Introduction to AWS Greengrass

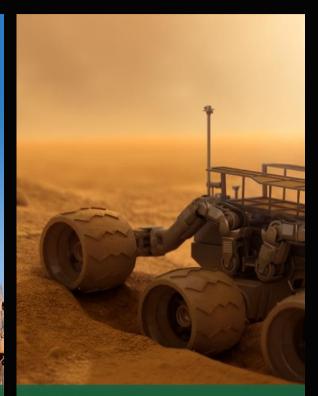
Julien Simon Principal Technical Evangelist Amazon Web Services

@julsimon

Most machine data never reaches the cloud

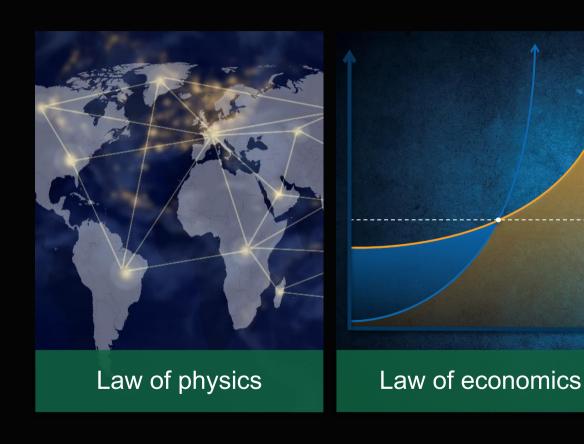






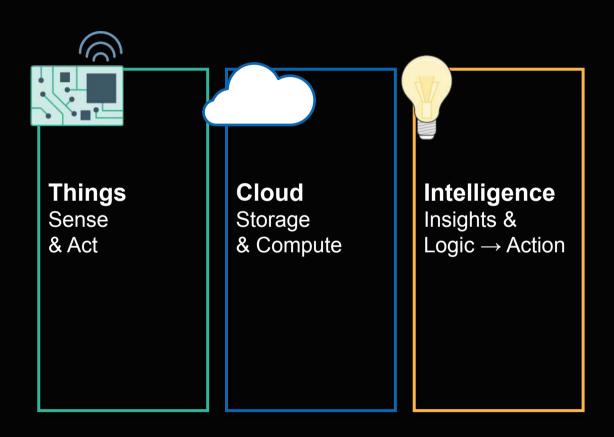
Extreme environments

Why this problem isn't going away



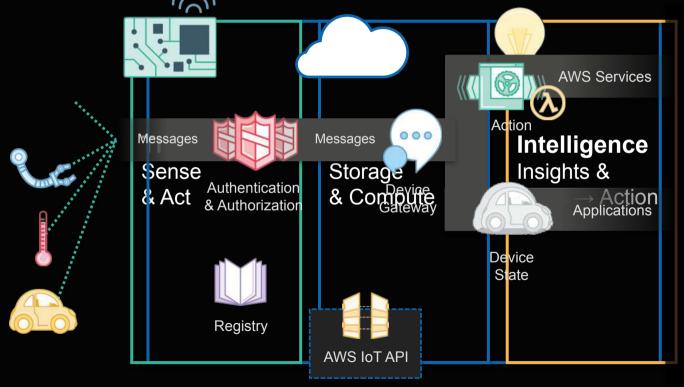


Three pillars of IoT



AWS IoT

Starting in the sloud

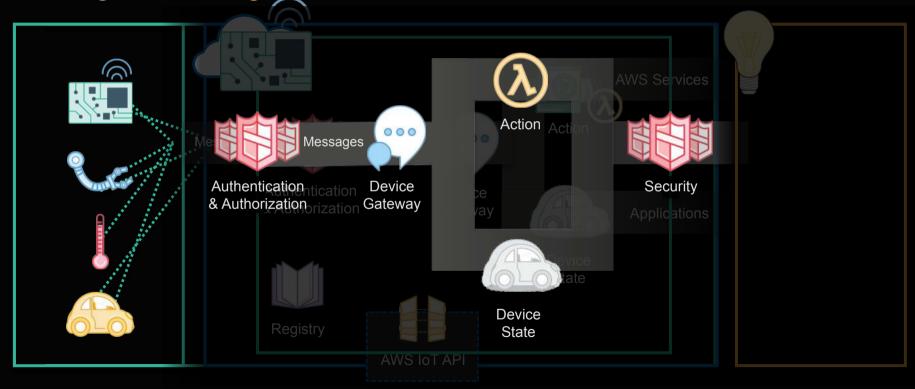


AWS IoT

Introducing AWS Greengrass



Going to the edge



*Note: Greengrass is NOT Hardware (You bring your own)



Greengrass

AWS Greengrass extends AWS Processing Capabilities onto your devices, so you can process more of your data locally while taking advantage of the cloud

Service is available in North Virginia, Oregon, Frankfurt and Sydney.

