

# Fitness Application

Métodos Formais em Engenharia de Software

 $4^{\circ}$  ano -  $1^{\circ}$  semestre

## Mestrado Integrado em Engenharia Informática e Computação

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## 1 Descrição do Sistema

O nosso projeto é modelar uma aplicação de fitness, onde o objetivo desta aplicação é o auxílio na execução do exercício físico. Nesta aplicação é possível criar exercícios e rotas específicas. Tem, também, desafios que o utilizador pode tentar bater, por exemplo, distância percorrida ou número de calorias queimadas. Por fim, é possível adicionar amigos.

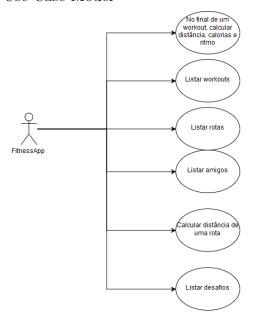
#### 1.1 Requisitos

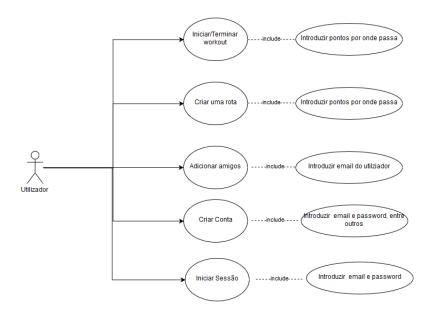
Para executar as funcionalidades descritas em cima, são necessários os seguintes requisitos:

ID	Prioridade	Descrição
R01	Obrigatória	Um utilizador iniciar e terminar um workout
R02	Obrigatória	Um utilizador no final de um workout obter duração, dis-
		tância, calorias queimadas e ritmo. E saber se quebrou
		algum desafio
R03	Obrigatória	Listar, a um utilizador, os seus workouts e respetivas infor-
		mações
R04	Obrigatória	Um utilizador definir uma nova rota
R05	Obrigatória	Um utilizador obter a distância de uma rota
R06	Obrigatória	Listar, a um utilizador, as suas rotas e respetivas informa-
		ções
R07	Obrigatória	Um administrador do sistema adicionar um novo desafio
		(distância, calorias ou ritmo)
R08	Obrigatória	Listar, a um utilizador, os desafios ativos e respetivas in-
		formações
R09	Obrigatória	Um utilizador pode criar conta
R10	Obrigatória	Um utilizador pode fazer log-in
R11	Opcional	Um utilizador adicionar amigos
R12	Opcional	Listar, a um utilizador, os seus amigos

## 2 Modelo UML

#### 2.1 Use Case Model







Cenário	Configuração
Descrição	1. Adicionar um workout
Pré-Condições	1. O utilizador pertencer ao sistema
Pós-Condições	1. O workout adicionado tem de pertencer aos workouts do
	utilizador
	1. Após criar conta e fazer log-in, o utilizador escolhe a
	opção "My Workouts"
Passos	2. No novo menu escolhe a opção "Start New Workout"
	3. Preenche os diferentes parâmetros e termina o Workout
	4. O utilizador volta ao menu anterior
Exceções	1. O utilizador interromper o workout sem o terminar

Cenário	Configuração
Descrição	1. Um utilizador obter duração, distância, calorias queima-
	das e ritmo
	1. O utilizador pertencer ao sistema
	2. O utilizador ter 1 ou mais workouts
Pré-Condições	3. A rota do workout ter mais do que um ponto
1 re-Condições	(latitude, longitude)
	4. Todos os pontos terem latitude e longitude entre -90 e
	90
	1. Duração maior ou igual a 0
Pág Condigãos	2. Distância maior ou igual a 0
Pós-Condições	3. Calorias queimadas maior ou igual a 0
	4. Ritmo maior ou igual a 0
	1. Após criar conta e fazer log-in, o utilizador escolhe a
	opção "My Workouts"
Passos	2. No novo menu escolhe a opção "View My Workouts"
Passos	3. Aparece uma lista de workouts
	4. Procurar o workout desejado e verificar as informações
	5. O utilizador volta ao menu anterior
Fyencons	1. Não existir workouts
Exceções	2. Dados inválidos que impossibilitem o cálculo dos valores

Cenário	Configuração
Descrição	1. Listar os Workouts de um utilizador
Pré-Condições	1. O utilizador pertencer ao sistema
1 re-Condições	2. O utilizador ter 0 ou mais workouts
Pos-Condições	1. Aparecer todos os workouts do utilizador no ecrã
i os-Condições	2. Apenas aparecerem workouts do utilizador
	1. Após criar conta e fazer log-in, o utilizador escolhe a
	opção "My Workouts"
Passos	2. No novo menu escolhe a opção "View My Workouts"
	3. Aparece uma lista de workouts
	4. O utilizador volta ao menu anterior
Exceções	1. O utilizador terminar o programa

Cenário	Configuração
Descrição	1. Adicionar uma rota
Pré-Condições	1. O utilizador tem de pertencer ao sistema
	1. A rota adicionada tem de pertence às rotas do utilizador
Pós-Condições	2. Todos os pontos (latitude, longitude) serem válidos,
	ou seja, valores entre -90 e 90
	1. Após criar conta e fazer log-in, o utilizador escolhe a
	opção "My Routes"
Passos	2. No novo menu escolhe a opção "Create New Route"
	3. Preencher os diferentes parâmetros
	4. O utilizador volta ao menu anterior
Exceções	1. Coordenadas inválidas
Exceções	2. O utilizador terminar o programa sem terminar a rota

Cenário	Configuração
Descrição	1. Listar as rotas de um utilizador
Pré-Condições	1. O utilizador pertencer ao sistema
1 re-Condições	2. O utilizador ter 0 ou mais rotas
Pás Condições	1. Aparecer todas as rotas do utilizador
Pós-Condições	2. Apenas aparecerem rotas do utilizador
	1. Após criar conta e fazer log-in, o utilizador escolhe a
	opção "My Routes"
Passos	2. No novo menu escolhe a opção "View My Routes"
	3. Aparece uma lista de rotas
	4. O utilizador volta ao menu anterior
Exceções	1. O utilizador terminar o programa

Cenário	Configuração
Descrição	1. Um utilizador obter a distância de uma rota
	1. O utilizador ter 1 ou mais rotas
Pró Condiaños	2. A rota ter mais do que um ponto (latitude, longitude)
1 re-Condições	3. Todos os pontos terem latitude e longitude entre -90 e
	90
Pás Condições	1. Aparecer a distância da rota no ecrã
Pos-Condições	2. A distância ser maior ou igual a 0
	1. Após criar conta e fazer log-in, o utilizador escolhe a
	opção "My Routes"
Daggog	2. No novo menu escolhe a opção "View My Routes"
1 assos	3. Aparece uma lista de rotas
	4. Procurar a rota desejada e verificar a distância
	5. O utilizador volta ao menu anterior
Fyggggg	1. Não existir rotas
Exceções	2. O utilizador terminar o programa

Cenário	Configuração
Descrição	1. Um administrador adicionar um novo desafio (distância,
	calorias ou ritmo)
Pré-Condições	1. Ser administrador do sistema
	1. O objectivo ser maior que 0
Descrição Pré-Condições Pós-Condições Passos	2. O desafio adicionado tem de pertencer aos desafios do
	sistema
	1. Fazer log-in, email: "a@d.min"e password:
	"adminadmin"
Daggag	2. Escolher a opção "Challenges"
Passos	3. No novo menu escolhe a opção "Add Challenge"
	4. Preencher os parâmetros, entre eles o tipo de desafio
	5. O utilizador volta ao menu anterior
Exceções	1. O utilizador não ser administrador do sistema

Cenário	Configuração
Descrição	1. Listar os desafios do sistema
	1. O utilizador pertencer ao sistema
Pré-Condições	2. O número de desafios do sistema ser igual ou superior a
	0
Pós-Condições	1. Aparecer todos os desafios do sistema, no ecrã
	1. Após criar conta e fazer log-in, o utilizador escolhe a
	opção "Challenges"
Passos	2. No novo menu escolhe a opção "View Challenges"
	3. Aparece uma lista de desafios
	4. O utilizador volta ao menu anterior
Exceções	1. O utilizador terminar o programa

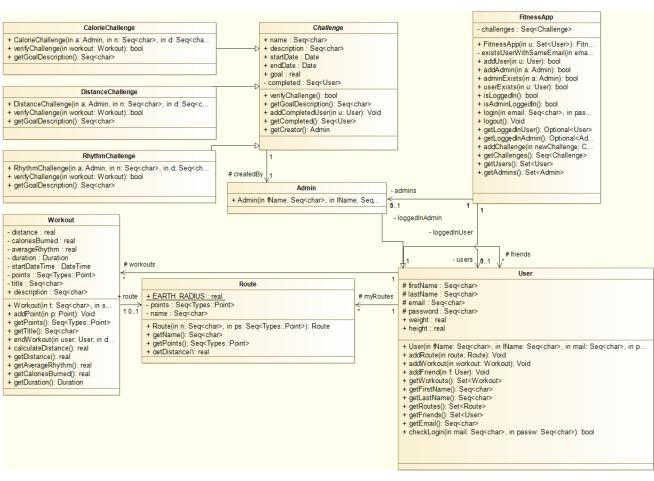
Cenário	Configuração
Descrição	1. Um utilizador criar conta
Pré-Condições	(none)
Di G li s	1. O email utilizado não existir em nenhuma conta
	2. A conta adicionada tem de pertence às contas do
Pós-Condições	sistema
Descrição Pré-Condições	3. Altura e peso maior ou igual a 0
	4. Sexo igual a masculino ou feminino
	1. No menu principal escolher a opção "Create Account"
Passos	2. Preencher os parâmetros necessários
	3. O utilizador volta ao menu principal
Exceções	1. Terminar o programa sem criar a conta

