MATH2349 Semester 2, 2018



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Assignment 3

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Required packages

All the packages required to satsify tasks are installed.

library(dplyr)
library(readr)
library(Hmisc)
library(outliers)
library(tidyr)
library(knitr)
library(magrittr)
library(forecast)

Executive Summary

The data preprocessing plays an essential role because the data is made ready before the start of the analysis. With a specific end goal to discover from the knowledge gained in this course, the datasets are gathered through www.kaggle.com, which has a csv extension, contains data regarding the powerlifting. Firstly, two datasets are imported into retudio through base r function. Secondly, these datasets are merged from inner_join by 'MeetlD'. Furthermore, types of variables, attributes, dimensions, and the required type conversion are processed. The dataset has been reshaped because it violates the tidy format. Moreover, the new column MHR is mutated that holds for Maximal Heart Rate. The missing values and inconsistencies of the merged dataset are checked if any they are replaced by mean and mode. Possible outliers are inspected and handled them by the capping method. At last, BodyweightKg variable is transformed to normal distribution from left skewed

Data

The datasets are two comma-separated values file namely, meets.csv and openpowerlifting.csv. These data are from www.kaggle.com. This dataset is a depiction about an association called OpenPowerlifting which keep tracks of all information of meets and contender results. Contenders achieve to lift the maximum weight for their position in three different weightlifting classifications.

- 1. Meets: meets.csv is a file of information about all the competitors incorporated into the OpenPowerlifting database.
- · MeetID: Identification Number
- · MeetPath: represents the direction
- · Federation: shows the group
- · Date: represents the date
- · Meet Country: shows the country name
- MeetState: displays the name of the state
- MeetTown: represents town name
- MeetName: shows the name of the meet that are held

- 2. openpowerlifting: openpowerlifting.csv is a file of information about all the competitors who attended those meets and the details and lifts that they posted at them.
- · MeetID: Identification Number
- · Name: Name of the competitors
- · Sex: gender of the competitors
- Equipment: shows the equipments
- Age: determines the age of the competitors
- · Division: shows which category that competitors belong to
- BodyweightKg: It represents competitors weight in kg
- WeightclassKg: determines the weight category that competitors can take part
- Squat4Kg: it is the first lift performed at every single powerlifting meet
- BestSquat4Kg: the time performed in the squat by competitors
- Bench4Kg: the competitiors lay down on the bench and lifts the bar
- BestBenchKg: the time performed in the bench by competitors
- Deadlift4Kg: the competitors lifts the bar off the ground to the level of the hips, then lowered to the ground
- · BestDeadliftKg: the time performed in the deadlift by competitors
- TotalKg: shows the total kg lifted by the competitors
- · Place: shows the result where the competitors stand after their lift
- Wilks: it is the formula used to measure the strength of the powerlifter against other powerlifters

The datasets have been obtained from the following source:

https://www.kaggle.com/open-powerlifting/powerlifting-database (https://www.kaggle.com/open-powerlifting/powerlifting-database)

The datasets, meets.csv, and openpowerlifting.csv are merged through inner_join by common attribute (MeetID) and named the new dataset as merge.

```
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```

```
meets <- read.csv("meets.csv")
openpowerlifting <- read.csv("openpowerlifting.csv")
merge <- inner_join(meets, openpowerlifting)</pre>
```

```
Joining, by = "MeetID"
```

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head(merge)

MeetID <int></int>	-	Federation <fctr></fctr>	Date <fctr></fctr>	MeetCountry <fctr></fctr>	MeetState <fctr></fctr>	MeetTown <fctr></fctr>
1 0	365strong/1601	365Strong	2016-10-29	USA	NC	Charlotte
2 0	365strong/1601	365Strong	2016-10-29	USA	NC	Charlotte
3 0	365strong/1601	365Strong	2016-10-29	USA	NC	Charlotte
4 0	365strong/1601	365Strong	2016-10-29	USA	NC	Charlotte
5 0	365strong/1601	365Strong	2016-10-29	USA	NC	Charlotte
6 0	365strong/1601	365Strong	2016-10-29	USA	NC	Charlotte

6 rows | 1-8 of 24 columns

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merge\$Sex <- as.character(merge\$Sex)
sapply(merge, typeof)</pre>

MeetPath	Federation	Date	MeetCountry	MeetState
"integer"	"integer"	"integer"	"integer"	"integer"
Name	Sex	Equipment	Age	Division B
"integer"	"character"	"integer"	"double"	"integer"
Squat4Kg	BestSquatKg	Bench4Kg	BestBenchKg	Deadlift4Kg Bes
"double"	"double"	"double"	"double"	"double"
Place "integer"	Wilks "double"			
	"integer" Name "integer" Squat4Kg "double"	"integer" "integer" Name Sex "integer" "character" Squat4Kg BestSquatKg "double" "double"	"integer" "integer" "integer" Name Sex Equipment "integer" "character" "integer" Squat4Kg BestSquatKg Bench4Kg "double" "double" "double"	"integer" "integer" "integer" Name Sex Equipment Age "integer" "character" "integer" "double" Squat4Kg BestSquatKg Bench4Kg BestBenchKg "double" "double" "double" "double"

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str(merge)

