

네트워크프로그래밍-7주

Java 소켓 프로그래밍

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7주 : Java 소켓 프로그래밍

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Class 기반, Stream 기반

▶ Server : ServerSocket 으로 시작

- `ServerSocket serverSocket = new ServerSocket(30000); // accept 용`
- `Socket clientSocket = serverSocket.accept();`

▶ Client : Socket 으로 connect

- `Socket socket = new Socket("127.0.0.1", 30000); // connect 포함`

▶ Stream 기반

- `OutputStream out = socket.getOutputStream();`
- `DataOutputStream dos = new DataOutputStream(out);`
- `InputStream in = socket.getInputStream();`
- `DataInputStream dis = new DataInputStream(in);`

▶ Send/Recv 대신 Read/Write

- `String msg; dos.writeUTF(msg); String msg = dis.readUTF();`

▶ Encoding 문제

- `writeUTF()/readUTF()`
 - Java 사이에 통신 OK
 - Java / C (ASCII code) 통신 X

Encoding 문제 해결

- ▶ `String buf;`
- ▶ `buf = sc.nextLine(); // keyboard 입력`
- ▶ `// dos.writeUTF(buf);`
- ▶ `byte[] bb;`
- ▶ `bb = buf.getBytes("euc-kr"); // 한글 완성형`
- ▶ `dos.write(bb, 0, bb.length); // send()와 동일`

- ▶ `// msg = dis.readUTF();`
- ▶ `byte[] b = new byte[128];`
- ▶ `int ret;`
- ▶ `ret = dis.read(b, 0, 128); // recv()와 동일`
- ▶ `String msg = new String(b, "euc-kr");`

JavaEchoClient.java

```
1 // JavaEchoClient.java
2
3 import java.util.Scanner;
4
11
12 public class JavaEchoClient {
13     public static void main(String[] args) {
14         try {
15             String serverIP = "127.0.0.1"; // 127.0.0.1 & localhost 본인
16             String serverPort = "30000";
17             if (args.length == 2) {
18                 serverIP = args[0];
19                 serverPort = args[1];
20             }
21
22             System.out.println("Connecting " + serverIP + " " + serverPort);
23             Socket socket = new Socket(serverIP, Integer.parseInt(serverPort));
24             System.out.println("Connected.");
25
26             OutputStream out = socket.getOutputStream();
27             DataOutputStream dos = new DataOutputStream(out);
28             InputStream in = socket.getInputStream();
29             DataInputStream dis = new DataInputStream(in);
30
31             Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
32             String buf;
```

```
33         while (true) {
34             // keyboard에서 읽고
35             System.out.print("Input string : ");
36             buf = sc.nextLine();
37             //dos.writeUTF(buf);
38
39             byte[] bb;
40             bb = buf.getBytes("euc-kr"); // 한글 완성형
41             dos.write(bb, 0, bb.length);
42
43             if (buf.contains("exit"))
44                 break;
45
46             // server에서 수신하고
47             String msg;
48             //msg = dis.readUTF();
49
50             byte[] b = new byte[128];
51             int ret;
52             ret = dis.read(b, 0, 128);
53             msg = new String(b, "euc-kr");
54             //msg = msg.trim(); // 앞뒤 blank 제거
55             // 화면에 출력
56             System.out.println(msg);
57         }
58         dos.close();
59         dis.close();
60         socket.close();
```

