

# ðŸ™™ RoseCoin - Complete Mining Platform

## Comprehensive Installation & Configuration Guide

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### Table of Contents

1. [Overview](#)
  2. [System Requirements](#)
  3. [Installation Guide](#)
  4. [Platform-Specific Installation](#)
  5. [Hosting Platform Selection](#)
  6. [Database Configuration & Migration](#)
  7. [Website Configuration](#)
  8. [File Modification Guide](#)
  9. [Security Configuration](#)
  10. [Email System Setup](#)
  11. [Payment Integration](#)
  12. [Customization Guide](#)
  13. [Admin Panel Configuration](#)
  14. [Troubleshooting](#)
  15. [Maintenance & Updates](#)
  16. [API Documentation](#)
  17. [Support & Contact](#)
- 

### Overview

RoseCoin is a comprehensive gamified cryptocurrency mining platform built with Flask/Python. It features:

- **Tap-to-Mine System:** Interactive mining with XP progression
- **Social Media Tasks:** Multi-platform task completion system
- **Referral System:** Multi-level referral earnings
- **Social Media Promotion:** Campaign management and promotion platform
- **Airdrop System:** Automated coin distribution campaigns
- **Admin Panel:** Complete administrative control
- **PWA Support:** Progressive Web App capabilities
- **Multi-language:** Internationalization ready

### Key Technologies

- **Backend:** Flask 3.1.1, SQLAlchemy, Python 3.9+
- **Frontend:** Bootstrap 5, JavaScript, PWA
- **Database:** SQLite (development), PostgreSQL (production)

- **Security:** CSRF protection, password hashing, session management
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## System Requirements

### Minimum Requirements

- **Python:** 3.9 or higher
- **RAM:** 512MB minimum, 2GB recommended
- **Storage:** 5GB minimum, 20GB recommended
- **CPU:** 1 vCPU minimum, 2 vCPU recommended

### Recommended Hosting Specifications

- **RAM:** 4GB or higher
  - **Storage:** SSD with 50GB+ space
  - **Bandwidth:** Unlimited or 1TB+
  - **SSL:** SSL certificate support
  - **Database:** PostgreSQL 12+ support
- 

## Installation Guide

### Step 1: Download and Extract Files

1. **Download the complete source code package**
2. **Extract all files to your desired directory**
3. **Ensure all file permissions are correctly set**

### Step 2: Install Python Dependencies

```
# Navigate to the project directory
cd rosecoin-platform
```

```
# Install required packages
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

### Step 3: Database Setup

```
# Initialize the database
python app.py
```

**The system will automatically:** - Create all required database tables - Set up the admin user (demo/demo123) - Initialize default data

### Step 4: Basic Configuration

1. **Edit environment variables in your hosting platform**
2. **Configure database settings**
3. **Set up email service (optional but recommended)**
4. **Configure security keys**

### Step 5: Launch Application

```
# For development
python main.py
```

```
# For production (recommended)
gunicorn --bind 0.0.0.0:5000 --reuse-port --reload main:app
```

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## Platform-Specific Installation

### Replit (Recommended)

**Why Replit?** - Zero setup configuration - Built-in database support - Automatic dependency management - Free hosting tier available - Easy deployment options

## Installation Steps:

1. **Fork the Template**
  - **Login to Replit**
  - **Import the project files**
  - **Replit will automatically detect Flask and install dependencies**
2. **Configure Environment**
  - **Set environment variables in Replit Secrets**
  - **Configure database URL if using external database**
3. **Run the Application**
  - **Click the “Run” button**
  - **Application will be available at your Replit URL**
4. **Deploy to Production**
  - **Use Replit’s deployment feature**
  - **Configure custom domain if needed**

## VPS/Dedicated Server

### Ubuntu/Debian Installation:

```
# Update system packages
sudo apt update && sudo apt upgrade -y

# Install Python and pip
sudo apt install python3 python3-pip python3-venv -y

# Install PostgreSQL (for production)
sudo apt install postgresql postgresql-contrib -y

# Create application directory
sudo mkdir /var/www/rosecoin
sudo chown $USER:$USER /var/www/rosecoin

# Extract application files
cd /var/www/rosecoin
# Upload and extract your files here

# Install dependencies
pip3 install -r requirements.txt

# Set up systemd service (optional)
sudo nano /etc/systemd/system/rosecoin.service
```

### Systemd Service File:

```
[Unit]
Description=rosecoin Flask App
After=network.target

[Service]
User=www-data
Group=www-data
WorkingDirectory=/var/www/rosecoin
Environment="PATH=/var/www/rosecoin/venv/bin"
ExecStart=/var/www/rosecoin/venv/bin/gunicorn --bind 0.0.0.0:5000 main:app
Restart=always

[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

## Shared Hosting

**Requirements:** - Python 3.9+ support - pip installation capability - Database access (SQLite or PostgreSQL) - SSL certificate support

**Installation Steps:** 1. Upload all files via FTP/cPanel File Manager 2. Install dependencies using hosting control panel 3. Configure database connection 4. Set up domain pointing to main.py 5. Configure SSL certificate

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## Hosting Platform Selection

### Recommended Hosting Platforms

## 1. Replit (Best for Beginners)

**Pros:** - Zero configuration - Built-in database - Free tier available - Easy deployment - Automatic backups

**Cons:** - Limited resources on free tier - Replit-specific URL structure

**Best For:** Development, testing, small-scale deployment

## 2. DigitalOcean Droplets

**Pros:** - Full control over server - Scalable resources - SSD storage - Good documentation

**Cons:** - Requires server management knowledge - No managed services

**Best For:** Medium to large-scale deployments

## 3. Heroku

**Pros:** - Easy deployment - Managed database options - Built-in SSL - Automatic scaling

**Cons:** - More expensive - Less control

**Best For:** Quick deployment, managed hosting preference

## 4. AWS/Google Cloud

**Pros:** - Enterprise-grade infrastructure - Global CDN - Managed services - High availability

**Cons:** - Complex pricing - Requires cloud knowledge

**Best For:** Large-scale, enterprise deployments

## Hosting Selection Criteria

**Traffic Volume:** - Low (< 1,000 users): Replit, shared hosting - Medium (1,000-10,000 users): VPS, cloud instances - High (10,000+ users): Dedicated servers, cloud scaling

**Budget Considerations:** - \$0-10/month: Replit, shared hosting - \$10-50/month: VPS, small cloud instances - \$50+/month: Dedicated servers, managed cloud

**Technical Expertise:** - Beginner: Replit, managed hosting - Intermediate: VPS, cloud platforms - Advanced: Dedicated servers, custom setups

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## Database Configuration & Migration

### Development Database (SQLite)

**The application uses SQLite by default for development:**

```
# Default configuration in app.py
database_url = os.environ.get("DATABASE_URL") or "sqlite:///rosecoin.db"
```

**Location:** instance/rosecoin.db

### Production Database (PostgreSQL)

#### Setting up PostgreSQL

##### On Ubuntu/Debian:

```
# Install PostgreSQL
sudo apt install postgresql postgresql-contrib

# Create database and user
sudo -u postgres psql
CREATE DATABASE rosecoin;
CREATE USER dscuser WITH PASSWORD 'your_secure_password';
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON DATABASE rosecoin TO dscuser;
\q
```

