| reference               | title  | document<br>type                                      | primary<br>organizations<br>involved  | target<br>audience  | summary   |
|-------------------------|--|---|---|---|---|
| NAVFAC<br>2017          | Climate Change<br>Installation<br>Adaptation &<br>Resilience Planning<br>Handbook  | planning<br>handbook                                  | Naval Facilities<br>Engineering<br>Command<br>Headquarters  | planners  | Provide the analytical framework and methodology to help Navy Master Development Planners understand how to consider climate change in their plans and projects. Most examples illustrate climate change impacts and potential adaptation measures focused on coastal hazards (e.g., flooding and storm surge damage) and their impacts on infrastructure.                        |
| Reclamation<br>2016     | Considerations for<br>Selecting Climate<br>Projections for<br>Water Resources,<br>Planning, and<br>Environmental<br>Analyses | guidance<br>document                                  | Bureau of<br>Reclamation<br>(Reclamation)   | technical<br>specialists,<br>planners and<br>managers                                   | overviews primary considerations relevant to selecting appropriate climate change information for use in a given water resources, planning, or environmental analysis; also provides a concise summary of existing climate projection datasets and established methods for selecting a set of climate projections from a given dataset for detailed analysis                      |
| Olsen et al.<br>2015    | Adapting Infrastructure and Civil Engineering Practice to a Changing Climate   | a professional<br>society<br>sponsored<br>white paper | American Society of<br>Civil Engineers,<br>Committee on<br>Adaptation to a<br>Changing Climate                | civil engineers,<br>including water<br>resources  | helps civil engineers navigate a climate is changing by summarizing relevant climate science, defining potential impacts on civil engineering sectors, and offering potential pathways to address the impacts   |
| Reclamation<br>2014a    | Technical Guidance<br>for Incorporating<br>Climate Change<br>Information into<br>Water Resources<br>Planning Studies         | technical<br>guidance                                 | Reclamation   | water<br>managers at<br>Reclamation   | provides guidance to help study<br>teams navigate the range of planning<br>and technical methodological choices<br>available to account for climate<br>change impacts   |
| Reclamation<br>2014b    | Climate Change<br>Adaptation<br>Strategies   | strategy<br>overview                                  | Reclamation   | water<br>managers at<br>Reclamation   | outlines a strategy to improve Reclamation's ability to consider climate change information in agency decision making through: Increase Water Management Flexibility, Enhance Climate Adaptation Planning, Improve Infrastructure Resiliency, Expand Information Sharing  |
| USACE 2014,<br>2016     | Guidance for Incorporating Climate Change Impacts to Inland Hydrology in Civil Works Studies, Designs, and Projects          | Engineering<br>and<br>Construction<br>Bulletin        | US Army Corps of<br>Engineers (USACE)   | engineers at<br>USACE   | provides information to support a qualitative assessment of the impacts of climate change in hydrologic analyses in accordance with the USACE overarching climate change adaptation policy  |
| EPA and<br>CWDR 2011    | Climate Change<br>Handbook for<br>Regional Water<br>Planning   | handbook  | US Environmental<br>Protection Agency,<br>CA Depart of Water<br>Resources,<br>Resources Legacy<br>Fund, USACE | watershed<br>planning<br>practitioners  | outlines steps to incorporate analysis of climate change in the regional water planning process, reviews actions various agencies and planning entities are taking with respect to climate change, and provides guidance for developing regionally specific strategies for addressing climate change impacts, focused on CA Integrated Regional Water Management Planning process |
| Mote et al.<br>2011     | Guidelines for<br>Constructing<br>Climate Scenarios  | peer review<br>paper                                  | EOS article   | scientists and<br>managers  | gives a short overview of challenges<br>and lists seven guidelines to help<br>scientists and managers who intend<br>to use climate model scenarios for<br>impact or climate diagnostic research   |
| Means et al.<br>2010    | Decision Support Planning Methods: Incorporating Climate Change Uncertainties into Water Planning                            | white paper   | Water Utility Climate<br>Alliance   | water utilities   | presents multiple- outcome planning<br>techniques to water utilities<br>interested in incorporating climate<br>change into their planning   |
| Knutti et al.<br>2010a  | Good Practice Guidance Paper on Assessing and Combining Multi Model Climate Projections                                      | meeting<br>report                                     | Intergovernmental<br>Panel on Climate<br>Change   | climate<br>scientists   | illustrates the potential for, and limitations of, combining multiple global climate models for selected applications   |
| Brown et al.<br>2010    | Managing Climate<br>Risk in Water Supply<br>Systems  | manual with<br>educational<br>exercises               | The International<br>Research Institute for<br>Climate and Society  | technical<br>professionals,<br>focuses<br>primarily on<br>water reservoir<br>management | helps guide water resources<br>managers to engage in dialogue with<br>relevant partners and understand the<br>appropriate questions to ask,<br>intended to be a learning tool to be<br>used with a companion series of<br>practical exercises   |
| Barsugli et al.<br>2009 | Options for<br>Improving Climate<br>Modeling to Assist<br>Water Utility<br>Planning for Climate<br>Change                    | white paper   | Water Utility Climate<br>Alliance   | water utilities<br>and climate<br>scientists  | explains how climate models work, describes how water utilities have used climate models and downscaling to assess impacts and develop adaptation options; intended to catalyze continued dialogue between water utilities, climate modeling and research community, and federal agencies on addressing water sector climate adaptation needs                                     |