

# Project Planning and Management

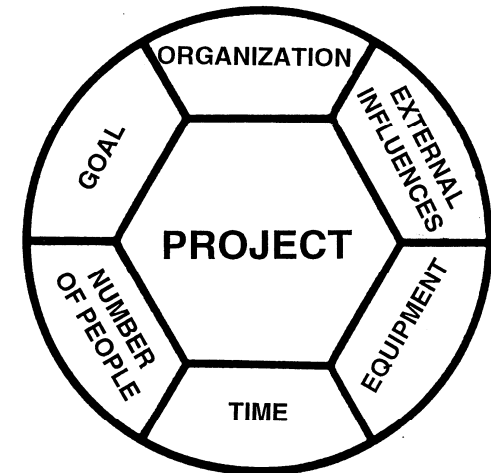
# The major challenges:

1. Agreeing on a goal (the *contract* with the customer/each other)
  - Requirement specification

2. Organising your work
  - System architecture design
  - Design / Implementation
  - Test

3. Managing the project:
  - Making decisions by (without) achieving consensus
  - Delegating responsibilities and work – making QA
  - Keeping track of time and resources
  - Team working (using joint resources, conflict management)
  - Having effective and efficient meetings
  - Prioritizing in the event of time skews

4. Presenting solutions

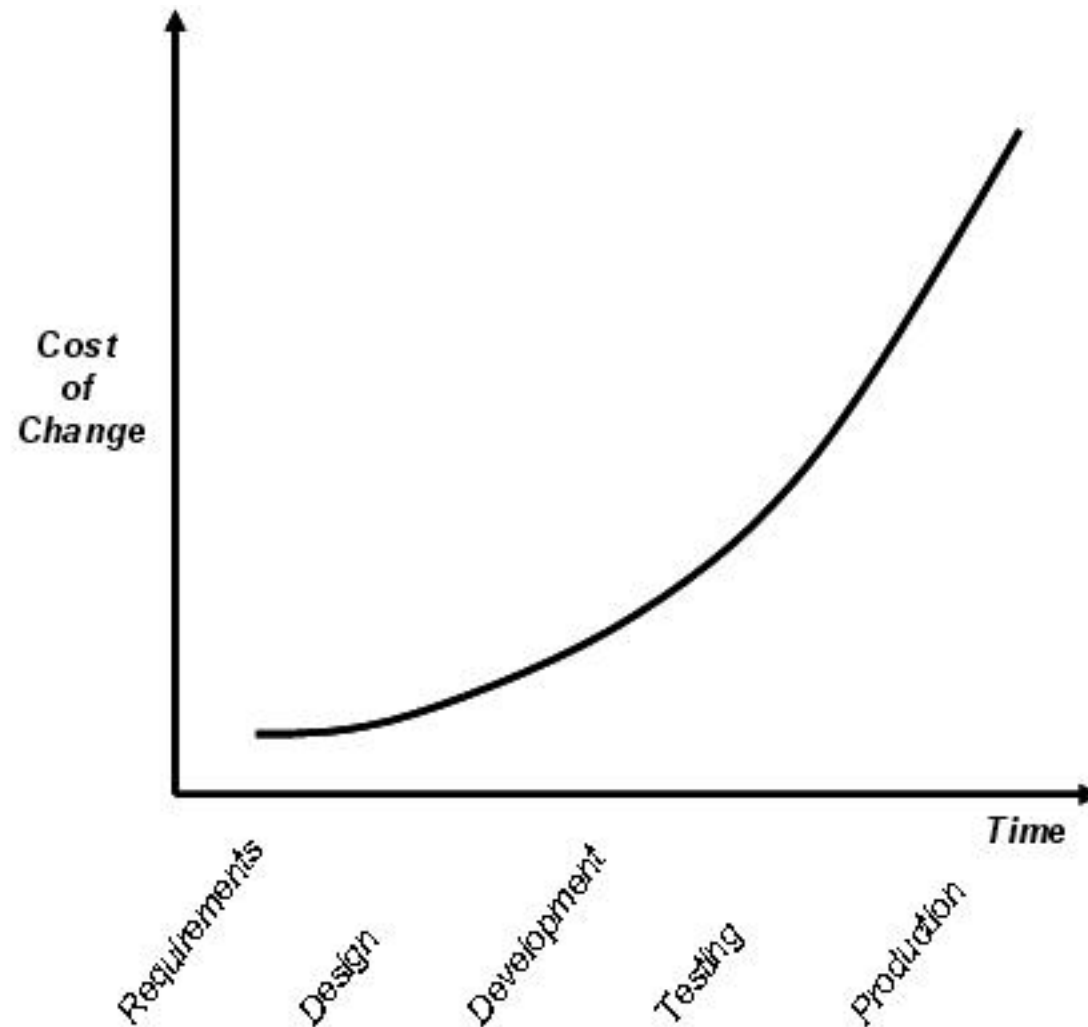


*The Project settings*

# Agreeing on a goal – Requirements Specification (RS)

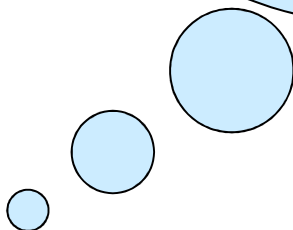
- Absolutely, positively the *most important* document!
  - The *hardest* document to write!
- The challenges:
  - The RS should state *what* the system should do
    - Fully, clearly and unequivocally
  - The RS should *not* state *how* it should be done
    - May impose constraints, e.g. re-use of existing technology

