DevOps with Amazon Web Services

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Agenda

A few definitions

The DevOps story at Amazon.com

The Code* services

Infrastructure as Code

CI, CD, DevOps

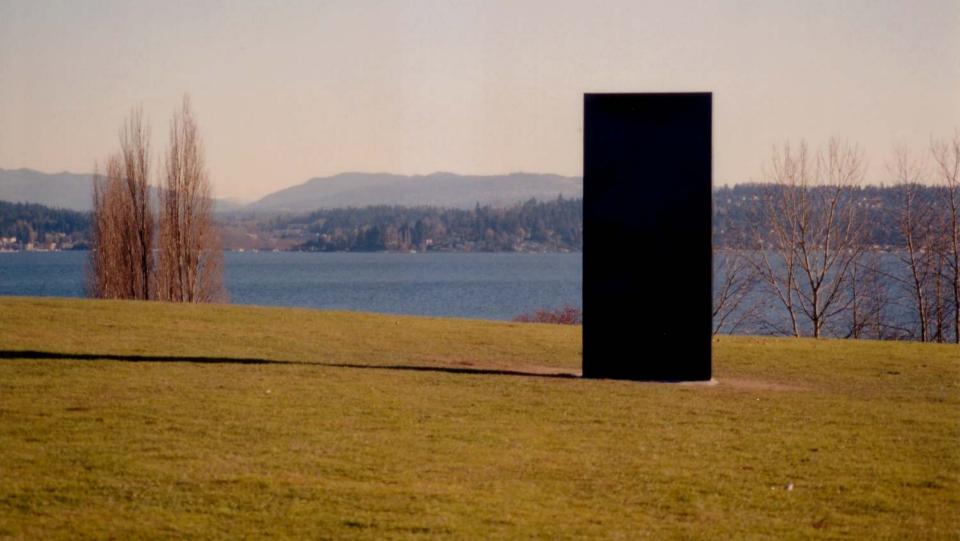
Continuous Integration: breaking down system integration into small steps by regularly merging code into a shared mainline and fully testing the updated code automatically

Continuous delivery: a software engineering approach in which teams produce software in short cycles, ensuring that the software can be reliably released at any time.

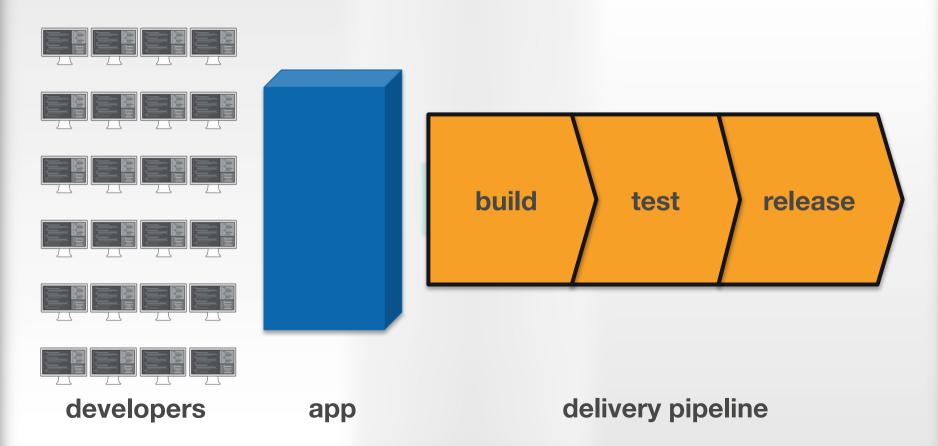
Continuous deployment: every change is automatically deployed to production

DevOps: a set of practices that emphasize the <u>collaboration</u> and <u>communication</u> of both software and operations while <u>automating</u> the process of software delivery and infrastructure changes.