```
'data.frame': 386414 obs. of 24 variables:
              : int 0000000000...
$ MeetID
$ MeetPath
              : Factor w/ 8482 levels "365strong/1601",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
$ Federation
               : Factor w/ 60 levels "365Strong", "AAPF", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
               : Factor w/ 2652 levels "1974-03-02", "1974-03-30",...: 2421 2421 2421 2421 24
$ Date
21 2421 2421 2421 2421 ...
$ MeetCountry : Factor w/ 45 levels "Argentina", "Australia",..: 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44
44 ...
$ MeetState
              : Factor w/ 81 levels "","AB","ACT",..: 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 ...
              : Factor w/ 1540 levels "","Ã\230. Ã□rdal",..: 249 249 249 249 249 249 249
$ MeetTown
249 249 249 ...
               : Factor w/ 5217 levels "015 Pennsylvania State Bench Press and Deadlif
$ MeetName
: Factor w/ 136687 levels "A'daireon Madlock",..: 9239 35550 35550 35550 371
$ Name
27 29916 91588 91588 106278 106278 ...
               : chr "F" "F" "F" "F" ...
              : Factor w/ 5 levels "Multi-ply", "Raw", ...: 5 3 3 2 2 5 2 2 5 2 ...
$ Equipment
$ Age
                : num 47 42 42 42 18 28 60 60 52 52 ...
               : Factor w/ 4247 levels "","-100kg","11-12R",...: 3176 3175 3288 3288 4000 32
$ Division
88 3179 3288 67 3812 ...
$ BodyweightKg : num 59.6 58.5 58.5 58.5 63.7 ...
$ WeightClassKg : Factor w/ 52 levels "","100","100+",...: 31 31 31 31 35 35 35 35 35 ...
$ Squat4Kg
              : num NA NA NA NA NA ...
$ BestSquatKg
                : num 47.6 142.9 142.9 NA NA ...
$ Bench4Kg
              : num NA ...
$ BestBenchKg : num 20.4 95.2 95.2 95.2 31.8 ...
$ Deadlift4Kg : num NA ...
$ BestDeadliftKg: num 70.3 163.3 163.3 NA 90.7 ...
              : num 138.3 401.4 401.4 95.2 122.5 ...
$ TotalKg
              : Factor w/ 82 levels "","1","10","11",...: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
$ Place
 $ Wilks
               : num 155 456 456 108 130 ...
```

attributes(merge)

<pre>\$`row.names`</pre>															
[1] 1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18 19 20 [21] 21 22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
38 39 40					_,			30	J <u>-</u>	32	33	٥.	33	30	5,
[41] 41 42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57
58 59 60	63	6.4	65		67	60	60	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77
[61] 61 62 78 79 80	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	12	/3	74	/5	76	//
[81] 81 82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97
98 99 100	400		405	100	407	400	400	440		440	445		445		
[101] 101 102 118 119 120	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117
[121] 121 122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137
138 139 140															
[141] 141 142 L58 159 160	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157
[161] 161 162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177
178 179 180															
[181] 181 182 198 199 200	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197
[201] 201 202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217
218 219 220															
[221] 221 222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237
238 239 240 [241] 241 242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257
258 259 260															
[261] 261 262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274	275	276	277
278 279 280 [281] 281 282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297
98 299 300															
[301] 301 302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315	316	317
18 319 320 [321] 321 322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333	334	335	336	337
38 339 340	323	32.	323	320	32,	320	323	330	331	332	333	33.	333	330	337
[341] 341 342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355	356	357
358 359 360 [361] 361 362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370	371	372	373	37/	375	376	377
378 379 380	505	304	505	300	307	508	309	370	3/ 1	372	373	374	373	370	3//