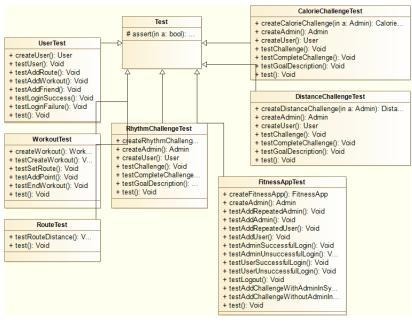
Cenário	Configuração
Descrição	1. Um utilizador fazer log-in
Pré-Condições	1. A conta existir no sistema
Pós-Condições	1. Introduzir dados válidos
	1. No menu principal escolher a opção "Login"
Passos	2. Preencher os parâmetros necessários
1 assos	3. O utilizador vai para o menu principal quando tem a
	sessão iniciada
Exceções	1. A conta não existir no sistema
Exceções	2. O utilizador terminar o programa

Cenário	Configuração
Descrição	1. Um utilizador adicionar amigos
	1. O utilizador existir no sistema
Pré-Condições	2. O novo amigo existir no sistema
	3. Introduzir um email válido
Pós-Condições	1. O novo amigo adicionado pertencer aos amigos do utili-
	zador
	1. Após criar conta e fazer log-in, o utilizador escolhe a
	opção "Manage Friends"
Passos  2. No novo menu escolhe a opção "Add New Friend"	
1 assos	3. Escrever o email do novo amigo, aparecerá uma
	mensagem dando conta do estado
	4. O utilizador volta ao menu anterior
Fyggggg	1. O novo amigo não existir no sistema
Exceções	2. O utilizador não existir no sistema

Cenário	Configuração
Descrição	1. Listar os amigos de um utilizador
Pré-Condições	1. O utilizador existir no sistema
1 re-Condições	2. O utilizador ter 0 ou mais amigos
Pós-Condições	1. Aparecer os amigos do utilizador no ecrã
	1. Após criar conta e fazer log-in, o utilizador escolhe a
	opção "Manage Friends"
Passos	2. No novo menu escolhe a opção "View My Friends"
	3. Aparece uma lista de amigos
	4. O utilizador volta ao menu anterior
Exceções	1. O utilizador terminar o programa

#### 2.2 Class Model





#### 3 Modelo Formal

#### 3.1 Admin

```
-- The Admin class is a User with augmented privileges.
class Admin is subclass of User
operations
-- Constructor. Equal to a User's.
public Admin : seq of char * seq of char * seq of char * seq of char * real * real *
    Types 'Gender \Longrightarrow Admin
Admin(fName, lName, mail, passw, w, h, g) == (
 firstName := fName;
 lastName := lName;
 email := mail;
 password := passw;
 weight := w;
 height := h;
 gender := g;
pre len mail >= 5 and len passw >= 8
post firstName = fName and lastName = lName and email = mail and password = passw and weight
    = w and height = h and gender = g;
end Admin
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
Admin	5	100.0%	195
Admin.vdmpp		100.0%	195

#### 3.2 CalorieChallenge

```
-- Represents a challenge where its goal is measured in calories.
class CalorieChallenge is subclass of Challenge
operations
public CalorieChallenge: Admin * seq of char * seq of char * Types'Date * Types'Date * real
    ⇒ CalorieChallenge
CalorieChallenge(a, n, d, s, e, g) = (
 createdBy := a;
 name := n;
 description := d;
 startDate := s;
 endDate \; := \; e\,;
 goal := g;
post\ created By = a\ and\ name = n\ and\ description = d\ and\ start Date = s\ and\ end Date = e\ and
 -- Returns true if the challenge is completed, returning false otherwise.
{\tt public \ verifyChallenge: \ Workout \Longrightarrow bool}
verifyChallenge(workout) = (
 return workout.getCaloriesBurned() >= goal;
 -- Returns a message describing the goal.
```

```
public getGoalDescription: () ⇒ seq of char
getGoalDescription() == return "Burn %s kcal";
end CalorieChallenge
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
CalorieChallenge	4	100.0%	45
getGoalDescription	22	100.0%	15
verifyChallenge	16	100.0%	15
CalorieChallenge.vdmpp		100.0%	75

#### 3.3 Challenge

```
-- Abstract class Challenge that represents a generic challenge with a goal. Subclasses
    should provide a way to interpret the goal.
class Challenge
instance variables
-- Challenge name
public name: seq of char;
 -- Challenge Description
public description: seq of char;
 -- Challenge start date
public startDate: Types'Date;
 -- Challenge end date
public endDate: Types'Date;
 -- Challenge goal
public goal: real;
-- Challenge creator
protected createdBy: Admin;
 -- Sequence of users who have completed the challenge chronologically sorted.
private completed: seq of User := [];
operations
-- Returns true if the challenge is completed, returning false otherwise.
public verifyChallenge: Workout ⇒ bool
verifyChallenge(-) == is subclass responsibility;
 -- Returns a message describing the goal.
public getGoalDescription: () => seq of char
getGoalDescription() == is subclass responsibility;
 -- Adds a user to the sequence of users who completed the challenge.
public addCompletedUser: User ⇒ ()
\begin{array}{lll} \text{addCompletedUser}(u) = & \text{(completed := [u] } ^ \text{completed)} \\ \text{post completed = [u] } ^ \text{completed} ^ \text{-}; \end{array}
 -- Returns the sequence of users who completed the challenge.
public getCompleted: () => seq of User
```

```
getCompleted() == return completed;

-- Returns the creator of this challenges.

public getCreator: () => Admin
getCreator() == return createdBy;
end Challenge
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
addCompletedUser	34	100.0%	45
getCompleted	39	100.0%	45
getCreator	43	100.0%	16
getGoalDescription	30	100.0%	16
verifyChallenge	26	100.0%	16
Challenge.vdmpp		100.0%	138

#### 3.4 DistanceChallenge

```
-- Represents a challenge where its goal is measured in distance.
class DistanceChallenge is subclass of Challenge
operations
public\ Distance Challenge:\ Admin\ *\ seq\ of\ char\ *\ seq\ of\ char\ *\ Types`Date\ *\ Types`Date\ *\ real
    ⇒ DistanceChallenge
Distance Challenge (a,\ n,\ d,\ s,\ e,\ g) = (
 createdBy \,:=\, a\,;
 name := n;
 description := d;
 startDate := s;
 endDate := e;
 goal := g;
\begin{array}{l} \text{post createdBy} = \text{a and name} = \text{n and description} = \text{d and startDate} = \text{s and endDate} = \text{e and} \end{array}
     goal = g;
 -- Returns true if the challenge is completed, returning false otherwise.
public verifyChallenge: Workout ⇒ bool
verifyChallenge(workout) = (
 return workout.getDistance() >= goal;
 -- Returns a message describing the goal.
public getGoalDescription: () => seq of char
getGoalDescription() = return "Run %s km";
end DistanceChallenge
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
DistanceChallenge	4	100.0%	61
getGoalDescription	22	100.0%	15
verifyChallenge	16	100.0%	15

DistanceChallenge.vdmpp		100.0%	91
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#### 3.5 FitnessApp

```
-- Represents all the system, includes all the information about it and handles outside
       interactions.
class FitnessApp
instance variables
 -- Users with accounts in the system. Includes both normal users and admins.
 users: map seq of char to User := \{|->\};
 -- Admins with accounts in the system
 admins: map seq of char to Admin := \{|->\};
  -- Reference to the logged in user. If nil means there is no user logged in.
 loggedInUser: [User] := nil;
  -- Reference to the logged in admin. If nil means there is no admin logged in.
  -- Note that this can be nil, but loggedInUser may not be if the user does not have admin
          privileges.
 loggedInAdmin: \; [Admin] \; := \; nil \, ;
  -- All challenges in the system
 challenges: seq of Challenge := [];
  \hbox{--} Establishes the relation between logged In User and logged In Admin. Ensures logged In User is
          never nil if an admin is logged in.
 inv \ (loggedInUser = nil \ and \ loggedInAdmin = nil) \ or \ (loggedInAdmin \Leftrightarrow nil \ and \ loggedInUser = nil) \ or \ (loggedInAdmin \Rightarrow nil \ and \ loggedInUser = nil \ and \ loggedI
          loggedInAdmin) or (loggedInUser <> nil and loggedInAdmin = nil);
 -- Ensures the map is consistent with the object information.
 inv forall email in set dom users & users(email).getEmail() = email;
operations
 -- Constructor. Allows the system to be created with some Users.
 public \ FitnessApp \colon \ set \ of \ User \Longrightarrow FitnessApp
 FitnessApp(u) =
 for all user in set u do (
  users := users ++ {user.getEmail() |-> user}
 pre forall u1, u2 in set u & u1 \Leftrightarrow u2 \Rightarrow u1.getEmail() \Leftrightarrow u2.getEmail()
 post forall user in set u & user in set rng users;
  -- Checks if there is a user with the same email as provided.
 private existsUserWithSameEmail: seq of char =>> bool
 existsUserWithSameEmail(email) == return email in set dom users;
  -- Adds a user if there is no user with the same email. If the user cannot be added, the
          operation will return false.
  -- Otherwise, it will return true.
 public addUser: User ⇒ bool
 addUser(u) == (
   if (not existsUserWithSameEmail(u.getEmail())) then (
     users := users ++ {u.getEmail() |-> u};
     return true;
   );
   return false;
```

```
post \ (RESULT = true \ and \ users = users \sim ++ \ \{u.getEmail() \ | -> u\}) \ or \ (RESULT = false \ and \ users = users \sim ++ \ \{u.getEmail() \ | -> u\})
    = users \sim);
-- Adds a admin if there is no user with the same email. If the admin cannot be added, the
    operation will return false.
-- Otherwise, it will return true.
public addAdmin: Admin ⇒ bool
addAdmin(a) = (
 if (not existsUserWithSameEmail(a.getEmail())) then (
 admins := admins ++ {a.getEmail() |-> a};
  users := users ++ \{a.getEmail() \mid -> a\};
  return true;
 );
 return false;
post (RESULT = true and admins = admins~ ++ {a.getEmail() |-> a} and users = users~ ++
    {a.getEmail() |-> a}) or (RESULT = false and users = users~ and admins = admins~);
-- Returns true if the given Admin is in the system.
public adminExists: Admin ⇒ bool
adminExists(a) = return a.getEmail() in set dom admins
post RESULT = a.getEmail() in set dom admins;
-- Returns true if the given user is in the system.
public \ userExists \colon User \Longrightarrow bool
userExists(u) == return u.getEmail() in set dom users
post RESULT = u.getEmail() in set dom users;
-- Returns true if there is a user logged in.
public isLoggedIn: () ⇒ bool
is Logged In() = return \ logged In User \Leftrightarrow nil
post RESULT = (loggedInUser ⇔ nil);
-- Returns true if there is a admin logged in.
public isAdminLoggedIn: () ⇒ bool
isAdminLoggedIn() = return loggedInAdmin <> nil
post RESULT = (loggedInAdmin <> nil);
-- Logs the user (or admin) in. Returns true if successful and updates the loggedInUser and
    loggedInAdmin variables.
public login: seq of char * seq of char ⇒ bool
login (email, password) == (
 dcl admin: Admin;
 dcl user: User;
 if (len email < 5 or len password < 8) then
 return false;
 if (email in set dom admins) then (
  admin := admins(email);
  if admin.checkLogin(email, password) then (
  loggedInUser := admin;
   loggedInAdmin := admin;
   return true;
  );
 );
```

```
if (email in set dom users) then (
  user := users(email);
  if user.checkLogin(email, password) then (
   loggedInUser := user;
   return true;
  );
 );
 return false;
post (RESULT = true and loggedInUser \Leftrightarrow nil) or RESULT = false;
-- Logs the user out, updating the state variables.
public logout: () \Longrightarrow ()
logout() = (
 loggedInUser := nil;
 loggedInAdmin := nil;
pre loggedInUser \Leftrightarrow nil
post loggedInUser = nil and loggedInAdmin = nil;
-- Returns the user currently logged in.
public getLoggedInUser: () ⇒ [User]
getLoggedInUser() == return loggedInUser;
-- Returns the admin currently logged in.
public getLoggedInAdmin: () ⇒ [Admin]
getLoggedInAdmin() == return loggedInAdmin;
-- Adds a challenge to the system.
public addChallenge: Challenge ⇒ ()
addChallenge(newChallenge) = (
 if (newChallenge.getCreator() = loggedInAdmin) then (
  challenges := [newChallenge] ^ challenges
 );
post (loggedInAdmin \Leftrightarrow nil and challenges = [newChallenge] ^ challenges~) or (loggedInAdmin
    = nil and challenges = challenges~);
-- Returns the sequence of challenges
public getChallenges: () ⇒ seq of Challenge
getChallenges() == return challenges;
-- Returns the set of users.
public getUsers: () => set of User
getUsers() == return rng users;
-- Returns the set of admins.
public getAdmins: () => set of Admin
getAdmins() = return rng admins;
end FitnessApp
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
FitnessApp	27	100.0%	168

addAdmin	54	100.0%	36
addChallenge	135	100.0%	10
addUser	41	100.0%	36
adminExists	67	100.0%	18
existsUserWithSameEmail	36	100.0%	72
getAdmins	152	100.0%	24
getChallenges	144	100.0%	10
getLoggedInAdmin	131	100.0%	22
getLoggedInUser	127	100.0%	22
getUsers	148	100.0%	24
isAdminLoggedIn	82	100.0%	78
isLoggedIn	77	100.0%	90
login	87	100.0%	8
logout	118	100.0%	5
userExists	72	100.0%	36
FitnessApp.vdmpp		100.0%	659

#### 3.6 RhythmChallenge

