# NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF MODERN LANGUAGES ISLAMABAD



# **Computer Vision**

# **Semester Project**

# **Submitted to**

Mr. Muhammad Waqar

# **Submitted By**

Junaid Asif	BSAI-144
Syed Qasim Ali	BSAI-161
M. Khizar Baig	BSAI-156
Haris Nawaz	BSAI-158

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# Food Recognition & Calorie Estimation Using Computer Vision

#### 1. Introduction

In today's health-conscious world, monitoring calorie intake is essential but often neglected due to the manual effort involved. This project proposes a computer vision-based solution that enables users to **upload an image of food**, **automatically recognize the dish**, and **estimate its calories** using deep learning models and image processing.

The objective of this application is to **automate food recognition** using convolutional neural networks (CNNs) and to **map the predicted food class to an average calorie value** for health tracking purposes.

#### 2. Problem Statement

Manual calorie tracking is time-consuming and inaccurate for many users. The need for a **convenient and automated tool** to identify food and estimate calories can help users maintain a healthier lifestyle. This project aims to solve that by developing a deep learning-based system that takes an image of food as input and returns the food name along with its calorie estimate.

#### 3. Objectives

- Automatically recognize food from an image using a CNN model.
- Estimate calories based on the food class.
- Build a user-friendly Streamlit interface.
- Deploy a working prototype as a local application.

#### 4. Methodology

#### 4.1 Dataset

- Dataset Used: Food-101
- Size: 101,000 images across 101 categories.
- **Source:** Kaggle: https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/kmader/food41
- Data is divided into training and test sets (750 train / 250 test per class).

## 4.2 Data Preprocessing

- All images resized to 224×224.
- Normalized pixel values to the range [0,1].
- Used ImageDataGenerator for rescaling and splitting the data.

#### 4.3 Model Architecture

• Transfer Learning Model: MobileNetV2 (pretrained on ImageNet)

# • Final Layers Added:

GlobalAveragePooling2D

Dense layer with Softmax (output: 101 classes)

• Optimizer: Adam

• Loss Function: Categorical Crossentropy

# **4.4 Training Environment**

• Model trained using **Kaggle Notebook**.

• 5 epochs (can be increased for better accuracy).

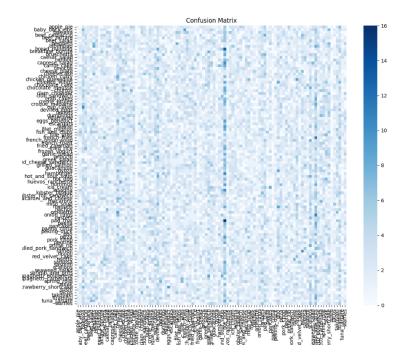
• Model saved as food model.h5 for deployment.

## 5. Evaluation

#### **Metrics Used**

- Accuracy
- Precision
- Recall
- F1-Score
- Confusion Matrix

#### **Confusion Matrix**



The model performs well on high-frequency classes like **pizza**, **burger**, and **sushi**. Some confusion is observed between visually similar classes like **spaghetti bolognese** and **spaghetti carbonara**.

## 6. Calorie Estimation

A CSV file calories.csv was manually created to map each of the 101 food categories to an average calorie per serving. For example:

Food	Calories
pizza	266
sushi	200
burger	354
apple_pie	296
•••	•••

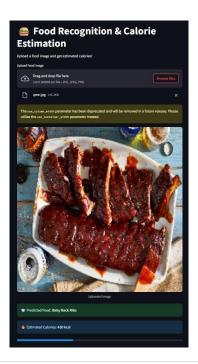
The app looks up the calorie value of the predicted food class and displays it to the user.

## 7. Deployment

**Tool Used:** Streamlit

#### **Features:**

- Upload image of food
- Predict food category using pretrained CNN
- Display calorie estimate



#### 8. Future Work

- Extend calorie estimation to include **portion size** using bounding boxes or volume estimation.
- Add multiple food item detection per image.
- Add **nutrition facts** beyond just calories (protein, fat, carbs).

## 9. Conclusion

This project demonstrates how deep learning and computer vision can solve a real-world problem of food recognition and calorie estimation. The system is fast, user-friendly, and scalable. With further enhancements, it could be used in health apps, fitness trackers, or diet logging tools.