[381] 381 382	383	384	385	386	387	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396	397
398 399 400 [401] 401 402	103	101	105	106	107	108	100	110	<i>1</i> 11	<i>/</i> 112	<i>/</i> 112	111	<i>1</i> 15	116	<i>1</i> 17
118 419 420	403	404	403	400	407	400	403	410	411	412	413	414	413	410	417
[421] 421 422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432	433	434	435	436	437
138 439 440 [441] 441 442	442	444	445	110	447	440	440	450	451	452	452	454	455	456	457
158 459 460	443	444	445	440	447	440	449	450	431	432	455	454	455	430	457
[461] 461 462	463	464	465	466	467	468	469	470	471	472	473	474	475	476	477
178 479 480	400	404	405	400	407	400	400	400	401	402	402	404	405	406	407
[481] 481 482 198 499 500	483	484	485	486	48/	488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495	496	49/
[501] 501 502	503	504	505	506	507	508	509	510	511	512	513	514	515	516	517
518 519 520	F22	F 2 4	F25	F26	F 2 =	F22	F30	F30	E 2.4	F33	F22	F 2 4	F 3 F	F26	F27
[521] 521 522 538 539 540	523	524	525	526	527	528	529	530	531	532	533	534	535	536	537
[541] 541 542	543	544	545	546	547	548	549	550	551	552	553	554	555	556	557
558 559 560															

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	[561] 561 562	563	564	565	566	567	568	569	570	571	572	573	574	575	576	577
	578 579 580 [581] 581 582	583	584	585	586	587	588	589	590	591	592	593	594	595	596	597
	598 599 600 [601] 601 602	602	604	60E	606	607	600	600	610	611	612	612	614	61 E	616	617
	618 619 620	003	004	دهن	000	007	000	009	010	011	012	013	014	013	010	017
	[621] 621 622	623	624	625	626	627	628	629	630	631	632	633	634	635	636	637
	638 639 640 [641] 641 642	643	644	645	646	647	648	649	650	651	652	653	654	655	656	657
	658 659 660															
	[661] 661 662 678 679 680	663	664	665	666	667	668	669	670	671	672	673	674	675	676	677
	[681] 681 682	683	684	685	686	687	688	689	690	691	692	693	694	695	696	697
	698 699 700															
	[701] 701 702 718 719 720	703	704	705	706	707	708	709	710	711	712	713	714	715	716	717
	[721] 721 722	723	724	725	726	727	728	729	730	731	732	733	734	735	736	737
	738 739 740	742	744	745	746	7.47	740	740	750	754	750	750	754		75.6	
	[741] 741 742 758 759 760	/43	/44	/45	/46	/4/	748	749	750	/51	/52	/53	/54	/55	/56	/5/
	[761] 761 762	763	764	765	766	767	768	769	770	771	772	773	774	775	776	777
	778 779 780 [781] 781 782	792	79/	785	786	797	799	780	790	701	702	703	70/	705	706	707
	798 799 800	763	704	765	780	767	700	769	750	/91	732	793	734	793	790	131
	[801] 801 802	803	804	805	806	807	808	809	810	811	812	813	814	815	816	817
	818 819 820 [821] 821 822	823	824	825	826	827	828	829	830	831	832	833	834	835	836	837
	838 839 840	023	024	023	020	027	020	023	050	031	032	033	034	033	050	037
	[841] 841 842	843	844	845	846	847	848	849	850	851	852	853	854	855	856	857
	858 859 860 [861] 861 862	863	864	865	866	867	868	869	870	871	872	873	874	875	876	877
	878 879 880															
	[881] 881 882 898 899 900	883	884	885	886	887	888	889	890	891	892	893	894	895	896	897
	[901] 901 902	903	904	905	906	907	908	909	910	911	912	913	914	915	916	917
	918 919 920															
	[921] 921 922 938 939 940	923	924	925	926	927	928	929	930	931	932	933	934	935	936	937
	[941] 941 942	943	944	945	946	947	948	949	950	951	952	953	954	955	956	957
	958 959 960	063	064	065	066	067	060	060	070	071	072	072	074	075	076	077
	[961] 961 962 978 979 980	963	964	965	966	967	968	969	970	9/1	9/2	9/3	974	9/5	976	977
	[981] 981 982	983	984	985	986	987	988	989	990	991	992	993	994	995	996	997
	998 999 1000 [reached getOpt	ion/"	mav r	nin+"	١ -	omi++	od 20	5/1/	antni	٦ ا						
		1011(шах.р	ייבוונ	,	OIIIIC	eu 38	J4 1 4	enti.T	cs]						
	<pre>\$names [1] "MeetID"</pre>		"Meet	Path"		"Fo	derat	ion"	,,	Date"			"Moo	tCoun	trv"	"Me
	etState"					1 0	JC: UC						1100	220411	y	
	<pre>[7] "MeetTown" e"</pre>		"Meet	Name"		"Na	me"		"	Sex"			"Equ	ipmen	t"	"Ag

[13] "Division" "BodyweightKg"

"BestSquatKg" "Be

"Wi

nch4Kg"

[19] "BestBenchKg" "Deadlift4Kg" "BestDeadliftKg" "TotalKg"

"WeightClassKg" "Squat4Kg"

"Place"

lks"

\$class

[1] "data.frame"

dim(merge)