```
-- Represents a challenge where its goal is measured in rhythm.
class RhythmChallenge is subclass of Challenge
operations
public RhythmChallenge: Admin * seq of char * seq of char * Types'Date * Types'Date * real
     > RhythmChallenge
RhythmChallenge(a, n, d, s, e, g) == (
 createdBy := a;
  name \; := \; n \, ;
  description := d;
  startDate \,:=\, s\,;
  endDate := e;
  goal := g;
post createdBy = a and name = n and description = d and startDate = s and endDate = e and
 -- Returns true if the challenge is completed, returning false otherwise.
 public \ verify Challenge \colon \ Workout \Longrightarrow bool
 verifyChallenge(workout) == (
 return workout.getAverageRhythm() >= goal;
 -- Returns a message describing the goal.
\begin{array}{lll} {\rm public~getGoalDescription\colon\,()} \Longrightarrow {\rm seq~of~char} \\ {\rm getGoalDescription}() \Longrightarrow {\rm return~"Rum~at~a~pace~of~\%s~min/km"}; \end{array}
end RhythmChallenge
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
RhythmChallenge	4	100.0%	45
getGoalDescription	22	100.0%	15
verifyChallenge	16	100.0%	15

RhythmChallenge.vdmpp		100.0%	75
-----------------------	--	--------	----

#### 3.7 Route

```
-- Represents a route taken in an activity.
class Route
values
-- Earth radius in kilometers
public EARTH RADIUS: real = 6373;
instance variables
-- Points this route goes through.
points: seq of Types'Point := [];
-- This route's name.
name: seq of char;
 -- Ensure sure this route always has at least 2 points.
inv len points > 1;
operations
 public Route: seq of char * seq of Types'Point ⇒ Route
Route(n, ps) = (
  name \ := \ n \, ;
   points := ps;
 post len points = len ps and points = ps and name = n;
 -- Returns the route's name.
public getName: () => seq of char
getName() == return name;
 -- Returns the points this route goes through
public getPoints: () => seq of Types'Point
getPoints() == return points;
 -- Calculates the real distance between Points
  public getDistance: () ⇒ real
  getDistance() == (
dcl totalDistance: real := 0;
  -- Source: http://www.geodatasource.com/developers/javascript
 \label{eq:dcl_dcl_dcl} \texttt{dcl} \ \texttt{upperBound: real} := (\texttt{len points}) \ \texttt{-} \ 1;
 for i = 1 to upperBound do (
   dcl radLat1: real := MATH pi * points(i).lat / 180;
   dcl radLat2: real := MATH pi * points(i+1).lat / 180;
   dcl theta: real := points(i).long - points(i+1).long;
dcl radTheta: real := MATH pi * theta / 180;
dcl dist: real := MATH sin(radLat1) * MATH sin(radLat2) + MATH cos(radLat1) *
       MATH cos(radLat2) * MATH cos(radTheta);
   dist := MATH acos(dist);
   \label{eq:dist} \operatorname{dist} \; := \; \operatorname{dist} \; * \; 180 \; / \; \operatorname{MATH} \operatorname{pi};
   dist := dist * 60 * 1.1515;
   dist := dist * 1.609344;
   totalDistance := totalDistance + dist;
  );
 return totalDistance;
);
end Route
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
Route	16	100.0%	45
getDistance	32	100.0%	15
getName	24	100.0%	15
getPoints	28	100.0%	15
Route.vdmpp		100.0%	90

#### 3.8 Types

```
-- Class that houses all the types used in the system.
class Types
types
-- Represents a moment in time by its date and time.
public DateTime :: date: Date
         time: Time;
 -- Represents a duration.
public Duration :: hours : int
           minutes: int
           seconds: int
 inv duration ==
  duration.minutes >= 0 and duration.minutes < 60 and
  duration.seconds >= 0 and duration.seconds < 60 and
  {\tt duration.hours} >= 0;
 -- Represents a moment of a day.
public Time :: hours : int
           minutes: int
           seconds: int
 inv time ===
  time.minutes >= 0 and time.minutes < 60 and
  time.seconds \geq 0 and time.seconds < 60 and
  time.hours >= 0 and time.hours < 24;
 -- Ensures time
 -- Represents a date.
public Date :: year : int
        month: int
        day: int
inv date ==
 date.year >= 0 and date.month > 0 and date.month <= 12 and date.day > 0 and date.day <= 31;
 -- Represents the type of an activity
public Activity = <Bycicle> | <Running> | <Walking>;
 -- Represents a gender
public Gender = <Masculine> | <Feminine>;
 -- Represents a point with latitude and longitude.
public Point :: lat : real
        long : real;
functions
public static toMinutes: Types'Duration -> real
toMinutes(duration) = duration.minutes + duration.hours*60 + duration.seconds/60;
end Types
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
toMinutes	44	0.0%	0
Types.vdmpp		100.0%	0

#### 3.9 User

```
class User
instance variables
-- User's first name
protected firstName: seq of char;
-- User's last name
protected lastName: seq of char;
-- Workouts the user has completed
protected workouts: set of Workout := {};
-- Routes the user has created
protected myRoutes: set of Route := {};
-- Friends the user has added
protected friends: set of User := {};
-- User's email
protected email: seq of char;
-- User's password
protected password: seq of char;
 -- User's gender
public gender: Types'Gender;
-- User's weight in kilograms
public weight: real;
 -- User's height in meters
public height: real;
-- Restricts some invalid emails. At least 5 characters are needed to write a simple e-mail,
    eg.: a@b.c
inv len email >= 5;
operations
public User : seq of char * seq of char * seq of char * seq of char * real * real *
Types'Gender ⇒ User
User(fName, lName, mail, passw, w, h, g) = (
 firstName := fName;
 lastName := lName;
 email := mail;
 password := passw;
 weight := w;
 height := h;
 gender := g;
pre len mail >= 5 and len passw >= 8 and h > 0 and w > 0
post firstName = fName and lastName = lName and email = mail and password = passw and weight
    = w and height = h and gender = g;
-- Adds a route to user's routes
public addRoute: Route ⇒ ()
```

```
addRoute(route) == myRoutes := myRoutes union {route}
 post route in set myRoutes;
-- Adds a complete workout to the set of complete workouts
public addWorkout: Workout ⇒ ()
 addWorkout(workout) == workouts := workouts union {workout}
 post workout in set workouts;
-- Add a friend to user's set of friends
public addFriend: User ⇒ ()
 addFriend(f) = (
  friends := friends union {f};
  if self not in set f.getFriends()
  then f.addFriend(self);
 pre f ⇔ self
 post f in set friends;
-- Returns the user's workouts
public getWorkouts: () => set of Workout
getWorkouts() == return workouts;
 -- Returns the user's first name
public getFirstName: () => seq of char
getFirstName() == return firstName;
-- Returns the user's last name
public getLastName: () \Longrightarrow seq of char
getLastName() == return lastName;
-- Returns the user's routes
public getRoutes: () ⇒ set of Route
getRoutes() == return myRoutes;
-- Returns the user's friends
public getFriends: () ⇒ set of User
getFriends() == return friends;
-- Returns the user's email
public pure getEmail: () ⇒ seq of char
getEmail() = return email;
-- Checks if the email and password combination matches
public checkLogin: seq of char * seq of char ⇒ bool
checkLogin(mail, passw) = (
 return email = mail and password = passw;
post RESULT = (email = mail and password = passw);
end User
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
User	36	100.0%	437

addFriend	60	100.0%	30
addRoute	50	100.0%	15
addWorkout	55	100.0%	15
checkLogin	94	100.0%	89
getEmail	90	100.0%	1732
getFirstName	74	100.0%	15
getFriends	86	100.0%	45
getLastName	78	100.0%	15
getRoutes	82	100.0%	15
getWorkouts	70	100.0%	15
User.vdmpp		100.0%	2423

#### 3.10 Workout

