

# A 60-min tour of AWS

## Compute

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Lambda



EC2



Elastic  
Beanstalk



EC2 Container  
Service



# AWS Compute technologies



## EC2

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Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2) provides resizable compute capacity in the cloud.



## Elastic Beanstalk

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AWS Elastic Beanstalk is an application container for deploying and managing applications.



## Lambda

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AWS Lambda is a compute service that runs your code in response to events and automatically manages the compute resources for you.



## EC2 Container Service

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Amazon ECS allows you to easily run and manage Docker containers across a cluster of Amazon EC2 instances.

<https://aws.amazon.com/fr/blogs/compute/>

# Amazon EC2



- **Infrastructure as a Service**, launched in 2006
- Based on **virtual machines** (“EC2 instances”) and **images** (“Amazon Machine Image”, “AMI”)
- Many **instance types** for different needs: general purpose, compute, memory, GPU, etc.
- Users can pick from Amazon-supported AMIs, vendor-supported AMIs (“EC2 Marketplace”) or they can build their own
- **All-inclusive**: networking (“Virtual Private Cloud”), storage (“Elastic Block Storage”), firewalling (“Security Group”), load balancing (“Elastic Load Balancing”), high availability (“Availability Zones”), automatic scaling (“Auto-scaling groups”), monitoring (“Cloudwatch”)
- Pay on an **hourly** basis

**The best option if you need full control over your instances**

**Use Reserved Instances and Spot Instances for massive savings (up to 90%)**

# Amazon EC2 demo



Launch an Amazon Linux instance  
in the default VPC with the default security group

```
aws ec2 run-instances --image-id ami-e1398992  
--instance-type t2.micro --key-name aws-eb  
--security-group-ids sg-d9906fbe --region eu-west-1
```

This is the most important command ;)  
Take some time to experiment with the 'aws ec2' command line

```
➔ ~ aws ec2
```

```
zsh: do you wish to see all 211 possibilities (106 lines)?
```



# Amazon Elastic Beanstalk



- Platform as a Service, launched in 2011
- Supports PHP, Java, .NET, Node.js, Python, Go, Ruby IIS, Tomcat and Docker containers
- Developer-friendly CLI : 'eb'
- Uses AWS Cloudformation to build all required resources
- Built-in monitoring (Amazon Cloudwatch), networking (Amazon VPC), load balancing (Amazon ELB) and scaling (Auto Scaling)
- Relational data tier is available through Amazon Relational Data Service (RDS)
- No charge for the service itself

The **simplest** and **most intuitive** way to deploy your applications

This should really be your **default option** for deployment



# Supported platforms

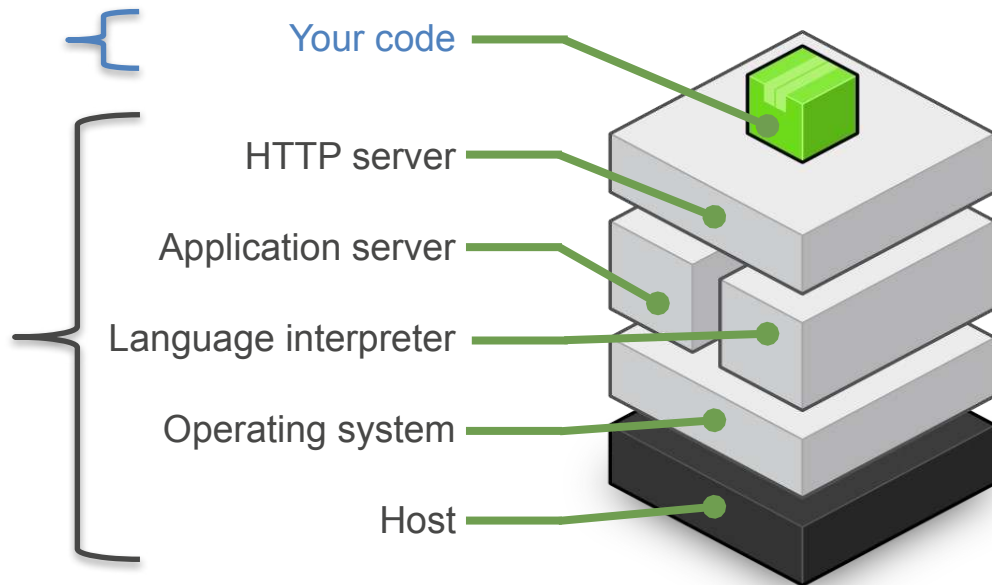
<http://docs.aws.amazon.com/elasticbeanstalk/latest/dg/concepts.platforms.html>