```
[1] 386414 24
```

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```
[1] "Straps" "Single-ply" "Multi-ply" "Raw" "Wraps"
```

- For data type conversion, an as.character function is used to convert from factor to character. So, the sex variable is converted into character.
- When typeof is used in the merge, it returns the type of all variables.
- str() is used to display the structure of merge dataset.
- attributes() is used to display the attributes of merge dataset.
- dim() is used to obtain the lengths of a merge. So, it retrieves the dimension as 386414 and 24.
- Equipment variable is factored, levels and it's labels are ordered according to its dimensions.

Tidy & Manipulate Data I

This dataset is in an untidy format as it contains two values in its own cell. So, separate() is used to overcome this problem inorder to look tidy.

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```
merge <- merge %>% separate(MeetPath, into = c("Path", "Number"), sep = "/")
head(merge)
```

		Path <chr></chr>	Nu <chr></chr>	Federation <fctr></fctr>	Date <fctr></fctr>	MeetCountry <fctr></fctr>	MeetState <fctr></fctr>	MeetTown <fctr></fctr>
1	0	365strong	1601	365Strong	2016-10-29	USA	NC	Charlotte
2	0	365strong	1601	365Strong	2016-10-29	USA	NC	Charlotte
3	0	365strong	1601	365Strong	2016-10-29	USA	NC	Charlotte
4	0	365strong	1601	365Strong	2016-10-29	USA	NC	Charlotte
5	0	365strong	1601	365Strong	2016-10-29	USA	NC	Charlotte
6	0	365strong	1601	365Strong	2016-10-29	USA	NC	Charlotte
6 rov	vs 1-	9 of 25 colur	nns					

MeetPath variable is now separated into two variables, Path and Number.

- This dataset now satisfies the tidy data principle as it contains the following information:
 - 1. Each variable has its own column.
 - 2. Each observation has its own row.
 - 3. Each value has its own cell.

Tidy & Manipulate Data II

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merge <- mutate(merge, MHR = 220 - Age)
head(merge)</pre>

N	/lee <int></int>	Path <chr></chr>	Nu <chr></chr>	Federation <fctr></fctr>	Date <fctr></fctr>	MeetCountry <fctr></fctr>	MeetState <fctr></fctr>	MeetTown <fctr></fctr>
1	0	365strong	1601	365Strong	2016-10-29	USA	NC	Charlotte
2	0	365strong	1601	365Strong	2016-10-29	USA	NC	Charlotte
3	0	365strong	1601	365Strong	2016-10-29	USA	NC	Charlotte
4	0	365strong	1601	365Strong	2016-10-29	USA	NC	Charlotte
5	0	365strong	1601	365Strong	2016-10-29	USA	NC	Charlotte
6	0	365strong	1601	365Strong	2016-10-29	USA	NC	Charlotte
6 ro	ws 1-	9 of 26 colun	nns					

- The new variable MHR is created from the existing variable through mutate().
- MHR stands for Maximal Heart Rate, that shows the upper limit of what the cardiovascular system can handle during physical activity when subtracted 220 with age.

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colSums(is.na(merge))

MeetCountry	Date	Federation	Number	Path	MeetID
	•	•	•	•	MeetState
0	0	0	0	0	0
					0
Age	Equipment	Sex	Name	MeetName	MeetTown
					Division
239267	0	0	0	0	0
					0
BestBenchKg	Bench4Kg	BestSquatKg	Squat4Kg	WeightClassKg	BodyweightKg
					Deadlift4Kg
30050	384452	88343	385171	0	2402
					383614
	MHR	Wilks	Place	TotalKg	BestDeadliftKg
	239267	24220	0	23177	68567

	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$MeetID))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$Path))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$Number))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$Federation))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$Date))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$MeetCountry))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$MeetState))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$MeetTown))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide

<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$MeetName))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$Name))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$Sex))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$Equipment))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$Age))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$Division))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$BodyweightKg))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$WeightClassKg))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$Squat4Kg))</pre>	

[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$BestSquatKg))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$Bench4Kg))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$BestBenchKg))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$Deadlift4Kg))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$BestDeadliftKg))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$TotalKg))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$Place))</pre>	
[1] 0	
	Hide
<pre>sum(is.nan(merge\$Wilks))</pre>	
[1] 0	

