

CMSC 21 Lecture 13 (Structures) Assignment

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C montinola_13ass.c X
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1  #include <stdio.h>
2  #include <stdlib.h> // to use abs() function
3  #include <math.h> // to use pow() and sqr() functions
4
5  // structure for line with two points, line as its tag
6  struct line
7  {
8      // nested structure for points, with members as x and y coordinates and float for both data types
9      struct point
10     {
11         float x;
12         float y;
13     } point1, point2; // declaring point1 and point2 as variables since it both will have x and y coordinates
14
15     // variables that are required as the members for structure line, data types are all float
16     float *midpoint; // make member midpoint as pointer in order to return an array
17     float slope;
18     float distance;
19 };
20
21 // float function with struct line variable as its formal parameter in order to access x and y values
22 float solveSlope(struct line line1)
23 {
24     // access values of x and y of 2 points by accessing members of struc point inside struc line and store quotient to variable slope
25     float slope = (line1.point2.y - line1.point1.y) / (line1.point2.x - line1.point1.x);
26
27     // if slope value is equal to 0, call abs() function to remove negative sign
28     if (slope == 0)
29     {
30         slope = abs(slope);
31     }
32
33     // return value of slope variable
34     return slope;
35 }
36
37 // float function that returns a pointer to the midpoint coordinates with multiple values using array
38 // struct line variable as its formal parameter in order to access x and y values
39 float *solveMidpoint(struct line line1)
40 {
41     // initialize a float array with 2 elemetns, declare as static to ensure that its memory is not deallocated when the function returns
42     static float midpoint[2];
43
44     // store the midpoint of x coordinates to first index of midpoint array
45     midpoint[0] = (line1.point1.x + line1.point2.x) / 2.0;
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46 // store the midpoint of y coordinates to second index of midpoint array
47 midpoint[1] = (line1.point1.y + line1.point2.y) / 2.0;
48
49 // return array base address by using array name
50 return midpoint;
51 }
52
53 // float function with struct line variable as its formal parameter in order to access x and y values
54 float solveDistance(struct line line1)
55 {
56 // return the value rendered from the arithmetic
57 // use of pow() function from math.lib with the formula as its first argument and the value of power to raise the formula to, as its second argument
58 return sqrt(pow(line1.point2.x - line1.point1.x, 2) + pow(line1.point2.y - line1.point1.y, 2));
59 }
60
61 // void function since it does not return a value, only prints a statement
62 // struct line variable as its formal parameter in order to access x and y values
63 void getSlopeInterceptForm(struct line line1)
64 {
65 // store the value returned by solveSlope() function to variable slope
66 float slope = solveSlope(line1);
67 // access values of y and x of point1 by accessing members of struc point inside struc line and store answer to variable slope
68 // store value rendered from the arithmetic to variable intercept
69 float intercept = line1.point1.y - (slope * line1.point1.x);
70
71 // if slope value is equal to 0, there is no need to print x variable in slope-intercept form
72 if (slope == 0)
73 {
74 // display the slope intercept form using the value of intercept
75 printf("Slope-intercept form: y = %.2f\n", intercept);
76 }
77 // else slope is not equal to 0, x variable has a coefficient
78 else
79 {
80 // display the slope intercept form using the value of slope and intercept
81 printf("Slope-intercept form: y = %.2fx + %.2f\n", slope, intercept);
82 }
83 }

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86 int main(){
87 // declare structure line variable which is line1
88 struct line line1;
89
90 // prompt the user to enter the x and y of the first point
91 printf("Enter the x-coordinate and y-coordinate of the first point: ");
92 // store the x and y values of first point by accessing x and y inside the struc point which is nested inside the struc line
93 scanf("%f %f", &line1.point1.x, &line1.point1.y);
94
95 // prompt the user to enter the x and y of the second point
96 printf("Enter the x-coordinate and y-coordinate of the second point: ");
97 // store the x and y values of second point by accessing x and y inside the struc point which is nested inside the struc line
98 scanf("%f %f", &line1.point2.x, &line1.point2.y);
99
100 // line1 as the actual parameters in the function call since we will perform arithmetic with its points
101 line1.slope = solveSlope(line1); // make the member of struc line which is slope as a variable and store the value returned by the solveSlope(line1)
102 line1.midpoint = solveMidpoint(line1); // make the member of struc line which is midpoint(a pointer) as a variable and store the array returned by the solveMidpoint(line1)
103 line1.distance = solveDistance(line1); // make the member of struc line which is distance as a variable and store the value returned by the solveDistance(line1)
104
105 printf("\nslope: %.2f\n", line1.slope); // display the value of slope using the value stored at the variable by accessing the member slope of struc line
106 printf("Midpoint: (%.2f, %.2f)\n", line1.midpoint[0], line1.midpoint[1]); // display the value of the elements of array midpoint(x, y) variable by accessing the member midpoint which is a pointer of struc line
107 printf("Distance between two points: %.2f\n", line1.distance); // display the value of distance using the value stored at the variable by accessing the member distance of struc line
108
109 // call the function to be able to display the slope intercept form
110 getSlopeInterceptForm(line1);
111
112 return 0;
113 }
114

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Output:

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Enter the x-coordinate and y-coordinate of the first point: 1 1
Enter the x-coordinate and y-coordinate of the second point: 0 1

Slope: 0.00
Midpoint: (0.50, 1.00)
Distance between two points: 1.00
Slope-intercept form: y = 1.00
PS C:\Users\admin>

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Github Link:

<https://github.com/jullyannemontinola/CMSC-21/tree/77d3e12dad8e2f64d792cd385f67492714bdde58/CMSC%2021/Lecture%2013%20Assignment>