docker-1.11.2	go-1.3-(preconfigured-docker)	python-2.7
docker-1.6.2	go-1.4	python-3.4
docker-1.7.1	go-1.4-(preconfigured-docker)	python-3.4-(preconfigured-docker)
docker-1.9.1	go-1.5	
multi-container-docker-1.11.2-(generic)		ruby-1.9.3
multi-container-docker-1.6.2-(generic)	iis-7.5	ruby-2.0-(passenger-standalone)
	iis-8	ruby-2.0-(puma)
glassfish-4.0-java-7-(preconfigured-docker)	iis-8.5	ruby-2.1-(passenger-standalone)
glassfish-4.1-java-8-(preconfigured-docker)		ruby-2.1-(puma)
	node.js	ruby-2.2-(passenger-standalone)
java-7		ruby-2.2-(puma)
java-8	php-5.3	ruby-2.3-(passenger-standalone)
	php-5.4	ruby-2.3-(puma)
tomcat-6	php-5.5	
tomcat-7	php-5.6	
tomcat-7-java-6	php-7.0	
tomcat-7-java-7		
tomcat-8-java-8		

# ElasticBeanstalk vs. DIY

Focus on building your application

Elastic Beanstalk configures each EC2 instance in your environment with the components necessary to run applications for the selected platform. No more worrying about logging into instances to install and configure your application stack.



# Amazon Elastic Beanstalk demo



1. Create a new Rails application
2. Add a resource to the application
3. Declare a new Ruby application in Amazon Elastic Beanstalk
4. Create an environment and launch the application



# Create a new Rails application



```
$ git init
```

```
$ rails new blog
```

```
$ cd blog
```

```
$ git add .
```

```
$ git commit -m "Initial version"
```

# Add a 'post' resource to the application



```
$ rails generate scaffold post title:string body:text
```

```
$ bundle exec rake db:migrate
```

```
$ git add .
```

```
$ git commit -m "Add post resource"
```

```
$ rails server
```

```
$ open http://localhost:3000/posts
```

# Initialize a Ruby application



```
$ eb init blog -p Ruby -r eu-west-1
```

```
$ git add .gitignore
```

```
$ git commit -m "Ignore .elasticbeantalk directory"
```

# Create a 'blog-dev' environment



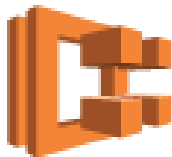
Single instance (no auto scaling, no load balancing),  
t2.micro instance size (default value)

```
$ eb create blog-dev \  
--single \  
--keyname aws-eb \  
--envvars SECRET_KEY_BASE=`rake secret`
```

```
$ eb deploy
```

```
$ eb terminate blog-dev --force
```

