

## 202001555 지은미

```
In [2]: # 1번 (Forward propagation)
import numpy as np

def sigmoid(x):
    return 1/(1+np.exp(-x))

w_input = np.array([[0.9,0.3,0.4],[0.2,0.8,0.2],[0.1,0.5,0.6]]) # input layer -> hidden
w_out=np.array([[0.3,0.7,0.5],[0.6,0.5,0.2],[0.8,0.1,0.9]]) # hidden layer -> out layer
i_input=np.array([0.9,0.1,0.8], ndmin=2).T # input 전치행렬
print("i_input")
print(i_input)

x_hidden_input=np.dot(w_input,i_input) # x_hidden = w_input * input 내적 -> 은닉계층의 입력
print("x_hidden")
print(x_hidden_input)

o_hidden_output = sigmoid(x_hidden_input) # 은닉계층의 결과값
print("o_hidden_output")
print(o_hidden_output)

x_out = np.dot(w_out,o_hidden_output)
print("x_out")
print(x_out)

o_out = sigmoid(x_out)
print("o_out")
print(o_out)
```

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i_input
[[0.9]
 [0.1]
 [0.8]]
x_hidden
[[1.16]
 [0.42]
 [0.62]]
o_hidden_output
[[0.76133271]
 [0.60348325]
 [0.65021855]]
x_out
[[0.97594736]
 [0.88858496]
 [1.25461119]]
o_out
[[0.72630335]
 [0.70859807]
 [0.77809706]]
```

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In [3]: # 2번 (Backward propagation)
e=np.array([0.8,0.5],ndmin=2) # 오차
w_hidden = np.array([[3.0,2.0],[1.0,7.0]], ndmin=2) # layer 1,2 가중치
print("w_hidden")
print(w_hidden)
w_output = np.array([[2.0,3.0],[1.0,4.0]], ndmin=2) # layer 2,3 가중치
print("w_output")
print(w_output)

# hidden
w_output_sum=w_output.sum(axis=1, dtype="float") # e_hidden 구하기 : 분모의 합
e_output_d=w_output.T/w_output_sum
e_output=np.dot(e_output_d,e.T)
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print("e_output")
print(e_output)

#output
w_hidden_sum=w_hidden.sum(axis=1, dtype="float") # e_output 구하기 :분모의 합
e_hidden_d=w_hidden.T/w_hidden_sum
e_hidden=np.dot(e_hidden_d,e_output)
print("e_hidden")
print(e_hidden)

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w_hidden
[[3. 2.]
 [1. 7.]]
w_output
[[2. 3.]
 [1. 4.]]
e_output
[[0.42]
 [0.88]]
e_hidden
[[0.362]
 [0.938]]

```

In [4]:

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# 3번 (Weight Update)
study = 0.1
e_output=np.array([0.8,0.5],ndmin=2).T
e_input=np.array([0.42,0.88], ndmin=2).T
w_output = np.array([[2.0,3.0],[1.0,4.0]], ndmin=2)
w_hidden = np.array([[3.0,2.0],[1.0,7.0]], ndmin=2)
o_output=np.array([0.4,0.5],ndmin=2).T

#은닉계층과 출력계층 사이의 가중치 업데이트
weightoutput_o_sum = np.dot(w_output,o_output)
print("weightoutput_o_sum")
print(weightoutput_o_sum)
sig_output=sigmoid(weightoutput_o_sum)*(1-sigmoid(weightoutput_o_sum))
print("sig_output")
print(sig_output)
m_output=np.dot(-e_output*sig_output,o_output.T)
print("m_output")
print(m_output)
study_output = study*m_output
print("study_output")
print(study_output)
weightoutput_update = w_output - study_output
print("weightoutput_update")
print(weightoutput_update)

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weightoutput_o_sum
[[2.3]
 [2.4]]
sig_output
[[0.08281957]
 [0.076255 ]]
m_output
[[-0.02650226 -0.03312783]
 [-0.015251 -0.01906375]]
study_output
[[-0.00265023 -0.00331278]
 [-0.0015251 -0.00190637]]
weightoutput_update
[[2.00265023 3.00331278]
 [1.0015251 4.00190637]]

```

In [12]:

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# 4번(역전파 오차 값과 가중치 업데이트 계산)
def forward_propagation(i,w):
    x=np.dot(w,i)

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o=sigmoid(x)
return o

def back_propagation(w,e):
    w_sum=w.sum(axis=1, dtype="float")
    e_divide=w.T/w_sum
    e_result=np.dot(e_divide,e.T)
    return e_result

def weight_update(w,o,e,study):
    weight_sum=np.dot(w,o)
    sig=sigmoid(weight_sum)*(1-sigmoid(weight_sum))
    m=np.dot(-e*sig,o.T)
    result=w-(study*m)
    return result

targets=np.array([[0.01],[0.01],[0.99]]) # 목표값
w_input = np.array([[0.9,0.3,0.4],[0.2,0.8,0.2],[0.1,0.5,0.6]]) # input layer -> hidden
w_out=np.array([[0.3,0.7,0.5],[0.6,0.5,0.2],[0.8,0.1,0.9]]) # hidden layer -> out layer
i_input=np.array([0.9,0.1,0.8], ndmin=2).T # input
study=0.1 #학습률

# forwardpropagation
hidden_result=forward_propagation(i_input,w_input) # input layer -> hidden layer
print("hidden_result")
print(hidden_result)
output_result=forward_propagation(hidden_result,w_out) # hidden layer -> out layer
print("output_result")
print(output_result)

e_output=targets - output_result #오차구하기
print("e_output")
print(e_output)

#weight update
update_out=weight_update(w_out,output_result,e_output,study) # 은닉계층과 출력계층 사이의 오차
print("update_out")
print(update_out)

#backpropagation
error_hidden=back_propagation(update_out,e_output.T) #은닉계층과 출력계층 사이의 오차
print("error_hidden")
print(error_hidden)

#weight update
update_input=weight_update(w_input,hidden_result,error_hidden,study) # 입력계층과 은닉계층 사이의 오차
print("update_input")
print(update_input)

#backpropagation
error_input=back_propagation(update_input,error_out.T) #입력계층과 은닉계층 사이의 오차
print("error_input")
print(error_input)

```

```

hidden_result
[[0.76133271]
 [0.60348325]
 [0.65021855]]
output_result
[[0.72630335]
 [0.70859807]
 [0.77809706]]
e_output
[[-0.71630335]
 [-0.69859807]
 [ 0.21190294]]

```

```
update_out
[[0.29026645 0.69050373 0.48957234]
 [0.58977651 0.49002573 0.18904746]
 [0.80251293 0.10245167 0.90269213]]
error_hidden
[[-0.37205042]
 [-0.59417754]
 [-0.23677052]]
update_input
[[0.89476284 0.29584867 0.39552719]
 [0.19019682 0.79222935 0.19162757]
 [0.09609774 0.49690681 0.59666726]]
error_input
[[-0.32475833]
 [-0.56858793]
 [-0.30965221]]
```

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