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CMSC 122 FINAL PROJECT

Algorithm Report

Data Structured Used: Array

For the Space Complexity:

Since the algorithm contains an array and it is the only data structure that is present in the algorithm, the space complexity of the algorithm is $O(n)$. It is because the space complexity of the other initializations are $O(1)$, and $O(1)$ is insignificant against $O(n)$ as n approaches infinity.

For the Time Complexity:

Algorithm Used:

Here is the general algorithm that I used in creating the Modified Sliding Puzzle Game:

Algorithm Modified Sliding Puzzle Game

Start

- 1 Set the moveCounter to 0. $\rightarrow O(1)$
- 2 Set the image icons needed $\rightarrow O(1)$
- 3 Set the necessary audios $\rightarrow O(n)$ *because the background music loops endlessly unless the user terminates the game*
- 4 Initialize the GUI $\rightarrow O(1)$
- 5 Initialize the array (valueHolder[]) that will contain the value of each tile.
 $\rightarrow O(1)$
- 6 Enter the game $\rightarrow O(1)$
- 7 Shuffle the puzzle $\rightarrow O(n)$
- 8 Check if the puzzle is solved (This is the time where the player switch the tile values to solve the puzzle and each move increases moveCounter by 1). $\rightarrow O(n)$ *since the player may play the game forever*
- 9 If the puzzle is solved, go to line 10 else go back to line 7 $\rightarrow O(1)$
- 10 Declare the player as winner and display the total number of moves that they have taken to solve the puzzle $\rightarrow O(1)$

End

If we add the total operations of the algorithm, we can come up with $O(1 + 1 + n + 1 + 1 + n + n + 1 + 1) = O(6 + 3n)$. Since 6 and the coefficient 3 of n is insignificant against n as n approaches infinity, we can say that the time complexity of the algorithm is $O(n)$.

Here is the algorithm for switching the tile values:

Algorithm Switching Tile Values ()

Start

```
1      If the player clicks the first tile:      →  $O(1+1)$  →  $O(1)$ 
2          set temp = the valueHolder[0]        →  $O(1)$ 
3          if valueHolder[1] == 9                →  $O(1+1+1+1)$ 
4              valueHolder[0] = valueHolder[1]    →  $O(1)$ 
5              valueHolder[1] = temp              →  $O(1)$ 
6              moveCounter = moveCounter + 1      →  $O(1)$ 
7              update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] →  $O(1)$ 
8          else if valueHolder[3] == 9           →  $O(1+1+1+1)$  →  $O(1)$ 
9              valueHolder[0] = valueHolder[3]    →  $O(1)$ 
10             valueHolder[3] = temp              →  $O(1)$ 
11             moveCounter = moveCounter + 1      →  $O(1)$ 
12             update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] →  $O(1)$ 
13      If the player clicks the second tile: →  $O(1+1)$  →  $O(1)$ 
14          set temp = the valueHolder[1] →  $O(1)$ 
15          if valueHolder[0] == 9: →  $O(1+1+1+1)$  →  $O(1)$ 
16              valueHolder[1] = valueHolder[0] →  $O(1)$ 
17              valueHolder[2] = temp →  $O(1)$ 
18              moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 →  $O(1)$ 
19              update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] →  $O(1)$ 
20          else if valueHolder[2] == 9: →  $O(1+1+1+1)$  →  $O(1)$ 
21              valueHolder[1] = valueHolder[2] →  $O(1)$ 
22              valueHolder[2] = temp →  $O(1)$ 
23              moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 →  $O(1)$ 
24              update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] →  $O(1)$ 
25          else if valueHolder[4] == 9: →  $O(1+1+1+1)$  →  $O(1)$ 
26              valueHolder[1] = valueHolder[4] →  $O(1)$ 
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27         valueHolder[4] = temp → O(1)
28         moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 → O(1)
29         update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] → O(1)
30     If the player clicks the third tile: → O(1+1) → O(1)
31         set temp = the valueHolder[2] → O(1)
32         if valueHolder[1] == 9: → O(1+1+1+1) → O(1)
33             valueHolder[2] = valueHolder[1] → O(1)
34             valueHolder[1] = temp → O(1)
35             moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 → O(1)
36             update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] → O(1)
37         else if valueHolder[5] == 9: → O(1+1+1+1) → O(1)
38             valueHolder[2] = valueHolder[5] → O(1)
39             valueHolder[5] = temp → O(1)
40             moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 → O(1)
41             update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] → O(1)
42     If the player clicks the fourth tile: → O(1+1) → O(1)
43         set temp = the valueHolder[3] → O(1)
44         if valueHolder[0] == 9: → O(1+1+1+1) → O(1)
45             valueHolder[3] = valueHolder[0] → O(1)
46             valueHolder[0] = temp → O(1)
47             moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 → O(1)
48             update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] → O(1)
49         else if valueHolder[4] == 9: → O(1+1+1+1) → O(1)
50             valueHolder[3] = valueHolder[4] → O(1)
51             valueHolder[4] = temp → O(1)
52             moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 → O(1)
53             update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] → O(1)
54         else if valueHolder[6] == 9: → O(1+1+1+1) → O(1)
55             valueHolder[3] = valueHolder[6] → O(1)
56             valueHolder[6] = temp → O(1)
57             moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 → O(1)
58             update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] → O(1)
59     If the player clicks the fifth tile: → O(1+1) → O(1)
60         set temp = the valueHolder[4] → O(1)

