



AWS  
re:Invent

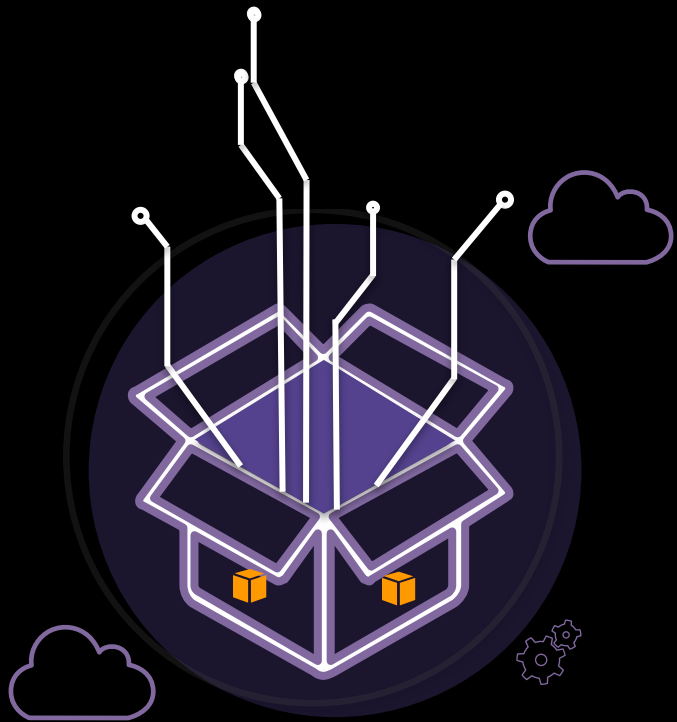
# What's New with AWS Lambda

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[@julsimon](https://twitter.com/julsimon)

# Capabilities of a serverless platform



Cloud  
Logic Layer



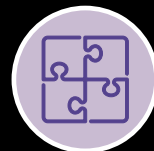
Orchestration and  
State Management



Responsive  
Data Sources



Application  
Modeling  
Framework



Developer  
Ecosystem



Integrations  
Library



Security and  
Access Control



Reliability and  
Performance



Global  
Scale

# CI/CD for serverless apps

- New features

- AWS SAM

- SAM in AWS CloudFormation

- Serverless CI/CD pipelines

  - with AWS CodePipeline and AWS

  - CodeBuild

# Environment variables for Lambda functions <sup>New</sup>

You can define Environment Variables as key/value pairs that are accessible from your function code. These are useful to store configuration settings without the need to change function code. [Learn more.](#)

Environment variables

var1

value1



var2

value2



Key

Value

```
var AWS = require('aws-sdk');  
  
exports.handler = function(event, context, callback) {  
    var bucketName = process.env.S3_BUCKET;  
    callback(null, bucketName);  
};
```

# AWS Serverless Application Model (“SAM”) <sup>New</sup>

- A common language for describing the contents of a serverless app.
- CloudFormation now “speaks serverless” with native support for SAM.
- New CloudFormation tools to package and deploy Lambda-based apps.
- Export Lambda blueprints and functions in SAM from the AWS Lambda console.



# AWS Serverless Application Model <sup>New</sup>

AWSTemplateFormatVersion: '2010-09-09'

Transform: AWS::Serverless-2016-10-31

Resources: GetHtmlFunction:

Type: AWS::Serverless::Function

Properties:

CodeUri: s3://flourish-demo-bucket/todo\_list.zip

Handler: index.gethtml

Runtime: nodejs4.3

Policies: AmazonDynamoDBReadOnlyAccess

Events:

GetHtml: Type: Api

Properties: Path: /{proxy+} Method: ANY

ListTable: Type: AWS::Serverless::SimpleTable

Functions



APIs

Storage

# AWS Serverless Application Model New

## REPLACES:

```
AWSTemplateFormatVersion: '2010-09-09'
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    Policies: AmazonDynamoDBReadOnlyAccess
  Events:
    GetHtml: Type: Api
  Properties: Path: /{proxy+} Method: ANY
  ListTable: Type: AWS::Serverless::SimpleTable
```

```
AWSTemplateFormatVersion: '2010-09-09'
Resources:
  GetHtmlFunctionGetHtmlPermissionProd:
    Type: AWS::Lambda::Permission
    Properties:
      Action: lambda:invokeFunction
      Principal: apigateway.amazonaws.com
      FunctionName:
        Ref: GetHtmlFunction
      SourceArn:
        Fn::Sub: arn:aws:execute-api:${AWS::Region}:${AWS::AccountId}:${ServerlessRestApi}/${ANY}
      ServerlessRestApiProdStage:
        Type: AWS::ApiGateway::Stage
      Properties:
        DeploymentId:
          Ref: ServerlessRestApiDeployment
        RestApiId:
          Ref: ServerlessRestApi
        StageName: Prod
        ListTable:
          Type: AWS::DynamoDB::Table
      Properties:
        ProvisionedThroughput:
          WriteCapacityUnits: 5
          ReadCapacityUnits: 5
        AttributeDefinitions:
          - AttributeName: id
            AttributeType: S
        KeySchema:
          - KeyType: HASH
            AttributeName: id
        GetHtmlFunction:
          Type: AWS::Lambda::Function
      Properties:
        Handler: index.gethtml
        Code:
          S3Bucket: flourish-demo-bucket
          S3Key: todo_list.zip
      Role:
        Fn::GetAtt:
          - GetHtmlFunctionRole
        - Arn
        Runtime: nodejs4.3
        GetHtmlFunctionRole:
          Type: AWS::IAM::Role
        Properties:
          ManagedPolicyArns:
            - arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/AmazonDynamoDBReadOnlyAccess
            - arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/service-role/AWSLambdaBasicExecutionRole
          AssumeRolePolicyDocument:
            Version: '2012-10-17'
            Statement:
              - Action:
                  - sts:AssumeRole
                Effect: Allow
                Principal:
                  Service:
                    - lambda.amazonaws.com
                ServerlessRestApiDeployment:
          Type: AWS::ApiGateway::Deployment
          Properties:
            RestApiId:
              Ref: ServerlessRestApi
            Description: 'RestApi deployment id: 127e3bf91142ab1ddc5f5446adb094442581a90d'
            StageName: Stage
            GetHtmlFunctionGetHtmlPermissionTest:
              Type: AWS::Lambda::Permission
      Properties:
        Action: lambda:invokeFunction
        Principal: apigateway.amazonaws.com
        FunctionName:
          Ref: GetHtmlFunction
        SourceArn:
          Fn::Sub: arn:aws:execute-api:${AWS::Region}:${AWS::AccountId}:${ServerlessRestApi}/${ANY}
        ServerlessRestApi:
          Type: AWS::ApiGateway::RestApi
        Properties:
          Body:
            info:
              version: '1.0'
              title:
                Ref: AWS::StackName
              paths:
                - /{proxy+}
              x-amazon-apigateway-any-method:
                x-amazon-apigateway-integration:
                  httpMethod: ANY
                  type: aws_proxy
                  uri:
                    Fn::Sub: arn:aws:apigateway:${AWS::Region}:lambda:path/2015-03-31/functions/${GetHtmlFunction.Arn}/invocations
              responses: {}
              swagger: '2.0'
```

