

Status Masterarbeit

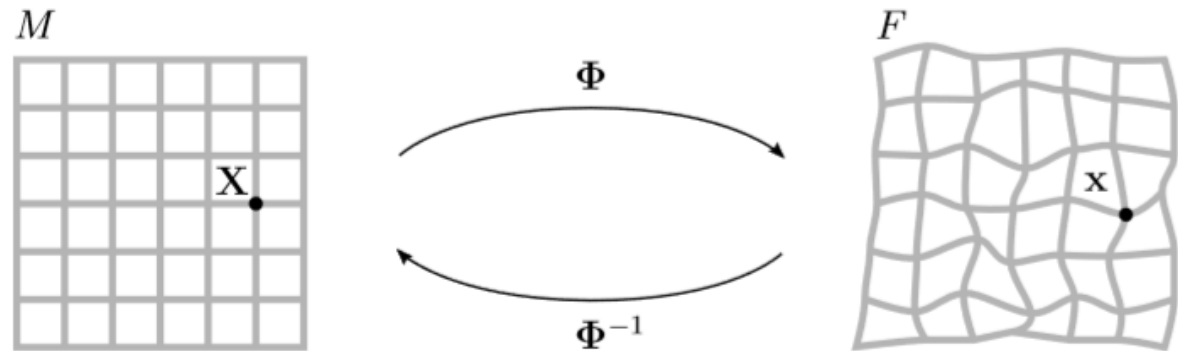
- Masterarbeit Overleaf
- Registration Basics
- Registration Literature
- Supervised Registration
- Unsupervised Registration
- Supervised Segmentation