```
sum(is.nan(merge$MHR))
```

```
[1] 0
```

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```
merge$Number <- impute(merge$Number, fun = mean)</pre>
merge$MeetState <- impute(merge$MeetState, fun = mode)</pre>
merge$MeetTown <- impute(merge$MeetTown, fun = mode)</pre>
merge$Age <- impute(merge$Age, fun = mean)</pre>
merge$BodyweightKg <- impute(merge$BodyweightKg, fun = mean)</pre>
merge$Division <- impute(merge$Division, fun = mode)</pre>
merge$WeightClassKg <- impute(merge$WeightClassKg, fun = mode)</pre>
merge$Squat4Kg <- impute(merge$Squat4Kg, fun = mean)</pre>
merge$BestSquatKg <- impute(merge$BestSquatKg, fun = mean)</pre>
merge$Bench4Kg <- impute(merge$Bench4Kg, fun = mean)</pre>
merge$BestBenchKg <- impute(merge$BestBenchKg, fun = mean)</pre>
merge$Deadlift4Kg <- impute(merge$Deadlift4Kg, fun = mean)</pre>
merge$BestDeadliftKg <- impute(merge$BestDeadliftKg, fun = mean)</pre>
merge$TotalKg <- impute(merge$TotalKg, fun = mean)</pre>
merge$Place <- impute(merge$Place, fun = mode)</pre>
merge$Wilks <- impute(merge$Wilks, fun = mean)</pre>
merge$MHR <- impute(merge$MHR, fun = mean)</pre>
sum(is.na(merge))
```

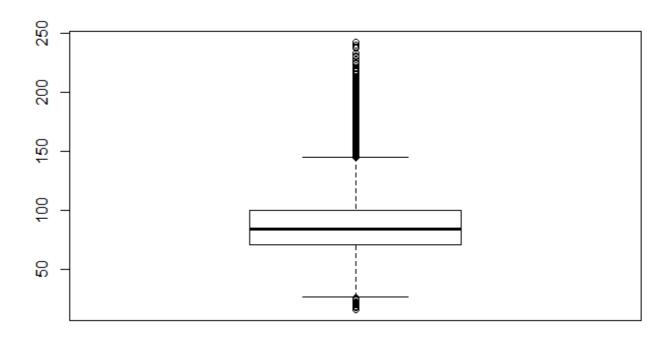
[1] 0

- colSums is used to identify the total number of NA in each column. When executed 23927 missing values are found in Age, 2402 in BodyweightKg, 385171 in Squat4Kg, 88343 in BestSquatKg, 384452 in Bench4Kg, 30050 in BestBenchKg, 383614 in Deadlift4Kg, 68567 in BestDeadliftKg, 23177 in TotalKg, 24220 in Wilks, 239267 in MHR.
- is.nan() is used to check for the NaN (Not a Number). The output shows zero meaning there are no errors in the merge.
- Imputation method is used for dealing the missing values. The numeric variables are replaced by mean and categorical/factor are replaced by mode.
- · After imputing the missing values are zero.