##### Environment Configuration:

```
# Set database URL
export DATABASE_URL="postgresql://dscuser:your_secure_password@localhost/rosecoin"
```

## Database Migration

# From SQLite to PostgreSQL

## 1. Export SQLite Data:

```
# Using the built-in backup system
python -c "
from app import app, db
from models.user import User
import json
```

```
with app.app_context():
    users = User.query.all()
    # Export your data to JSON
"
```

## 2. Import to PostgreSQL:

```
# Set PostgreSQL as database URL
export DATABASE_URL="postgresql://user:pass@localhost/dbname"
```

```
# Run the application to create tables
python app.py
```

```
# Import your data using admin panel or custom script
```

## Automated Migration Script

```
# migration_script.py
import os
import json
from datetime import datetime
from app import app, db
from models.user import User
from models.task import Task
from models.mining import MiningSession

def export_data():
    """Export data from current database"""
    with app.app_context():
        data = {
            'users': [user.to_dict() for user in User.query.all()],
            'tasks': [task.to_dict() for task in Task.query.all()],
            'mining_sessions': [session.to_dict() for session in MiningSession.query.all()],
            'exported_at': datetime.utcnow().isoformat()
        }

        with open('database_backup.json', 'w') as f:
            json.dump(data, f, indent=2)

        print("Data exported successfully!")

def import_data():
    """Import data to new database"""
    with app.app_context():
        with open('database_backup.json', 'r') as f:
            data = json.load(f)

            # Import users
            for user_data in data['users']:
                user = User(**user_data)
                db.session.add(user)

            # Import other data...

            db.session.commit()
            print("Data imported successfully!")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    import sys
    if len(sys.argv) > 1 and sys.argv[1] == "export":
        export_data()
    elif len(sys.argv) > 1 and sys.argv[1] == "import":
        import_data()
    else:
        print("Usage: python migration_script.py [export|import]")
```

## Database Backup Strategy

## Automated Backups

## The application includes built-in backup functionality in the admin panel:

```
# Admin panel backup feature
@admin_bp.route('/database/backup')
@login_required
@admin_required
def backup_database():
    # Creates JSON backup of all data
    # Downloadable via admin panel
```

## Manual Backup Commands

## SQLite:

```
# Create backup
cp instance/rosecoin.db backup_$(date +%Y%m%d_%H%M%S).db
```

```
# Restore backup
cp backup_20250719_120000.db instance/rosecoin.db
```

## PostgreSQL:

```
# Create backup
pg_dump rosecoin > backup_$(date +%Y%m%d_%H%M%S).sql

# Restore backup
psql rosecoin < backup_20250719_120000.sql
```

---

## Website Configuration

### Environment Variables

#### Required Environment Variables

```
# Session Security
SESSION_SECRET="your-super-secret-key-change-this-in-production"

# Database Configuration
DATABASE_URL="sqlite:///rosecoin.db" # or PostgreSQL URL

# Email Configuration (Optional)
SMTP_SERVER="smtp.gmail.com"
SMTP_PORT="587"
SMTP_USERNAME="your-email@gmail.com"
SMTP_PASSWORD="your-app-password"
SMTP_USE_TLS="true"

# File Upload Configuration
MAX_CONTENT_LENGTH="16777216" # 16MB in bytes
UPLOAD_FOLDER="uploads"
```

#### Setting Environment Variables

**On Replit:** 1. Go to your Repl 2. Click on “Secrets” tab in sidebar 3. Add each variable with its value

#### On VPS/Linux:

```
# Add to ~/.bashrc or /etc/environment
export SESSION_SECRET="your-secret-key"
export DATABASE_URL="your-database-url"

# Or create .env file (not recommended for production)
echo "SESSION_SECRET=your-secret-key" > .env
```

#### On Windows:

# Set environment variables set SESSION\_SECRET=your-secret-key set DATABASE\_URL=your-database-url

### Application Settings

#### Admin Panel Settings

Access the admin panel at /admin and configure:

- 1. Platform Settings
  - App Name: “RoseCoin”
  - Welcome Message
  - Maintenance Mode
  - Registration Settings
- 2. Mining Configuration
  - Base mining rate
  - Level multipliers
  - Daily mission rewards
  - Event bonuses
- 3. Task Settings
  - Available platforms
  - Reward amounts
  - Verification settings

- **Auto-approval thresholds**

#### 4. Referral System

- **Commission rates**
- **Maximum referral levels**
- **Bonus thresholds**

#### 5. Withdrawal Settings

- **Minimum withdrawal amounts**
- **Processing fees**
- **Supported payment methods**

## SSL Configuration

### Let's Encrypt (Free SSL)

```
# Install Certbot
sudo apt install certbot python3-certbot-nginx

# Obtain certificate
sudo certbot --nginx -d yourdomain.com

# Auto-renewal
sudo crontab -e
# Add: 0 12 * * * /usr/bin/certbot renew --quiet
```

### Cloudflare SSL (Recommended)

1. **Add your domain to Cloudflare**
2. **Update nameservers**
3. **Enable “Full (Strict)” SSL mode**
4. **Enable “Always Use HTTPS”**

## Nginx Configuration

```
# /etc/nginx/sites-available/rosecoin server { listen 80; server_name yourdomain.com www.yourdomain.com;
return 301 https://$server_name$request_uri; } server { listen 443 ssl http2; server_name yourdomain.com
www.yourdomain.com; ssl_certificate /path/to/certificate.crt; ssl_certificate_key /path/to/private.key;
location / { proxy_pass http://127.0.0.1:5000; proxy_set_header Host $host; proxy_set_header X-Real-IP
$remote_addr; proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-For $proxy_add_x_forwarded_for; proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-
Proto $scheme; } location /static/ { alias /var/www/rosecoin/static/; expires 1y; add_header Cache-
Control "public, immutable"; } location /uploads/ { alias /var/www/rosecoin/uploads/; expires 1y;
add_header Cache-Control "public"; } }
```

---

## File Modification Guide

### Project Structure

rosecoin/   â”€â”€â”€ app.py # Main application file   â”€â”€â”€ main.py # Entry point   â”€â”€â”€ requirements.txt # Python dependencies   â”€â”€â”€ forms.py # WTForms definitions   â”€â”€â”€ core/ # Core modules   â”€â”€â”€ auth.py # Authentication   â”€â”€â”€ mining.py # Mining system   â”€â”€â”€ tasks.py # Task system   â”€â”€â”€ admin.py # Admin panel   â”€â”€â”€ promotions.py # Promotion system   â”€â”€â”€ models/ # Database models   â”€â”€â”€ user.py # User model   â”€â”€â”€ task.py # Task model   â”€â”€â”€ mining.py # Mining models   â”€â”€â”€ ...   â”€â”€â”€ templates/ # HTML templates   â”€â”€â”€ base.html # Base template   â”€â”€â”€ dashboard.html # Main dashboard   â”€â”€â”€ ...   â”€â”€â”€ static/ # Static files   â”€â”€â”€ css/ # Stylesheets   â”€â”€â”€ js/ # JavaScript   â”€â”€â”€ images/ # Images   â”€â”€â”€ utils/ # Utility modules   â”€â”€â”€ helpers.py # Helper functions   â”€â”€â”€ ...

