version: 0.1
phases:
  build:
    commands:
      - echo Build started on `date`
      - mvn test
  post build:
    commands:
      - echo Build completed on `date`
      - mvn package
artifacts:
  files:
    - target/SampleMavenTomcatApp.war
```

Adding CodeBuild to the pipeline

You can run multiple builds in parallel

- Split the CI process
- Build a debug version
- Build for multiple targets
- •



Amazon ECS and ECR

The problem

Given a certain amount of processing power and memory,

how can we best manage an arbitrary number of apps running in Docker containers?



Modern cluster orchestration

Amazon EC2 Container Service (ECS)

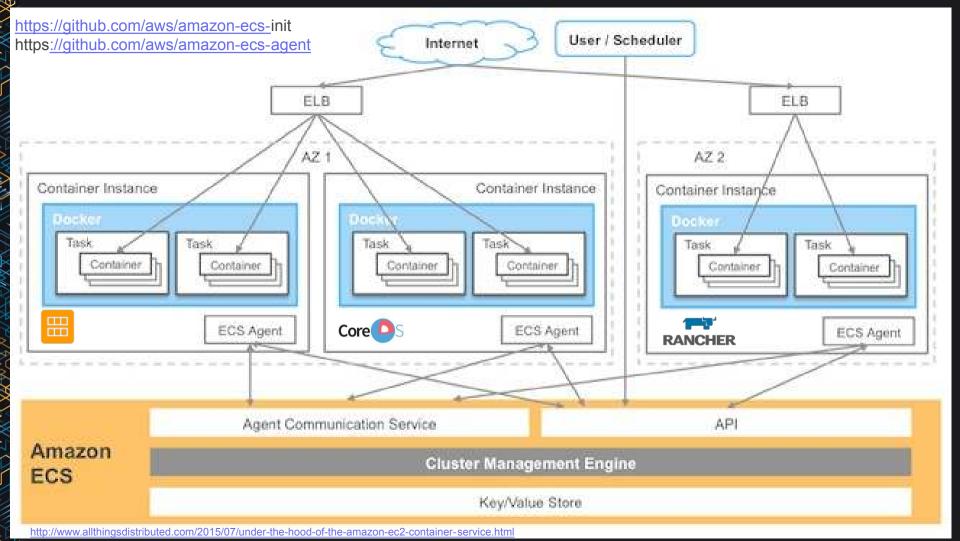
- https://aws.amazon.com/ecs/
- Pricing: no extra charge

Amazon EC2 Container Registry (ECR)

- https://aws.amazon.com/ecr/
- Pricing: \$0.10 / GB / month + outgoing traffic



Distributed state
management
Scalable scheduling
Built-in high availability



Managing Docker images with ECR

https://github.com/awslabs/ecs-demo-php-simple-app

```
$ aws ecr create-repository --repository-name php-simple-app
    --region us-east-1
$ aws ecr get-login --region us-east-1
<run docker login command provided as output>
$ docker build -t php-simple-app .
$ docker tag php-simple-app:latest
ACCOUNT_ID.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/php-simple-app:latest
$ docker push ACCOUNT_ID.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com php-simple-app:latest
```

Demo: Amazon ECS 'Hello World'

https://github.com/aws/amazon-ecs-cli

```
$ ecs-cli configure --cluster myCluster --region eu-west-1
$ ecs-cli up --keypair myKey --capability-iam -size 3
```

```
$ ecs-cli compose service up
$ ecs-cli compose service ps
$ ecs-cli compose service scale 3
```

```
$ ecs-cli compose service stop
$ ecs-cli compose service delete
$ ecs-cli down myCluster --force
```

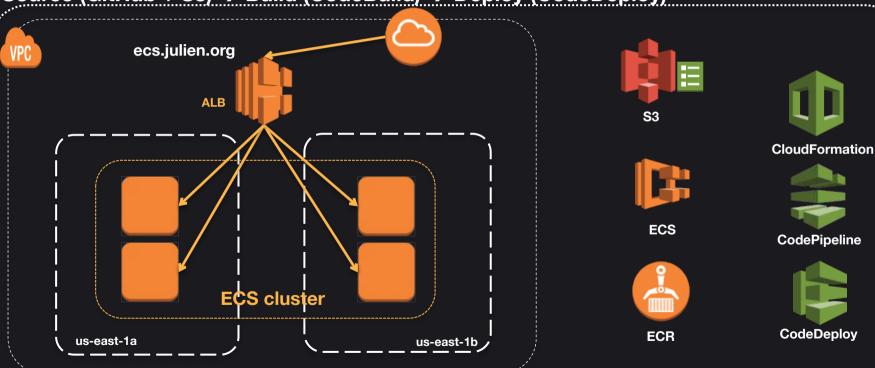
```
Compose file

php-demo:
    image: ACCOUNT_ID.dkr.ecr.us-
east-1.amazonaws.com/php-simple-app
    cpu_shares: 100
    mem_limit: 134217728
    ports:
        - "80:80"
    entrypoint:
        - "/usr/sbin/apache2"
        - "-D"
        - "FOREGROUND"
```

Demo: Continuous Deployment on Amazon ECS



Source (GitHub + S3) → Build (CodeBuild) → Deploy (CodeDeploy)



us-east-

Closing words

- Automation is a key factor in technical & business agility
- You can use the same tools as Amazon.com!
- Zero dev infrastructure to purchase & manage
- Minimal cost (none for CF, CodeDeploy and ECS)
- Compatible with your existing CI/CD tools

- Get started and tell us what you think @
 - http://aws.amazon.com/free
 - http://console.aws.amazon.com/

Resources

https://blogs.aws.amazon.com/application-management

https://blogs.aws.amazon.com/application-management/post/Tx2CIB02ZO05ZII/Explore-Continuous-Delivery-in-AWS-with-the-Pipeline-Starter-Kit

https://aws.amazon.com/about-aws/whats-new/2016/11/aws-codepipeline-introduces-aws-cloudformation-deployment-action/

https://aws.amazon.com/fr/blogs/compute/continuous-deployment-to-amazon-ecs-using-aws-codepipeline-aws-codebuild-amazon-ecr-and-aws-cloudformation/

http://www.allthingsdistributed.com/2014/11/amazon-ec2-container-service.html
http://www.allthingsdistributed.com/2015/04/state-management-and-scheduling-with-ecs.html
http://www.allthingsdistributed.com/2015/07/under-the-hood-of-the-amazon-ec2-container-service.html

Tons of re:Invent videos on Youtube!

More content you may like

Deep Dive on Continuous Delivery

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Py0DmilkxHM

Running Docker clusters on AWS

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_fwVuC672Ck

YouTube: https://www.youtube.com/user/juliensimonfr/

Slideshare: http://fr.slideshare.net/JulienSIMON5/

Ευχαριστώ!

See you in May at DevIt © http://devitconf.org



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