- Project

<https://de.overleaf.com/project/5e9f188573655800011ff5cd>

- Synced with OLS

<https://pypi.org/project/overleaf-sync/>



deformation

displacement

$$\Phi^{-1}(x) = x + u^{-1}(x)$$

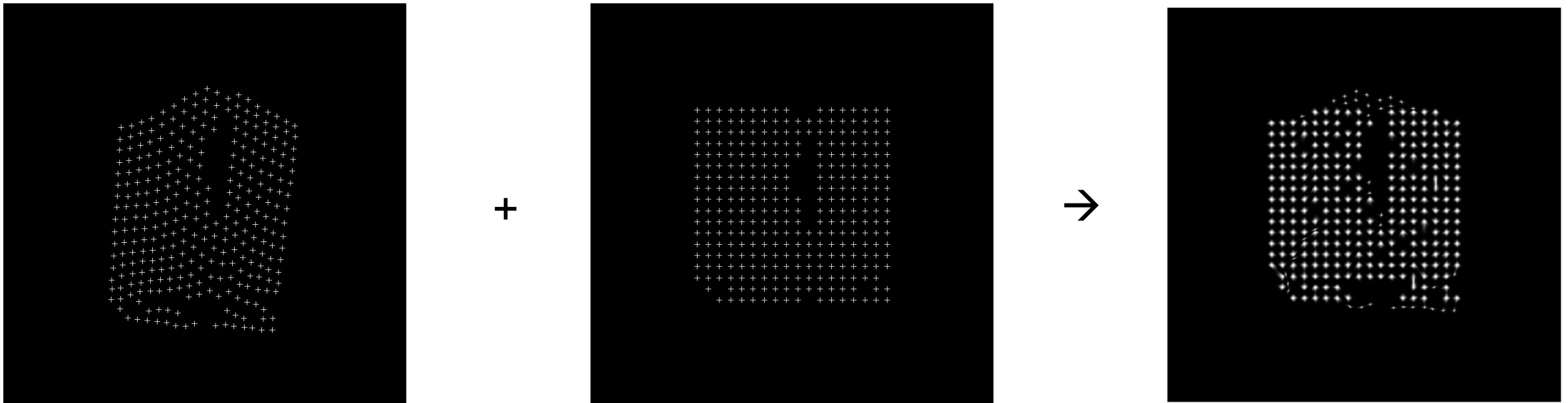
warped

moving

fixed

$$w(x) = (m \circ \Phi^{-1})(x) \approx f(x)$$

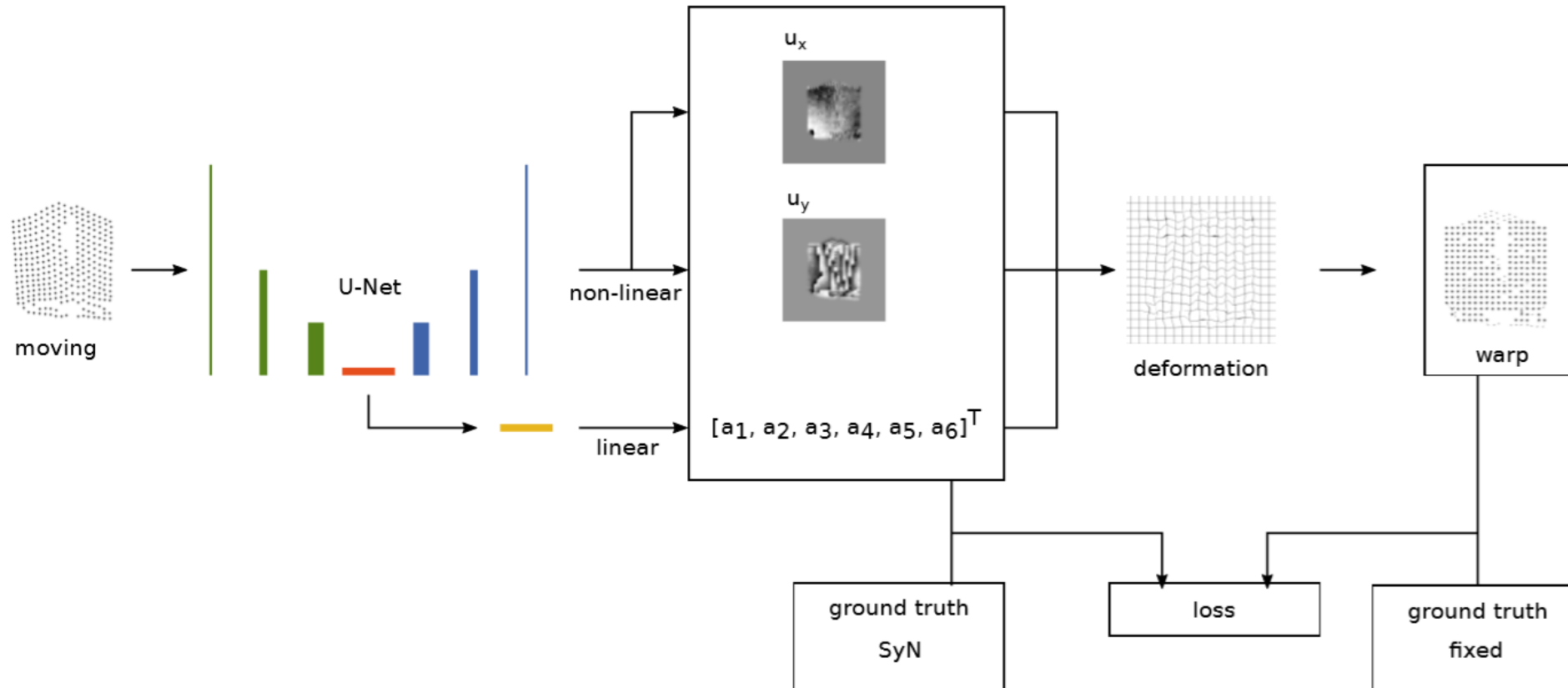
- The SyN algorithm from ANTs was tested on our data set.
- A purely intensity-based metric did not show sufficient results.
 - Image could be enhanced (background information) for better results.
 - An additional label-based metric should be tested.



- Deep learning approaches for registration were made in several publications.