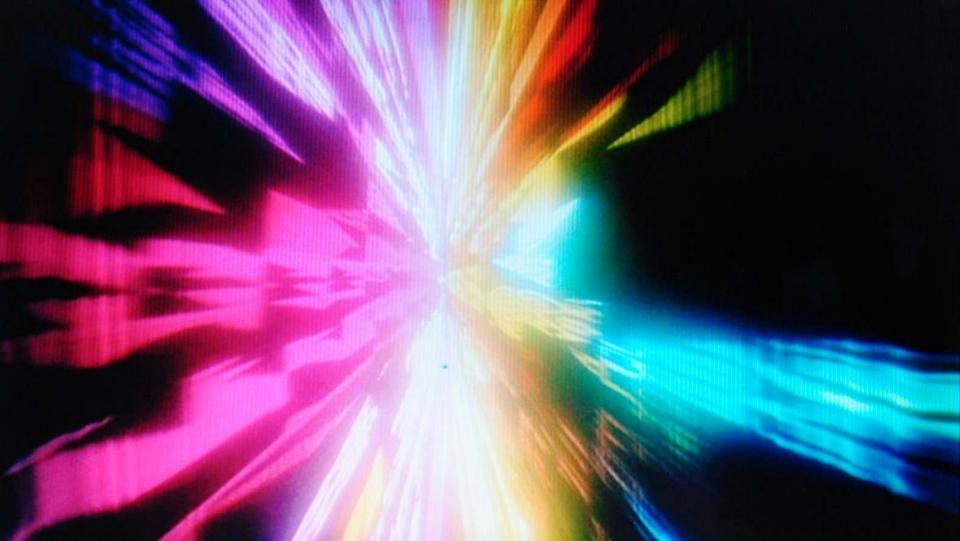
Source: Wikipedia

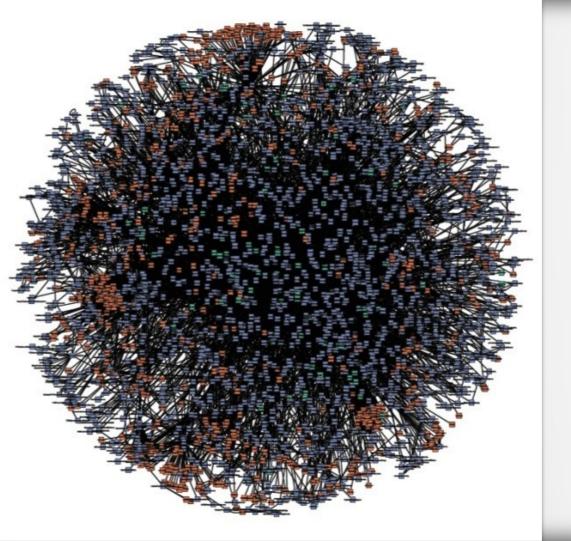


Monolith development lifecycle









Service-Oriented Architecture (SOA)

Single-purpose

Connected through APIs

Highly decoupled

"Microservices"



Two-pizza teams

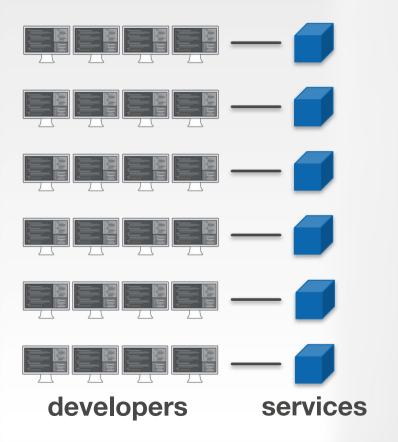
Full ownership

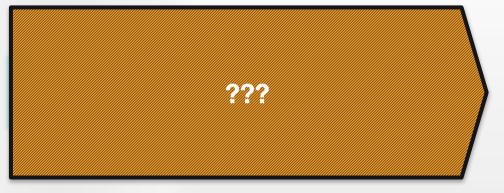
Full accountability

Aligned incentives

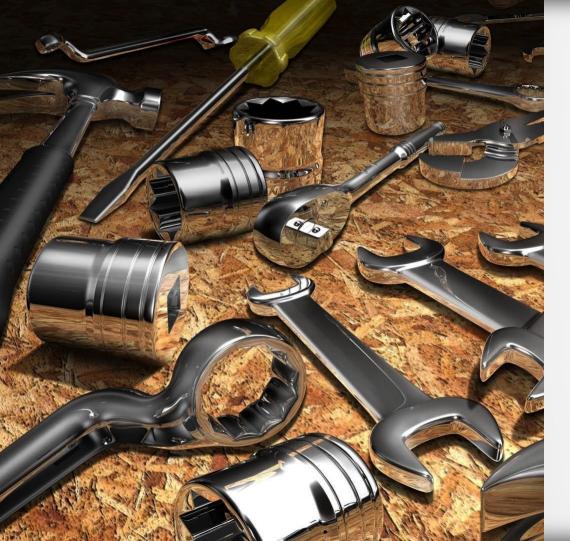
"DevOps"