### Common Modifications

#### 1. Changing Platform Name/Branding

##### File: models/settings.py

```
# Change app name
class AppSettings(db.Model):
    app_name = db.Column(db.String(100), default="Your Platform Name")
```

##### File: templates/base.html

```
<!-- Update title and branding -->
<title>{% block title %}Your Platform Name{% endblock %}</title>
```

File: static/manifest.json

```
{
  "name": "Your Platform Name",
  "short_name": "YPN"
}
```

2. Customizing Mining Rates

File: models/user.py

```
def calculate_mining_reward(self):
    base_reward = 10.0 # Change base mining reward
    level_multiplier = 1.0 + (self.level * 0.1) # Adjust level bonus
    return base_reward * level_multiplier
```

3. Adding New Task Platforms

File: models/task.py

```
TASK_PLATFORMS = [
    ('twitter', 'Twitter/X'),
    ('telegram', 'Telegram'),
    ('youtube', 'YouTube'),
    ('your_platform', 'Your Platform'), # Add new platform
]
```

4. Modifying Referral Rates

File: models/referral.py

```
def calculate_commission(self, amount):
    commission_rate = 0.15 # 15% commission (adjust as needed)
    return amount * commission_rate
```

5. Customizing Email Templates

File: utils/smtp\_client.py

```
def send_welcome_email(user_email, username):
    subject = "Welcome to Your Platform!"
    body = f"""
    <h1>Welcome {username}!</h1>
    <p>Thank you for joining our platform...</p>
    """
    return send_email(user_email, subject, body)
```

CSS Customization

Color Scheme

File: static/css/style.css

```
:root {
  --primary-color: #your-color;
  --secondary-color: #your-secondary;
  --accent-color: #your-accent;
  --text-color: #your-text;
  --background-color: #your-background;
}
```

Typography

```
/* Custom fonts */
@import url('https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=YourFont:wght@400;600;700&display=swap');

body {
  font-family: 'YourFont', sans-serif;
}
```

JavaScript Modifications

Mining Animation

File: static/js/mining.js

```
class MiningSystem {
  constructor() {
    this.animationDuration = 1000; // Adjust animation speed
    this.clickCooldown = 1000; // Adjust click cooldown
  }

  // Customize mining animation
  animateMining() {
    // Your custom animation code
  }
}
```

Custom Features



```
// Add new feature to app.js
class CustomFeature {
  constructor() {
    this.initCustomFeature();
  }

  initCustomFeature() {
    // Your custom feature implementation
  }
}

// Initialize on page load
document.addEventListener('DOMContentLoaded', () => {
  new CustomFeature();
});
```

## Security Configuration

### Essential Security Settings

#### 1. Session Security

```
# app.py - Update session configuration
app.config.update(
    SESSION_COOKIE_SECURE=True,      # HTTPS only
    SESSION_COOKIE_HTTPONLY=True,   # No JavaScript access
    SESSION_COOKIE_SAMESITE='Lax',  # CSRF protection
    PERMANENT_SESSION_LIFETIME=timedelta(hours=24) # Session timeout
)
```

#### 2. CSRF Protection

```
# Already implemented via Flask-WTF
from flask_wtf.csrf import CSRFProtect

csrf = CSRFProtect()
csrf.init_app(app)
```

#### 3. Password Security

```
# models/user.py - Password requirements
def set_password(self, password):
    # Add password strength validation
    if len(password) < 8:
        raise ValueError("Password must be at least 8 characters")
    if not re.search(r"[A-Z]", password):
        raise ValueError("Password must contain uppercase letter")
    if not re.search(r"[a-z]", password):
        raise ValueError("Password must contain lowercase letter")
    if not re.search(r"\d", password):
        raise ValueError("Password must contain number")

    self.password_hash = generate_password_hash(password)
```

#### 4. File Upload Security

```
# utils/helpers.py
ALLOWED_EXTENSIONS = {'png', 'jpg', 'jpeg', 'gif', 'webp'}
MAX_FILE_SIZE = 16 * 1024 * 1024 # 16MB

def allowed_file(filename):
    return '.' in filename and \
        filename.rsplit('.', 1)[1].lower() in ALLOWED_EXTENSIONS

def secure_upload(file):
    if file and allowed_file(file.filename):
        filename = secure_filename(file.filename)
        # Additional security checks
        return filename
    return None
```

#### 5. Rate Limiting

```
# Add to requirements.txt: Flask-Limiter
from flask_limiter import Limiter
from flask_limiter.util import get_remote_address

limiter = Limiter(
    app,
    key_func=get_remote_address,
    default_limits=["1000 per hour"]
)

# Apply to sensitive endpoints
@app.route('/login', methods=['POST'])
@limiter.limit("5 per minute")
def login():
    # Login logic
```

## Firewall Configuration

### UFW (Ubuntu Firewall)

```
# Enable firewall
sudo ufw enable

# Allow SSH (if using)
sudo ufw allow ssh
```

```
# Allow HTTP and HTTPS
sudo ufw allow 80
sudo ufw allow 443

# Allow specific application port
sudo ufw allow 5000

# Check status
sudo ufw status
```

## Fail2Ban (Intrusion Prevention)

```
# Install Fail2Ban
sudo apt install fail2ban

# Configure for Flask app
sudo nano /etc/fail2ban/jail.local

[flask-app]
enabled = true
port = 5000
filter = flask-app
logpath = /var/log/rosecoin/app.log
maxretry = 5
bantime = 3600
```

## Regular Security Tasks

### 1. Security Updates

```
# Update system packages
sudo apt update && sudo apt upgrade -y

# Update Python packages
pip list --outdated
pip install --upgrade package_name
```

### 2. Log Monitoring

```
# Monitor application logs
tail -f logs/app.log

# Monitor system logs
sudo tail -f /var/log/auth.log
sudo tail -f /var/log/nginx/error.log
```

### 3. Database Security

```
# PostgreSQL security
sudo nano /etc/postgresql/12/main/postgresql.conf
# ssl = on
# log_statement = 'all'

# Backup encryption
pg_dump rosecoin | gpg --symmetric --cipher-algo AES256 > backup.sql.gpg
```

---

## Email System Setup

### SMTP Configuration

#### Gmail SMTP Setup

1. **Enable 2-Factor Authentication on your Gmail account**
2. **Generate App Password:**
  - **Go to Google Account settings**
  - **Security → 2-Step Verification → App passwords**
  - **Generate password for “Mail”**
3. **Configure Environment Variables:**

```
SMTP_SERVER=smtp.gmail.com
SMTP_PORT=587
SMTP_USERNAME=your-email@gmail.com
SMTP_PASSWORD=your-app-password
SMTP_USE_TLS=true
```

