1 Gradient Descent

$$C'(w) = \lim_{\epsilon \to 0} \frac{C(w+\epsilon) - C(w)}{\epsilon} \tag{1}$$

1.1 "Double"

$$C(w) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i w - y_i)^2$$
 (2)

$$C'(w) = \left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i w - y_i)^2\right)'$$
(3)

$$= \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i w - y_i)^2 \right)' \tag{4}$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \left((x_0 w - y_0)^2 + (x_1 w - y_1)^2 + \ldots + (x_n w - y_n)^2 \right)'$$
 (5)

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left((x_i w - y_i)^2 \right)' \tag{6}$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} 2(x_i w - y_i) (x_i w - y_i)'$$
(7)

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} 2(x_i w - y_i) (x_i w)'$$
 (8)

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} 2(x_i w - y_i) x_i' \tag{9}$$

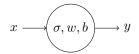
(10)

$$C(w) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i w - y_i)^2$$
(11)

$$C'(w) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} 2(x_i w - y_i) x_i'$$
(12)

(13)

1.2 One neuron model



$$y = \sigma(xw + b) \tag{14}$$

$$\sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}}\tag{15}$$

$$\sigma'(x) = \sigma(x)(1 - \sigma(x)) \tag{16}$$

(17)

1.2.1 Cost

$$a_i = \sigma(x_i w + b) \tag{18}$$

$$\partial_w a_i = \partial_w \left(\sigma(x_i w + b) \right) \tag{19}$$

$$= a_i(1 - a_i)\partial_w(x_i w + b) \tag{20}$$

$$= a_i(1 - a_i)x_i \tag{21}$$

$$\partial_b a_i = a_i (1 - a_i) \tag{22}$$

$$C = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (a_i - y_i)^2$$
 (23)

$$\partial_w C = \partial_w \left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (a_i - y_i)^2 \right)$$
 (24)

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \partial_w \left((a_i - y_i)^2 \right) \tag{25}$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} 2(a_i - y_i) \partial_w (a_i - y_i)$$
 (26)

$$=\frac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^{n}2(a_i-y_i)\partial_w a_i \tag{27}$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} 2(a_i - y_i)(a_i(1 - a_i)x_i)$$
 (28)

$$\partial_b C = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(a_i - y_i) \partial_b a_i \tag{29}$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} 2(a_i - y_i)(a_i(1 - a_i))$$
(30)

(31)