# Cost of changing a system's spec's



# Content of the RS

*What are good requirements?*



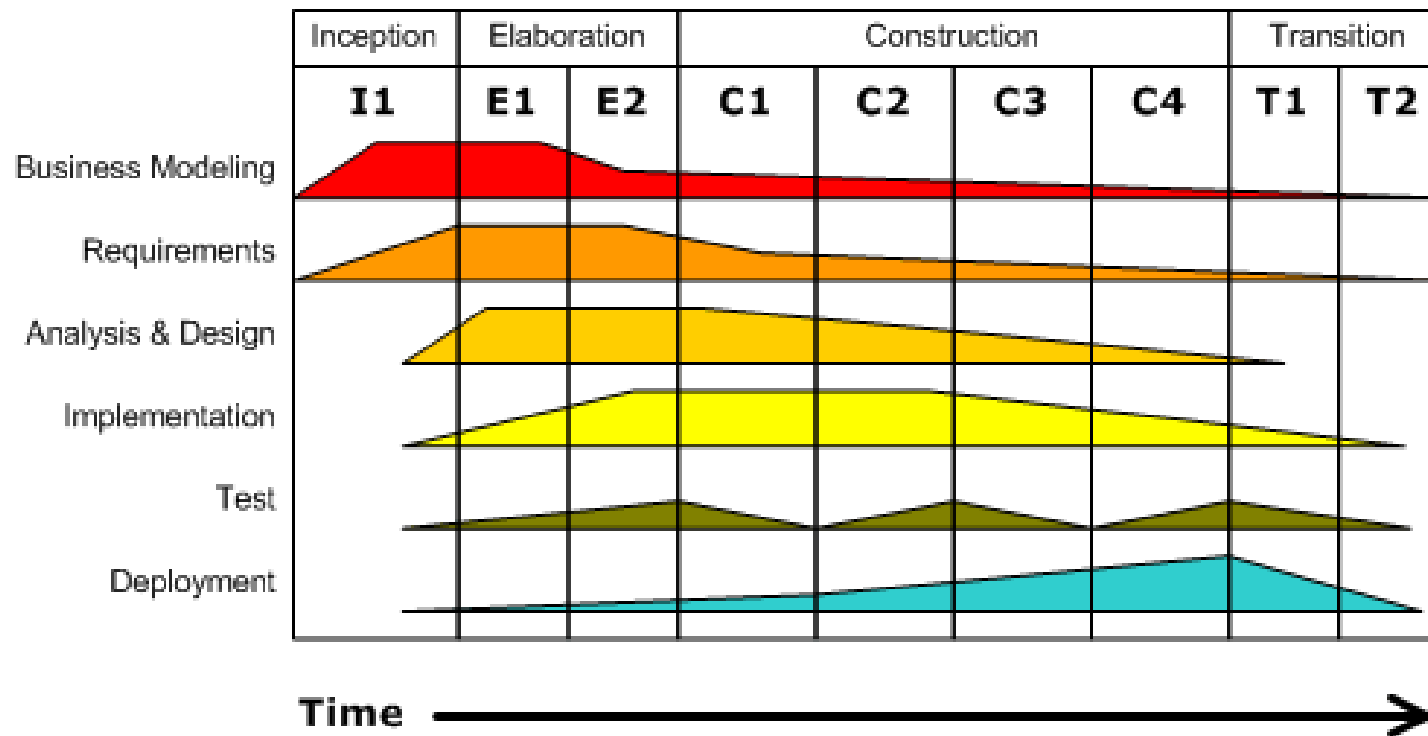
# The RS: A living document

- Changes to requirements occur, and when they do...
  - Agree with the customer (also priorities)
  - Communicate to the project team
  - Update all impacted documents

# Iterative development – it works!

## Iterative Development

Business value is delivered incrementally in time-boxed cross-discipline iterations.