Missing tools





delivery pipeline



Self-service

Technology-agnostic

Encourage best practices

Single-purpose services



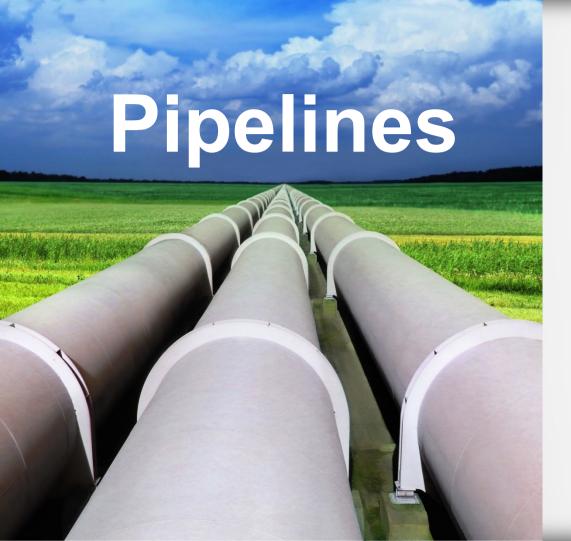
Deployment service

No downtime

Health tracking

Versioned artifacts

Rollbacks



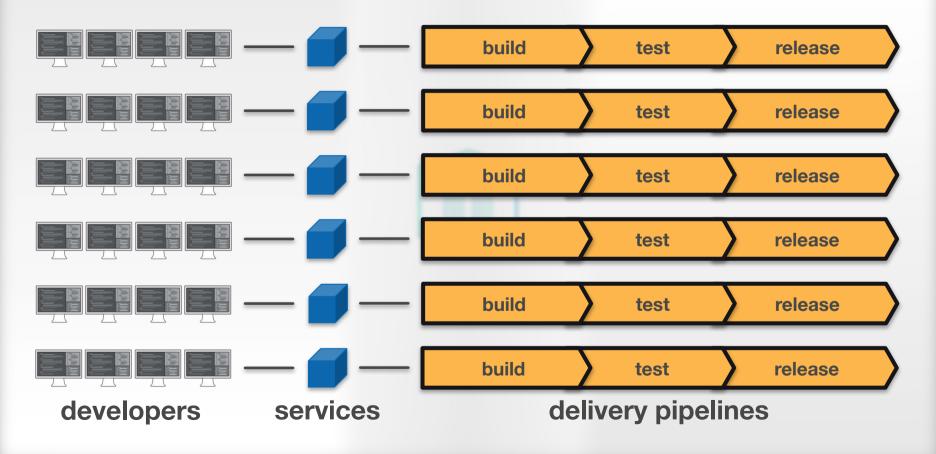
Continuous delivery

Automated release process

Faster and more reliable releases

Used by >90% of teams

DevOps development lifecycle





Thousands of teams

- × Microservice architecture
 - × Continuous delivery
 - × Multiple environments

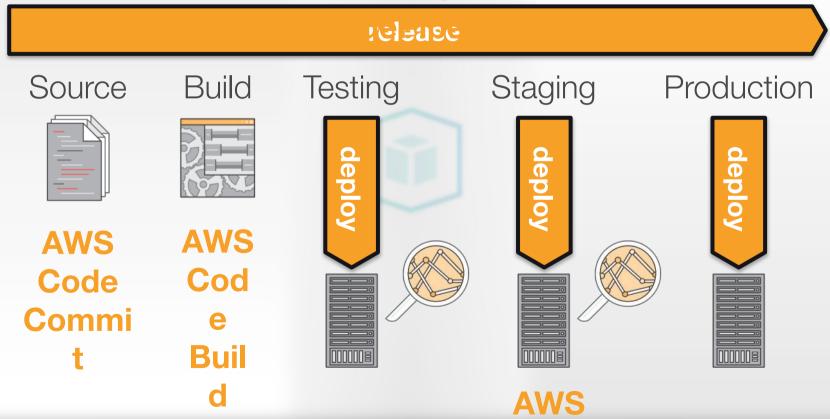
= 50 million deployments a year (1.5 deployment every second)

How can we help others do this?