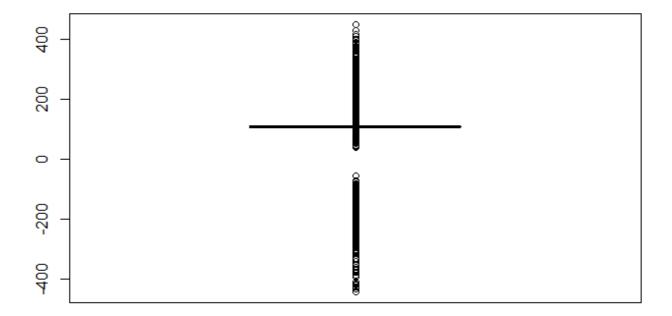
Scan II

Hide

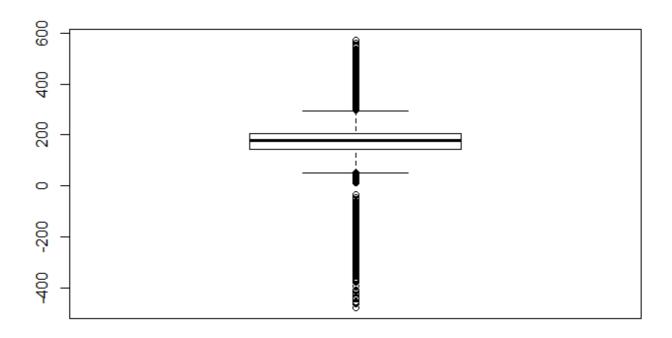
```
merge <- merge %>% select(-c(Number, MHR, Age))
merge$BodyweightKg <- as.numeric(merge$BodyweightKg)
boxplot(merge$BodyweightKg)</pre>
```



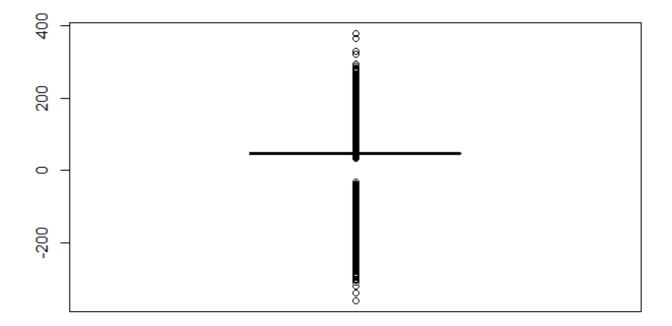
merge\$Squat4Kg <- as.numeric(merge\$Squat4Kg)
boxplot(merge\$Squat4Kg)</pre>



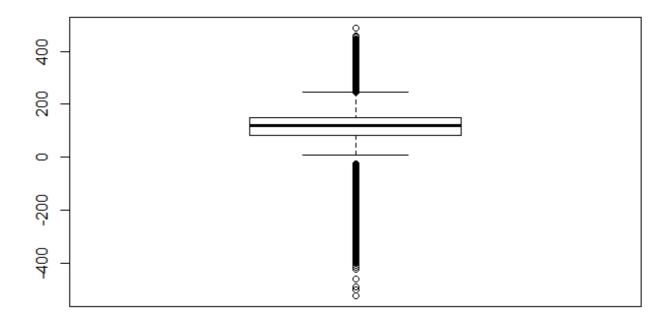
merge\$BestSquatKg <- as.numeric(merge\$BestSquatKg)
boxplot(merge\$BestSquatKg)</pre>



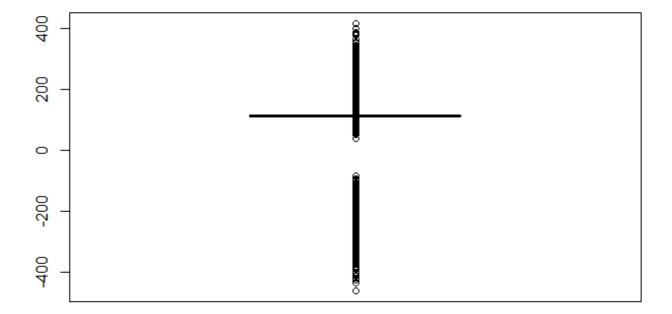
merge\$Bench4Kg <- as.numeric(merge\$Bench4Kg)
boxplot(merge\$Bench4Kg)</pre>