```
class Workout
types
instance variables
 \label{eq:distance:real} \mbox{distance: real := 0; -- In km}
  \begin{array}{lll} caloriesBurned\colon \ real \ := \ 0; \ \mbox{--} \ In \ km \\ averageRhythm\colon \ real \ := \ 0; \ \mbox{--} \ In \ min/km \\ \end{array} 
 duration: Types' Duration; -- In min
 startDateTime: Types'DateTime;
 activity: Types' Activity;
 points: seq of Types'Point := [];
 title: seq of char;
public route: [Route] := nil;
 public description: seq of char;
 inv distance >= 0;
 inv caloriesBurned >= 0;
 inv averageRhythm >= 0;
 \texttt{public Workout: seq of char * Types'DateTime * Types'Activity * Types'Point} \Longrightarrow \texttt{Workout}
 Workout(t, sd, a, p) = (
  title := t;
  startDateTime := sd;
  activity := a;
  points := points ^[p];
 post\ startDateTime = sd\ and\ activity = a\ and\ title = t\ and\ len\ points > 0\ and\ points(len\ activity)
      points) = p and route = nil;
 \begin{array}{ll} public \ addPoint \colon Types `Point \Longrightarrow () \\ addPoint(p) = points := points \ \widehat{\ } [p] \end{array}
  post len points > 0 and points(len points) = p;
 public \ getPoints \colon \ () \Longrightarrow seq \ of \ Types `Point
 getPoints() == return points;
 public getTitle: () => seq of char
 getTitle() == return title;
 \verb"public" endWorkout: User * Types' Duration \Longrightarrow ()
 endWorkout(user, d) == (
```

```
duration := d;
  distance := calculateDistance();
 caloriesBurned := distance * user.weight * 1.036;
averageRhythm := distance / Types'toMinutes(duration);
 public \ calculateDistance \colon \ () \Longrightarrow real \ \text{--} \ returns \ in \ kms
  calculateDistance() = (
  dcl totalDistance: real := 0;
   -- Source: http://www.geodatasource.com/developers/javascript
  dcl upperBound: real := (len points) - 1;
  for i = 1 to upperBound do (
    dcl radLat1: real := MATH pi * points(i).lat / 180;
dcl radLat2: real := MATH pi * points(i+1).lat / 180;
    dcl theta: real := points(i).long - points(i+1).long;
dcl radTheta: real := MATH pi * theta / 180;
    dcl dist: real := MATH sin(radLat1) * MATH sin(radLat2) + MATH cos(radLat1) *
        MATH cos (radLat2) * MATH cos (radTheta);
    dist := MATH acos(dist);
    dist := dist * 180 / MATH pi;
dist := dist * 60 * 1.1515;
    dist := dist * 1.609344;
    totalDistance := totalDistance + dist;
   return totalDistance;
  );
  public getDistance: () ⇒ real
  getDistance() == return distance;
  public \ getAverageRhythm: \ () \Longrightarrow real
  getAverageRhythm() == return averageRhythm;
  public getCaloriesBurned: () ⇒ real
  getCaloriesBurned() == return caloriesBurned;
  public getDuration: () =>> Types'Duration
 getDuration() == return duration;
end Workout
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
Workout	19	100.0%	120
addPoint	28	100.0%	75
calculateDistance	46	100.0%	60
endWorkout	38	100.0%	60
getAverageRhythm	71	100.0%	30
getCaloriesBurned	74	100.0%	30
getDistance	68	100.0%	30
getDuration	77	100.0%	15
getPoints	32	100.0%	30
getTitle	35	100.0%	15

Workout.vdmpp	100.0%	465

#### 4 Validação do Modelo

#### 4.1 Test

```
class Test
operations

protected assert : bool ⇒ ()
assert(a) == return
pre a
end Test
```

#### 4.2 CalorieChallengeTest

```
class CalorieChallengeTest is subclass of Test
operations
public createCalorieChallenge: Admin ⇒ CalorieChallenge
createCalorieChallenge(a) ==
 return\ new\ Calorie Challenge (a,\ "Testing\ Challenge",\ "Lets\ test\ Challenge\ class",
      mk\_Types\,`Date\,(\,2017\,,12\,,24\,)\;,\;\;mk\_Types\,`Date\,(\,2017\,,12\,,30\,)\;,\;\;20\,)\;;
 public createAdmin: () => Admin
createAdmin() ==
 return new Admin("Bernardo", "Belchior", "b@b.c", "12345678", 70, 1.70, <Masculine>);
\mathtt{public} \ \mathtt{createUser:} \ () \Longrightarrow \mathtt{User}
createUser() ==
 return new User("Nuno", "Ramos", "a@b.c", "12345678", 70, 1.70, <Masculine>);
public testChallenge: () \Longrightarrow ()
 testChallenge() == (
 dcl c: CalorieChallenge := createCalorieChallenge(createAdmin());
 assert(c.name = "Testing Challenge");
assert(c.description = "Lets test Challenge class");
  assert(c.startDate = mk\_Types'Date(2017,12,24));
  assert (c.endDate = mk_Types' Date (2017,12,30));
 public testCompleteChallenge: () ⇒ ()
testCompleteChallenge() == (
 dcl c: CalorieChallenge := createCalorieChallenge(createAdmin());
  dcl w: Workout := new Workout ("Morning Run", mk_Types 'DateTime (mk_Types 'Date(2017,12,21),
      mk_Types'Time(16, 37, 00)), <Running>, mk_Types'Point(0, 0));
  dcl u: User := createUser();
 dcl p: Types'Point := mk_Types'Point(10, 10);
 w.addPoint(p);
 w.endWorkout(u, mk_Types'Duration(0, 10, 0));
 assert (true = c.verifyChallenge(w));
 c.addCompletedUser(u);
 assert(u in set elems c.getCompleted());
);
```

```
public testGoalDescription: () => ()

testGoalDescription() == (
    dcl c: CalorieChallenge := createCalorieChallenge(createAdmin());
    dcl a: seq of char := c.getGoalDescription();
    assert(a = "Burn %s kcal");
);

public test: () => ()
test() == (
    testChallenge();
testCompleteChallenge();
testGoalDescription();
)
end CalorieChallengeTest
```

#### 4.3 DistanceChallengeTest

```
class DistanceChallengeTest is subclass of Test
operations
public createDistanceChallenge: Admin =>> DistanceChallenge
createDistanceChallenge(a) =
 return new DistanceChallenge(a, "Testing Challenge", "Lets test Challenge class", mk_Types'Date(2017,12,24), mk_Types'Date(2017,12,30), 20);
public\ createAdmin:\ () \Longrightarrow Admin
createAdmin() ==
 return new Admin("Bernardo", "Belchior", "b@b.c", "12345678", 70, 1.70, <Masculine>);
 public createUser: () ⇒ User
createUser() ==
 return new User("Nuno", "Ramos", "a@b.c", "12345678", 70, 1.70, <Masculine>);
public\ testChallenge:\ () \Longrightarrow ()
testChallenge() = (
 dcl c: DistanceChallenge := createDistanceChallenge(createAdmin());
 assert(c.name = "Testing Challenge");
  assert(c.description = "Lets test Challenge class");
 assert(c.startDate = mk\_Types'Date(2017,12,24));
 assert(c.endDate = mk\_Types'Date(2017,12,30));
 public testCompleteChallenge: () ⇒ ()
testCompleteChallenge() == (
 dcl c: DistanceChallenge := createDistanceChallenge(createAdmin());
  dcl w: Workout := new Workout ("Morning Run", mk_Types DateTime (mk_Types Date(2017,12,21),
      mk\_Types`Time(16\,,\ 37\,,\ 00))\,,\,\, <\!Running\!>,\,\, mk\_Types`Point(0\,,\ 0))\,;
  dcl u: User := createUser();
 dcl p: Types'Point := mk_Types'Point(10, 10);
 w.addPoint(p);
 w.endWorkout(u, mk_Types'Duration(0, 10, 0));
  assert(true = c.verifyChallenge(w));
 c.addCompletedUser(u);
  assert(u \ in \ set \ elems \ c.getCompleted());
```

```
public testGoalDescription: () =>> ()

testGoalDescription() == (
    dcl c: DistanceChallenge := createDistanceChallenge(createAdmin());
    dcl a: seq of char := c.getGoalDescription();
    assert(a = "Run %s km");
);

public test: () => ()
    test() == (
    testChallenge();
    testCompleteChallenge();
    testGoalDescription();
)
end DistanceChallengeTest
```