JavaEchoServer.java

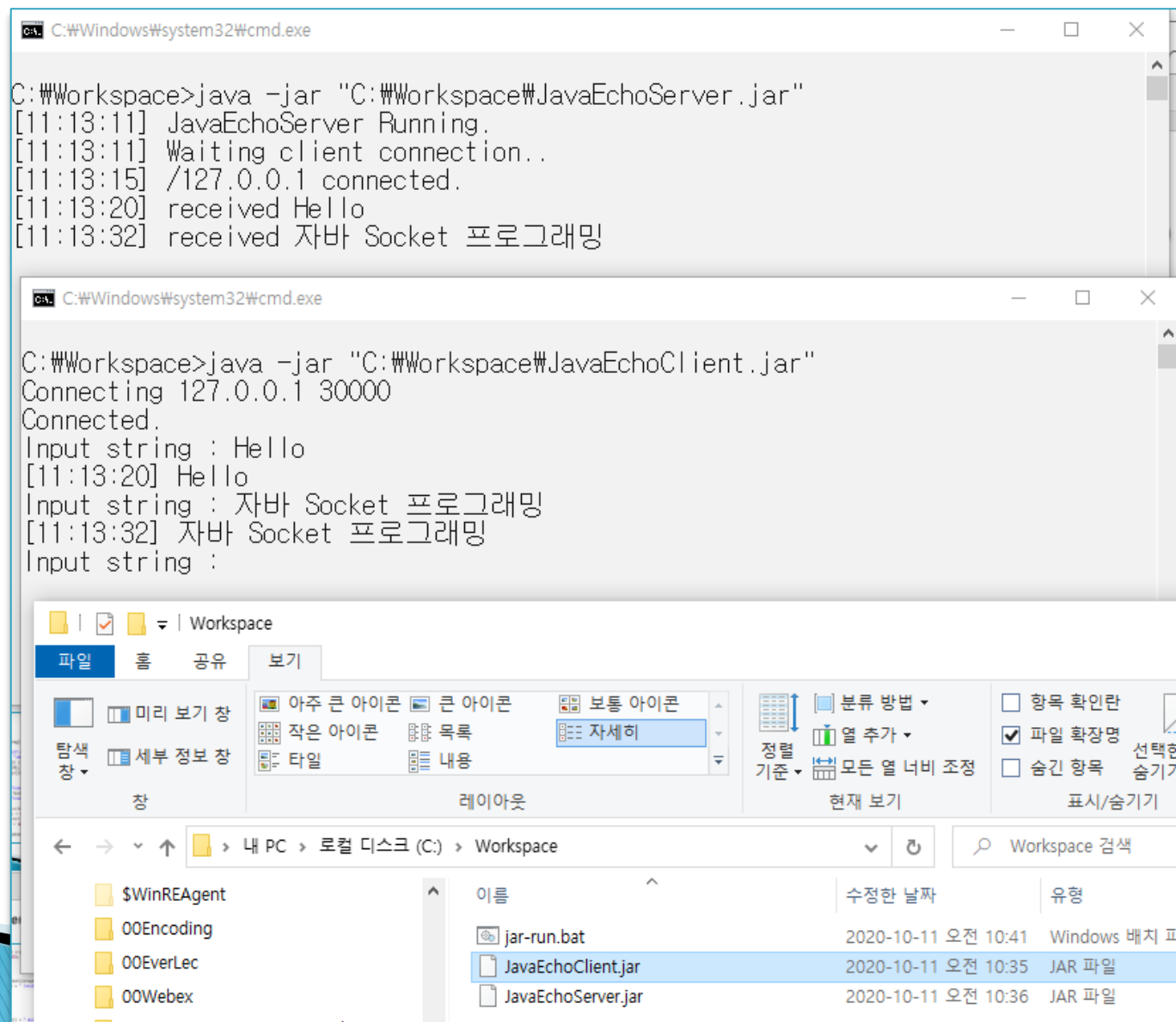
```
13 public class JavaEchoServer {
14     public static void main(String[] args) {
15         ServerSocket serverSocket = null;
16         String serverPort = "30000";
17         if (args.length==1)
18             serverPort = args[0];
19         try {
20             serverSocket = new ServerSocket(Integer.parseInt(serverPort));
21             System.out.println(getTime() + " JavaEchoServer Running.");
22         } catch (IOException e) {
23             e.printStackTrace();
24         } // try - catch
25
26         while (true) {
27             try {
28                 System.out.println(getTime() + " Waiting client connection..");
29                 Socket socket = serverSocket.accept();
30                 System.out.println(getTime() + " " + socket.getInetAddress()
31                                     + " connected.");
32
33                 OutputStream out = socket.getOutputStream();
34                 DataOutputStream dos = new DataOutputStream(out);
35                 InputStream in = socket.getInputStream();
36                 DataInputStream dis = new DataInputStream(in);
```

```
37         while (true) {
38             String msg;
39             // client로부터 읽고
40             //msg = dis.readUTF();
41             //System.out.println(getTime() + " received " + msg);
42
43             byte[] b = new byte[128];
44             int ret;
45             ret = dis.read(b, 0, 128);
46             msg = new String(b, "euc-kr");
47             msg = msg.trim(); // 앞뒤 blank 제거
48             System.out.println(getTime() + " received " + ret + " " + msg);
49
50             if (msg.contains("exit"))
51                 break;
52             // client에게 시간 붙여서 전송
53             msg = getTime() + " " + msg;
54             //dos.writeUTF(msg);
55
56             // 128 byte로 고정시키기 위함
57             msg = String.format("%-128s", msg);
58             byte[] bb;
59             bb = msg.getBytes("euc-kr"); // 한글 완성형 코드 사용
60             //System.out.println("sending = " + msg.length());
61             dos.write(bb,0, msg.length());
62
63         }
64         dis.close();
65         dos.close();
66         socket.close();
```