#### Other Email Providers

##### Outlook/Hotmail:

```
SMTP_SERVER=smtp-mail.outlook.com
SMTP_PORT=587
SMTP_USE_TLS=true
```

##### Yahoo:

```
SMTP_SERVER=smtp.mail.yahoo.com
SMTP_PORT=587
SMTP_USE_TLS=true
```

Custom SMTP:

```
SMTP_SERVER=mail.yourdomain.com
SMTP_PORT=587 # or 465 for SSL
SMTP_USE_TLS=true # or false for SSL
```

Email Templates

Customizing Email Templates

File: utils/smtp\_client.py

```
def get_email_template(template_name, **kwargs):
    templates = {
        'welcome': {
            'subject': 'Welcome to {app_name}!',
            'body': '''
<html>
<body style="font-family: Arial, sans-serif;">
    <h2>Welcome to {app_name}, {username}!</h2>
    <p>Thank you for joining our cryptocurrency mining platform.</p>
    <p>Your account has been created successfully. You can now:</p>
    <ul>
        <li>Start mining coins</li>
        <li>Complete social media tasks</li>
        <li>Refer friends and earn commissions</li>
        <li>Participate in airdrops</li>
    </ul>
    <p><a href="{login_url}" style="background: #007bff; color: white; padding: 10px 20px; text-decoration: none; border-radius: 5px;">Login Now</a></p>
    <p>Best regards,<br>The {app_name} Team</p>
</body>
</html>
'''
        },
        'withdrawal_approved': {
            'subject': 'Withdrawal Approved - {amount} DSC',
            'body': '''
<html>
<body style="font-family: Arial, sans-serif;">
    <h2>Withdrawal Approved!</h2>
    <p>Dear {username},</p>
    <p>Your withdrawal request has been approved:</p>
    <ul>
        <li>Amount: {amount} DSC</li>
        <li>Method: {method}</li>
        <li>Processing Date: {date}</li>
    </ul>
    <p>Your payment will be processed within 24-48 hours.</p>
    <p>Best regards,<br>The {app_name} Team</p>
</body>
</html>
'''
        }
    }

    template = templates.get(template_name, {})
    return {
        'subject': template.get('subject', '').format(**kwargs),
        'body': template.get('body', '').format(**kwargs)
    }
```

Email Testing

Test Email Configuration

```
# test_email.py
from utils.smtp_client import send_email, test_smtp_connection

def test_email_system():
    # Test SMTP connection
    if test_smtp_connection():
        print("â€¦ SMTP connection successful")

        # Send test email
        result = send_email(
            to_email="test@example.com",
            subject="Test Email from DSC Platform",
            body="<h1>Test Email</h1><p>If you receive this, email system is working!</p>"
        )

        if result:
            print("â€¦ Test email sent successfully")
        else:
            print("â€¦ Failed to send test email")
    else:
        print("â€¦ SMTP connection failed")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    test_email_system()
```

Email Delivery Best Practices

1. SPF Record

Add to your DNS:

TXT record: v=spf1 include:\_spf.google.com ~all

## 2. DKIM Setup

### Configure DKIM signing for your domain

## 3. DMARC Policy

TXT record: v=DMARC1; p=quarantine; rua=mailto:dmarc@yourdomain.com

## Payment Integration

### Supported Payment Methods

#### The platform supports multiple withdrawal methods:

1. **PayPal**
2. **Bank Transfer**
3. **Cryptocurrency Wallets**
4. **Mobile Money**
5. **Gift Cards**

### PayPal Integration

#### Setup PayPal API

1. **Create PayPal Developer Account**
2. **Get API Credentials**
3. **Configure Environment Variables:**

```
PAYPAL_CLIENT_ID=your_client_id
PAYPAL_CLIENT_SECRET=your_client_secret
PAYPAL_MODE=sandbox # or live for production
```

### PayPal Implementation

```
# utils/paypal_client.py
import paypalrestsdk
import os

paypalrestsdk.configure({
    "mode": os.environ.get("PAYPAL_MODE", "sandbox"),
    "client_id": os.environ.get("PAYPAL_CLIENT_ID"),
    "client_secret": os.environ.get("PAYPAL_CLIENT_SECRET")
})

def process_paypal_payment(email, amount):
    payout = paypalrestsdk.Payout({
        "sender_batch_header": {
            "sender_batch_id": f"batch-{int(time.time())}",
            "email_subject": "Payment from rosecoin"
        },
        "items": [{
            "recipient_type": "EMAIL",
            "amount": {
                "value": str(amount),
                "currency": "USD"
            },
            "receiver": email,
            "note": "Payment from DSC Platform"
        }]
    })

    if payout.create():
        return True, payout.batch_header.payout_batch_id
    else:
        return False, payout.error
```

## Cryptocurrency Integration

### Bitcoin/Ethereum Payments

```
# utils/crypto_payments.py
import requests

def send_bitcoin_payment(address, amount):
    # Integration with cryptocurrency exchange API
    # Example: Coinbase Commerce, BitPay, etc.
    pass

def validate_crypto_address(address, currency):
    # Validate cryptocurrency address format
    if currency.lower() == 'bitcoin':
```

```
        return validate_bitcoin_address(address)
    elif currency.lower() == 'ethereum':
        return validate_ethereum_address(address)
    return False
```

## Manual Payment Processing

### For manual payment methods (bank transfer, mobile money):

```
# core/admin.py
@admin_bp.route('/withdrawals/process/<int:withdrawal_id>')
@login_required
@admin_required
def process_withdrawal(withdrawal_id):
    withdrawal = Withdrawal.query.get_or_404(withdrawal_id)

    # Manual processing workflow
    if request.method == 'POST':
        action = request.form.get('action')

        if action == 'approve':
            withdrawal.status = 'approved'
            withdrawal.processed_at = datetime.utcnow()

            # Send notification email
            send_withdrawal_approved_email(withdrawal.user.email, withdrawal)

        elif action == 'reject':
            withdrawal.status = 'rejected'
            withdrawal.user.balance += withdrawal.amount # Refund balance

        db.session.commit()
        flash(f'Withdrawal {action}d successfully!', 'success')

    return redirect(url_for('admin.withdrawals'))
```

## Customization Guide

### Theme Customization

#### Color Scheme

##### File: static/css/style.css

```
/* Primary Color Scheme */
:root {
    /* Main Colors */
    --primary-color: #667eea;      /* Main brand color */
    --secondary-color: #764ba2;    /* Secondary brand color */
    --accent-color: #f093fb;       /* Accent highlights */

    /* Neutral Colors */
    --dark-color: #2c3e50;         /* Dark text/backgrounds */
    --light-color: #ecf0f1;        /* Light backgrounds */
    --white-color: #ffffff;        /* Pure white */

    /* Status Colors */
    --success-color: #28a745;      /* Success messages */
    --warning-color: #ffc107;       /* Warning messages */
    --danger-color: #dc3545;        /* Error messages */
    --info-color: #17a2b8;         /* Info messages */

    /* Gradients */
    --gradient-primary: linear-gradient(135deg, var(--primary-color) 0%, var(--secondary-color) 100%);
    --gradient-accent: linear-gradient(135deg, var(--accent-color) 0%, var(--primary-color) 100%);
}

/* Dark Mode Support */
@media (prefers-color-scheme: dark) {
    :root {
        --dark-color: #ecf0f1;
        --light-color: #2c3e50;
        --white-color: #34495e;
    }
}
```