# Breaking the system down

- So you have your requirements – now what?
- Time to change the what's to the how's!

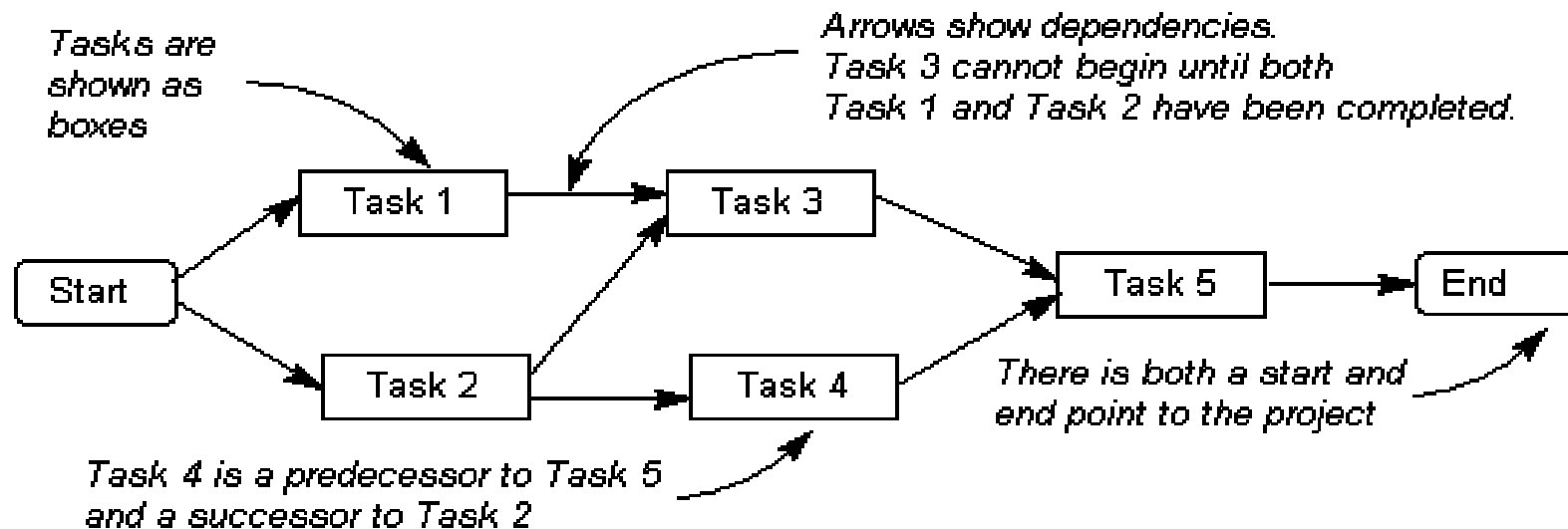


- This is where the hard work on the RS pays off!
  - Define *tasks* that must be completed to meet and verify the *requirements*
  - Iteratively break “big” tasks into smaller, tangible ones.
  - Define the relation between the tasks and give an ETC.
  - Define milestones (dates and success criteria)