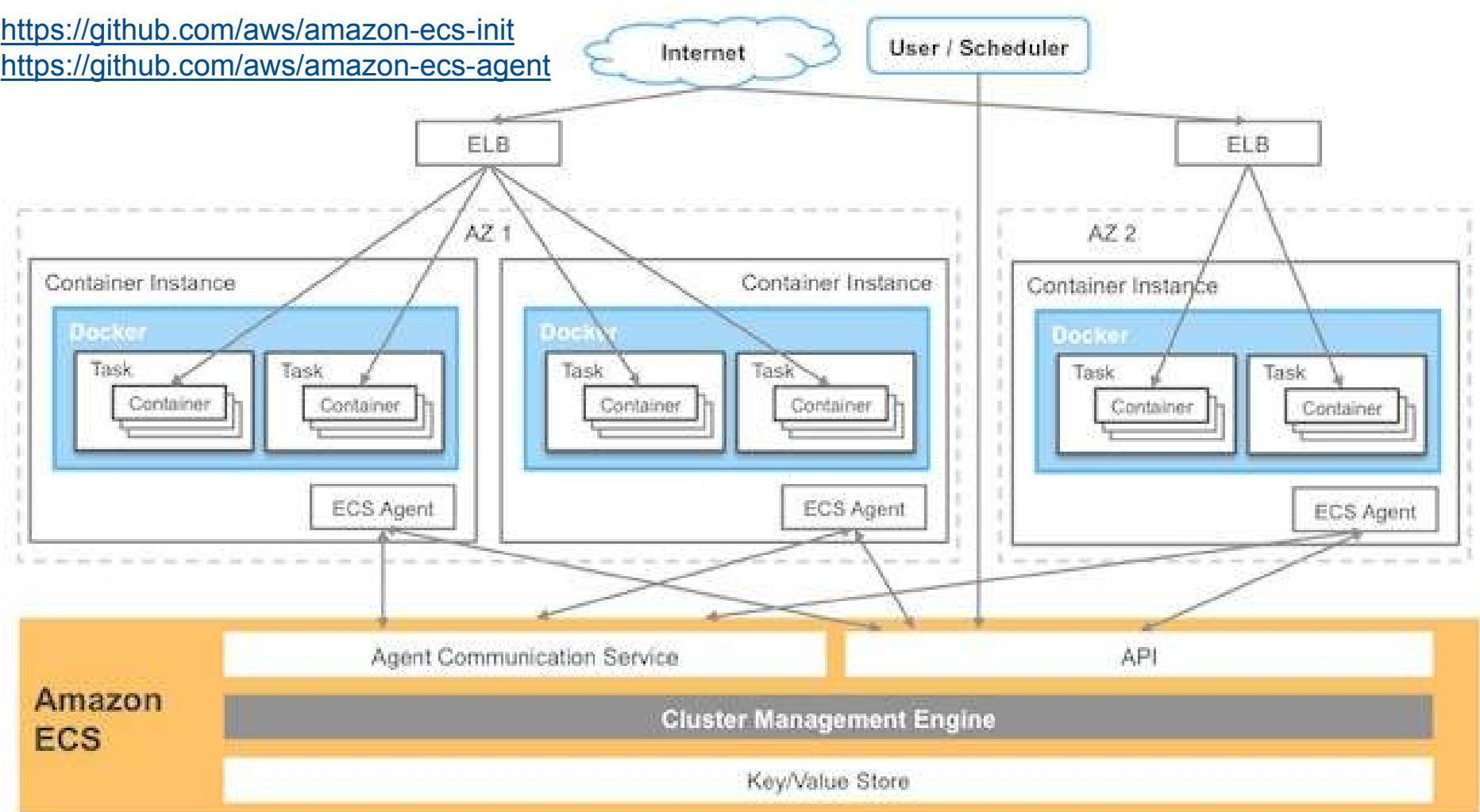
# Amazon EC2 Container Service



- Container as a Service, launched in 2015
- Built-in clustering, distributed state management, scheduling and high availability
- Amazon EC2 Container Registry (ECR) for image storage
- Developer-friendly CLI : `'ecs-cli'`
- Uses AWS Cloudformation to build all required resources
- No charge for the service itself

A **simple** and **scalable** way to manage your Dockerized applications

<https://github.com/aws/amazon-ecs-init>  
<https://github.com/aws/amazon-ecs-agent>



**Amazon  
ECS**

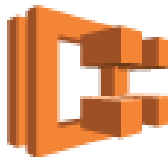
Agent Communication Service

API

Cluster Management Engine

Key/Value Store

# Amazon ECS demo



Simple PHP application hosted in **Amazon ECR** + **Docker Compose** file

```
$ ecs-cli configure --cluster myCluster --region eu-west-1
$ ecs-cli up --keypair aws-eb --capability-iam \
    --size 1 --instance-type t2.micro
$ ecs-cli compose service up

$ ecs-cli scale --size 3 --capability-iam
$ ecs-cli compose service scale 3

$ ecs-cli compose service delete
$ ecs-cli down myCluster -force
```

Homemade tool: 'ecs-find'

<https://github.com/juliensimon/aws/blob/master/ecs/ecs-find>

# AWS Lambda



- **Function as a Service**, launched in 2014
- Supports **Java**, **Python** and **Node.js**
- Write and deploy pure functions to build **event-driven** applications
- Build **APIs** in conjunction with Amazon API Gateway
- Interact with other AWS services (S3, DynamoDB, etc)
- **Pay as you go**: number of requests + execution time (100ms slots)

**The future: **serverless** applications**



# AWS Lambda demo



1. Write a simple Lambda function in Python
2. Create a REST API with API Gateway (resource + method)
3. Create a new stage
4. Deploy our API to the stage
5. Invoke the API with '*curl*'

# A simple Lambda function in Python



```
def lambda_handler(event, context):  
    result = event['value1'] + event['value2']  
    return result
```

```
aws lambda create-function --function-name myFunc \  
--handler myFunc.lambda_handler --runtime python2.7 \  
--zip-file fileb://myFunc.zip --memory-size 128 \  
--role arn:aws:iam::ACCOUNT_NUMBER:role/lambda_basic_execution
```

```
curl -H "Content-Type: application/json" \  
-X POST -d "{\"value1\":5, \"value2\":7}" \  
https://API\_ENDPOINT/STAGE/RESOURCE
```

