

## #INPUT MATRIX

박준혁

```
matA=magic(9);
```

## #DETERMINANT

```
% METHOD_1:Cofactor
D_1=0;
for n=1:size(matA,2) %Iteration for nth column in 1st row
    D_1=D_1+cof(matA,n)*matA(1,n); % D=sum(cofactor*entries)
end
D_1
```

```
D_1 = 7.5036e+16
```

```
% METHOD_2:Product of diagonal entries in row echelon form(REF)
E=GE(matA)
```

```
E = 9×9
```

```
103 ×
```

0.0470	0.0580	0.0690	0.0800	0.0010	0.0120	0.0230	0.0340	0.04
0	-0.0023	-0.0047	-0.0880	0.0098	0.0074	0.0051	0.0028	-0.00
0	0	-0.0810	0.0720	-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	0.00
0	0	0	3.2713	-0.3387	-0.2577	-0.1767	-0.1047	0.32
0	0	0	0	0.0449	0.0535	0.0621	0.0608	0.06
0	0	0	0	0	-0.0036	-0.0162	-0.0088	-0.09
0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0080	-0.0800	0.07
0	0	0	0	0	-0.0000	0	-0.2945	0.59
0	0	0	0	0	-0.0000	0	0	6.72

```
D_2=prod(diag(E))
```

```
D_2 = 7.5036e+16
```

## CHECK

```
det(matA)
```

```
ans = 7.5036e+16
```

```
round(det(matA)-D_1,-2)==0 % METHOD_1: 100의 자리까지 일치
```

```
ans = logical
1
```

```
det(matA)-D_2==0 % METHOD_2: 모두 일치
```

```
ans = logical
1
```

## #INVERSE

```
% METHOD: Gauss-Jordan
augA=[matA eye(9)]
```

```
augA = 9×18
```

47	58	69	80	1	12	23	34	45	1	0	0	0	0
57	68	79	9	11	22	33	44	46	0	1	0	0	0
67	78	8	10	21	32	43	54	56	0	0	1	0	0
77	7	18	20	31	42	53	55	66	0	0	0	1	0
6	17	19	30	41	52	63	65	76	0	0	0	0	1
16	27	29	40	51	62	64	75	5	0	0	0	0	0
26	28	39	50	61	72	74	4	15	0	0	0	0	0
36	38	49	60	71	73	3	14	25	0	0	0	0	0
37	48	59	70	81	2	13	24	35	0	0	0	0	0

```
RE=GJE(augA)
```

```
RE = 9×18
```

1.0000	0	0	0	0	-0.0000	0	0	
0	1.0000	0	0	0.0000	-0.0000	0	0	
0	0	1.0000	0	0	-0.0000	0	-0.0000	
0	0	0	1.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	0	0	
0	0	0	0	1.0000	-0.0000	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	1.0000	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	1.0000	0	0.00
0	0	0	0	0	0	-0.0000	1.0000	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.00

```
invA=RE(:,10:end)
```

```
invA = 9×9
```

0.0005	-0.0012	0.0017	0.0126	-0.0121	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.00
0.0003	0.0003	0.0128	-0.0122	0.0003	-0.0011	0.0017	0.0003	0.00
-0.0011	0.0140	-0.0120	0.0003	0.0005	0.0001	0.0003	0.0003	0.00
0.0126	-0.0120	0.0003	0.0003	-0.0011	0.0017	0.0005	0.0001	0.00
-0.0108	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.01
0.0003	0.0005	0.0001	-0.0011	0.0017	0.0003	0.0003	0.0126	-0.01
0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0005	0.0001	0.0003	0.0126	-0.0134	0.00
0.0003	0.0003	-0.0011	0.0017	0.0003	0.0128	-0.0122	0.0003	0.00
0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0127	-0.0120	-0.0011	0.0018	0.00

CHECK

```
inv(mata)
```

```
ans = 9×9
```

0.0005	-0.0012	0.0017	0.0126	-0.0121	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.00
0.0003	0.0003	0.0128	-0.0122	0.0003	-0.0011	0.0017	0.0003	0.00
-0.0011	0.0140	-0.0120	0.0003	0.0005	0.0001	0.0003	0.0003	0.00
0.0126	-0.0120	0.0003	0.0003	-0.0011	0.0017	0.0005	0.0001	0.00
-0.0108	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.01
0.0003	0.0005	0.0001	-0.0011	0.0017	0.0003	0.0003	0.0126	-0.01
0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0005	0.0001	0.0003	0.0126	-0.0134	0.00
0.0003	0.0003	-0.0011	0.0017	0.0003	0.0128	-0.0122	0.0003	0.00
0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0127	-0.0120	-0.0011	0.0018	0.00

```
round(invA-inv(mata),14)==0 % GJE: 1.0e-14의 자리까지 일치
```

```
ans = 9×9 logical 배열
```

*Junhyeok*

```

1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1
1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1
1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1
1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1
1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1
1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1
1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1
1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1
1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1

```

## FUNCTIONS

```

function M=minor(A,col) % Minor of a=A(1,col)
M=0;
A(1,:)=[];
A(:,col)=[];
if size(A)~=2
    for n=1:size(A,2)
        a=A(1,n);
        M=M+(-1)^(1+n)*a*minor(A,n);
    end
else
    M=A(1)*A(4)-A(2)*A(3); % 2x2 determinant
end
end

function C=cof(A,col) % Cofactor of a=A(1,col)
C=(-1)^(1+col)*minor(A,col);
end

function E=GE(A) % Gaussian Elimination
for n=1:size(A,2)
    for m=n+1:size(A,1)
        A(m,:)=A(m,:)-A(n,:)*A(m,n)/A(n,n);
        E=A;
    end
end
end

function RE=GJE(A) % Gauss-Jordan Elimination
for n=1:size(A,1)
    for m=[n+1:size(A,1) 1:n-1]
        A(m,:)=A(m,:)-A(n,:)*A(m,n)/A(n,n);
    end
    A(n,:)=A(n,:)/A(n,n); % Scaling
    RE=A;
end
end

```