# SAM: Open Specification <sup>New</sup>

A common language to describe the content of a serverless application *across the ecosystem*.

Apache 2.0 licensed  
GitHub project

## AWS Serverless Application Model (SAM)

Version 2016-10-31

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC 2119](#).

The AWS Serverless Application Model (SAM) is licensed under [The Apache License, Version 2.0](#).

### Introduction

AWS SAM is a model used to define serverless applications on AWS.

Serverless applications are applications composed of functions triggered by events. A typical serverless application consists of one or more AWS Lambda functions triggered by events such as object uploads to [Amazon S3](#), and API actions. Those functions can stand alone or leverage other resources such as [Amazon DynamoDB](#) buckets. The most basic serverless application is simply a function.

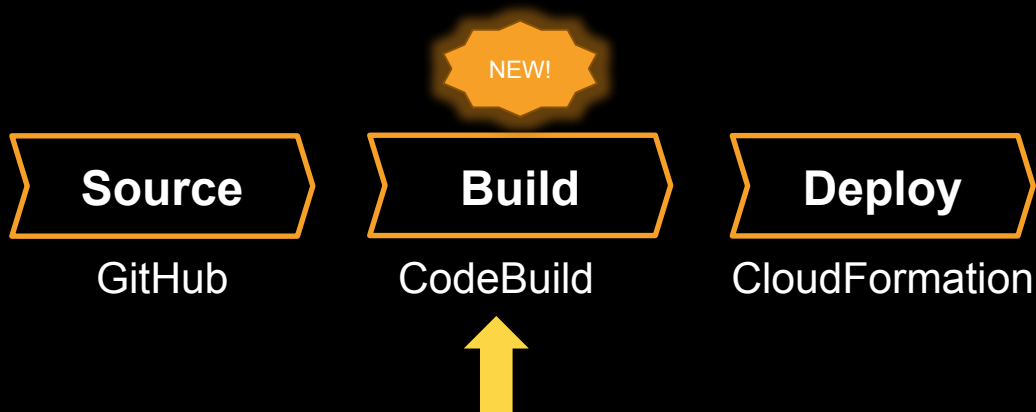


# Serverless CI/CD pipeline



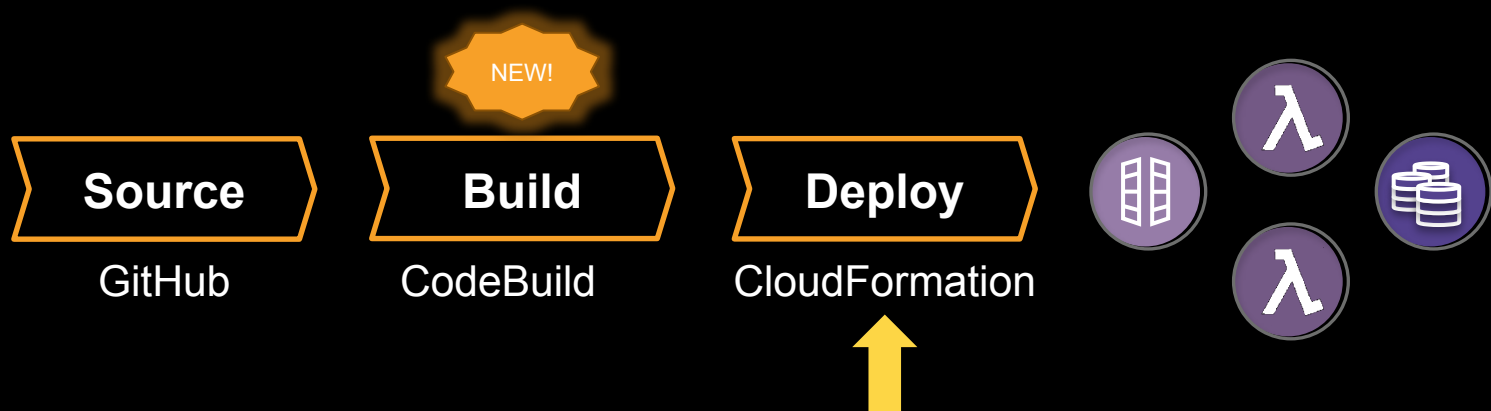
- Pull source directly from GitHub or CodeCommit using CodePipeline

# Serverless CI/CD pipeline



- Pull source directly from GitHub or AWS CodeCommit using AWS CodePipeline
- **Build and package serverless apps with AWS CodeBuild**
  - npm, pip, Java compilation, BYO Docker...