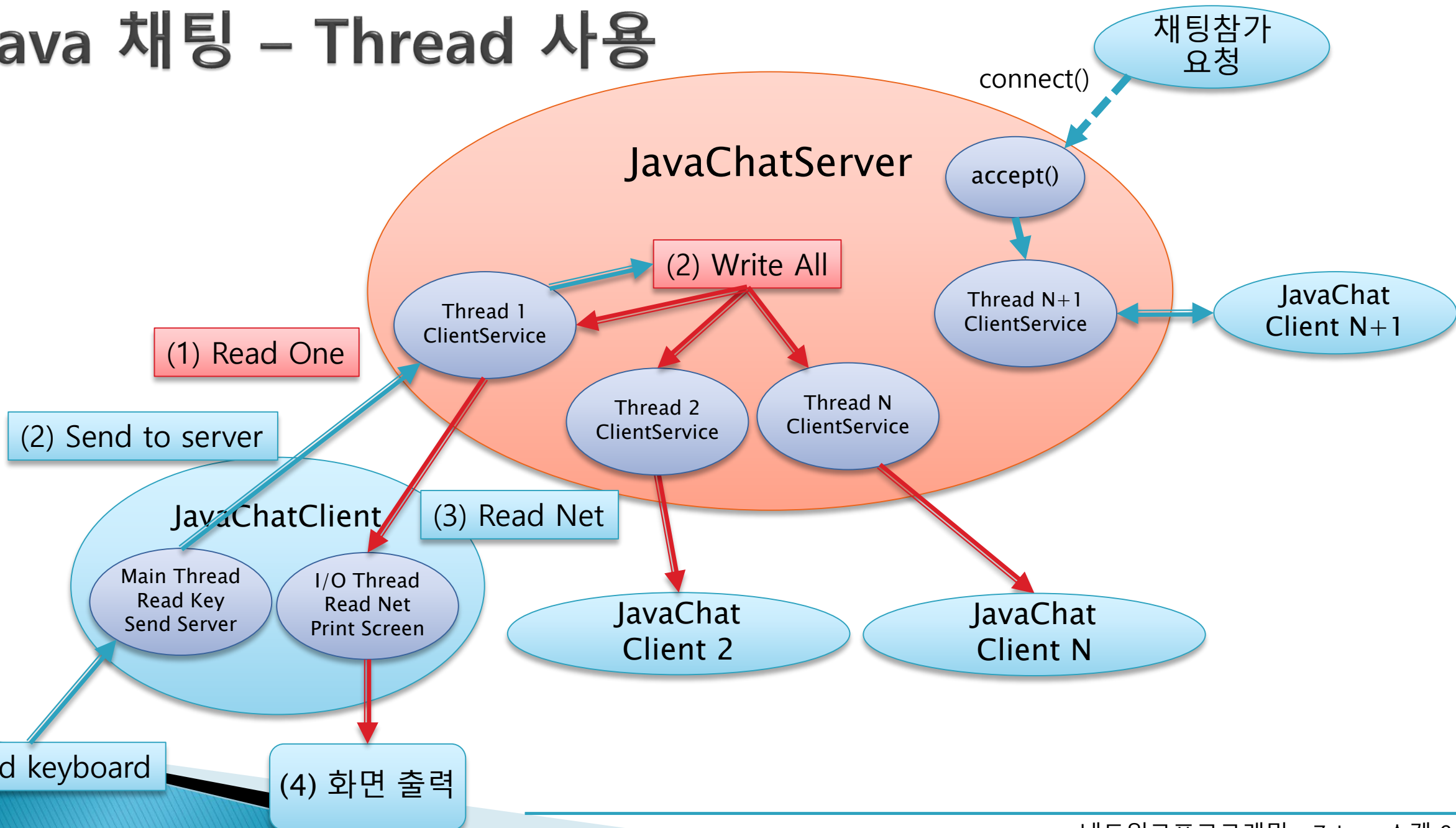

Java 실행파일 jar 이용하기

- ▶ Eclipse 에서 Run 하는 경우 불편 > cmd 창에서 실행으로 변경
- ▶ 실행 가능한 jar 파일 생성하기
 - File > export > Java > Runnable JAR file
 - c:\Workspace\JavaEchoServer.jar 저장
- ▶ jar 파일 실행하기
 - c:\Workspace> java -jar JavaEchoServer.jar
- ▶ 탐색기에서 jar 자동 실행하기
 - jar-run.bat 생성
 - java -jar %1
 - jar파일 우측 버튼 > 연결 프로그램 > 추가 앱 > PC에서 다른앱
 - jar-run.nat 선택
 - jar 파일 더블클릭 > cmd 창에서 실행