Setting up a delivery pipeline

AWS



AWS Code* partners

GitHub









Jenkins



















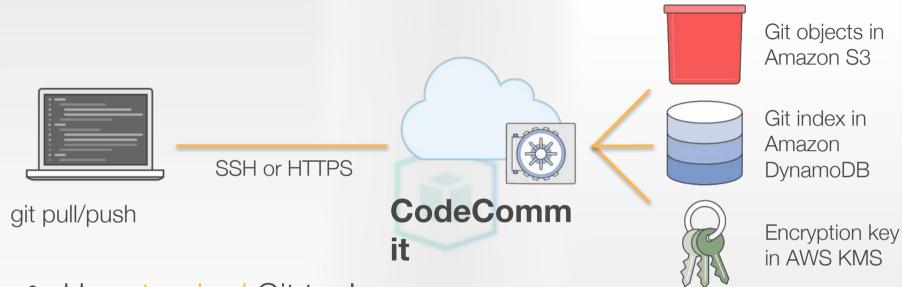






Ghost Inspector

AWS CodeCommit

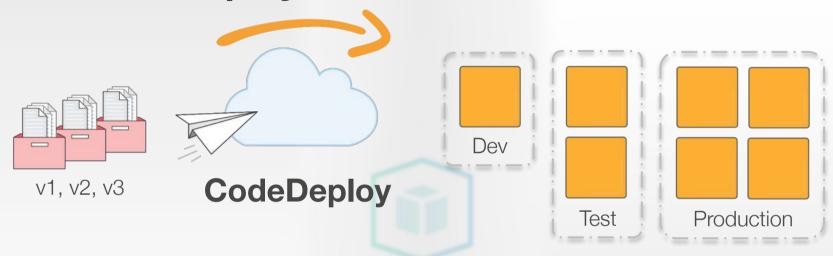


- Use standard Git tools
- Scalability, availability and durability of Amazon S3
- Encryption at rest with customer-specific keys
- Pricing: first 5 users free, then \$1 / user / month

AWS CodeBuild

- New service launched at re:Invent 2016
- Managed build environments (Linux only for now)
- Pull sources from Github, S3 or CodeCommit
- Build on an AWS-provided image or your Docker container
- Supported environments: "base", Android, Java, Go, Python, Ruby, Go, Docker
- Build commands: inline or in buildspec.yml file
- Pricing starts at \$0.005 per minute (free tier available)

AWS CodeDeploy



- Easy and reliable deployments: zero downtime, rollbacks
- Deploy to any server with agent: Linux / Windows, EC2 / onpremise
- Scale with ease: Auto Scaling groups supported
- Green-blue deployment supported
- Pricing : no extra charge for EC2

AWS CodePipeline



- Define stages: Source, Build, Test, Deploy, Invoke, Approve
- Connect to best-of-breed tools
- Build a fast, consistent and traceable release process
- S3 is used to stored source and build artefacts
- Pricing: \$1 / active pipeline / month



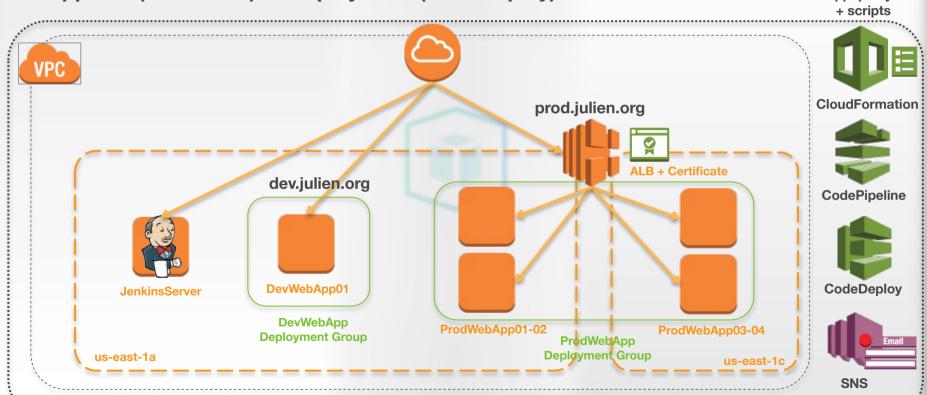
Expanded version of http://blogs.aws.amazon.com/application-management/post/Tx2ClB02ZO05ZII/Explore-Continuous-Delivery-in-AWS-with-the-Pipeline-Starter-Kit

AWS Code* demo

Source (GitHub) → Build (Jenkins) → Deploy Dev (CodeDeploy)

→ Approve (SNS Email) → Deploy Prod (CodeDeploy)





APPROVAL NEEDED: AWS CodePipeline app-name-Pipeline for action My_Approval



Email JS

Approve or reject: https://console.aws.amazon.com/codepipeline/home?region=us-east-1#/view/app-name-Pipeline/Approval/My_Approval/appro

11:15 =

Hello.