# Serverless CI/CD pipeline



- Pull source directly from GitHub or AWS CodeCommit using AWS CodePipeline
- Build and package serverless apps with AWS CodeBuild
- **Deploy your completed Lambda app with AWS CloudFormation**

Tracing serverless apps with AWS X-Ray

**How do I diagnose  
Lambda apps?**

# Introducing X-Ray *Preview*

Gain visibility into events traveling through services



Trace calls and timing from Lambda functions to other AWS services

Xray provides tracing and monitoring capabilities for your Lambda function.

Enable active tracing ☐ ⓘ

Easy setup

Easy configuration

Lambda support coming soon

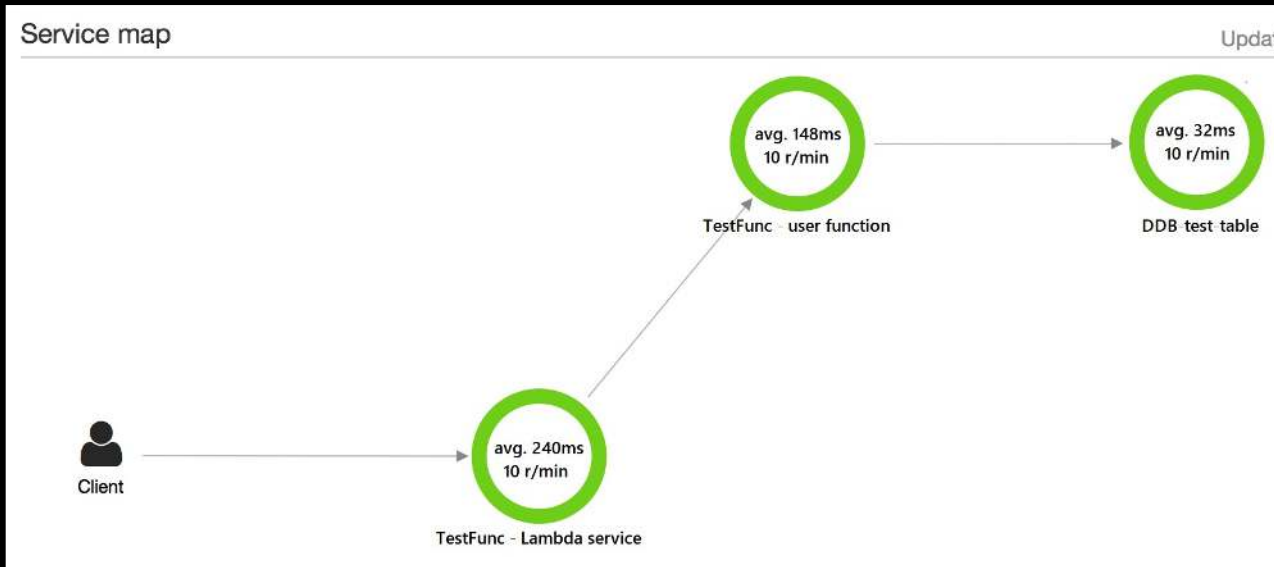
```
1 const AWSXRay = require('aws-xray-sdk');
2
3 exports.handler = AWSXRay.captureLambda((event, context, callback) => {
4   const segment = context.xrayContext.segment;
5   // TODO implement
6   callback(null, 'Hello from Lambda');
7 });
```