Benefits of AWS Greengrass



Respond to local events quickly

Operate offline



Simplified device programming



Reduce the cost of IoT applications

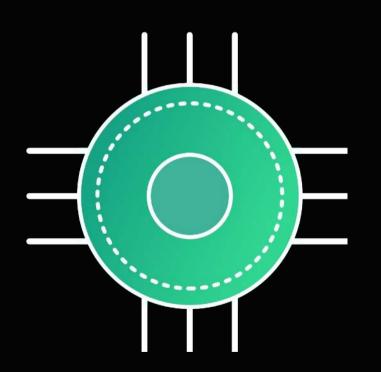






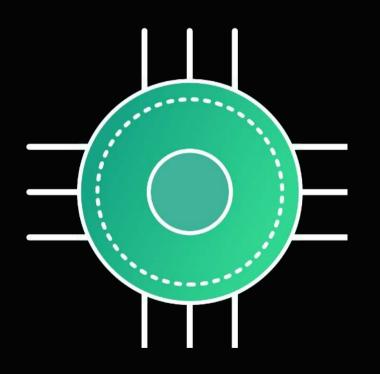
Components of AWS Greengrass

Greengrass Core (GGC)



The runtime responsible for Lambda execution, messaging, device shadows, security, and for interacting directly with the cloud

Greengrass Core (GGC)



GGC takes advantage of your device's compute, memory, storage, and peripherals

- Min Single-Core 1GHz
- Min 128MB RAM
- x86 and ARM
- Linux (Ubuntu or Amazon)

IoT Device SDK



Any device (big or small) that uses the IoT Device SDK can be configured to interact with Greengrass Core via the local network

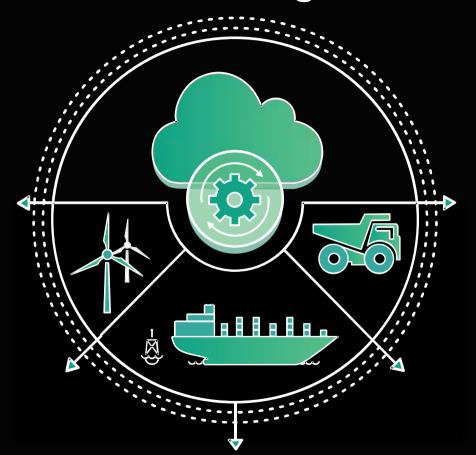
Starts with the IoT Device SDK for C++, more coming soon

Devices work together locally



A Greengrass Group is a set of Cores and other devices configured to communicate with one another

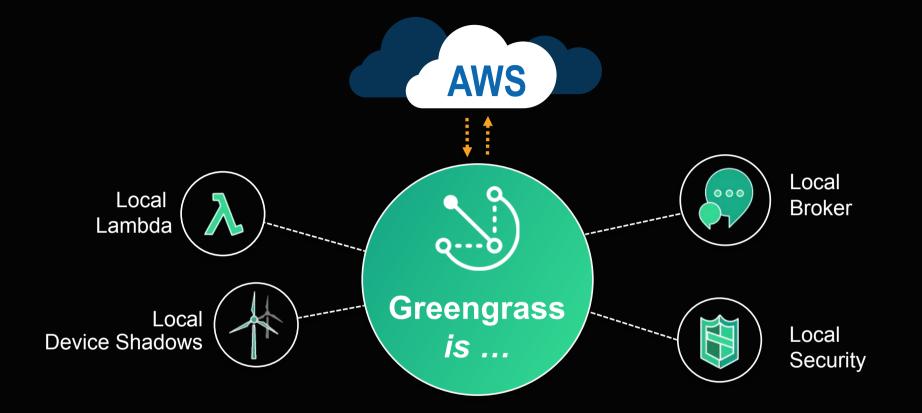
Devices work together with the cloud



Greengrass works with AWS IoT to maintain long-lived connections and process data via the rules engine

Your Lambda functions can also interact directly with other AWS services

Features of AWS Greengrass



Local Lambda



Lambda functions are event-driven compute functions

With Greengrass you can write Lambda functions in the cloud and deploy them locally

Local Lambda



Greengrass runs Lambda functions

written in Python 2.7

Invoke Lambda functions with messaging and shadow updates

Local Lambda – What you can do



Command and control

Offline operation

Data filtering & aggregation

Iterative learning

Shadows



JSON documents that represent state of your devices and Lambdas

Define them however is logical to you—a car, an engine, a fleet

Sync to the cloud or keep them local

Shadows – What you can do



Device state (current and desired)

Granular device state (only synched to the cloud for debug)

Dynamic configuration (e.g,. numeric factors of an ML model)

Messaging



Local MQTT Pub/Sub messaging

Define subscriptions between publishers and subscribers

Apply MQTT topic filters

Messaging – What you can do



Bridge to the cloud

Local distributed system

Security



Mutual auth, both locally and also with the cloud

Certificate on your devices can be associated to SigV4 credentials in the cloud

You can directly call any AWS service from AWS Greengrass

Greengrass pricing

Acti	ve
Dev	ice

Price

3

Free for 1 year

3–10,000

From \$0.16/month From \$1.49/year

10,000+

Contact us

Now it's your turn!

Whitepaper: "Core Tenets of IoT"

https://d0.awsstatic.com/whitepapers/core-tenets-of-iot1.pdf

Whitepaper: "Big Data Analytics Options on AWS" http://d0.awsstatic.com/whitepapers/Big_D

ata Analytics Options on AWS.pdf

Learn more about AWS IoT & Greengrass

https://aws.amazon.com/iot/

https://aws.amazon.com/greengrass/

https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/aws/aws-greengrass-run-aws-lambda-functions-on-connected-devices/

Learn about the AWS Free Tier https://aws.amazon.com/free/

Get started! https://aws.amazon.com/getting-started/



Thank You!

Julien Simon
Principal Technical Evangelist
Amazon Web Services

@julsimon