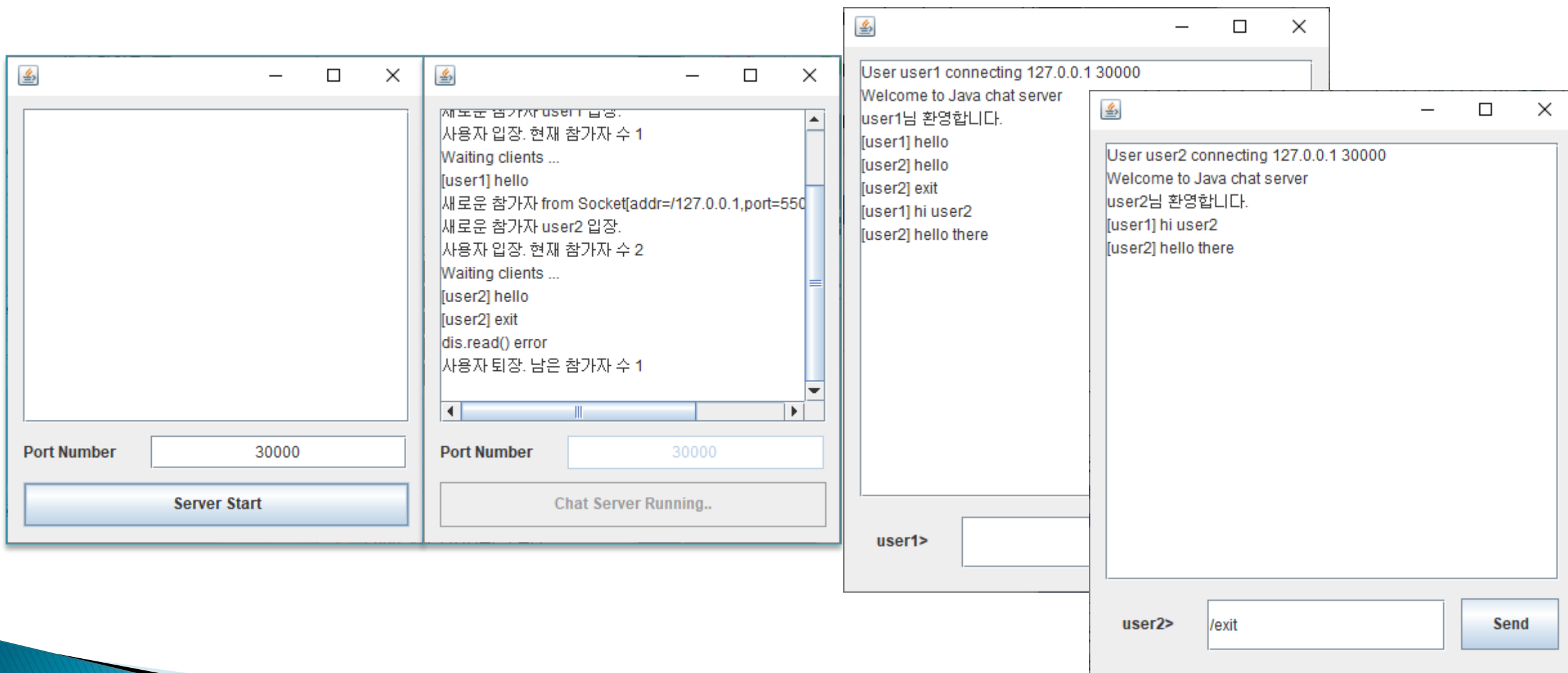
Java jar 파일 직접 실행하기



Java 채팅 - Thread 사용

