Assignment 03

Julio Vargas

September 21, 2025

```
from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
from pyspark.sql import functions as F
from pyspark.sql.functions import col, split, explode, regexp_replace, transform, when
from pyspark.sql.functions import col, monotonically_increasing_id
from pyspark.sql.types import StructType # to/from JSON
import json
import re
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import plotly.express as px
import plotly.io as pio
import plotly.graph_objects as go
np.random.seed(30) # set a fixed seed for reproducibility
pio.renderers.default = "vscode+notebook"
# Initialize Spark Session
spark = SparkSession.builder.appName("JobPostingsAnalysis").getOrCreate()
# Load schema from JSON file
with open("data/schema_lightcast.json") as f:
    schema = StructType.fromJson(json.load(f))
# Load Data
df = (spark.read
      .option("header", "true")
      .option("inferSchema", "false")
      .schema(schema)
                                   # saved schema
      .option("multiLine", "true")
      .option("escape", "\"")
```

```
.csv("data/lightcast_job_postings.csv")
.limit(5000))

df.createOrReplaceTempView("job_postings")
# Show Schema and Sample Data
#df.printSchema()
df.show(5)
```

+	+
+	-+
·	·
+	+
+	+
+	+
+	+
· .	
++	
+	+
++	
+	
	+
•	
+	++
+	+
+	+
+	
+	
+	+
+	+
+	
·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
•	
+	+
+	+
+	+
•	·
	++
+	
+	+
+	
1	TD LAGE LIDDAED DAED LAGE LIDDAED ETVEGEAND DUDI TAAED DOGED DVDTDED
I	ID LAST_UPDATED_DATE LAST_UPDATED_TIMESTAMP DUPLICATES POSTED EXPIRED
+	+
+	-+
+	
•	·

	,		
		•	'
,	•	·	
•	•	·	
·+ ·	•	· ·	•
+	•	·	
•	· ·	·	
•		•	
·		•	
· ·		•	+
•	·	•	+
•		•	•
·	•	·	+
•	·	· ·	
•	· ·		+
+		•	
	•	•	
	•	•	
	· ·	· ·	+
·	·	•	+
	•	•	·
+	+	+	
			. 0 6/2/2024 6/8/2024
-			Murphy USA Murphy USA
ime (> 32 h	2	2	·
	_	_	[\n "45.0601",\n [\n "Econo
-			15-2050 Data Scientists 15-
2051 Data Scientists		ormation Techn	9
•			0 Data Scientists 15-
			Retail Tra
			. 0 6/2/2024 8/1/2024
			false NULL 1
Matervill 23		23011 Kennebe	· ·
	•		trative an 561 Administra
2051.01 Business Intel	_	_	
0000 Computer and Math	ı 15-2000 Math	nematical Scie	15-2050 Data Scientists 15-
2051 Data Scientists		ormation Techn	9
0000 Computer and Math	1 15-2000 Mathema	atical Scie 15-205	0 Data Scientists 15-
2051 Data Scientists	NULL	NULL	
85318b12b3331fa49	9/6/2024	2024-09-06 20:32:	. 1 6/2/2024 7/7/2024

```
time (> 32 h...|
                    5 I
                                                    01
                               NULLI
                                      false
                                           NULLI
Fort Worth...
         48 l
              Texasl
                        481131
                                 Dallas, TX|
                                             48113|
            19100|Dallas-Fort Worth...|
                              52|Finance and Insur...|
Fort Worth...
                                              524 | Insurance
2051.01|Business Intellig...|15-2051.01|Business Intellig...|
                                              0000 | Computer and Math... | 15-2000 | Mathematical Scie... | 15-2050 | Data Scientists |
                                                   15-
2051|Data Scientists|
                   23|Information Techn...|
                                      231113 | Data / Data Minin..
0000 | Computer and Math... | 15-2000 | Mathematical Scie... | 15-2050 | Data Scientists | 15-
2051 | Data Scientists |
                   NULL
                                 NULLI
                                          52|Finance and Insur
|1b5c3941e54a1889e...|
                  9/6/2024|
                        2024-09-06 20:32:...
                                          1|6/2/2024|7/20/2024
time (> 32 h...|
                    31
                               NULL
                                      falsel NULL
                                                    01
Mesa-Chan...
                        4013|
         4|
            Arizona|
                               Maricopa, AZ
                                             4013|
Mesa-Chan...
           38060|Phoenix-Mesa-Chan...|
                             52|Finance and Insur...|
                                             522 | Credit Inte
2051.01|Business Intellig...|15-2051.01|Business Intellig...|
                                              0000 | Computer and Math... | 15-2000 | Mathematical Scie... |
                                   15-2050|Data Scientists|
2051 | Data Scientists |
                   23|Information Techn...|
                                      231113 | Data / Data Minin..
0000|Computer and Math...|15-2000|Mathematical Scie...|15-2050|Data Scientists|15-
2051|Data Scientists|
                 [\n 6\n]| [\n "Data Privac...|
                                          52|Finance and Insur
|cb5ca25f02bdf25c1...|
                 6/19/2024|
                         2024-06-19 07:00:00
                                          0|6/2/2024|6/17/2024
time / full-...|
                  NULL
                               NULLI
                                      false| 92500|
                                                    01
2051.01|Business Intellig...|15-2051.01|Business Intellig...|
                                              0000 | Computer and Math...
                15-2000|Mathematical Scie...|
                                   15-2050 | Data Scientists |
                                                   15-
2051 | Data Scientists |
                   23|Information Techn...|
                                      231010|Business Intellig..
0000 | Computer and Math... | 15-2000 | Mathematical Scie... | 15-2050 | Data Scientists | 15-
                                          99|Unclassified Indu
2051|Data Scientists|
                   NULL
                                 NULL
+----+
+----
+-----
+----+
+-----
+----+
+-----
+-----
+-----
+-----
+-----
+----+
+----+
+-----
```