The following Approval action is waiting for your response:

-- Pipeline Details--

Pipeline name: app-name-Pipeline Stage name: Approval

Action name: My_Approval

Region: us-east-1

--Approval Details--

Content to review: http://dev.julien.org

ve/0bba2e19-4c19-4a74-87de-cdc1f9612613

Additional information: Please review this deployment

Deadline: This review request will expire on 2016-10-12T09:15Z

Sincerely, Amazon Web Services

AWS CloudFormation



```
'Conditions" : {
 "HaveNoOtherRoles" : { "Fn::Equals" : [{"Ref" : "OtherRoles"}, ""]},
                     : { "Fn::Not" : [{ "Fn::Equals" : [{"Ref" : "EbsVolumeSize"}, "0"]}] },
 "HaveEbsSnapshotId" : { "Fn::Not" : [{ "Fn::Equals" : [{"Ref" : "EbsSnapshotId"}, ""]}] },
 "HaveAdditionalTagKey": { "Fn::Not" : [{ "Fn::Equals" : [{"Ref" : "AdditionalTagKey"}, ""]}] },
 "HaveAdditionalTagValue": { "Fn::Not" : [{ "Fn::Equals" : [{"Ref" : "AdditionalTagValue"}, ""]}] },
 "HaveSSL": { "Fn::Not" : [{ "Fn::Equals" : [{"Ref" : "SSLPort"}, "0"]}] },
 "IsHTTP" : { "Fn::Equals" : [{"Ref" : "ElbProtocol"}, "HTTP"]},
 "HaveSpotPrice" : { "Fn::Not" : [{ "Fn::Equals" : [{"Ref" : "SpotPrice"}, ""]}]}
"Resources": {
 "AutoScalingGroup": {
   "Type": "AWS::AutoScaling::AutoScalingGroup",
   "UpdatePolicy" : {
     "AutoScalingRollingUpdate" : {
     "MaxBatchSize" : "1",
     "MinInstancesInService": "0".
     "PauseTime" : "PT15M",
     "WaitOnResourceSignals": "true"
   "Properties": {
     "LaunchConfigurationName": { "Ref": "LaunchConfig" },
     "LoadBalancerNames": [ { "Ref": "ElasticLoadBalancer" } ],
     "MinSize": { "Ref": "MinPoolSize" },
     "MaxSize": { "Ref": "MaxPoolSize" },
     "AvailabilityZones": { "Fn::FindInMap": ["AZConfig", "AvailabilityZones", "all"] },
     "VPCZoneIdentifier": { "Ref": "EC2SubnetsIds" },
     "Tags" : [
       { "Fn::If": [
            "HaveAdditionalTagKey",
              "Key" : { "Ref": "AdditionalTagKey" },
             "Value": {
               "Fn::If": [
                 "HaveAdditionalTagValue",
                  {"Ref": "AdditionalTagValue"},
              "PropagateAtLaunch": "true"
            {"Ref" : "AWS::NoValue"}
        { "Key" : "Name", "Value" : { "Fn::Join" : [ ".", [ { "Ref" : "ServiceName"}, { "Ref" : "EnvironmentName"
         "Key" : "cost", "Value" : { "Ref" : "Cost" }, "PropagateAtLaunch": "true" },
        { "Key" : "environment", "Value": { "Ref" : "EnvironmentName"}, "PropagateAtLaunch": "true" }
```