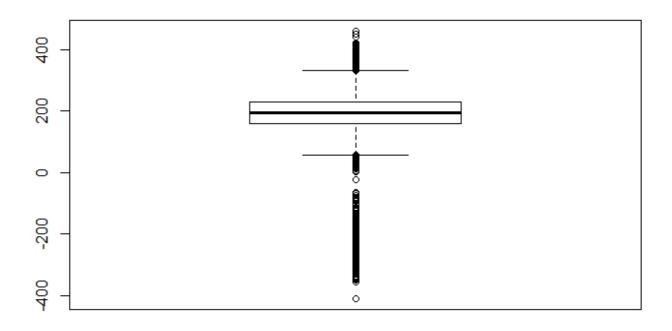
merge\$BestBenchKg <- as.numeric(merge\$BestBenchKg)
boxplot(merge\$BestBenchKg)</pre>



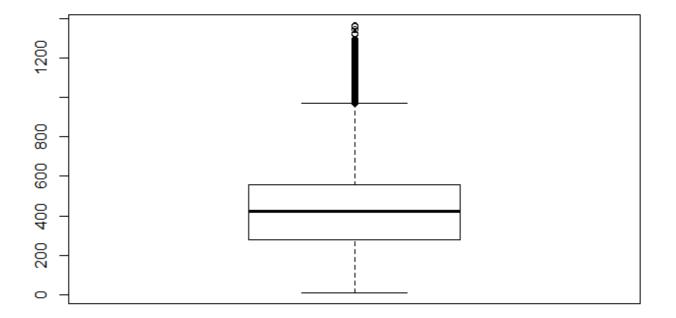
Hide
merge\$Deadlift4Kg <- as.numeric(merge\$Deadlift4Kg)
boxplot(merge\$Deadlift4Kg)</pre>



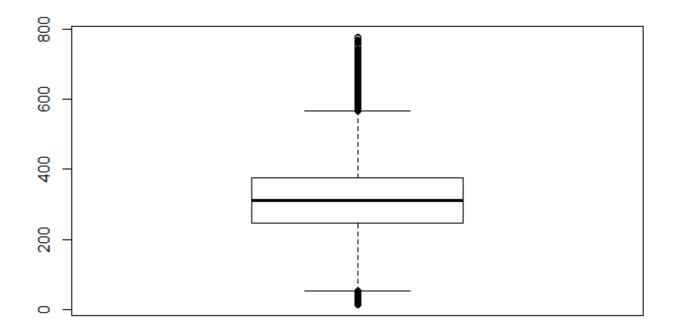
merge\$BestDeadliftKg <- as.numeric(merge\$BestDeadliftKg)
boxplot(merge\$BestDeadliftKg)</pre>



merge\$TotalKg <- as.numeric(merge\$TotalKg)
boxplot(merge\$TotalKg)</pre>



merge\$Wilks <- as.numeric(merge\$Wilks)
boxplot(merge\$Wilks)</pre>



```
cap <- function(x){</pre>
  quantiles <- quantile( x, c(.05, 0.25, 0.75, .95 ) )
  x[x < quantiles[2] - 1.5*IQR(x)] <- quantiles[1]
  x[x > quantiles[3] + 1.5*IQR(x)] \leftarrow quantiles[4]
}
MeetID_capped <- merge$MeetID %>% cap()
BodyweightKg_capped <- merge$BodyweightKg %>% cap()
Squat4Kg_capped <- merge$Squat4Kg%>% cap()
BestSquatKg_capped <- merge$BestSquatKg%>% cap()
Bench4Kg_capped <- merge$Bench4Kg%>% cap()
BestBenchKg_capped <- merge$BestBenchKg %>% cap()
BestDeadliftKg_capped <- merge$BestDeadliftKg %>% cap()
TotalKg_capped <- merge$TotalKg %>% cap()
Wilks_capped <- merge$Wilks %>% cap()
merge_sub <- merge %>% dplyr:: select(MeetID, BodyweightKg, Squat4Kg, BestSquatKg, Bench4Kg,
BestBenchKg, Deadlift4Kg, BestDeadliftKg, TotalKg, Wilks)
summary(merge_sub)
```