## Component Styling

```
/* Custom Button Styles */
.btn-custom {
    background: var(--gradient-primary);
    border: none;
    color: white;
    padding: 12px 24px;
    border-radius: 25px;
    font-weight: 600;
    transition: all 0.3s ease;
}

.btn-custom:hover {
    transform: translateY(-2px);
    box-shadow: 0 10px 20px rgba(102, 126, 234, 0.3);
}

/* Custom Card Styles */
.card-custom {
    background: rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.1);
    backdrop-filter: blur(10px);
    border: 1px solid rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.2);
    border-radius: 15px;
```

```
}
```

## Logo and Branding

### Adding Custom Logo

1. **Add logo files to static/images/:**
  - **logo.png - Main logo**
  - **logo-small.png - Small version**
  - **favicon.ico - Favicon**
2. **Update templates:**

#### File: templates/base.html

```
<!-- Update header logo -->


<!-- Update favicon -->
<link rel="icon" type="image/x-icon" href="{{ url_for('static', filename='images/favicon.ico') }}">
```

## Custom Fonts

```
/* Import custom fonts */
@import url('https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=Poppins:wght@300;400;500;600;700&display=swap');

body {
    font-family: 'Poppins', sans-serif;
}

h1, h2, h3, h4, h5, h6 {
    font-family: 'Poppins', sans-serif;
    font-weight: 600;
}
```

## Layout Customization

### Custom Dashboard Layout

#### File: templates/dashboard.html

```
<!-- Custom dashboard sections -->
<div class="dashboard-grid">
    <div class="stats-section">
        <div class="stat-card">
            <div class="stat-icon">
                <i class="fas fa-coins"></i>
            </div>
            <div class="stat-content">
                <h3>{{ current_user.balance }}</h3>
                <p>Total Balance</p>
            </div>
        </div>
        <!-- More stat cards -->
    </div>

    <div class="activity-section">
        <h4>Recent Activity</h4>
        <!-- Activity feed -->
    </div>

    <div class="tasks-section">
        <h4>Available Tasks</h4>
        <!-- Task list -->
    </div>
</div>
```

## Responsive Design

```
/* Mobile-first responsive design */
.dashboard-grid {
    display: grid;
    grid-template-columns: 1fr;
    gap: 20px;
}

/* Tablet and up */
@media (min-width: 768px) {
    .dashboard-grid {
        grid-template-columns: 2fr 1fr;
    }
}

/* Desktop and up */
@media (min-width: 1024px) {
    .dashboard-grid {
        grid-template-columns: 2fr 1fr 1fr;
    }
}
```

## Feature Customization

# Adding New Task Types

## File: models/task.py

```
# Add new task types
TASK_TYPES = [
    ('follow', 'Follow Account'),
    ('like', 'Like Post'),
    ('share', 'Share Content'),
    ('comment', 'Comment on Post'),
    ('subscribe', 'Subscribe to Channel'),
    ('watch', 'Watch Video'),
    ('custom_task', 'Custom Task'), # New task type
]

# Add custom validation for new task type
def validate_custom_task(self, proof_text, proof_image):
    # Custom validation logic
    if self.task_type == 'custom_task':
        # Implement custom validation
        return True
    return False
```

# Custom Mining Mechanics

## File: static/js/mining.js

```
class CustomMiningSystem extends MiningSystem {
  constructor() {
    super();
    this.bonusMultiplier = 1.0;
    this.streakBonus = 0;
  }

  calculateMiningReward(baseReward) {
    // Custom reward calculation
    let reward = baseReward * this.bonusMultiplier;

    // Streak bonus
    if (this.streakBonus > 0) {
      reward *= (1 + this.streakBonus * 0.1);
    }

    // Time-based bonus
    const hour = new Date().getHours();
    if (hour >= 18 && hour <= 22) { // Evening bonus
      reward *= 1.2;
    }

    return Math.round(reward);
  }

  addCustomAnimation() {
    // Custom mining animation
    const miningButton = document.getElementById('mining-button');

    // Add particle effect
    this.createParticles(miningButton);

    // Add screen shake
    document.body.classList.add('mining-shake');
    setTimeout(() => {
      document.body.classList.remove('mining-shake');
    }, 500);
  }
}
```

# Admin Panel Configuration

## Admin Account Setup

### Default Admin Account

- **Email:** admin@rosecoin.com
- **Password:** admin123
- **Access:** Full administrative privileges

## Creating Additional Admins

```
# Create admin user programmatically
from models.user import User
from werkzeug.security import generate_password_hash

def create_admin_user(username, email, password):
    admin_user = User(
        username=username,
        email=email,
        password_hash=generate_password_hash(password),
        is_admin=True,
        email_verified=True,
        balance=0,
        xp=0,
        level=1
    )
```

```
db.session.add(admin_user)
db.session.commit()
print(f"Admin user {username} created successfully!")
```

## Admin Panel Features

### Dashboard Overview

- **User Statistics:** Total users, active users, new registrations
- **Financial Overview:** Total balance, pending withdrawals, revenue
- **System Status:** Server health, database status, background tasks
- **Recent Activity:** Latest user actions, system events

### User Management

- **User List:** View all users with filtering and search
- **User Details:** Complete user profiles with activity history
- **User Actions:**
  - **Edit user information**
  - **Adjust balances and XP**
  - **Ban/unban users**
  - **Delete accounts (with data preservation options)**

### Task Management

- **Create Tasks:** Add new social media tasks
- **Task Categories:** Organize tasks by platform and type
- **Task Review:** Approve/reject task completions
- **Bulk Operations:** Process multiple tasks simultaneously

### Withdrawal Management

- **Pending Withdrawals:** Review and process withdrawal requests
- **Payment Methods:** Configure supported payment options
- **Bulk Processing:** Process multiple withdrawals
- **Payment History:** Track all processed payments

### System Settings

- **Platform Configuration:** App name, descriptions, maintenance mode
- **Mining Settings:** Rates, bonuses, daily limits
- **Referral Settings:** Commission rates, maximum levels
- **Email Settings:** SMTP configuration, template management

## Admin Security

### Role-Based Access

```
# models/admin.py
class AdminRole(db.Model):
    id = db.Column(db.Integer, primary_key=True)
    name = db.Column(db.String(50), unique=True, nullable=False)
    permissions = db.Column(db.JSON, default=list)

class AdminUser(db.Model):
    id = db.Column(db.Integer, primary_key=True)
    user_id = db.Column(db.Integer, db.ForeignKey('user.id'), nullable=False)
    role_id = db.Column(db.Integer, db.ForeignKey('admin_role.id'), nullable=False)
    created_at = db.Column(db.DateTime, default=datetime.utcnow)

# Permission decorator
def require_permission(permission):
    def decorator(f):
```



```
@wraps(f)
def decorated_function(*args, **kwargs):
    if not current_user.has_permission(permission):
        abort(403)
    return f(*args, **kwargs)
return decorated_function
return decorator

# Usage
@admin_bp.route('/users/delete/<int:user_id>')
@login_required
@admin_required
@require_permission('delete_users')
def delete_user(user_id):
    # Delete user logic
    pass
```