# Introducing X-Ray *Preview*

View the dynamic topology of your application

See actual dependencies  
among microservice  
components

Easily detect and  
diagnose missing  
events and throttles

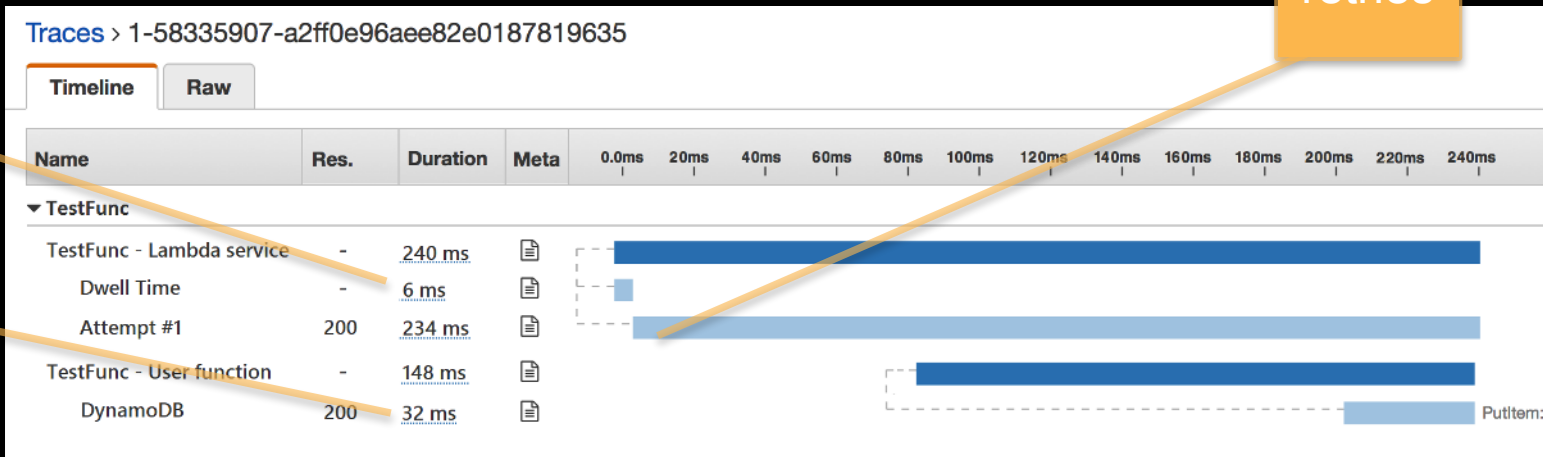


# Introducing X-Ray *Preview*

See dwell time and retries for async invokes

Profile performance of calls your code makes to other AWS services

- Detect failures in event processing
- Easily find and fix performance issues



# New Lambda features

AT\_TIMESTAMP Amazon Kinesis iterator

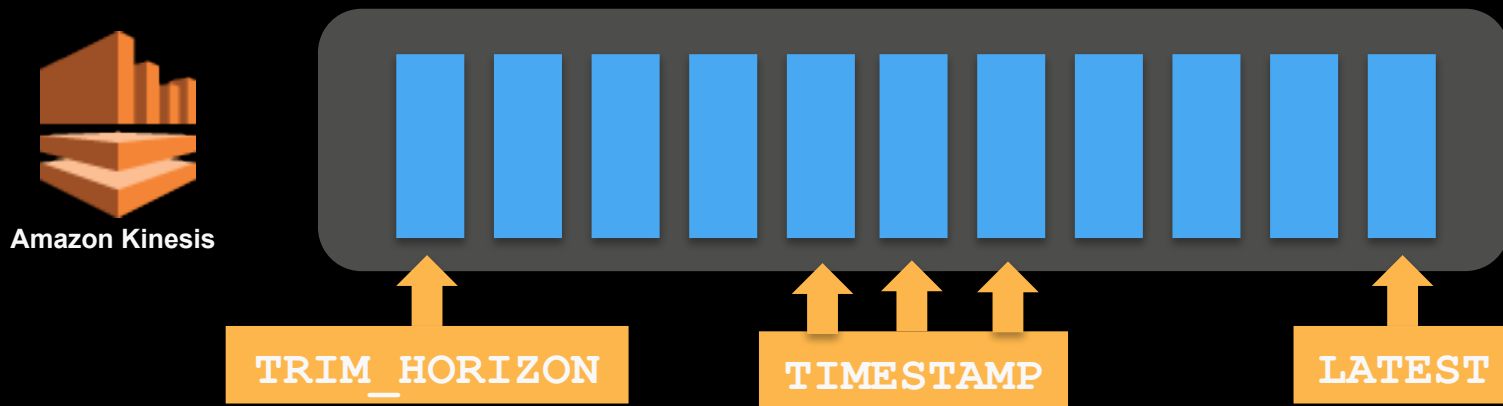
C# with .NET Core

Dead letter queue



# AT\_TIMESTAMP Amazon Kinesis iterator New

- Process streaming data in Amazon Kinesis at any point in time
- Stop and start processing without rewinding or losing data