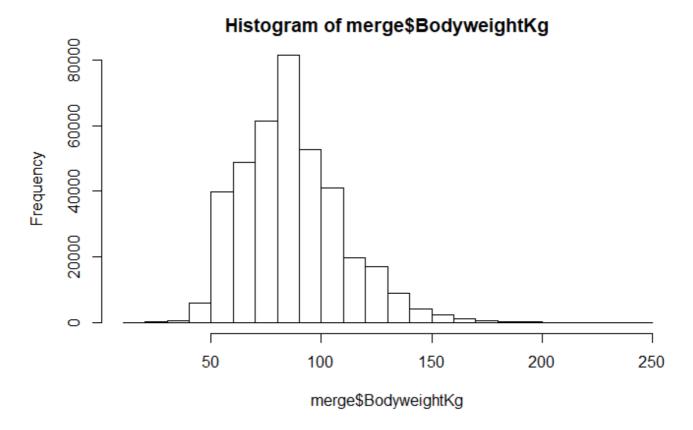
MeetID	BodyweightKg	Squat4Kg	BestSquatKg	Bench4Kg	BestBen
chKg Min. : 0 -522.5	Min. : 15.88	Min. :-440.5	Min. :-477.5	Min. :-360.00	Min. :
1st Qu.:2979 82.5	1st Qu.: 70.40	1st Qu.: 107.0	1st Qu.: 142.5	1st Qu.: 45.72	1st Qu.:
Median :5960 118.3	Median : 83.60	Median : 107.0	Median : 176.6	Median : 45.72	Median :
Mean :5143 118.3	Mean : 86.93	Mean : 107.0	Mean : 176.6	Mean : 45.72	Mean :
3rd Qu.:7175	3rd Qu.:100.00	3rd Qu.: 107.0	3rd Qu.: 204.1	3rd Qu.: 45.72	3rd Qu.:
Max. :8481 488.5	Max. :242.40	Max. : 450.0	Max. : 573.8	Max. : 378.75	Max. :
	BestDeadliftKg	TotalKg	Wilks		
Min. :-461.0	_	_			
1st Qu.: 113.6	1st Qu.: 158.8	1st Qu.: 280.0	1st Qu.:246.10		
Median : 113.6	Median : 195.0	Median : 424.0	Median :311.48		
Mean : 113.6	Mean : 195.0	Mean : 424.0	Mean :301.08		
3rd Qu.: 113.6	3rd Qu.: 227.5	3rd Qu.: 555.6	3rd Qu.:374.86		
Max. : 418.0	Max. : 460.4	Max. :1365.3	Max. :779.38		

- Three variables (Age, Number, MHR) are filtered out in the dataset. This is because when all the
 numeric variables are executed for outliers, page numbers were exceeded as it does not meet the
 assignment principles.
- All numeric variables in the dataset are scanned for outliers. MeetID, BodyweightKg, Squat4Kg, BestSquatKg, Bench4Kg, BestBenchKg, Deadlift4Kg, BestDeadlift4Kg, TotalKg, Wilks has many outliers.
- Capping (a.k.a Winsorising) method is used for dealing the outliers. This means replacing the outliers with the nearest neighbors that are not outliers. 5% percentile of values replaces observations that lie outside the lower limit. 95% percentile of values replaces observations that lie above the upper limit.
- summary() is used to display the descriptive statistics

Transform

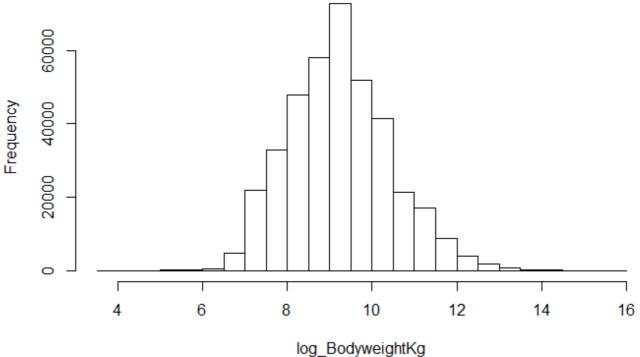
Hide

hist(merge\$BodyweightKg)



log_BodyweightKg <- sqrt(merge\$BodyweightKg)
hist(log_BodyweightKg)</pre>

Histogram of log_BodyweightKg



Summary(log_BodyweightKg)

```
Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
3.985 8.390 9.143 9.244 10.000 15.569
```

- Tranformation of BodyweightKg variable is choosen.
- The histogram shows left-skewed.
- Mathematical operations are performed to decrease the skewness and convert into the normal distribution. After applying the square root, it turned out to be symmetric one.