

COVID-19 detection using GAN generated chest X-rays with Deep Transfer models, and Explainable AI

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Abstract

Coronavirus (COVID-19) is one of the deadliest viruses caused by Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) which has become a part of today's world. It was declared a pandemic by WHO on 11 March 2020. Among its enormous effects, healthcare systems around the world are having to face unparalleled and escalating stress. However, early discovery of this sort of virus may aid in quick recovery and relieve the load on healthcare systems. To detect this deadly virus, chest X-rays (CXRs) are a comparatively cheaper and faster diagnosis process. In this paper, we aimed to detect COVID-19 positive cases using patients' chest X-rays with CNN and explainable AI. Before applying any CNN model, we used GAN to augment our dataset for better performance, since there are only 307 images available with four classes: COVID-19, normal, pneumonia bacterial, and pneumonia virus. Here the GAN architecture we have applied, significantly enhances the number of chest X-ray images during the training and validation phase, compared to the original dataset. For classification purposes, we have used Alexnet, Googlenet, Resnet50, and Shufflenet deep transfer models, as their architectures have a limited number of layers. This impacts positively on the models' performance as it helps to minimize the complexity, CPU usage, and also execution time. We evaluated our models' performance with and without GAN generated image dataset and it showed significant improvement after using GAN generated images. Finally, to make the prediction explainable, we have used LIME and SHAP as XAI which helps the pathologists to understand the detection and build trust in the AI system. In summary, the whole combination of GAN, CNN models, and explainable AI, helped us to build a robust and accurate COVID-19 detection model using chest X-rays.

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