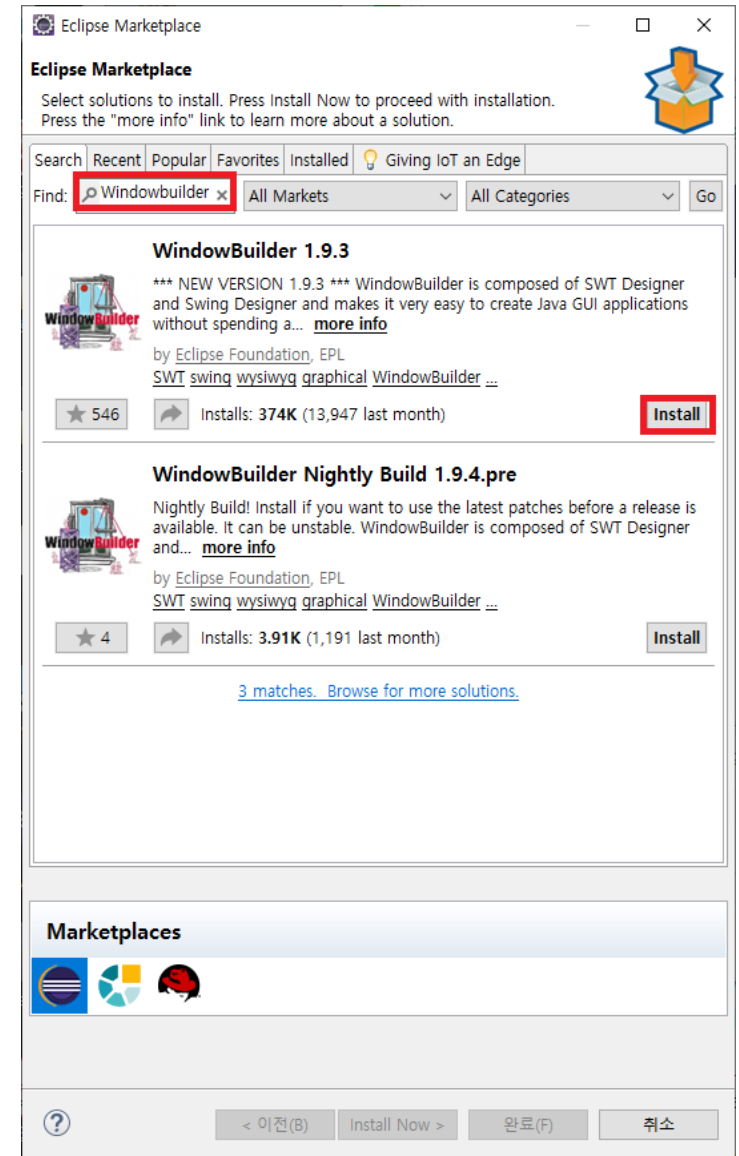
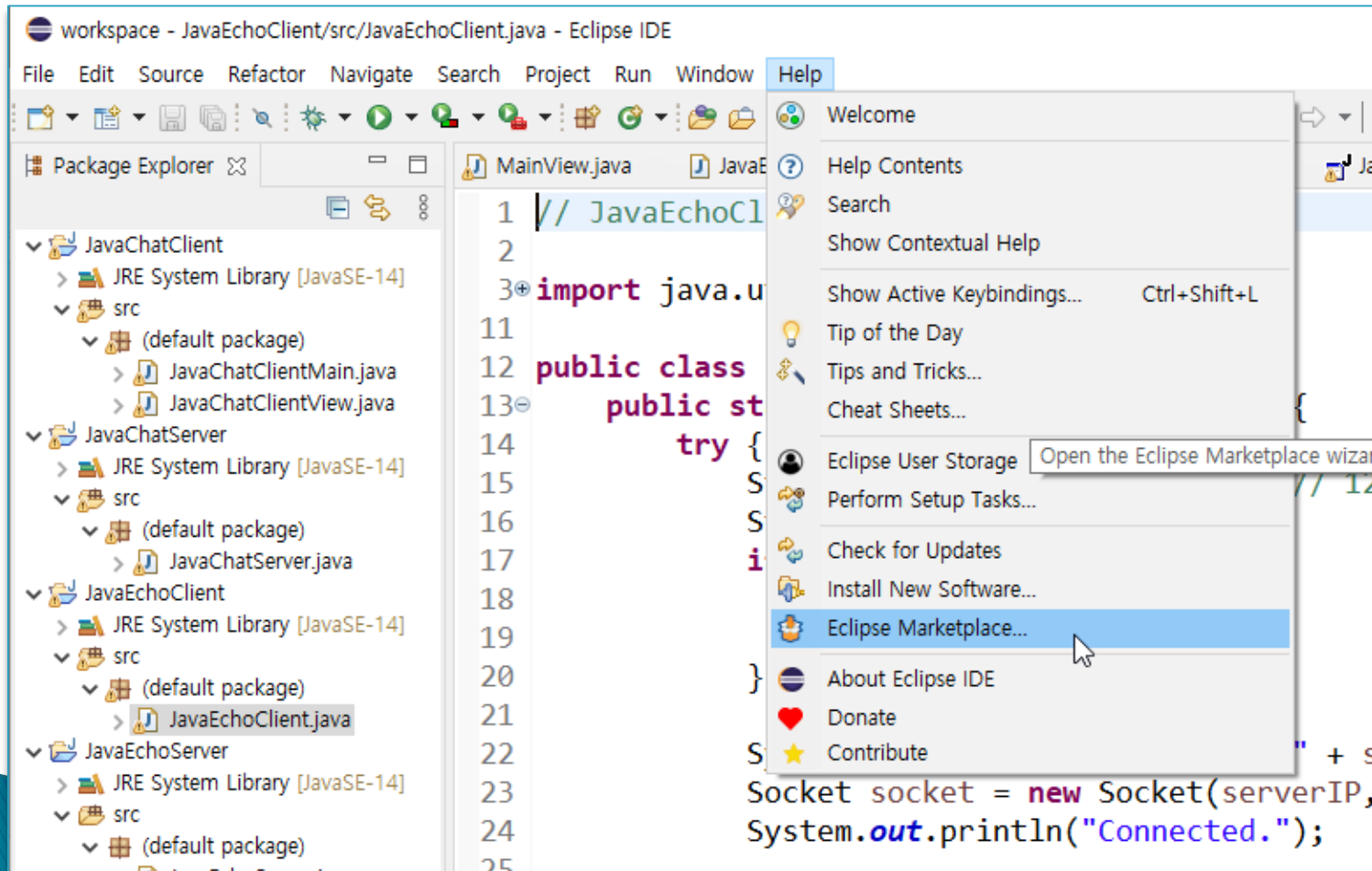