Why infrastructure as code rocks

Automated: save time & reduce human error

Predictable: build the same infra every time

Traceable: keep track of all changes

Testable: make sure best practices are built-in

You don't get all of this with scripting

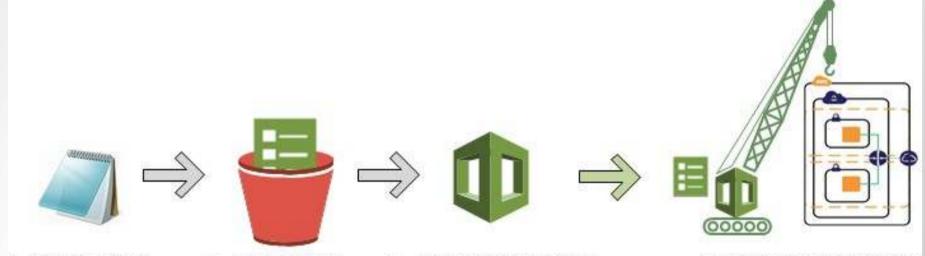
Typical use cases

- Building as many environments as you need
 - Development, staging, pre-production, production
 - Same architecture, different sizing → template + parameters
- Deploying in a different region
- Performing green / blue deployments
- Preparing for Disaster Recovery

AWS CloudFormation

- Fundamental service used to automate creation, configuration and destruction of AWS resources (VPC, EC2, RDS, etc.)
- Infrastructure is described in a template
 - JSON or YAML file. Not a script!
 - Resources, Parameters, Outputs, etc.
- CloudFormation ingests the template and builds a stack of AWS resources
- Pricing: no charge

AWS CloudFormation



1 Create or use an existing template

Save locally or in S3 bucket

Use AWS CloudFormation to create a stack based on your template

AWS CloudFormation constructs and configures the specified stack resources

CloudFormation Template

```
"AWSTemplateFormatVersion" : "version date",
"Description" : "JSON string",
"Metadata" : {
 template metadata
"Parameters" : {
 set of parameters
"Mappings" : {
 set of mappings
"Conditions" : {
 set of conditions
},
"Resources" : {
 set of resources
"Outputs" : {
  set of outputs
```

The CloudFormation CLI in one slide

```
$ aws cloudformation validate-template
--template-body file://template.json
$ aws cloudformation create-stack
--template-body file://template.json --stack-name MyTemplate
$ aws cloudformation get-template --stack-name MyTemplate
$ aws cloudformation update-stack -- stack-name MyTemplate
--template-body file://template.json
$ aws cloudformation delete-stack -- stack-name MyTemplate
```

Change sets

- CloudFormation used to be 'fire and forget'
 - Or sometimes 'fire and remember all your life';)
- Change sets have been introduced to preview effects of stack creations and stack updates
- Please use them!
 - aws cloudformation create-change-set
 - aws cloudformation describe-change-set
 - aws cloudformation execute-change-set
 - aws cloudformation delete-change-set

Closing words

- Automation is a key factor in technical & business agility
- You can use the same tools as Amazon.com!
- Zero dev infrastructure to purchase & manage
- Minimal cost
- Compatible with your existing CI/CD tools
- Not only apps, infrastructure too

Next steps

Learn more

http://aws.amazon.com/awscode

http://blogs.aws.amazon.com/application-management

https://aws.amazon.com/fr/new/#dev-tools

Get started

http://aws.amazon.com/free

http://console.aws.amazon.com

AWS User Groups



Lille

Paris

Rennes

Nantes

Bordeaux

Lyon

Montpellier

Toulouse

Côte d'Azur

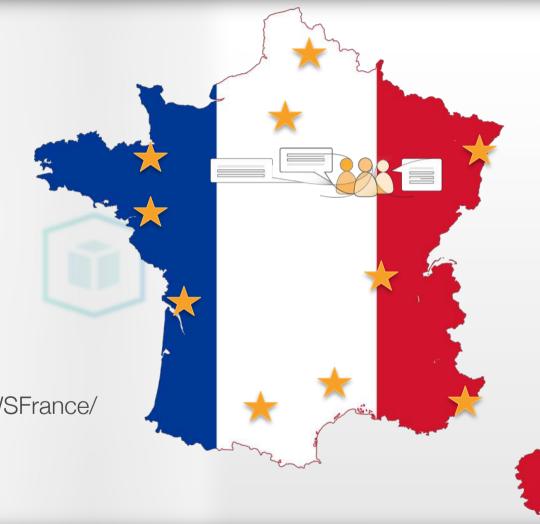
Grand Est (new!)



facebook.com/groups/AWSFrance/



@aws_actus



Thank you!



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