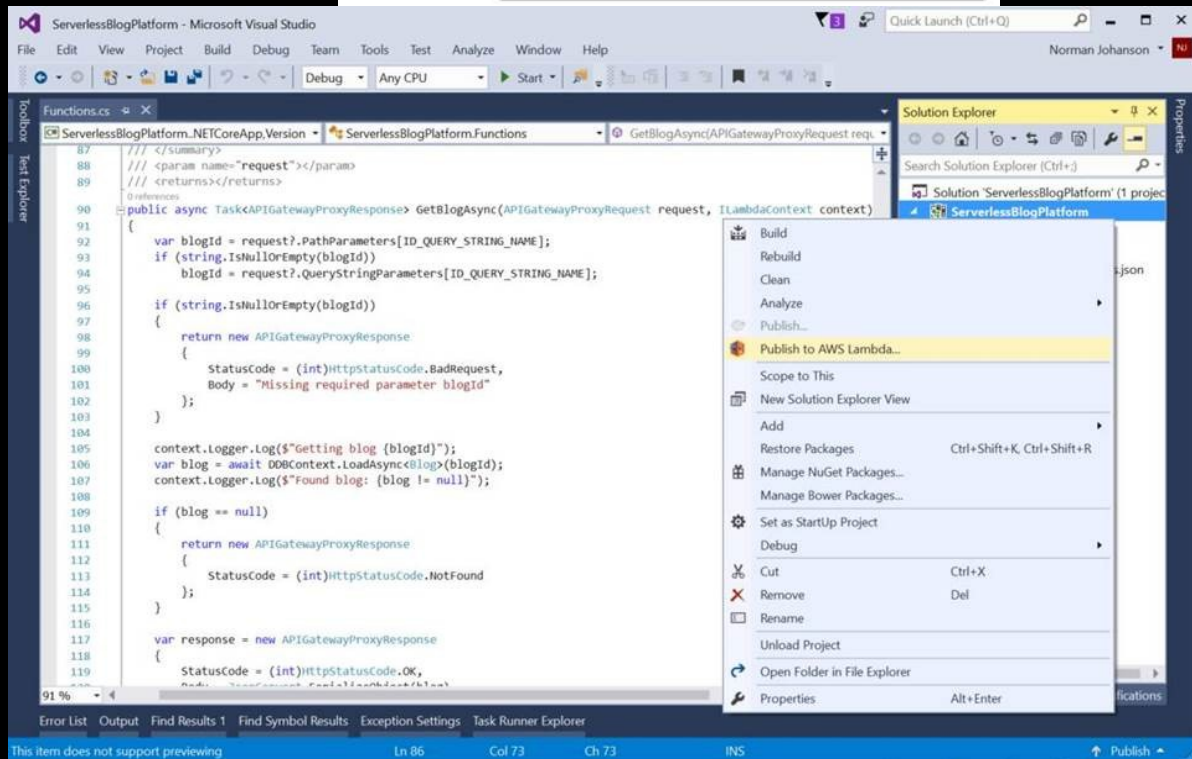
# C# and .NET Core <sup>New</sup>

- Write Lambda functions in C#
- netcoreapp 1.0 on Amazon Linux
- Built-in logging and metrics
- Supports common AWS event types (S3, SNS)

Name\* csharp-lambda

Description My C# Lambda function!

Runtime\* C#

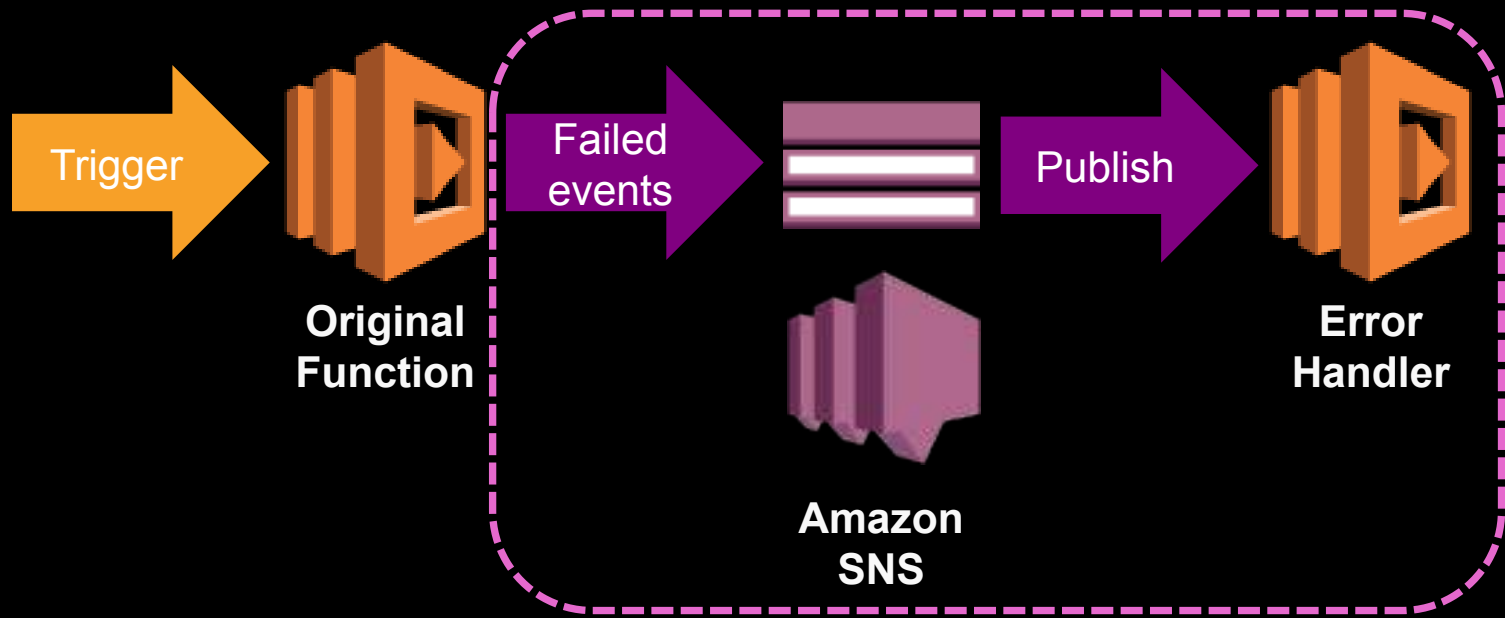


# Dead-letter queue for events New

*Easily create reliable end-to-end event processing solutions*

- Sends all unprocessed events to your SQS queue or SNS topic: 3 strikes rule
- Preserves events *even if your code has an issue* or the call was throttled
- Per-function
- Works for all async invokes, *including S3 and SNS events*





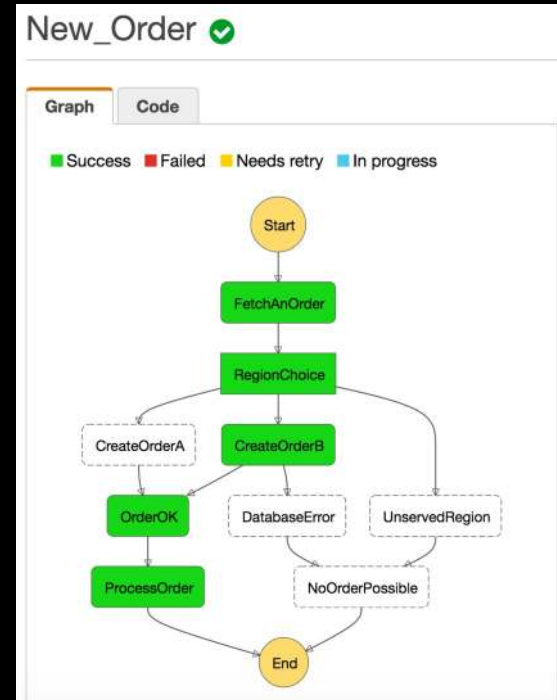
**Lambda DLQ in action**

# Orchestrating Lambda functions

# AWS Step Functions **New**

*Reliably orchestrate multiple Lambda functions*

Attempt a function more than 3X  
Add callbacks to asynchronous functions  
Handle situations that require waiting  
Chain function execution ( $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C$ )  
Supports long-running workflows



# New API Gateway features

Binary encoding

Documentation support

AWS Marketplace SaaS integration

Developer Portal Reference Implementation

# Binary encoding <sup>New</sup>

Uses Content-Type and Accept headers

Serve images,  
audio, and other  
binary content

**Binary Support**

You can configure binary support for your API by specifying which media types should be treated as binary types. API Gateway will look at the **Content-Type** and **Accept** HTTP headers to decide how to handle the body.