+-----

Unable to display output for mime type(s): text/html

Unable to display output for mime type(s): application/vnd.plotly.v1+json, text/html

1 Data Preparation

```
.withColumn("MIN_YEARS_EXPERIENCE", col("MIN_YEARS_EXPERIENCE").cast("float"))\
       .withColumn("MAX_YEARS_EXPERIENCE", col("MAX_YEARS_EXPERIENCE").cast("float"))
# Step 2: Computing medians for salary columns
def compute median(sdf, col name):
    q = sdf.approxQuantile(col_name, [0.5], 0.01)
    return q[0] if q else None
median_from = compute_median(df, "SALARY_FROM")
median_to = compute_median(df, "SALARY_TO")
median_salary = compute_median(df, "SALARY")
print("Medians:", median_from, median_to)
# Step 3: Imputing missing salaries, but not experience
df = df.fillna({
    "SALARY_FROM": median_from,
    "SALARY_TO": median_to,
    "SALARY": median_salary
})
# Step 5: Computing average salary
df = df.withColumn("Average_Salary",
                   (col("SALARY_FROM") + col("SALARY_TO")) / 2)
# Step 6: Selecting required columns
export_cols = [
    "EDUCATION_LEVELS_NAME",
    "REMOTE_TYPE_NAME",
    "MAX_YEARS_EXPERIENCE",
    "Average_Salary",
    "SALARY",
    "LOT V6 SPECIALIZED OCCUPATION NAME"
1
df_selected = df.select(*export_cols)
# Step 7: Saving to CSV
pdf = df selected.toPandas()
pdf.to_csv("data/lightcast_cleaned.csv", index=False)
print("Data cleaning complete. Rows retained:", len(pdf))
```

Medians: 89565.0 131400.0

Data cleaning complete. Rows retained: 5000

1.1 Salary Distribution by Industry and Employment Type

• Compare salary variations across industries.

Filter the dataset - Remove records where salary is missing or zero.

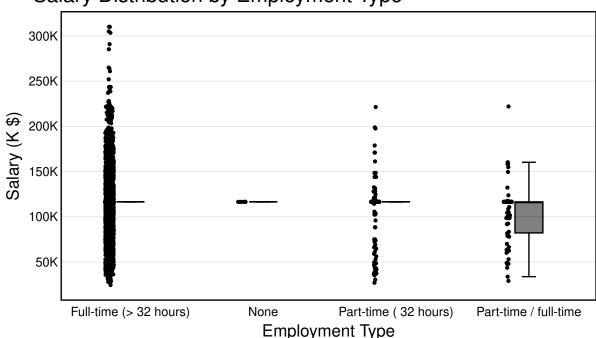
Aggregate Data - Group by **NAICS industry codes** (e.g., NAICS2_NAME). - Group by **employment type** (EMPLOYMENT_TYPE_NAME) and compute salary distribution. - Calculate **salary percentiles** (25th, 50th, 75th) for each group.

Visualize results - Create a box plot where: - X-axis = NAICS2_NAME - Y-axis = SALARY_FROM, or SALARY_TO, or SALARY - Group/color = EMPLOYMENT_TYPE_NAME - Customize colors, fonts, and styles.

Explanation: Write two sentences about what the graph reveals (e.g., median differences across industries and dispersion by employment type).

2 Set up plotly template

Salary Distribution by Employment Type



3 Salary Distribution by Industry and Employment Type

- Compare salary variations across industries.
- Filter the dataset
 - Remove records where **Salary is missing or zero**.
- Aggregate Data
 - Group by **NAICS** industry codes.
 - Group by **employment type** and compute salary-distribution.
- Visualize results
 - Create a **box plot** where:
 - * \mathbf{X} - $\mathbf{axis} = \mathtt{NAICS2}$ _NAME.
 - * Y-axis = SALARY_FROM.
 - * Group by EMPLOYMENT_TYPE_NAME.
 - Customize colors, fonts, and styles.
- Explanation: Write two sentences about what the graph reveals.

4 Salary Analysis by ONET Occupation Type (Bubble Chart)

- Analyze how salaries differ across ONET occupation types.
- Aggregate Data
 - Compute median salary for each occupation in the **ONET taxonomy**.
- Visualize results
 - Create a **bubble chart** where:
 - $* \mathbf{X}\text{-}\mathbf{axis} = \mathtt{ONET}\mathtt{_NAME}$
 - $* \mathbf{Y}\text{-}\mathbf{axis} = \mathtt{Median} \ \mathtt{Salary}$
 - * **Size** = Number of job postings
 - Apply custom colors and font styles.
- Explanation: Write two sentences about what the graph reveals.