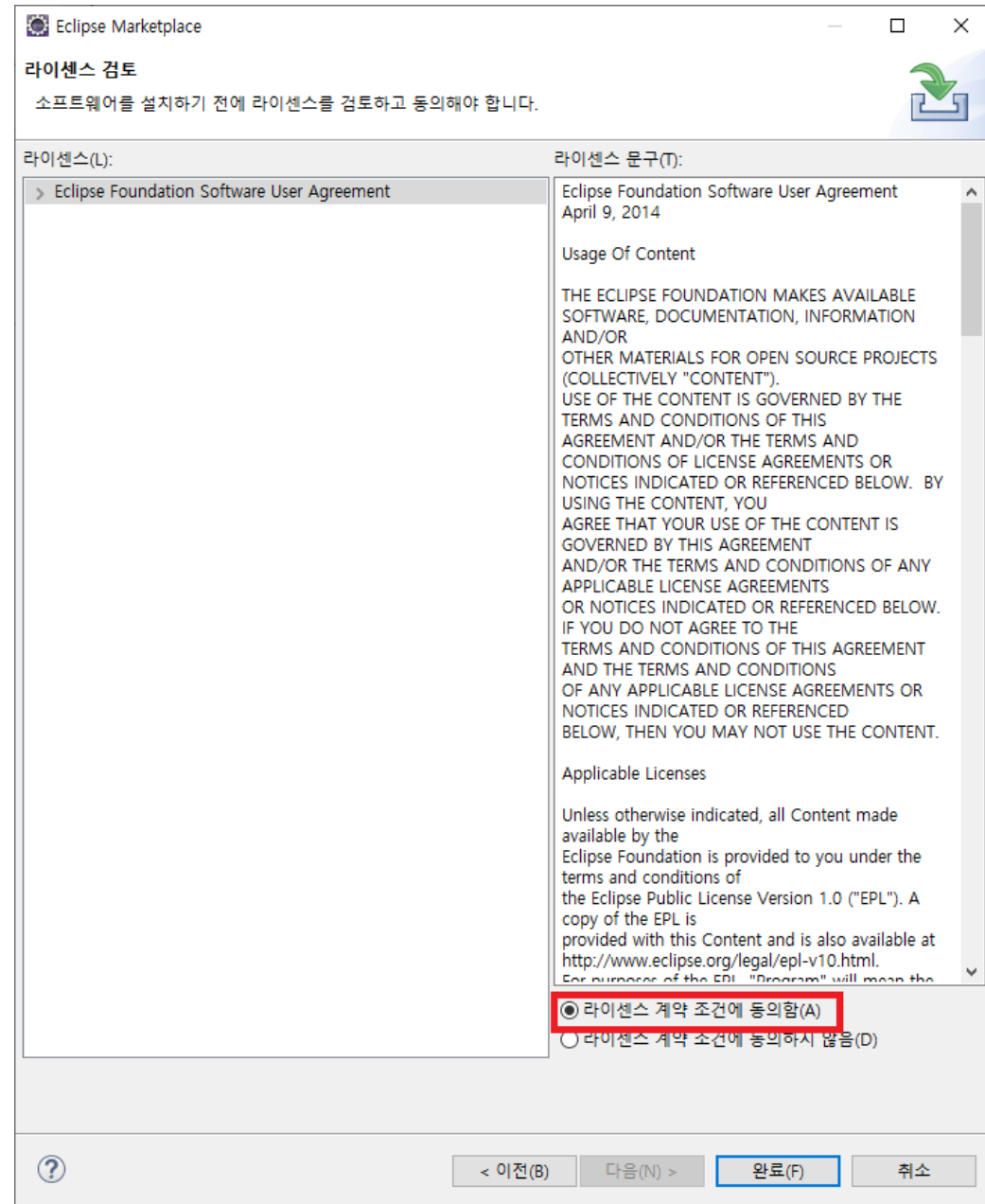
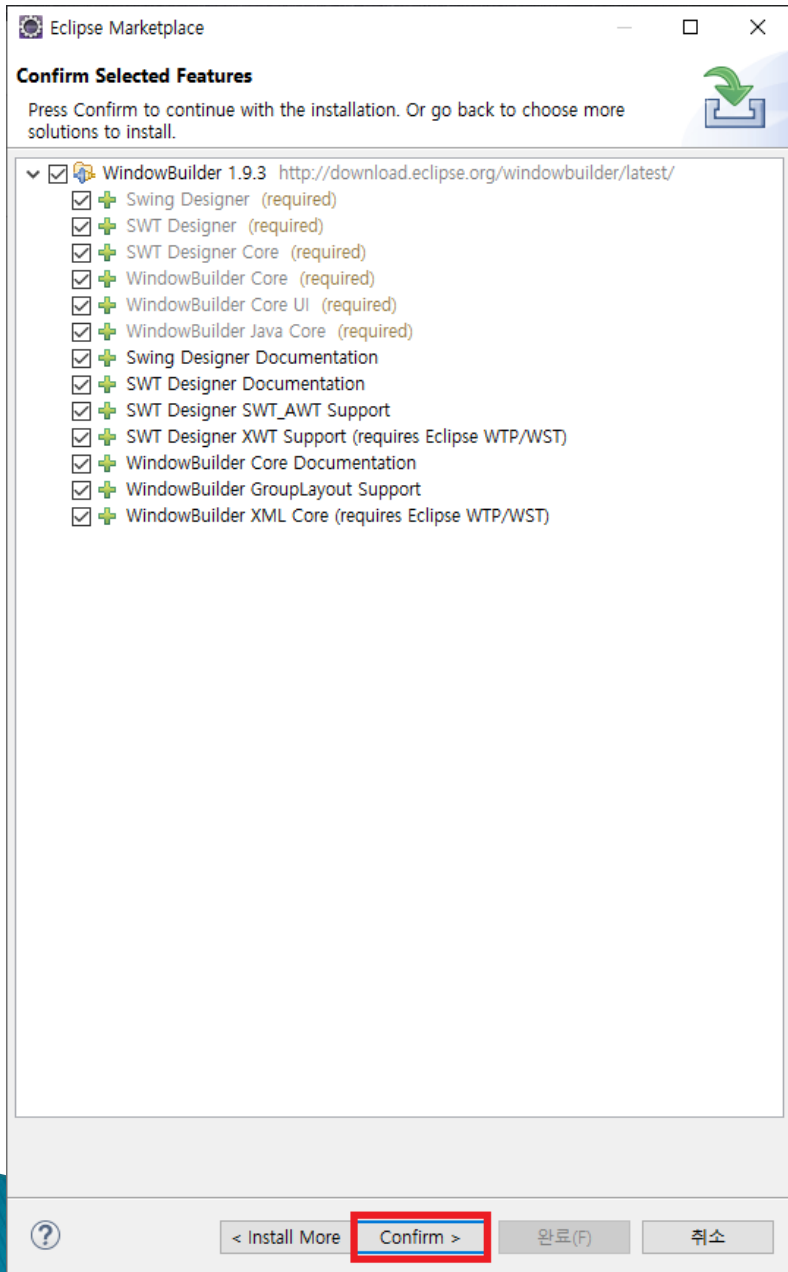
JavaChatServer, JavaChatClient GUI Version