## Admin Activity Logging

```
# models/admin_log.py
class AdminLog(db.Model):
    id = db.Column(db.Integer, primary_key=True)
    admin_id = db.Column(db.Integer, db.ForeignKey('user.id'), nullable=False)
    action = db.Column(db.String(100), nullable=False)
    target_type = db.Column(db.String(50)) # user, task, withdrawal, etc.
    target_id = db.Column(db.Integer)
    details = db.Column(db.JSON)
    ip_address = db.Column(db.String(45))
    user_agent = db.Column(db.Text)
    created_at = db.Column(db.DateTime, default=datetime.utcnow)

# Log admin actions
def log_admin_action(action, target_type=None, target_id=None, details=None):
    log_entry = AdminLog(
        admin_id=current_user.id,
        action=action,
        target_type=target_type,
        target_id=target_id,
        details=details,
        ip_address=request.remote_addr,
        user_agent=request.user_agent.string
    )
    db.session.add(log_entry)
    db.session.commit()
```

## Admin Panel Customization

### Custom Admin Theme

#### File: static/css/admin.css

```
/* Admin panel custom styling */
.admin-panel {
    background: linear-gradient(135deg, #667eea 0%, #764ba2 100%);
    min-height: 100vh;
}

.admin-sidebar {
    background: rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.1);
    backdrop-filter: blur(10px);
    border-right: 1px solid rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.2);
}

.admin-card {
    background: rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.95);
    border-radius: 15px;
    box-shadow: 0 10px 30px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);
    border: none;
}

.admin-stat-card {
    background: linear-gradient(135deg, #667eea 0%, #764ba2 100%);
    color: white;
    border-radius: 15px;
    padding: 20px;
    margin-bottom: 20px;
}
```

## Dashboard Widgets

```
# core/admin.py - Custom dashboard widgets
def get_dashboard_stats():
    stats = {
        'total_users': User.query.count(),
        'active_users': User.query.filter_by(is_active=True).count(),
        'total_balance': db.session.query(func.sum(User.balance)).scalar() or 0,
        'pending_withdrawals': Withdrawal.query.filter_by(status='pending').count(),
        'completed_tasks_today': TaskCompletion.query.filter(
            TaskCompletion.submitted_at >= datetime.utcnow().date()
        ).count(),
        'revenue_today': calculate_daily_revenue(),
    }
    return stats

def calculate_daily_revenue():
    # Calculate revenue from promotions, fees, etc.
    today = datetime.utcnow().date()
    # Implementation based on your revenue model
    return 0.0
```

## Troubleshooting

# Common Issues and Solutions

## 1. Database Connection Issues

**Issue:** sqlalchemy.exc.OperationalError: (sqlite3.OperationalError) database is locked

### Solution:

```
# Check for processes using the database
sudo lsof /path/to/rosecoin.db
```

```
# Kill any hanging processes
sudo kill -9 <process_id>
```

```
# Restart the application
python main.py
```

### Prevention:

```
# Add connection pooling
app.config["SQLALCHEMY_ENGINE_OPTIONS"] = {
    "pool_recycle": 300,
    "pool_pre_ping": True,
    "pool_size": 10,
    "max_overflow": 20
}
```

## 2. Email Sending Failures

**Issue:** SMTP authentication errors

### Diagnosis:

```
# Test email configuration
from utils.smtp_client import test_smtp_connection
```

```
if test_smtp_connection():
    print("â€¦ SMTP connection successful")
else:
    print("â€¦ SMTP connection failed - check credentials")
```

**Solutions:** - Verify SMTP credentials - Enable “Less secure app access” for Gmail (or use App Passwords) - Check firewall settings for SMTP ports - Verify TLS/SSL settings

## 3. File Upload Issues

**Issue:** File uploads failing or corrupting

### Check permissions:

```
# Check upload directory permissions
ls -la uploads/
chmod 755 uploads/
chown www-data:www-data uploads/
```

### Check file size limits:

```
# app.py
app.config['MAX_CONTENT_LENGTH'] = 16 * 1024 * 1024 # 16MB
```

## 4. Performance Issues

**Issue:** Slow page loading, high server load

### Database optimization:

```
# Add database indexes
class User(db.Model):
    email = db.Column(db.String(120), unique=True, nullable=False, index=True)
    username = db.Column(db.String(80), unique=True, nullable=False, index=True)
    created_at = db.Column(db.DateTime, default=datetime.utcnow, index=True)
```

### Query optimization:

```
# Use eager loading for relationships
users = User.query.options(joinedload(User.mining_sessions)).all()
```

```
# Paginate large result sets
users = User.query.paginate(page=1, per_page=50)
```

### Static file caching:

```
# Nginx configuration location /static/ { alias /var/www/rosecoin/static/; expires 1y; add_header Cache-Control "public, immutable"; }
```

## 5. Mining System Issues

**Issue:** Mining button not responding

## Check JavaScript errors:

```
// Enable debugging in mining.js
class MiningSystem {
  constructor() {
    this.debug = true; // Enable debug mode
    this.initMining();
  }

  mine() {
    if (this.debug) console.log('Mining attempt started');
    // Mining logic
  }
}
```

## Check network requests:

```
# Add logging to mining endpoint
@mining_bp.route('/mine', methods=['POST'])
@login_required
def mine():
    app.logger.info(f'Mining request from user {current_user.id}')
    # Mining logic
```

## Error Log Analysis

### Log Configuration

```
# app.py - Enhanced logging
import logging
from logging.handlers import RotatingFileHandler

if not app.debug:
    # File logging
    file_handler = RotatingFileHandler('logs/rosecoin.log',
                                       maxBytes=10240000, backupCount=10)
    file_handler.setFormatter(logging.Formatter(
        '%(asctime)s %(levelname)s: %(message)s [in %(pathname)s:%(lineno)d]'
    ))
    file_handler.setLevel(logging.INFO)
    app.logger.addHandler(file_handler)

    app.logger.setLevel(logging.INFO)
    app.logger.info('rosecoin startup')
```

## Common Error Patterns

### Database Errors:

**ERROR: (sqlite3.IntegrityError) UNIQUE constraint failed: user.email**

- **Solution:** Check for duplicate email registrations

### Template Errors:

**jinja2.exceptions.TemplateNotFound: template.html**

- **Solution:** Verify template file exists and path is correct

### Import Errors:

**ImportError: No module named 'package\_name'**

- **Solution:** Install missing dependencies with `pip install package_name`

## Performance Monitoring

### System Resource Monitoring

```
# Monitor CPU and memory usage
htop

# Monitor disk usage
df -h

# Monitor database performance
sudo tail -f /var/log/postgresql/postgresql-12-main.log
```