```

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61         if valueHolder[3] == 9: →  $O(1+1+1+1)$  →  $O(1)$ 
62             valueHolder[4] = valueHolder[3] →  $O(1)$ 
63             valueHolder[3] = temp →  $O(1)$ 
64             moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 →  $O(1)$ 
65             update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] →  $O(1)$ 
66         else if valueHolder[1] == 9: →  $O(1+1+1+1)$  →  $O(1)$ 
67             valueHolder[4] = valueHolder[1] →  $O(1)$ 
68             valueHolder[1] = temp →  $O(1)$ 
69             moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 →  $O(1)$ 
70             update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] →  $O(1)$ 
71         else if valueHolder[5] == 9: →  $O(1+1+1+1)$  →  $O(1)$ 
72             valueHolder[4] = valueHolder[5] →  $O(1)$ 
73             valueHolder[5] = temp →  $O(1)$ 
74             moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 →  $O(1)$ 
75             update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] →  $O(1)$ 
76         else if valueHolder[7] == 9: →  $O(1+1+1+1)$  →  $O(1)$ 
77             valueHolder[4] = valueHolder[7] →  $O(1)$ 
78             valueHolder[7] = temp →  $O(1)$ 
79             moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 →  $O(1)$ 
80             update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] →  $O(1)$ 
81     If the player clicks the sixth tile: →  $O(1+1)$  →  $O(1)$ 
82         set temp = the valueHolder[5] →  $O(1)$ 
83         if valueHolder[4] == 9: →  $O(1+1+1+1)$  →  $O(1)$ 
84             valueHolder[5] = valueHolder[4] →  $O(1)$ 
85             valueHolder[4] = temp →  $O(1)$ 
86             moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 →  $O(1)$ 
87             update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] →  $O(1)$ 
88         else if valueHolder[2] == 9: →  $O(1+1+1+1)$  →  $O(1)$ 
89             valueHolder[5] = valueHolder[2] →  $O(1)$ 
90             valueHolder[2] = temp →  $O(1)$ 
91             moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 →  $O(1)$ 
92             update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] →  $O(1)$ 
93         else if valueHolder[8] == 9: →  $O(1+1+1+1)$  →  $O(1)$ 
94             valueHolder[5] = valueHolder[8] →  $O(1)$ 

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95         valueHolder[8] = temp → O(1)
96         moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 → O(1)
97         update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] → O(1)
98     If the player clicks the seventh tile: → O(1+1) → O(1)
99         set temp = the valueHolder[6] → O(1)
100        if valueHolder[3] == 9: → O(1+1+1+1) → O(1)
101            valueHolder[6] = valueHolder[3] → O(1)
102            valueHolder[3] = temp → O(1)
103            moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 → O(1)
104            update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] → O(1)
105        else if valueHolder[7] == 9: → O(1+1+1+1) → O(1)
106            valueHolder[6] = valueHolder[7] → O(1)
107            valueHolder[7] = temp → O(1)
108            moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 → O(1)
109            update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] → O(1)
110    If the player clicks the eighth tile: → O(1+1) → O(1)
111        set temp = the valueHolder[7] → O(1)
112        if valueHolder[6] == 9: → O(1+1+1+1) → O(1)
113            valueHolder[6] = valueHolder[3] → O(1)
114            valueHolder[3] = temp → O(1)
115            moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 → O(1)
116            update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] → O(1)
117        else if valueHolder[4] == 9: → O(1+1+1+1) → O(1)
118            valueHolder[6] = valueHolder[7] → O(1)
119            valueHolder[7] = temp → O(1)
120            moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 → O(1)
121            update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] → O(1)
122        else if valueHolder[8] == 9: → O(1+1+1+1) → O(1)
123            valueHolder[7] = valueHolder[8] → O(1)
124            valueHolder[8] = temp → O(1)
125            moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 → O(1)
126            update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] → O(1)
127    If the player clicks the ninth tile: → O(1+1) → O(1)
128        set temp = the valueHolder[8] → O(1)

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129         if valueHolder[7] == 9: →  $O(1+1+1+1) \rightarrow O(1)$ 
130             valueHolder[8] = valueHolder[7] →  $O(1)$ 
131             valueHolder[7] = temp →  $O(1)$ 
132             moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 →  $O(1)$ 
133             update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] →  $O(1)$ 
134         else if valueHolder[5] == 9: →  $O(1+1+1+1) \rightarrow O(1)$ 
135             valueHolder[8] = valueHolder[5] →  $O(1)$ 
136             valueHolder[5] = temp →  $O(1)$ 
137             moveCounter = moveCounter + 1 →  $O(1)$ 
138             update the images of the tiles based on valueHolder[] →  $O(1)$ 

```

End

If we add the total operations of the algorithm, we can come up with $O(1+1+1+1+1+1+1+1+1) = O(9)$. Since 9 is constant, we can say that the time complexity of the algorithm is $O(1)$.

Here is the algorithm for shuffling the valueHolder array:

Algorithm shuffle ()

Start

```

1     while i < the length of the valueHolder[]: →  $O(3*n) \rightarrow O(3n) \rightarrow O(n)$ 
2         set integer s = i + (Math.random*valueHolder's length - i) →  $O(1)$ 
3         set integer temp = valueHolder[s] →  $O(1)$ 
4         valueHolder[i] = temp →  $O(1)$ 

```

End

Since 3 is negligible against n as n grows large, we can say that the time complexity of the algorithm is $O(n)$.