# Activity diagram

Analyse tasks for dependencies and precedence (not time)



Allocate resources

(Tools, hardware, responsables, manpower)

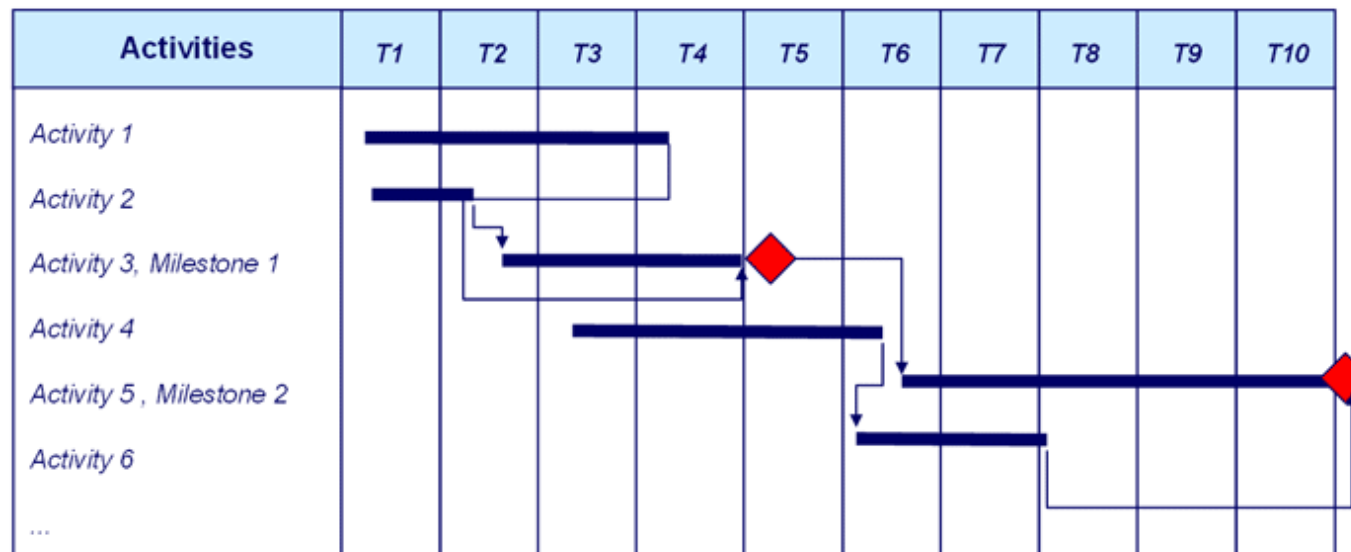
# Gantt Chart – the time schedule

Give realistic ETCs for the defined activities

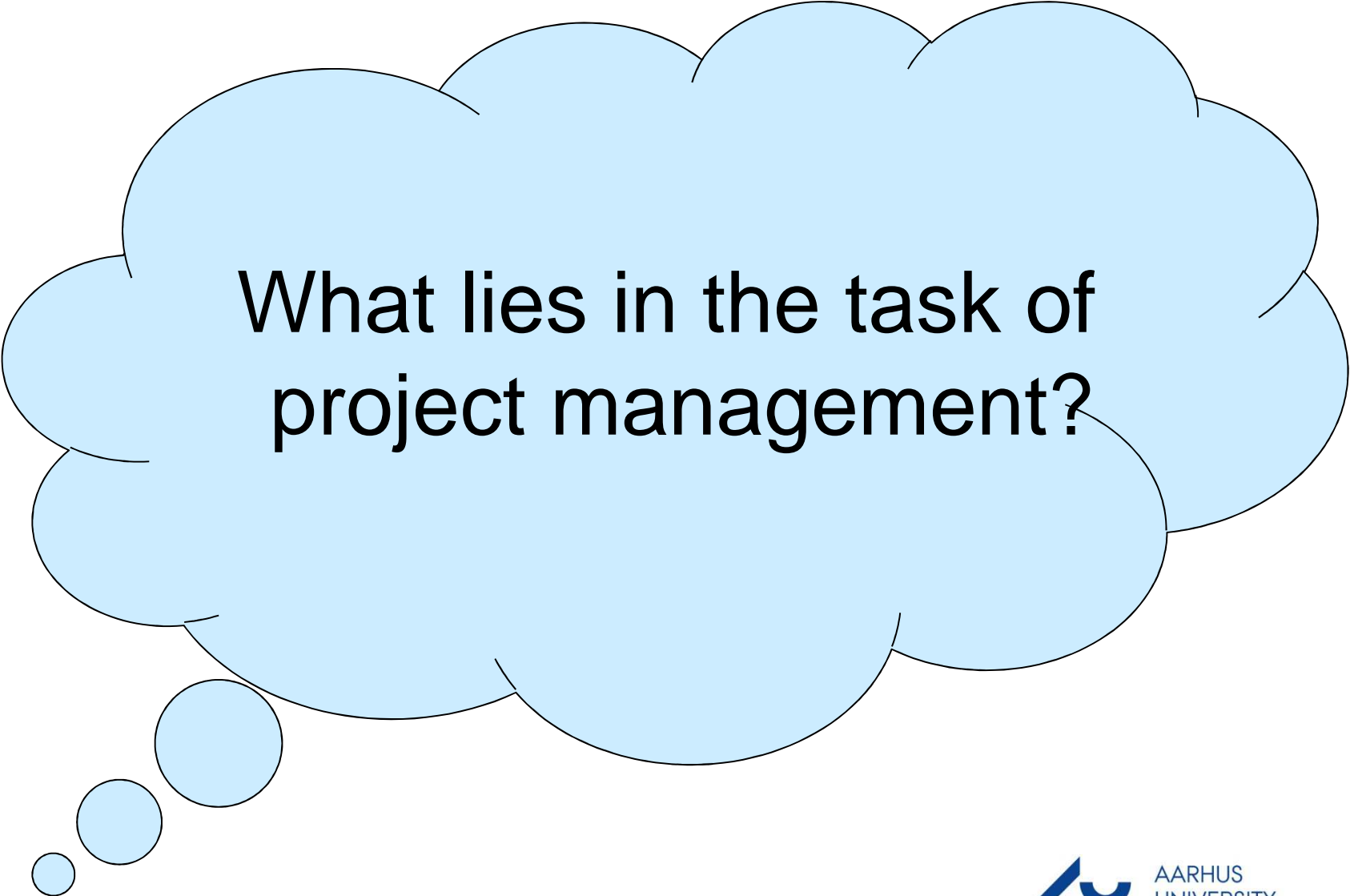
The person(s) in charge of the task must be involved in this process!

Create a time/resource plan (Gantt diagram) with milestones

Follow up!



# Project Management



What lies in the task of  
project management?

# Project Management

Project management must ensure that:

- The project progresses according to plan
  - Actions are taken to facilitate changes and overruns
  - The customer is kept informed (and happy)
  - Milestones and deadlines are met
  - ...
- 
- Project Manager (PM) can be one person or a rotating responsibility (what does your AC say?)

# Assignment:

## For your project:

- Discuss (or review) the goals of your project – what would you like to accomplish?
- Set up (or review) the pertaining requirements, then discuss:
  - Are the requirements unequivocal? Clear? Sufficient?
  - Do the requirements state *what* to do and not *how*?
  - Can the requirements be verified through test? How?
- Define tasks and milestones for this part of your project, both in an activity diagram and a Gantt chart.
- Note: This is a "starter" – you will probably not finish this assignment