# AWS Lambda with the Serverless framework



- Run/test AWS Lambda functions locally, or remotely
- Auto-deploys & versions your Lambda functions
- Auto-deploys your REST API to AWS API Gateway
- Auto-deploys your Lambda events
- Support for multiple stages
- Support for multiple regions within stages
- Manage & deploy AWS CloudFormation resources

<http://github.com/serverless/serverless>

Other notable frameworks: **Chalice** (Python), **Zappa** (Python), **Apex** (golang)

**And now the trip begins. Time to explore!**



# Going further with Amazon ECS

Tech articles by Werner Vogels, CTO, Amazon.com

<http://www.allthingsdistributed.com/2014/11/amazon-ec2-container-service.html>

<http://www.allthingsdistributed.com/2015/04/state-management-and-scheduling-with-ecs.html>

<http://www.allthingsdistributed.com/2015/07/under-the-hood-of-the-amazon-ec2-container-service.html>

## Amazon ECS videos @ AWS re:Invent 2015

Amazon ECS: Distributed Applications at Scale <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eun8CqGqdk8>

Turbocharge Your Deployment Pipeline with Containers <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o4w8opVCI-Q>

From Local Docker Development to Production <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7CZFpHUPqXw>

# Going further with AWS Lambda

AWS re:Invent 2014 | (MBL202) NEW LAUNCH: Getting Started with AWS Lambda

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UFj27laTWQA>

AWS re:Invent 2015 | (DEV203) Amazon API Gateway & AWS Lambda to Build Secure and Scalable APIs

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZBxWZ9bgd44>

AWS re:Invent 2015 | (DVO209) JAWS: The Monstrously Scalable Serverless Framework

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D\\_U6luQ6l90](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D_U6luQ6l90)

<https://github.com/serverless/serverless>

AWS re:Invent 2015 | (ARC308) The Serverless Company Using AWS Lambda

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=U8ODkSCJpJU>

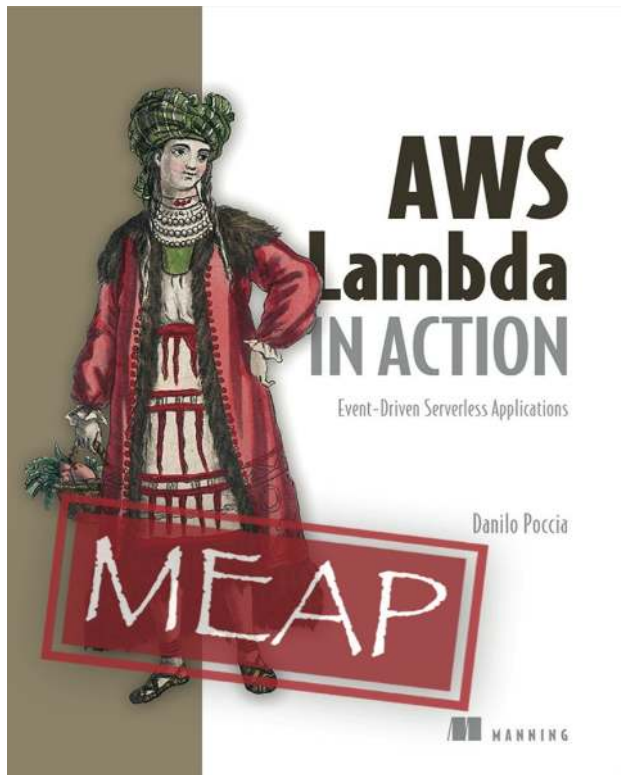
AWS re:Invent 2015 | (CMP407) Lambda as Cron: Scheduling Invocations in AWS Lambda

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FhJxTlq81AU>

Reference architectures

<http://www.allthingsdistributed.com/2016/06/aws-lambda-serverless-reference-architectures.html>

# Upcoming book on AWS Lambda



Written by AWS Technical Evangelist Danilo Poccia

Early release available at:

<https://www.manning.com/books/aws-lambda-in-action>

# More sessions

- ~~7/11, 15:00 Hands-on with AWS IoT~~
- ~~8/11, 10:00 A 60-minute tour of AWS Compute~~
- 9/11, 10:00 Deep Dive: DevOps on AWS
- 9/11, 11:00 Running Docker clusters on AWS
  
- 21/11, 11:00 Move fast, build things with AWS
- 22/11, 11:00 Deep Dive: Amazon RDS



# Danke sehr!

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