**Binary media types**

- image/gif
- application/octet-stream
- add another here...

**Add binary media type** **Cancel** **Save**

Automatically base64-encodes Lambda integrations



# API documentation <sup>New</sup>

- Document your APIs – edit doc parts directly in the API Gateway console
- Swagger import/export – fully round-trip-able
- Supports tech writers – independent update and publish flow

Documentation

Create Documentation PartImport DocumentationPublish Documentation

Add documentation to help developers understand how to interact with your API. Documentation parts can be shared across multiple resources and methods by specifying a wildcard value (\*) for method or status code, eg. documentation for a 200 response can be used in multiple locations. You can also import documentation by supplying a Swagger definition file, and publish documentation to a stage. For more information, reference the [documentation](#).

TypeAllPathMethodAllNameStatus Code200

TypeResponse (status code)

Path /

Method \*

Status Code200

```
{
  "description": "Successful operation"
}
```

EditClone

TypeResponse Header

Path /

MethodOPTIONS

Status Code200

NameAccess-Control-Allow-Headers

```
{
  "description": "Used in response to a preflight request"
}
```

EditClone

# API Gateway and AWS Marketplace integration **New**

- Use API Gateway to simplify building and operating APIs
- Sell your APIs on the AWS Marketplace
- Easy discovery and procurement for your API's consumers
- Track API usage by consumer / key
- Automated billing through AWS



URL Reputation APIs



Speech understanding APIs

*Monetize your microservices!*

# API Gateway Developer Portal

Open source reference implementation

New

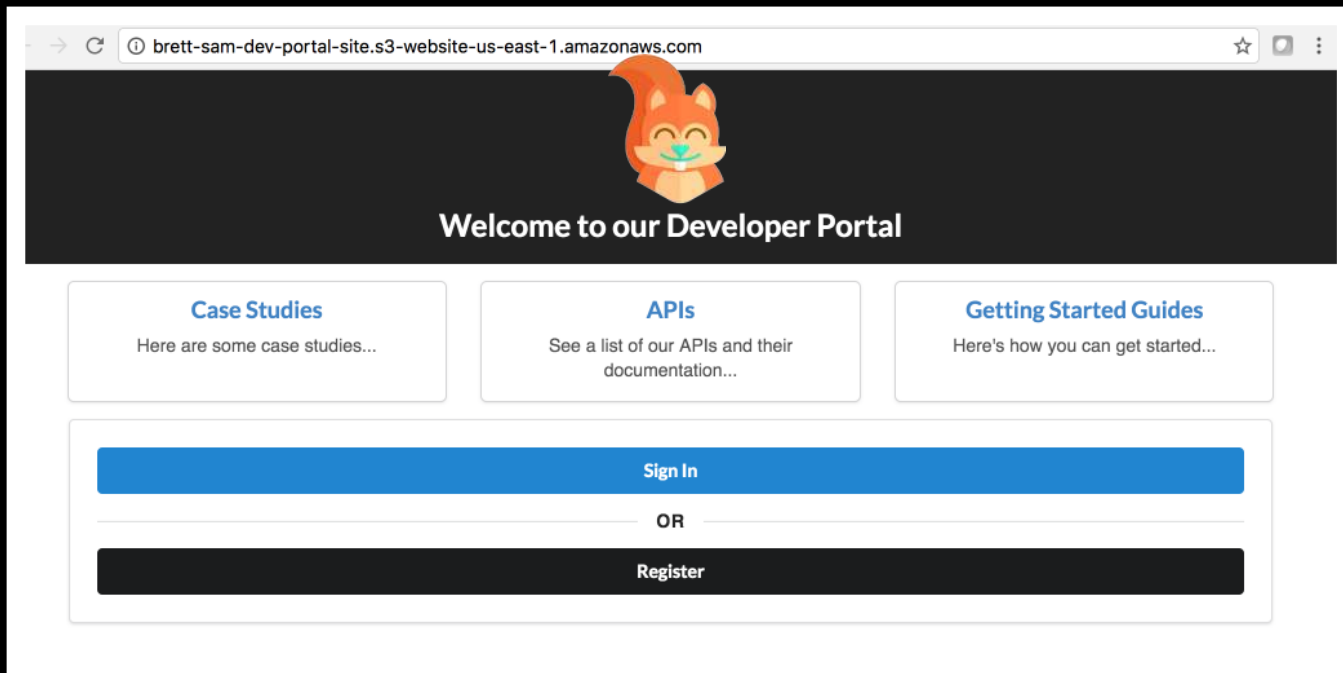
*SAM-based implementation available on GitHub*