#### 4.4 FitnessAppTest

```
class FitnessAppTest is subclass of Test
operations
public static main() == (
 new UserTest().test();
 new WorkoutTest().test();
 new CalorieChallengeTest().test();
 new DistanceChallengeTest().test();
 new RhythmChallengeTest().test();
 new RouteTest().test();
 new FitnessAppTest().test();
);
public\ createFitnessApp:\ () \Longrightarrow FitnessApp
createFitnessApp() = (
 <Masculine>)});
);
public createAdmin: () => Admin
createAdmin() =
 return new Admin("Bernardo", "Belchior", "b@b.c", "12345678", 70, 1.70, <Masculine>);
public testAddRepeatedAdmin: () ⇒ ()
testAddRepeatedAdmin() == (
 dcl f: FitnessApp := createFitnessApp();
 dcl a: Admin := new Admin("John", "Doe", "b@b.d", "12345678", 70, 1.70, <Masculine>);
 dcl userLen: nat := card f.getUsers();
 dcl adminLen: nat := card f.getAdmins();
 assert(not f.adminExists(a));
 assert (not f.userExists(a));
 assert(f.addAdmin(a));
 assert(f.addAdmin(a) = false);
 assert(card f.getUsers() = userLen + 1);
```

```
assert(card f.getAdmins() = adminLen + 1);
);
public testAddAdmin: () ⇒ ()
testAddAdmin() = (
 dcl f: FitnessApp := createFitnessApp();
 dcl a: Admin := new Admin("John", "Doe", "b@b.d", "12345678", 70, 1.70, <Masculine>);
 assert(not f.adminExists(a));
 assert(not f.userExists(a));
 assert (f.addAdmin(a));
 assert(f.userExists(a));
 assert (f.adminExists(a));
public testAddRepeatedUser: () ⇒ ()
testAddRepeatedUser() = (
 estAddRepeatedUser() — (
dcl f: FitnessApp := createFitnessApp();

""" — """ User("John", "Doe", "b@b.d", "12345678", 70, 1.70, <Masculine>);
 dcl userLen: nat := card f.getUsers();
 dcl adminLen: nat := card f.getAdmins();
 assert(not f.userExists(u));
 assert (f.addUser(u));
 assert(f.addUser(u) = false);
 assert(card f.getUsers() = userLen + 1);
 assert(card f.getAdmins() = adminLen);
public testAddUser: () \Longrightarrow ()
testAddUser() = (
 dcl f: FitnessApp := createFitnessApp();
 dcl u: User := new User("John", "Doe", "b@b.d", "12345678", 70, 1.70, <Masculine>);
 assert(not f.userExists(u));
 assert (f.addUser(u));
 assert (f.userExists(u));
public testAdminSuccessfulLogin: () ⇒ ()
testAdminSuccessfulLogin() = (
 dcl \ f: \ FitnessApp := createFitnessApp();
 dcl a: Admin := new Admin("John", "Doe", "d@d.b", "12345678", 70, 1.70, <Masculine>);
 assert (f.addAdmin(a));
 assert(not f.isAdminLoggedIn());
 assert(not f.isLoggedIn());
 assert(f.login("d@d.b", "12345678"));
 assert(f.isAdminLoggedIn());
 assert(f.isLoggedIn());
 assert(f.getLoggedInUser() = a);
 assert(f.getLoggedInAdmin() = a);
);
public testAdminUnsuccessfulLogin: () ⇒ ()
testAdminUnsuccessfulLogin() == (
 dcl \ f: \ FitnessApp := \ createFitnessApp();
 dcl a: Admin := new Admin("John", "Doe", "d@d.c", "12345678", 70, 1.70, <Masculine>);
 assert (f.addAdmin(a));
 assert(not f.isAdminLoggedIn());
 assert(not f.isLoggedIn());
 assert(not f.login("a", "invalid")); -- Tests if len email < 5
```

```
assert(not f.isAdminLoggedIn());
 assert(not f.isLoggedIn());
 assert (not f.login ("invalid",
                                 "invalid")); -- Tests if len password < 8
 assert(not f.isAdminLoggedIn());
 assert(not f.isLoggedIn());
 assert (not f.login ("invalid", "invalid1")); -- Tests if combination email, password is not
     found
 assert(not f.isAdminLoggedIn());
 assert(not f.isLoggedIn());
 assert(f.getLoggedInUser() = nil);
 assert (f.getLoggedInAdmin() = nil);
public testUserSuccessfulLogin: () ⇒ ()
testUserSuccessfulLogin() == (
 dcl f: FitnessApp := createFitnessApp();
dcl u: User := new User("John", "Doe", "d@d.b", "12345678", 70, 1.70, <Masculine>);
 assert(f.addUser(u));
 assert(not f.isAdminLoggedIn());
 assert(not f.isLoggedIn());
assert(f.login("d@d.b", "12345678"));
 assert(not f.isAdminLoggedIn());
 assert (f.isLoggedIn());
 assert(f.getLoggedInUser() = u);
 assert(f.getLoggedInAdmin() = nil);
public testUserUnsuccessfulLogin: () ⇒ ()
testUserUnsuccessfulLogin() == (
 dcl f: FitnessApp := createFitnessApp();
dcl u: User := new User("John", "Doe", "d@b.d", "12345678", 70, 1.70, <Masculine>);
 assert (f.addUser(u));
 assert(not f.isAdminLoggedIn());
 assert(not f.isLoggedIn());
 assert(not f.login("a", "invalid")); -- Tests if len email < 5
 assert(not f.isAdminLoggedIn());
 assert(not f.isLoggedIn());
 assert(not f.login("invalid", "invalid")); -- Tests if len password < 8
 assert(not f.isAdminLoggedIn());
 assert(not f.isLoggedIn());
 assert (not f.login ("invalid", "invalid1")); -- Tests if combination email, password is not
     found
 assert(not f.isAdminLoggedIn());
 assert(not f.isLoggedIn());
 assert(f.getLoggedInUser() = nil);
 assert(f.getLoggedInAdmin() = nil);
public testLogout: () ⇒ ()
testLogout() = (
 dcl f: FitnessApp := createFitnessApp();
dcl u: User := new User("John", "Doe", "d@b.c", "12345678", 70, 1.70, <Masculine>);
 assert(f.addUser(u));
 assert(not f.isLoggedIn());
 assert(f.login("a@b.c", "12345678"));
 assert(f.isLoggedIn());
 f.logout();
assert(not f.isLoggedIn());
 assert(not f.isAdminLoggedIn());
);
```

```
public testAddChallengeWithAdminInSystem: () ⇒ ()
testAddChallengeWithAdminInSystem() == (
 dcl f: FitnessApp := createFitnessApp();
 dcl a: Admin := createAdmin();
 \verb|dcl| c: Challenge| := new DistanceChallenge| (a, "Test", "Because we need to test",
      mk\_Types`Date(2018,\ 1,\ 1)\ ,\ mk\_Types`Date(2018,\ 2,\ 1)\ ,\ 10)\ ;
 assert (f.addAdmin(a));
 assert(f.login("b@b.c", "12345678"));
 f.addChallenge(c);
 assert(c in set elems f.getChallenges());
public testAddChallengeWithoutAdminInSystem: () ⇒ ()
testAddChallengeWithoutAdminInSystem() == (
 dcl f: FitnessApp := createFitnessApp();
 dcl c: Challenge := new DistanceChallenge(createAdmin(), "Test", "Because we need to test",
     mk_Types' Date(2018, 1, 1), mk_Types' Date(2018, 2, 1), 10);
 f.addChallenge(c);
 assert(not c in set elems f.getChallenges());
public test: () ⇒ ()
test() == (
 testAddAdmin();
 testAddRepeatedAdmin();
 testAddUser();
 testAddRepeatedUser();
 testAdminSuccessfulLogin();
 testAdminUnsuccessfulLogin();
 testUserSuccessfulLogin();
 testUserUnsuccessfulLogin();
 testLogout();
 testAddChallengeWithoutAdminInSystem();
 testAddChallengeWithAdminInSystem (\,)\;;
end FitnessAppTest
```

#### 4.5 RhythmChallengeTest

```
class RhythmChallengeTest is subclass of Test
operations

public createRhythmChallenge: Admin => RhythmChallenge
createRhythmChallenge(a) ==
return new RhythmChallenge(a, "Testing Challenge", "Lets test Challenge class",
mk_Types'Date(2017,12,24), mk_Types'Date(2017,12,30), 20);

public createAdmin: () => Admin
createAdmin() ==
return new Admin("Bernardo", "Belchior", "b@b.c", "12345678", 70, 1.70, <Masculine>);

public createUser: () => User
createUser() ==
return new User("Nuno", "Ramos", "a@b.c", "12345678", 70, 1.70, <Masculine>);
```

```
public testChallenge: () ⇒ ()
testChallenge() == (
  dcl c: RhythmChallenge := createRhythmChallenge(createAdmin());
  assert(c.name = "Testing Challenge");
assert(c.description = "Lets test Challenge class");
  assert(c.startDate = mk_Types'Date(2017,12,24));
  assert(c.endDate = mk\_Types'Date(2017,12,30));
 public\ testCompleteChallenge:\ () \Longrightarrow ()
 testCompleteChallenge() == (
  dcl c: RhythmChallenge := createRhythmChallenge(createAdmin());
  dcl w: Workout := new Workout ("Morning Run", mk_Types DateTime (mk_Types Date(2017,12,21),
      mk\_Types`Time(16\,,\ 37\,,\ 00))\,,\ <Running>,\ mk\_Types`Point(0\,,\ 0))\,;
  dcl u: User := createUser();
  dcl p: Types'Point := mk_Types'Point(10, 10);
 w.addPoint(p);
 w.endWorkout(u, mk_Types'Duration(0, 20, 0));
  assert (true = c.verifyChallenge(w));
  c.addCompletedUser(u);
  assert(u in set elems c.getCompleted());
);
 public testGoalDescription: () ⇒ ()
 testGoalDescription() == (
 dcl c: RhythmChallenge := createRhythmChallenge(createAdmin());
  dcl a: seq of char := c.getGoalDescription();
  assert(a = "Run at a pace of %s min/km");
\begin{array}{ll} \text{public test: ()} \Longrightarrow \text{()} \\ \text{test()} & \Longrightarrow \text{()} \end{array}
  testChallenge();
 testCompleteChallenge();
  testGoalDescription();
end RhythmChallengeTest
```

#### 4.6 RouteTest

```
class RouteTest is subclass of Test
operations

public testRouteDistance: () ⇒ ()
testRouteDistance() = (
    dcl ps: seq of Types'Point := [mk_Types'Point(38.898556, -77.037852),
        mk_Types'Point(38.897147, -77.043934)];
    dcl r: Route := new Route("Test", ps);

assert(r.getDistance() = 0.5491293773144347);
assert(r.getName() = "Test");
assert(r.getPoints() = ps);
);

public test: () ⇒ ()
```

```
test() ==
testRouteDistance();
end RouteTest
```