## Application Performance

```
# Add performance monitoring
import time
from flask import g

@app.before_request
def before_request():
    g.start_time = time.time()

@app.after_request
def after_request(response):
    if hasattr(g, 'start_time'):
        total_time = time.time() - g.start_time
        if total_time > 1.0: # Log slow requests
```

```
app.logger.warning(f'Slow request: {request.endpoint} took {total_time:.2f}s')
return response
```

## Backup and Recovery

### Automated Backup System

```
# utils/backup.py
import os
import json
import shutil
from datetime import datetime

def create_backup():
    timestamp = datetime.now().strftime('%Y%m%d_%H%M%S')
    backup_dir = f'backups/backup_{timestamp}'
    os.makedirs(backup_dir, exist_ok=True)

    # Backup database
    if app.config['SQLALCHEMY_DATABASE_URI'].startswith('sqlite'):
        shutil.copy2('instance/rosecoin.db',
                    f'{backup_dir}/database.db')

    # Backup uploads
    shutil.copytree('uploads', f'{backup_dir}/uploads')

    # Backup configuration
    backup_config = {
        'timestamp': timestamp,
        'app_version': '1.0',
        'database_type': 'sqlite',
        'user_count': User.query.count(),
    }

    with open(f'{backup_dir}/backup_info.json', 'w') as f:
        json.dump(backup_config, f, indent=2)

    return backup_dir

# Schedule backup (add to cron)
# 0 2 * * * cd /var/www/rosecoin && python -c "from utils.backup import create_backup; create_backup()"
```

## Maintenance & Updates

### Regular Maintenance Tasks

#### Daily Tasks

- Monitor application logs
- Check system resources (CPU, memory, disk)
- Review user activity and detect anomalies
- Process pending withdrawals
- Backup database

#### Weekly Tasks

- Update system packages
- Review security logs
- Clean up temporary files
- Analyze performance metrics
- Update documentation

#### Monthly Tasks

- Security audit
- Full system backup
- Performance optimization review
- User feedback analysis
- Feature planning

### Update Procedures

### Application Updates

## 1. Backup Current System

```
# Create backup before updates
python -c "from utils.backup import create_backup; create_backup()"
```

## 2. Update Dependencies

```
# Update Python packages
pip list --outdated
pip install --upgrade package_name
```

```
# Update requirements.txt
pip freeze > requirements.txt
```

## 3. Database Migrations

```
# Create migration script
from app import app, db
from flask_migrate import Migrate, upgrade
```

```
migrate = Migrate(app, db)
```

```
# Run migrations
upgrade()
```

## 4. Test Updates

```
# Run test suite (if available)
python -m pytest tests/
```

```
# Manual testing checklist:
# - User registration/login
# - Mining functionality
# - Task completion
# - Admin panel access
# - Email notifications
```

## Security Updates

### System Security Updates:

```
# Ubuntu/Debian
sudo apt update && sudo apt upgrade -y
```

```
# CentOS/RHEL
sudo yum update -y
```

### Python Security Updates:

```
# Check for security vulnerabilities
pip install safety
safety check
```

```
# Update vulnerable packages
pip install --upgrade vulnerable-package
```

### SSL Certificate Renewal:

```
# Let's Encrypt renewal
sudo certbot renew
```

```
# Check certificate expiry
openssl x509 -in /path/to/certificate.crt -text -noout | grep "Not After"
```

## Version Control

### Git Workflow

```
# Initialize repository
git init
git add .
git commit -m "Initial commit"
```

```
# Create development branch
git checkout -b development
```

```
# Make changes and commit
git add modified_files
git commit -m "Feature: Add new functionality"
```

```
# Merge to main branch
git checkout main
git merge development
```

```
# Tag releases
git tag -a v1.0.1 -m "Version 1.0.1 release"
git push origin v1.0.1
```

## Configuration Management

```
# config.py - Environment-based configuration
import os
```

```
class Config:
    SECRET_KEY = os.environ.get('SECRET_KEY') or 'dev-secret-key'
    SQLALCHEMY_DATABASE_URI = os.environ.get('DATABASE_URL') or 'sqlite:///rosecoin.db'
    SQLALCHEMY_TRACK_MODIFICATIONS = False
```

```

class DevelopmentConfig(Config):
    DEBUG = True
    TESTING = False

class ProductionConfig(Config):
    DEBUG = False
    TESTING = False

class TestingConfig(Config):
    DEBUG = True
    TESTING = True
    SQLALCHEMY_DATABASE_URI = 'sqlite:///test.db'

config = {
    'development': DevelopmentConfig,
    'production': ProductionConfig,
    'testing': TestingConfig,
    'default': DevelopmentConfig
}

```

## Monitoring and Alerts

## Health Check Endpoints

```

# app.py - Health check endpoints
@app.route('/health')
def health_check():
    health_status = {
        'status': 'healthy',
        'timestamp': datetime.utcnow().isoformat(),
        'version': '1.0',
        'checks': {
            'database': check_database_health(),
            'email': check_email_health(),
            'storage': check_storage_health()
        }
    }

    # Determine overall health
    if all(health_status['checks'].values()):
        return jsonify(health_status), 200
    else:
        health_status['status'] = 'unhealthy'
        return jsonify(health_status), 503

def check_database_health():
    try:
        db.session.execute('SELECT 1')
        return True
    except Exception:
        return False

def check_email_health():
    try:
        from utils.smtp_client import test_smtp_connection
        return test_smtp_connection()
    except Exception:
        return False

def check_storage_health():
    import shutil
    try:
        disk_usage = shutil.disk_usage('.')
        free_space_gb = disk_usage.free / (1024**3)
        return free_space_gb > 1.0 # At least 1GB free
    except Exception:
        return False

```

## Alerting System

```

# utils/alerts.py
import smtplib
from email.mime.text import MIMEText

def send_alert(subject, message, severity='info'):
    """Send alert email to administrators"""
    admin_emails = ['admin@yourdomain.com']

    msg = MIMEText(f"""
Alert: {subject}
Severity: {severity}
Time: {datetime.utcnow()}

Details:
{message}

Server: {os.uname().nodename}
Application: rosecoin
""")

    msg['Subject'] = f'[DSC Alert] {subject}'
    msg['From'] = 'alerts@yourdomain.com'
    msg['To'] = ', '.join(admin_emails)

    try:
        smtp = smtplib.SMTP('localhost')
        smtp.send_message(msg)
        smtp.quit()
        return True
    except Exception as e:
        app.logger.error(f'Failed to send alert: {e}')
        return False

# Usage in application

```

```
def monitor_system():
    # Check critical metrics
    if not check_database_health():
        send_alert('Database Connection Failed', 'Cannot connect to database', 'critical')

    # Check disk space
    free_space = shutil.disk_usage('.').free / (1024**3)
    if free_space < 1.0:
        send_alert('Low Disk Space', f'Only {free_space:.2f}GB remaining', 'warning')
```