Help developers  
consume your  
APIs

Vend API Keys

AWS Marketplace  
integration

Supports Cognito  
authN



# New places you can use Lambda functions

Lambda Bots

Amazon Kinesis Firehose

On-prem storage

Devices

Edge/CDN

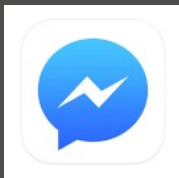
# Lambda Bots and Amazon Lex *Preview*

- Text and speech
- Lambda functions run business logic
- Facebook, AWS Mobile Hub
- Slack and Twilio integration coming soon

I'd like to book a hotel

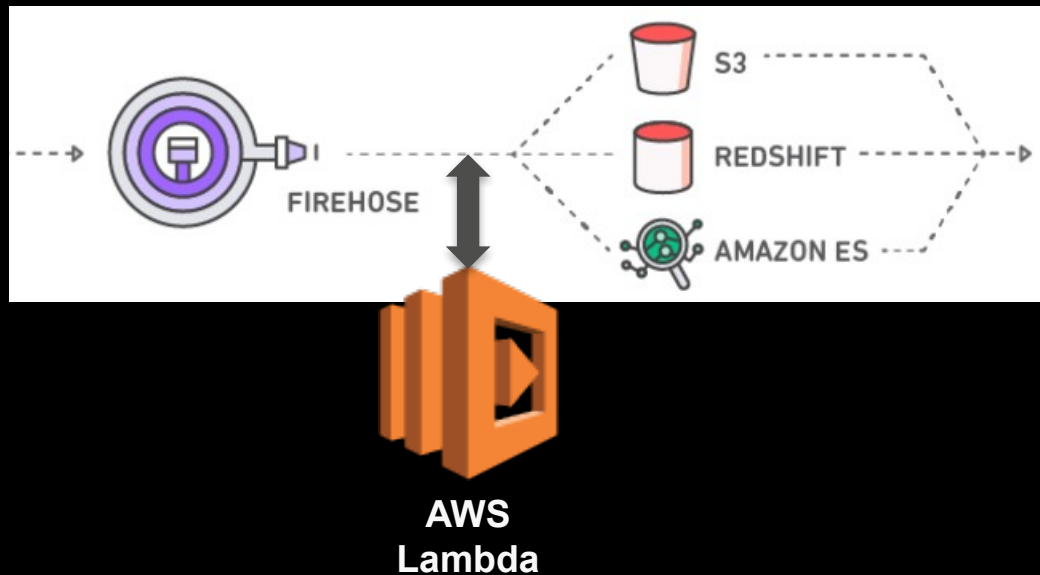
The screenshot displays the Amazon Lex console interface for configuring a bot named 'BookStay'. The left sidebar shows the 'Intents' list with 'BookHotel' selected. Below it, 'Parameter types' are listed, including @AddressValues, @AppointmentTypeCValue, @CarType, @Cities, @ConfirmationCodeValue, @DrinkTypes, @FlowerTypes, @JourneyStatusCodes, @OrderTypes, @PhoneNumberValues, @ReservationType, @RoomTypes, @SandwichTypes, @Sauces, @Sizes, @Symptoms, and @Toppings. The main area shows the 'BookHotel' intent configuration. Under 'Sample utterances', there are four examples: 'e.g. I would like to book a flight.', 'Book a hotel', 'I want a make hotel reservations', and 'Book a {Nights} night stay in {Location}'. Below this, the 'Parameters' table is shown with columns for 'Required', 'Name', 'Parameter type', and 'Prompt'. The table lists parameters: 'Location' (e.g. AMAZON.CITY), 'CheckInDate' (AMAZON.DATE), 'Nights' (AMAZON.NUMBER), and 'Location' (AMAZON.US\_CITY). To the right, a 'Test App' window shows a chat interface with the user input 'I would like to book a hotel' and the bot's response 'What city will you be staying in?'. The bot's response is 'Seattle'.

Required	Name	Parameter type	Prompt
<input type="checkbox"/>	e.g. Location	e.g. AMAZON.CITY	Latest ▼ e.g. What city?
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CheckInDate	AMAZON.DATE	Latest ▼ What day do you want to check in?
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Nights	AMAZON.NUMBER	Latest ▼ How many nights will you be staying?
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Location	AMAZON.US_CITY	Latest ▼ What city will you be staying in?
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Location	AMAZON.US_CITY	Latest ▼ What type of room would you like, queen, king or del



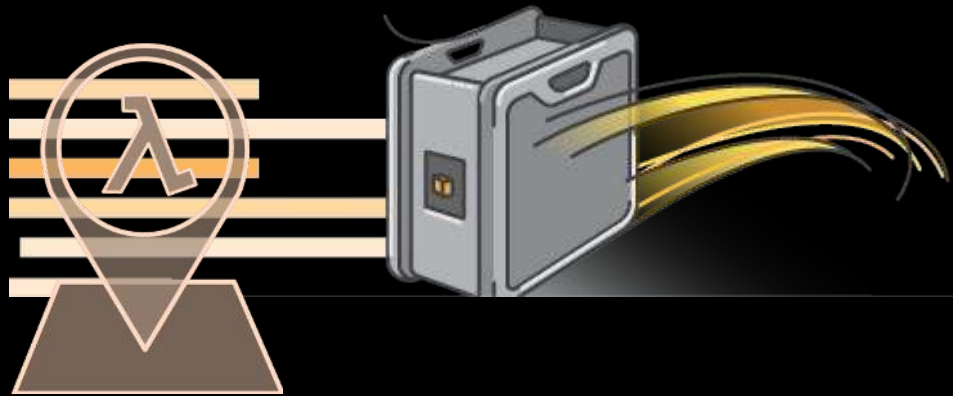
# Amazon Kinesis Firehose integration **Coming Soon**