#### 4.7 UserTest

```
class UserTest is subclass of Test
types
operations
 public createUser: () ⇒ User
 createUser() ==
  return new User ("Bernardo", "Belchior", "up201405381@fe.up.pt", "12345678", 70, 1.70,
      <Masculine>);
 public testUser: () \Longrightarrow ()
 testUser() = (
  dcl u: User := createUser();
  u.\,weight \,:=\, 90;
  u.\,height \,:=\, 1.20;
  assert (u.getFirstName() = "Bernardo");
  assert(u.getFistName() = "Belchior");
assert(u.getLastName() = "Belchior");
assert(u.getEmail() = "up201405381@fe.up.pt");
assert(u.checkLogin("up201405381@fe.up.pt", "12345678"));
  assert(u.weight = 90);
  assert (u. height = 1.20);
  assert \, (u.\, gender \, = <\! Masculine >\! );
 public testAddRoute: () ⇒ ()
 testAddRoute() = (
  dcl u: User := createUser();
  dcl r: Route := new Route("Sunday Run", [mk_Types'Point(0, 0), mk_Types'Point(0, 1)]);
  u.addRoute(r);
  assert(r in set u.getRoutes());
 public testAddWorkout: () ⇒ ()
 testAddWorkout() = (
  dcl u: User := createUser();
  dcl w: Workout := new Workout ("Morning Run", mk_Types 'DateTime (mk_Types 'Date(2017,12,21),
      mk\_Types'Time(16, 37, 00)), <Running>, <math>mk\_Types'Point(0, 0));
 u.addWorkout(w)\;;
  assert(w in set u.getWorkouts());
 public testAddFriend: () \Longrightarrow ()
 testAddFriend() = (
  dcl u1: User := createUser();
  dcl u2: User := new User ("Nuno", "Ramos", "a@b.c", "12345678", 70, 1.70, <Masculine>);
  u1.addFriend(u2);
  assert(u2 in set u1.getFriends());
 );
```

```
public testLoginSuccess: () ⇒ ()
 testLoginSuccess() == (
 dcl u: User := createUser();
 assert(u.checkLogin("up201405381@fe.up.pt", "12345678"));
public testLoginFailure: () ⇒ ()
testLoginFailure() == (
 dcl u: User := createUser();
 assert(not u.checkLogin("invalid", "invalid"));
public test: () \Longrightarrow ()
test() == (
 testUser();
 testAddRoute();
 testAddWorkout();
 testAddFriend();
 testLoginSuccess();
 testLoginFailure();
);
end UserTest
```

#### 4.8 WorkoutTest

```
class WorkoutTest is subclass of Test
operations
public createWorkout: () => Workout
createWorkout() ==
 return new Workout ("Morning Run", mk_Types' DateTime (mk_Types' Date (2017,12,21),
      mk\_Types`Time(16\,,\ 37\,,\ 00))\,,\ \verb|<Running>|,\ mk\_Types`Point(0\,,\ 0))|;
public testCreateWorkout: () ⇒ ()
testCreateWorkout() == (
 dcl w: Workout := createWorkout();
 assert (w. get Title () = "Morning Run");
);
public testSetRoute: () ⇒ ()
testSetRoute() == (
 dcl w: Workout := createWorkout();
 dcl r: Route := new Route("Sunday Run", [mk_Types'Point(0, 0), mk_Types'Point(0, 1)]);
 w.route := r;
 assert(w.route = r);
public testAddPoint: () ⇒ ()
testAddPoint() == (
 dcl w: Workout := createWorkout();
 \label{eq:dcl} dcl \ p \colon Types `Point := \ \underline{mk\_Types} `Point (10 \,, \ 10) \,;
 w.addPoint(p);
 assert(p = w.getPoints()(len w.getPoints()))
);
```

```
public testEndWorkout() => ()
testEndWorkout() == (
    dcl w: Workout := createWorkout();
    dcl p: Types'Point := mk_Types'Point(10, 10);
    dcl u: User := new User("John", "Doe", "a@b.c", "12345678", 70, 1.70, <Masculine>);
    w.addPoint(p);
    w.endWorkout(u, mk_Types'Duration(0, 20, 0));
    assert(w.getDistance() = 1568.445093911413);

assert(w.getCaloriesBurned() = 113743.63821045568);
    assert(w.getAverageRhythm() = 78.42225469557066);
    assert(w.getDuration().minutes = 20);
);

public test: () => ()
test() == (
testCreateWorkout();
testSetRoute();
testSetRoute();
testSetRoute();
testAddPoint();
testEndWorkout();
);
end WorkoutTest
```

### 5 Verificação do Modelo

#### 5.1 Exemplo de Verificação de um Domínio

Uma proof obligation gerada pelo Overture é a seguinte:

No.	PO Name	Type
7	FitnessApp(set of (User))	legal map application

Código em análise:

```
Logs the user (or admin) in. Returns true if successful and updates the loggedInUser and
    loggedInAdmin variables.
public login: seq of char * seq of char ⇒ bool
login(email, password) = (
  dcl admin: Admin;
  dcl user: User;
  if (len email < 5 or len password < 8) then
    return false;
  if (email in set dom admins) then (
    admin := admins(email);
    if admin.checkLogin(email, password) then (
      loggedInUser := admin;
      loggedInAdmin := admin;
      return true;
    );
 );
  if (email in set dom users) then (
    user := users(email);
     \  \  if \  \  user.checkLogin(email\,,\ password) \  \  then \  \  (
      loggedInUser := user;
      return true;
    );
  );
  return false;
post (RESULT = true and loggedInUser \Leftrightarrow nil) or RESULT = false;
```

A verificação de um domínio em análise é a seguinte:

```
forall email: seq of char, password: seq of char & email in set dom admins
```

Neste exemplo é possível verificar que a aplicação de um mapa é legal porque englobado por uma estrutura if que garante que o argumento da aplicação pertence ao domínio do mapa.

#### 5.2 Exemplo de Verificação de uma Invariante

Uma proof obligation gerada pelo Overture é a seguinte:

No.	PO Name	Type
24	FitnessApp'addChallenge(Challenge)	state invariant holds

Código em análise:

```
-- Logs the user out, updating the state variables.

public logout: () => ()
logout() == (
loggedInUser := nil;
loggedInAdmin := nil;
)

pre loggedInUser <> nil
post loggedInUser = nil and loggedInAdmin = nil;
```

A invariante em análise é a seguinte:

```
inv (loggedInUser = nil and loggedInAdmin = nil) or (loggedInAdmin \Leftrightarrow nil and loggedInUser = loggedInAdmin) or (loggedInUser \Leftrightarrow nil and loggedInAdmin = nil);
```

Depois da execução da operação, a seguinte condição pode ser verificada:

```
loggedInUser = nil and loggedInAdmin = nil
```

É preciso provar que a condição acima implica a invariante, ou seja, é preciso verificar a seguinte condição:

```
(loggedInUser = nil and loggedInAdmin = nil) \Rightarrow (loggedInUser = nil and loggedInAdmin = nil) or (loggedInAdmin \Leftrightarrow nil and loggedInUser = loggedInAdmin) or (loggedInUser \Leftrightarrow nil and loggedInAdmin = nil)
```

Através da condição acima é possível verificar que é claramente verdadeira.