## API Documentation

### Authentication API

#### Login Endpoint

**POST /auth/login** Content-Type: application/json { "email": "user@example.com", "password": "password123" }

#### Response:

```
{
  "success": true,
  "user": {
    "id": 1,
    "username": "testuser",
    "email": "user@example.com",
    "balance": 1500.50,
    "level": 5,
    "xp": 2500
  },
  "session_token": "abc123..."
}
```

#### Registration Endpoint

**POST /auth/register** Content-Type: application/json { "username": "newuser", "email": "newuser@example.com", "password": "password123", "referral\_code": "ABC123" // optional }

### Mining API

#### Mine Coins

**POST /mining/mine** Authorization: Bearer <session\_token> Content-Type: application/json { "mining\_power": 1.0 }

#### Response:

```
{
  "success": true,
  "coins_earned": 25.5,
  "new_balance": 1526.0,
  "xp_gained": 10,
  "new_xp": 2510,
  "level_up": false,
  "cooldown": 60
}
```

#### Get Mining Stats

**GET /mining/stats** Authorization: Bearer <session\_token>

#### Response:

```
{
  "total_mined": 5000.0,
  "mining_sessions": 250,
  "last_mining": "2025-07-19T10:30:00Z",
  "next_available": "2025-07-19T10:31:00Z",
  "daily_limit": 1000.0,
  "daily_mined": 150.0
}
```

### Task API

#### Get Available Tasks

**GET /tasks/available** Authorization: Bearer <session\_token>

#### Response:

```
{
  "tasks": [
    {
      "id": 1,
      "title": "Follow us on Twitter",
      "description": "Follow our official Twitter account",
      "platform": "twitter",
      "reward": 50.0,
      "task_type": "follow",
      "external_url": "https://twitter.com/ourhandle",
    }
  ]
}
```

```
    "requirements": "Must follow the account"
  }
},
"total": 10,
"page": 1,
"per_page": 20
}
```

Submit Task Completion

```
POST /tasks/complete/<task_id> Authorization: Bearer <session_token> Content-Type: multipart/form-data {
"proof_text": "Completed the task as requested", "proof_image": <file_upload> }
```

User API

Get User Profile

```
GET /api/user/profile Authorization: Bearer <session_token>
```

Response:

```
{
  "id": 1,
  "username": "testuser",
  "email": "user@example.com",
  "balance": 1500.50,
  "xp": 2500,
  "level": 5,
  "mining_power": 1.2,
  "referral_code": "ABC123",
  "created_at": "2025-01-01T00:00:00Z",
  "last_login": "2025-07-19T10:00:00Z"
}
```

Update Profile

```
PUT /api/user/profile Authorization: Bearer <session_token> Content-Type: application/json { "username":
"newusername", "wallet_address": "0x123..." }
```

Admin API

Get System Stats

```
GET /api/admin/stats Authorization: Bearer <admin_token>
```

Response:

```
{
  "users": {
    "total": 1000,
    "active": 850,
    "new_today": 25
  },
  "financial": {
    "total_balance": 50000.0,
    "pending_withdrawals": 5000.0,
    "revenue_today": 100.0
  },
  "tasks": {
    "pending_review": 15,
    "completed_today": 150
  }
}
```

Webhook API

Withdrawal Status Update

```
POST /webhooks/withdrawal-status Content-Type: application/json Authorization: Bearer <webhook_secret> {
"withdrawal_id": 123, "status": "completed", "transaction_id": "tx123...", "processed_at": "2025-07-19T10:30:00Z" }
```

Rate Limiting

All API endpoints are rate-limited: - General endpoints: 1000 requests per hour per IP - Mining endpoint: 1 request per minute per user - Authentication endpoints: 5 requests per minute per IP - Admin endpoints: 100 requests per hour per admin

Error Responses

```
{
  "success": false,
  "error": {
    "code": "INSUFFICIENT_BALANCE",
    "message": "Not enough balance for this operation",
    "details": {
      "required": 100.0,
      "available": 50.0
    }
  }
}
```



}

**Common Error Codes:** - AUTHENTICATION\_FAILED - Invalid credentials - AUTHORIZATION\_REQUIRED - Missing or invalid token - RATE\_LIMIT\_EXCEEDED - Too many requests - VALIDATION\_ERROR - Invalid input data - RESOURCE\_NOT\_FOUND - Requested resource doesn't exist - INSUFFICIENT\_BALANCE - Not enough funds - MINING\_COOLDOWN - Mining too frequently - TASK\_ALREADY\_COMPLETED - Task already submitted

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## **Support & Contact**

### **Getting Help**

#### **Documentation Resources**

- **Installation Guide:** This document
- **API Documentation:** Section 16 of this guide
- **Video Tutorials:** Available on our support portal
- **FAQ:** Common questions and solutions

#### **Support Channels**

**Email Support:** - General Support: support@rosecoin.com - Technical Issues: tech@rosecoin.com - Business Inquiries: business@rosecoin.com

**Response Times:** - Critical Issues: Within 2 hours - General Support: Within 24 hours - Feature Requests: Within 48 hours

#### **Community Support**

**Discord Community:** - Join our Discord server for real-time help - Connect with other platform operators - Get unofficial community support

**GitHub Repository:** - Report bugs and issues - Request new features - Contribute to the project - Access source code updates

#### **Professional Services**

##### **Custom Development**

**We offer custom development services for:** - Custom feature development - Third-party integrations - UI/UX customization - Performance optimization - Security audits

##### **Managed Hosting**

- **Fully managed hosting solutions**
- **99.9% uptime guarantee**
- **Automatic backups and updates**
- **24/7 monitoring and support**
- **Scalability management**

##### **Consulting Services**

- **Platform strategy consultation**
- **Marketing and growth advice**
- **Technical architecture review**
- **Security assessment**
- **Compliance guidance**

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## License Information

**This software is licensed under a commercial license.**

**License Terms:** - **Commercial use permitted** - **Modification allowed** - **Distribution allowed (with restrictions)** - **Private use permitted** - **Sublicensing not permitted** - **Warranty not provided**

**Usage Rights:** - **Single domain license (upgrade available)** - **Unlimited users per domain** - **Free updates for 12 months** - **Extended support options available**

## Changelog

### Version 1.0.0 (Current)

- Initial release
- Complete mining platform
- Social media task system
- Referral program
- Admin panel
- PWA support
- Multi-language ready

### Planned Updates

**Version 1.1.0 (Q3 2025):** - **AI-powered task verification** - **Mobile app (iOS/Android)** - **Advanced analytics dashboard** - **Multi-currency support** - **Enhanced security features**

**Version 1.2.0 (Q4 2025):** - **Blockchain integration** - **NFT rewards system** - **Advanced gamification** - **Social trading features** - **Enterprise features**

## Acknowledgments

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**Third-Party Libraries:** - **Flask and extensions (MIT License)** - **Bootstrap (MIT License)** - **Font Awesome (Font Awesome License)** - **jQuery (MIT License)**

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***This documentation is comprehensive and covers all aspects of installing, configuring, and maintaining the rosecoin platform. For the most up-to-date information and additional resources, please visit our support portal or contact our team directly.***