5 Salary by Education Level

- Create two groups:
 - Bachelor's or lower (Bachelor's, GED, Associate, No Education Listed)

- Master's or PhD (Master's degree, Ph.D. or professional degree)
- Plot scatter plots for each group using MAX_YEARS_EXPERIENCE (with jitter), Average_Salary, LOT_V6_SPECIALIZED_OCCUPATION_NAME.
- Then, plot histograms overlaid with KDE curves for each group.
 - This would generate two scatter plots and two histograms.
- After each graph, add a short explanation of key insights.

6 Salary by Remote Work Type

- Split into three groups based on REMOTE_TYPE_NAME:
 - Remote
 - Hybrid
 - Onsite (includes [None] and blank)
- Plot scatter plots for each group using MAX_YEARS_EXPERIENCE (with jitter), Average_Salary, LOT_V6_SPECIALIZED_OCCUPATION_NAME.
- Also, create salary histograms for all three groups.
- · After each graph, briefly describe any patterns or comparisons.

Submission Instructions

- Submit the Word Document (part of git repo) containing:
 - The **HTTPS URL** of your GitHub repository.
 - Answer to the questions.
 - Visualizations created using matplotlib, Seaborn or plotly (preferred).
 - Answers to the questions below.

```
# Step 2: Convert to Pandas DataFrame
salary_pd = salary_analysis.toPandas()
salary_pd.head()
# Step 3: Bubble chart using Plotly
import plotly.express as px
fig = px.scatter(
   salary_pd,
    x="Occupation_name",
    y="Median_Salary",
    size="Job_Postings",
    title="Salary Analysis by LOT Occupation Type (Bubble Chart)",
    labels={
        "Occupation_name": "LOT Occupation",
        "Median_Salary": "Median Salary",
        "Job_Postings": "Number of Job Postings"
    },
    hover_name="Occupation_name",
    size_max=60,
    width=1000,
    height=600,
    color="Job_Postings",
    color_continuous_scale="Plasma"
# Step 4: Layout customization
fig.update_layout(
    font_family="Arial",
    font size=14,
    title_font_size=25,
    xaxis_title="LOT Occupation",
    yaxis_title="Median Salary",
    plot_bgcolor="white",
    xaxis=dict(
        tickangle=-45,
        showline=True,
```

```
linecolor="black"
),
yaxis=dict(
    showline=True,
    linecolor="black"
)
)

# Step 5: Show and export
fig.show()
fig.write_image("output/Q7.svg", width=1000, height=600, scale=1)
```

Unable to display output for mime type(s): application/vnd.plotly.v1+json, text/html

```
# Defining education level groupings
lower_deg = ["Bachelor's", "Associate", "GED", "No Education Listed", "High school"]
higher_deg = ["Master's degree", "PhD or professional degree"]
# Adding EDU_GROUP column
df = df.withColumn(
   "EDU_GROUP",
    when(col("EDUCATION_LEVELS_NAME").rlike("|".join([f"(?i){deg}" for deg in lower_deg])),
    .when(col("EDUCATION_LEVELS_NAME").rlike("|".join([f"(?i){deg}" for deg in higher_deg]))
    .otherwise("Other")
)
# Casting necessary columns to float
df = df.withColumn("MAX_YEARS_EXPERIENCE", col("MAX_YEARS_EXPERIENCE").cast("float"))
df = df.withColumn("Average_Salary", col("Average_Salary").cast("float"))
# Filtering for non-null and positive values
df = df.filter(
    col("MAX_YEARS_EXPERIENCE").isNotNull() &
    col("Average_Salary").isNotNull() &
    (col("MAX_YEARS_EXPERIENCE") > 0) &
    (col("Average_Salary") > 0)
)
# Filtering for just the two education groups
df_filtered = df.filter(col("EDU_GROUP").isin("Bachelor's or lower", "Master's or PhD"))
```

```
# Converting to Pandas for plotting
df_pd = df_filtered.toPandas()
df_pd.head()
```

[Stage 137:> (0 + 1) / 1]

	ID	LAST_UPDATED_DATE	LAST_UPDATED_TIMEST
0	1f57d95acf4dc67ed2819eb12f049f6a5c11782c	9/6/2024	2024-09-06 20:32:57.352
1	0cb072af26757b6c4ea9464472a50a443af681ac	8/2/2024	2024-08-02 17:08:58.838
2	5a843 df 632 e1 ff 756 fa 19 d80 a 0871262 d51 becc0	6/21/2024	2024-06-21 07:00:00.000
3	229620073766234 e814 e8 add 21 db7 dfa ef 69b3 bd	10/9/2024	2024-10-09 18:07:44.758
4	138 ce 2c 9453b 47a 9b 33403c 364d 4fd 80996 caa 4f	8/10/2024	2024-08-10 19:36:49.244