#### 6 Geração de Código

#### 6.1 Main

```
import FitnessApp.Admin;
import FitnessApp.FitnessApp;
@SuppressWarnings("all")
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        FitnessApp fitnessApp = new FitnessApp();
        fitnessApp.addAdmin(
                new Admin ("Admin", "Admin", "a@d.min",
                   "adminadmin", 70, 1.85, new
                    Object());
        CommandLineInterface cli = new
           CommandLineInterface(fitnessApp);
        cli.mainMenu();
    }
}
6.2 CommandLineInterface
import FitnessApp.*;
import FitnessApp. Types. Date;
import FitnessApp.Types.DateTime;
import FitnessApp.Types.Point;
import FitnessApp. Types. Time;
import org.overture.codegen.runtime.VDMSeq;
import org.overture.codegen.runtime.VDMSet;
import java.text.ParseException;
import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
import java.time.Instant;
import java.time.LocalDateTime;
import java.time.temporal.ChronoUnit;
import java.util.AbstractMap.SimpleEntry;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Calendar;
import java.util.Iterator;
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.util.concurrent.Callable;
public class CommandLineInterface {
    private static final int EMPTY_LINES = 10;
    private Scanner reader = new Scanner(System.in);
    private FitnessApp fitnessApp;
```

```
CommandLineInterface (FitnessApp fitnessApp) {
    this.fitnessApp = fitnessApp;
public void mainMenu() {
    printLine();
    System.out.println("Welcome to your favorite
       Fitness app");
    ArrayList<SimpleEntry<String, Callable<Void>>>
       mainMenuEntries = new ArrayList <>();
    while (true) {
        mainMenuEntries.clear();
        addMainMenuEntries (mainMenuEntries);
        printMenuEntries ( mainMenuEntries ) ;
        int option = getUserInput(1,
           mainMenuEntries.size() - 1);
        try {
            mainMenuEntries.get(option).getValue().call();
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
private void loggedInMenu() {
    printEmptyLines(EMPTY_LINES);
    printLine();
    System.out.println("Logged In Menu");
    ArrayList<SimpleEntry<String, Callable<Void>>>>
       loggedInMenuEntries = new ArrayList <>();
    while (true) {
        loggedInMenuEntries.clear();
        addLoggedInMenuEntries (loggedInMenuEntries);
        printMenuEntries(loggedInMenuEntries);
        int option = getUserInput(1,
           loggedInMenuEntries.size() - 1);
        try {
            loggedInMenuEntries.get(option).getValue().call();
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
private void userWorkoutsMenu() {
    printEmptyLines(EMPTY_LINES);
    printLine();
    System.out.println("Workouts Menu");
```

```
ArrayList<SimpleEntry<String, Callable<Void>>>
       workoutsMenuEntries = new ArrayList <>();
    while (true) {
        workoutsMenuEntries.clear();
        addWorkoutsMenuEntries (workoutsMenuEntries);
        printMenuEntries ( workoutsMenuEntries );
        int option = getUserInput(1,
           workoutsMenuEntries.size() - 1);
        try {
            workoutsMenuEntries.get(option).getValue().call();
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
private void userRoutesMenu() {
    printEmptyLines(EMPTY_LINES);
    printLine();
    System.out.println("Routes Menu");
    ArrayList<SimpleEntry<String, Callable<Void>>>
       routesMenuEntries = new ArrayList <>();
    while (true) {
        routesMenuEntries.clear();
        addRoutesMenuEntries(routesMenuEntries);
        printMenuEntries(routesMenuEntries);
        int option = getUserInput(1,
           routesMenuEntries.size() - 1);
        try {
            routesMenuEntries.get(option).getValue().call();
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
private void manageUserFriendsMenu() {
    printEmptyLines(EMPTY_LINES);
    printLine();
    System.out.println("Friends Menu");
    ArrayList<SimpleEntry<String, Callable<Void>>>
       friendsMenuEntries = new ArrayList <>();
    while (true) {
        friendsMenuEntries.clear();
        addFriendsMenuEntries (friendsMenuEntries);
        printMenuEntries(friendsMenuEntries);
        int option = getUserInput(1,
```

```
friendsMenuEntries.size() - 1);
        \operatorname{try}
            friendsMenuEntries.get(option).getValue().call();
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}
private void challengesMenu() {
    printEmptyLines(EMPTY_LINES);
    printLine();
    System.out.println("Challenges Menu");
    ArrayList<SimpleEntry<String, Callable<Void>>>
       challengesMenuEntries = new ArrayList <>();
    while (true) {
        challengesMenuEntries.clear();
        addChallengesMenuEntries (challengesMenuEntries);
        printMenuEntries(challengesMenuEntries);
        int option = getUserInput(1,
            challengesMenuEntries.size() - 1);
        try {
            challengesMenuEntries.get(option).getValue().call();
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
private void
   addMainMenuEntries (ArrayList < SimpleEntry < String,
   Callable < Void>>> mainMenuEntries) {
    if (!fitnessApp.isLoggedIn()) {
        mainMenuEntries.add(new
            SimpleEntry <> ("Create Account", () -> {
            createAccountMenu();
            return null;
        }));
        mainMenuEntries.add(new
            SimpleEntry <> ("Login", () -> {
            loginMenu();
            return null;
        }));
    } else {
        mainMenuEntries.add(new
            SimpleEntry <> ("Logout", () -> {
            fitnessApp.logout();
            loginMenu();
            return null;
```

```
}));
    }
    mainMenuEntries.add(new SimpleEntry <> ("Exit", ()
        System. exit(0);
        return null;
    }));
}
private void
   addLoggedInMenuEntries(ArrayList<SimpleEntry<String,
   Callable < Void >>> loggedInMenuEntries) {
    if (fitnessApp.isLoggedIn()) {
        loggedInMenuEntries.add(new
            SimpleEntry <> ("Challenges", () -> {
            challengesMenu();
            return null;
        }));
        loggedInMenuEntries.add(new
            SimpleEntry <> ("My Workouts", () -> {
            userWorkoutsMenu();
            return null;
        }));
        logged In Menu Entries. add (new
            SimpleEntry <> ("My Routes", () -> {
            userRoutesMenu();
            return null;
        }));
        loggedInMenuEntries.add(new
            SimpleEntry <> ("Manage Friends", () -> {
            manageUserFriendsMenu();
            return null;
        }));
        loggedInMenuEntries.add(new
            SimpleEntry <> ("Logout", () -> {
            fitnessApp.logout();
            printEmptyLines(EMPTY LINES);
            mainMenu();
            return null;
        }));
    } else {
        mainMenu();
    }
}
private void
   addWorkoutsMenuEntries(ArrayList<SimpleEntry<String,
   Callable < Void>>> workoutsMenuEntries) {
    if (fitnessApp.isLoggedIn()) {
        workoutsMenuEntries.add(new
            SimpleEntry <> ("View My Workouts", () -> {
```

```
viewUserWorkoutsMenu();
            return null;
        }));
        workoutsMenuEntries.add(new
            SimpleEntry <> ("Start New Workout", () -> {
            startNewWorkoutMenu();
            return null;
        }));
        workoutsMenuEntries.add(new
            SimpleEntry <> ("Main Menu", () -> {
            loggedInMenu();
            return null;
        }));
    } else {
        mainMenu();
    }
}
private void
   addRoutesMenuEntries(ArrayList<SimpleEntry<String,
   Callable < Void>>> routes Menu Entries) {
    if (fitnessApp.isLoggedIn()) {
        routesMenuEntries.add(new
            SimpleEntry <> ("View My Routes", () -> {
            viewUserRoutesMenu();
            return null;
        }));
        routesMenuEntries.add(new
            SimpleEntry <> ("Create New Route", () -> {
            createNewRouteMenu();
            return null;
        }));
        routesMenuEntries.add(new
            SimpleEntry <> ("Main Menu", () -> {
            loggedInMenu();
            return null;
        }));
    } else {
        mainMenu();
    }
}
private void
   addFriendsMenuEntries(ArrayList<SimpleEntry<String,
   Callable < Void>>> friends MenuEntries) {
    if (fitnessApp.isLoggedIn()) {
        friendsMenuEntries.add (new
            SimpleEntry <> ("View My Friends", () -> {
            viewUserFriendsMenu();
            return null;
        }));
        friendsMenuEntries.add(new
```

```
SimpleEntry <> ("Add New Friend", () -> {
            addNewFriendMenu();
            return null;
        }));
        friendsMenuEntries.add(new
           SimpleEntry <> ("Main Menu", () -> {
            loggedInMenu();
            return null;
        }));
    } else {
        mainMenu();
}
private void
   addChallengesMenuEntries(ArrayList<SimpleEntry<String,
   Callable < Void>>> challenge Menu Entries) {
    if (fitnessApp.isLoggedIn()) {
        challengeMenuEntries.add(new
           SimpleEntry <> ("View Challenges", () -> {
            viewChallengesMenu();
            return null;
        if (fitnessApp.isAdminLoggedIn())
            challengeMenuEntries.add(new
                SimpleEntry<>("Add Challenge", () -> {
                createNewChallengeMenu();
                return null;
            }));
        challengeMenuEntries.add(new
           SimpleEntry <> ("Main Menu", () -> {
            loggedInMenu();
            return null;
        }));
    } else {
        mainMenu();
    }
}
private void createAccountMenu() {
    printEmptyLines(EMPTY_LINES);
    printLine();
    System.out.println("Create account menu");
    System.out.print("First name: ");
    String firstName = reader.nextLine();
    System.out.print("Last name: ");
    String lastName = reader.nextLine();
    System.out.print("Email: ");
    String email = reader.nextLine();
    System.out.print("Password: ");
    String password = reader.nextLine();
    System.out.print("Weight: ");
```

```
double weight =
       Double.parseDouble(reader.nextLine());
    System.out.print("Height: ");
    double height =
       Double.parseDouble(reader.nextLine());
    System.out.print("Gender (Masculine, Feminine):
       ");
    String gender = reader.nextLine();
    fitnessApp.addUser(new User(firstName, lastName,
       email, password, weight, height, gender));
    printEmptyLines(EMPTY LINES);
}
private void loginMenu() {
    printEmptyLines(EMPTY_LINES);
    printLine();
    System.out.println("Login menu");
    System.out.print("Email: ");
    String email = reader.nextLine();
    System.out.print("Password: ");
    String password = reader.nextLine();
    if (fitnessApp.login(email, password)) {
        loggedInMenu();
    } else {
        printEmptyLines(EMPTY_LINES);
        System.out.println("Incorrect email,
           password combination. Please try again.");
    printEmptyLines(EMPTY_LINES);
}
private void viewUserWorkoutsMenu() {
    printEmptyLines (EMPTY_LINES);
    User loggedInUser = fitnessApp.getLoggedInUser();
    VDMSet userWorkouts = loggedInUser.getWorkouts();
    if (userWorkouts.size() == 0) {
        System.out.println("No Workouts :(");
        System.out.println("Enter to continue");
        reader.nextLine();
        return;
    }
    Iterator < Workout> it = userWorkouts.iterator();
    int i = 1;
    while (it.hasNext()) {
        Workout workout = it.next();
        System.out.println(i + ":
           workout.getTitle());
        System.out.println(" Duration: " +
           workout.getDuration() + " min");
```

```
System.out.println(" Distance: " +
           workout.getDistance() + " km");
        System.out.println(" Average Rhythm: " +
           workout.getAverageRhythm() + " min/km");
        System.out.println(" Calories Burned: " +
           workout.getCaloriesBurned() + " kcal");
    }
    printEmptyLines (EMPTY_LINES);
}
private void viewUserRoutesMenu() {
    printEmptyLines (EMPTY_LINES);
    User loggedInUser = fitnessApp.getLoggedInUser();
    VDMSet userRoutes = loggedInUser.getRoutes();
    if (userRoutes.size() == 0) {
        System.out.println("No Routes :(");
        System.out.println("Enter to continue");
        reader.nextLine();
        return;
    }
    Iterator <Route> it = userRoutes.iterator();
    int i = 1;
    while (it.hasNext()) {
        Route route = it.next();
        System.out.println(i + ":" +
           route.getName());
        System.out.println("
                                Route Distance: " +
           route.getDistance());
        System.out.println(" Points:");
        VDMSeq points = route.getPoints();
        Iterator < Point > ite = points.iterator();
        int j = 1;
        while (ite.hasNext()) {
            Point\ point\ =\ ite.next();
            System.out.println(" " + j + " Point (Latitude, Longitude): " +
                point.lat + "," + point.long_);
            j++;
    printEmptyLines(EMPTY LINES);
}
private void viewChallengesMenu() {
```

```
printEmptyLines(EMPTY_LINES);
    VDMSeq challenges = fitnessApp.getChallenges();
    if (challenges.size() == 0) {
        System.out.println("No Challenges :(");
        System.out.println("Enter to continue");
        reader.nextLine();
        return;
    }
    Iterator < Challenge > it = challenges.iterator();
    int i = 1;
    while (it.hasNext()) {
        Challenge challenge = it.next();
        System.out.println(i + ": " +
           challenge.name);
                              " +
        System.out.println("
           String.format(challenge.getGoalDescription(),
           challenge.goal));
        System.out.println(" Created by: "+
           challenge.getCreator().getFirstName() + "
           " + challenge.getCreator().getLastName());
        i++;
        VDMSeq usersCompleted =
           challenge.getCompleted();
        Iterator < \! User \! > ite =
           usersCompleted.iterator();
        if (usersCompleted.size() > 0) {
            System.out.print("Completed by: ");
        while (ite.hasNext()) {
            System.out.println(ite.next().getFirstName()
               + "");
        System.out.println();
    printEmptyLines(EMPTY_LINES);
private void viewUserFriendsMenu() {
    printEmptyLines(EMPTY_LINES);
    VDMSet userFriends =
       fitnessApp.getLoggedInUser().getFriends();
    if (userFriends.size() == 0) {
        System.out.println("You haven't added any
           friends yet:(");
        System.out.println("Enter to continue");
```