- Simple, real-time data streaming
- Transform, audit, or aggregate records in flight with Lambda
- Flexible buffering
- Lambda and Firehose both scale automatically



# AWS Snowball Edge <sup>New</sup>

- Fast, simple, secure data transfer from on-prem to/from AWS Cloud
- 100 TB capacity
- Local S3 storage APIs
- **Local Lambda functions**
- Transcode multimedia content, compress in-real time, custom auditing



# AWS Greengrass *Preview*

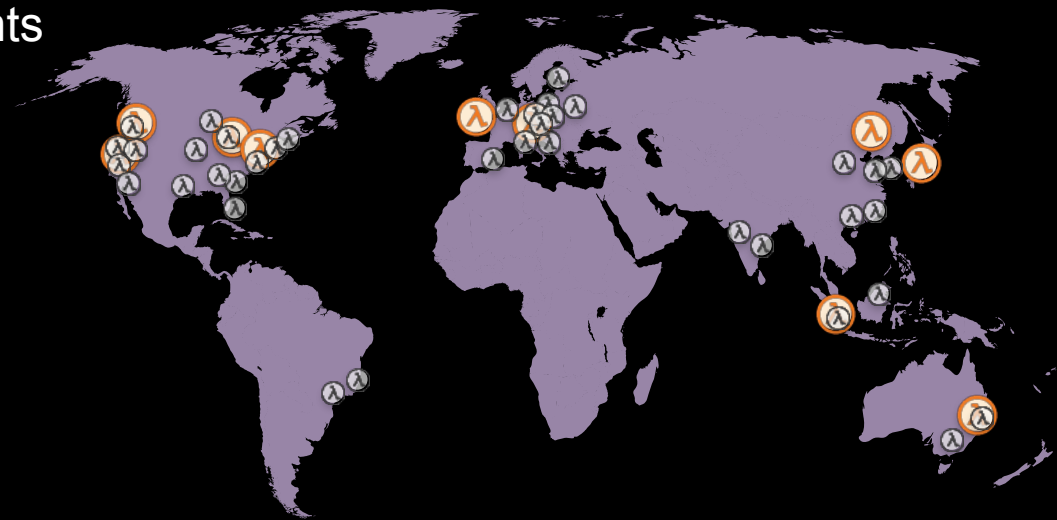
- Greengrass extends AWS processing onto devices
- Low-latency, near-real time
- **Lambda functions run right on the device**
- Cloud storage and compute via AWS IoT service
- BYOH – 1GHz, 128MB, x86 or ARM, Linux





# Lambda@Edge Preview

- Low-latency request/response customization
- Supports viewer and origin events
- Preview limitations:
  - Node.js only
  - **50** ms max
  - Headers only
- Pricing: \$0.60/M requests and \$0.00000625125 per 128MB-s
  - 4K requests free/month



Sign up to join the preview!

# Developer ecosystem — commercial

## Code Libraries



## Integrations



## Deployment



## Monitoring



## APN Skills



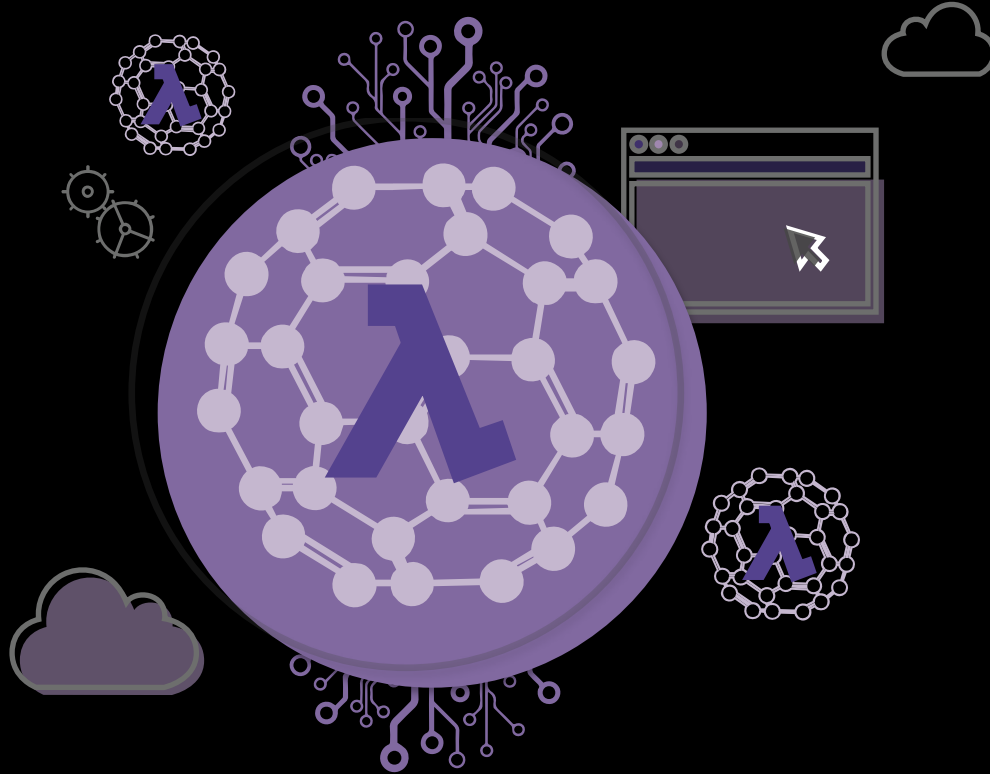
# Developer ecosystem — open source



Chalice  
Framework



# Enjoy your serverless journey!





AWS  
re:Invent

Thank you!

julsimon@amazon.fr  
@julsimon