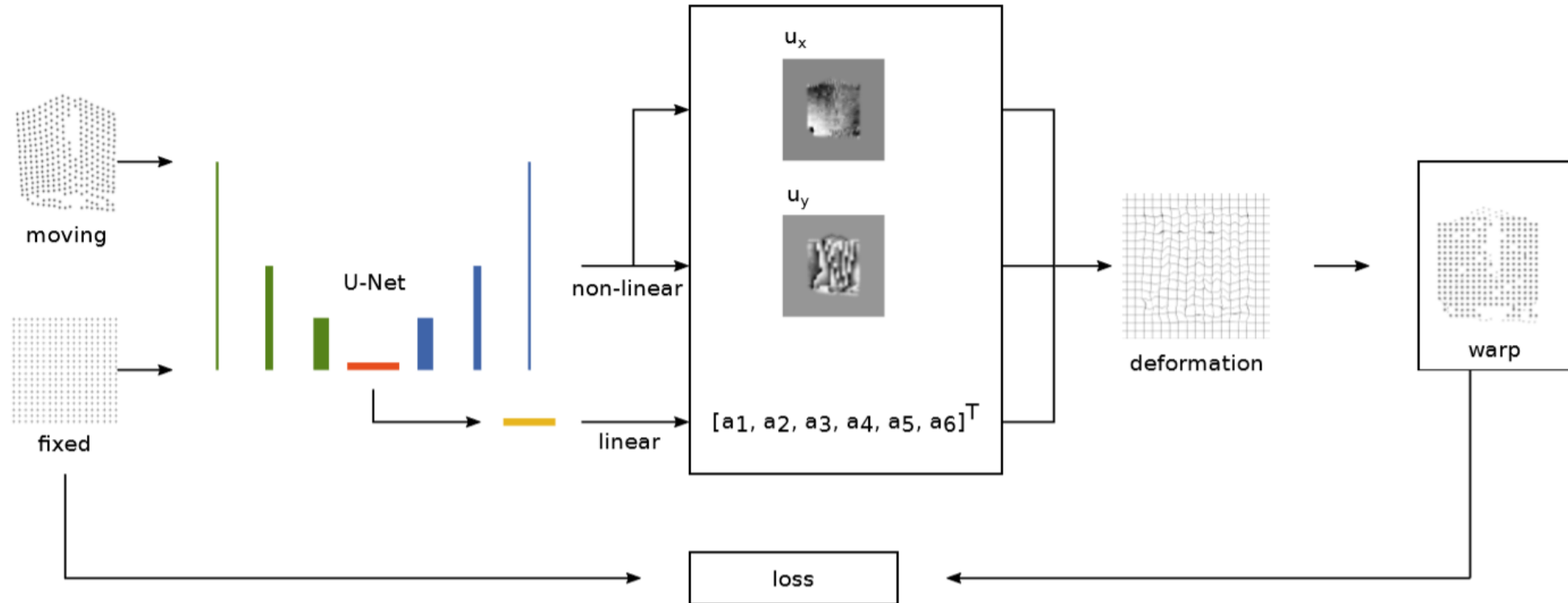
<i>Property</i>	DE VOS et al.	FAN et al.	KREBS et al.	YANG et al.
Registration Model	affine + B-spline	SyN	SVF	LDDMM
Framework	none	ANTs [?]	Log-Euclidean [?]	PyCA [?]
Parametric	true	false	false	false
Diffeomorphic	false	true	true	true
Metric variables	warp	warp + displacement	warp	warp
Metric type	intensity	intensity	intensity	intensity
Metric	MSD, CC, MI	MSD + MSD	CC	SSD
Transformation	linear + non-linear	linear + non-linear	linear + non-linear	linear + non-linear
Network Name	DLIR	BIRNet	-	Quicksilver
Network Model	deterministic	deterministic	probabilistic	probabilistic
Network Architecture	custom AE	filled U-Net	CVAE	BNN
Supervision	unsupervised	supervised	unsupervised	supervised
Modalities	inter, intra	intra	intra	inter, intra
Image space	3D	3D	3D	3D

Supervised Registration



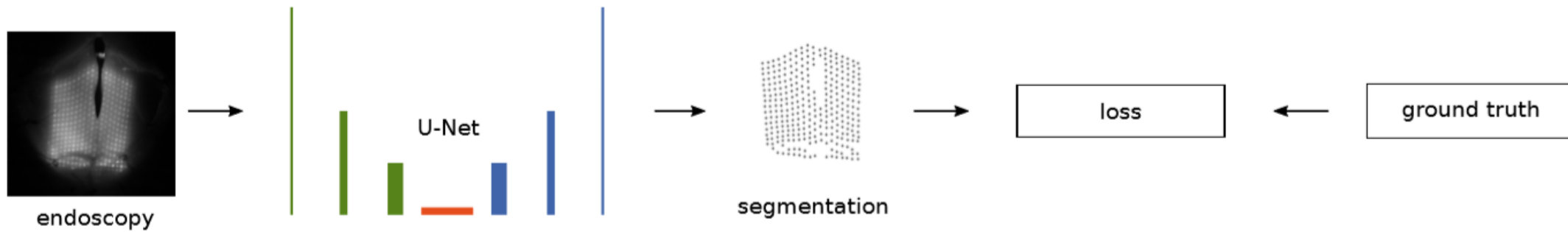
- Ground truth displacements and affine transformations can be generated with for example SyN. First trials have shown that a pure intensity-based metric is not sufficient.
- If intensity-based approach can not be improved, a label-based metric should be incorporated.
- A composed loss is proposed here similar to the one from Fan et al.
- The loss component coming from the warped and fixed image should take care of an intensity-based (optional label-based) metric.

Unsupervised Registration



- The unsupervised approach will only work if we can find a proper way to work with intensity-based metrics.
- A label-based metric can not be applied here. This would lead again to a supervised task.
- If the unsupervised registration is feasible, the training can be improved with data synthetization through a probabilistic model. **What would be the difference to simple data augmentation?**

Supervised Segmentation



- Can we start with a hot-pixel segmentation?
- If we exclude hot-pixel segmentation right away, we need to first generate segmentation masks from the labeled data.
- Auxiliary training input like image gradients might be beneficial.