}

```
reader.nextLine();
        return;
    }
    Iterator < User> it = userFriends.iterator();
    int i = 1;
    while (it.hasNext()) {
        User friend = it.next();
        System.out.println(i + ": " +
           friend.getFirstName() + " " +
           friend.getLastName() + " with email " +
           friend.getEmail());
    }
    printEmptyLines(EMPTY_LINES);
}
private void startNewWorkoutMenu() {
    printEmptyLines(EMPTY_LINES);
    User loggedInUser = fitnessApp.getLoggedInUser();
    System.out.print("Workout Name: ");
    String workoutName = reader.nextLine();
    System.out.print("Activity Type (Bycicle,
       Running, Walking): ");
    String activityType = reader.nextLine();
    System.out.println("First point (latitude,
       longitude)");
    Point p = getPoint();
    LocalDateTime initialDate = LocalDateTime.now();
    DateTime dateTime = new DateTime(new
       Date(initialDate.getYear(),
       initialDate.getMonth().getValue(),
       initialDate.getDayOfMonth()),
            new Time(initialDate.getHour(),
               initialDate.getMinute(),
               initialDate.getSecond());
    Workout newWorkout = new Workout (workoutName,
       dateTime, activityType, p);
    while (true) {
        System.out.println("Next Point (latitude,
           longitude) OR s to stop");
        p = getPointOrStop();
        if (p != null) {
            newWorkout.addPoint(p);
        } else {
            break;
```

```
}
    LocalDateTime endDate = LocalDateTime.now();
    Types. Duration duration = new Types. Duration (
            ChronoUnit.HOURS.between(initialDate,
               endDate),
            ChronoUnit.MINUTES.between(initialDate,
               endDate),
            ChronoUnit.SECONDS.between(initialDate,
               endDate));
    newWorkout.endWorkout(loggedInUser, duration);
    loggedInUser.addWorkout(newWorkout);
    VDMSeq challenges = fitnessApp.getChallenges();
    Iterator < Challenge > it = challenges.iterator();
    while (it.hasNext()) {
        Challenge challenge = it.next();
        if (challenge.verifyChallenge(newWorkout)) {
            challenge.addCompletedUser(loggedInUser);
            System.out.println("You completed
                challenge with name "+
                challenge.name);
        }
    printEmptyLines(EMPTY_LINES);
}
  Gets a Point from the command line.
  @return {Point}
private Point getPoint() {
    while (true) {
        try {
            System.out.print("Latitude: ");
            double latitude =
                Double.parseDouble(reader.nextLine());
            System.out.print("Longitude: ");
            double longitude =
               Double.parseDouble(reader.nextLine());
            return new Point(latitude, longitude);
        } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
            System.out.println("Invalid number
                format. Please try again.");
        }
    }
}
```

```
* Gets a Point from the command line or null if the
    user stops the input.
 * @return {Point}
private Point getPointOrStop() {
    while (true) {
        try {
            System.out.print("Latitude: ");
            String nextLine = reader.nextLine();
            if (nextLine.equals("s")) {
                return null;
            double latitude =
               Double.parseDouble(nextLine);
            System.out.print("Longitude: ");
            nextLine = reader.nextLine();
            double longitude =
               Double.parseDouble(reader.nextLine());
            if (nextLine.equals("s")) {
                return null;
            }
            return new Point(latitude, longitude);
        } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
            System.out.println("Invalid number
               format. Please try again.");
        }
    }
}
private void createNewRouteMenu() {
    printEmptyLines(EMPTY_LINES);
    User loggedInUser = fitnessApp.getLoggedInUser();
    System.out.print("Route Name: ");
    String routeName = reader.nextLine();
    VDMSeq points = new VDMSeq();
    System.out.println("First point (latitude,
       longitude)");
    points.add(getPoint());
    while (true) {
```

```
System.out.println("Next Point (latitude,
           longitude) OR s to stop");
        Point p = getPointOrStop();
        if (p != null) {
            points.add(p);
        } else {
            break:
    }
    Route newRoute = new Route(routeName, points);
    loggedInUser.addRoute(newRoute);
    printEmptyLines(EMPTY_LINES);
}
private void addNewFriendMenu() {
    printEmptyLines(EMPTY_LINES);
    User loggedInUser = fitnessApp.getLoggedInUser();
    System.out.print("New Friend Email: ");
    String friendName = reader.nextLine();
    VDMSet users = fitnessApp.getUsers();
    Iterator < User> it = users.iterator();
    boolean found = false;
    while (it.hasNext()) {
        User user = it.next();
        if (user.getEmail().equals(friendName) &&
           !loggedInUser.equals(user)) {
            loggedInUser.addFriend(user);
            System.out.println("Friend Added");
            found = true;
            break;
        }
    }
    if (!found) {
        System.out.println("User Not Found!");
    printEmptyLines(EMPTY_LINES);
}
private void createNewChallengeMenu() {
    printEmptyLines(EMPTY LINES);
    Admin admin = fitnessApp.getLoggedInAdmin();
```

```
System.out.print("Challenge Name: ");
String challengeName = reader.nextLine();
System.out.print("Challenge description: ");
String challengeDescription = reader.nextLine();
SimpleDateFormat simpleDateFormat = new
   SimpleDateFormat("dd-MM-yyyy");
System.out.print("End date (dd-mm-yyy): ");
java.util.Date endDate = null;
try {
    endDate =
       simpleDateFormat.parse(reader.nextLine());
    i f
       (endDate.compareTo(java.util.Date.from(Instant.now()))
       <= 0) {
        throw new IllegalArgumentException();
} catch (Exception e) {
    boolean validDate = false;
    while (!validDate) {
        System.out.print("Invalid date. Please
           enter end date (dd-mm-yyyy): ");
        try {
            endDate =
               simpleDateFormat.parse(reader.nextLine());
            validDate = true;
        } catch (ParseException e1) {
            e1.printStackTrace();
    }
}
Challenge newChallenge = null;
boolean validChallenge = false;
while (!validChallenge) {
    System.out.print("Type of Activity (0 ->
       distance (km) | 1 -> number of
       calories (kcal) | 2 -> rhythm (min/km)): ");
    int typeOfActivity =
       Integer.parseInt(reader.nextLine());
    System.out.print("Challenge Goal: ");
    double challengeGoal =
       Double.parseDouble(reader.nextLine());
    LocalDateTime initialDate =
       LocalDateTime.now();
    Calendar calendar = Calendar.getInstance();
    calendar.setTime(endDate);
```

```
switch \ (typeOfActivity) \ \{
    case 0:
        newChallenge = new
           DistanceChallenge (admin,
           challengeName,
            challengeDescription,
                new
                    Date(initialDate.getYear(),
                    initialDate.getMonth().getValue(),
                    initialDate.getDayOfMonth()),
                new
                    Date (calendar.get (Calendar.YEAR),
                    calendar.get (Calendar.MONTH),
                    calendar.get(Calendar.DAY_OF_MONTH)),
                    challengeGoal);
        validChallenge = true;
        break;
    case 1:
        newChallenge = new
            CalorieChallenge (admin,
            challengeName,
            challengeDescription,
                new
                    Date(initialDate.getYear(),
                    initialDate.getMonth().getValue(),
                    initialDate.getDayOfMonth()),
                new
                    Date (calendar.get (Calendar.YEAR),
                    calendar.get (Calendar.MONIH),
                    calendar.get(Calendar.DAY_OF_MONTH)),
                    challengeGoal);
        validChallenge = true;
        break;
    case 2:
        newChallenge = new
           RhythmChallenge (admin,
            challengeName,
           challengeDescription,
                new
                    Date(initialDate.getYear(),
                    initialDate.getMonth().getValue(),
                    initialDate.getDayOfMonth()),
                new
                    Date (calendar.get (Calendar.YEAR),
                    calendar.get (Calendar.MONIH),
                    calendar.get(Calendar.DAY\_OF\_MONTH)),
                    challengeGoal);
        validChallenge = true;
        break;
    default:
        System.out.println("Invalid type of
```

```
activity. Try again: ");
                    break;
            }
        }
        fitnessApp.addChallenge(newChallenge);
        printEmptyLines(EMPTY LINES);
    }
    private void printLine() {
        System.out.println("=
    private void
       printMenuEntries(ArrayList<SimpleEntry<String,</pre>
       Callable < Void>>> menuEntries) {
        for (int i = 0; i < menuEntries.size(); i++) {
            System.out.println((i + 1) + ": " +
               menuEntries.get(i).getKey());
        }
    }
    private int getUserInput(int bottomBound, int
       upperBound) {
        System.out.print("Choose an option: ");
        int option = Integer.parseInt(reader.nextLine());
        if (option < bottomBound && option > upperBound)
            System.out.println("Invalid option");
            option = getUserInput(bottomBound,
               upperBound);
        return option - 1;
    }
    private void printEmptyLines(int linesToPrint) {
        for (int i = 0; i < linesToPrint; i++) {
            System.out.println();
    }
}
```

# 7 Conclusões

### 7.1 Resultados Obtidos

O grupo conseguiu obter os resultados pretendidos, tendo modelado corretamente a especificação pedida. O programa final permite um utilizador criar uma conta, iniciar a sua sessão, criar um novo treino, ver os seus antigos treinos, assim como participar em desafios disponíveis a todos os utilizadores do sistema. Também é possível administrar o sistema devido ao sistema de privilégios que foi criado para esse propósito. Todas estas funcionalidades foram implementadas em VDM++ com as condições necessárias para modelar corretamente o comportamento desejado.

#### 7.2 Possíveis Melhoramentos

A equipa cumpriu os objetivos especificados da modelação em VDM++, mas a interface com o utilizador é apenas feita através de uma linha de comandos e poderia ser bastante melhorada ao criar uma interface para uma plataforma móvel, que seria onde esta aplicação seria mais útil.

## 7.3 Contribuição

O trabalho exercido pelos membros do grupo foi de valor equivalente.

# 8 Referências

- $1.\$ Informações disponibilizadas pelos docentes da unidade curricular de Métodos Formais em Engenharia de Software.
- 2. Overture tool website, http://overturetool.org/
- $3. \ \, {\rm Map \ My \ Fitness \ Application, \ www.mapmyfitness.com}$