Java Swing GUI 화면 사용

▶ Eclipse WindowBuilder 설치





GUI 만들기

New Java Project

Create a Java Project

Create a Java project in the workspace or in an external location.

Project name:

☒ Use default location

Location:

JRE

☒ Use an execution environment JRE:

☐ Use a project specific JRE:

☐ Use default JRE 'jdk-14.0.2' and workspace compiler preferences [Configure JREs...](#)

Project layout

☐ Use project folder as root for sources and class files

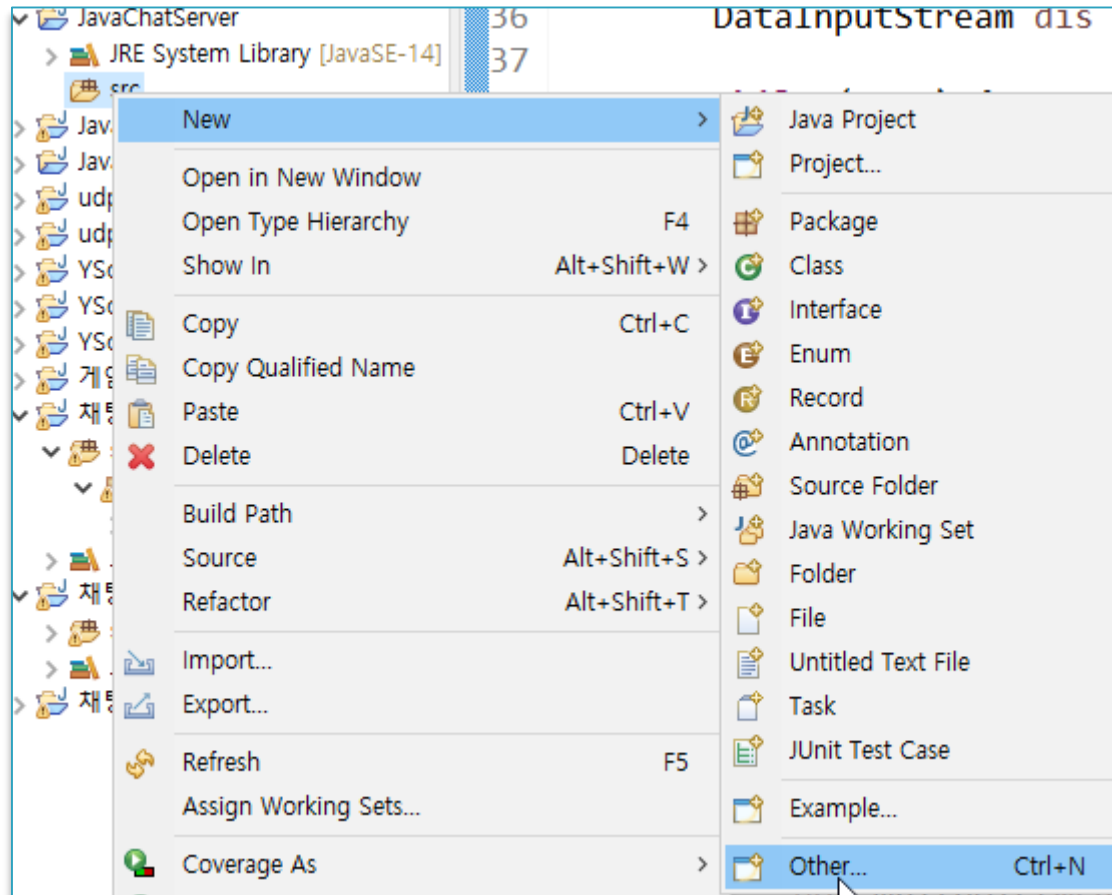
☒ Create separate folders for sources and class files [Configure default...](#)

Working sets

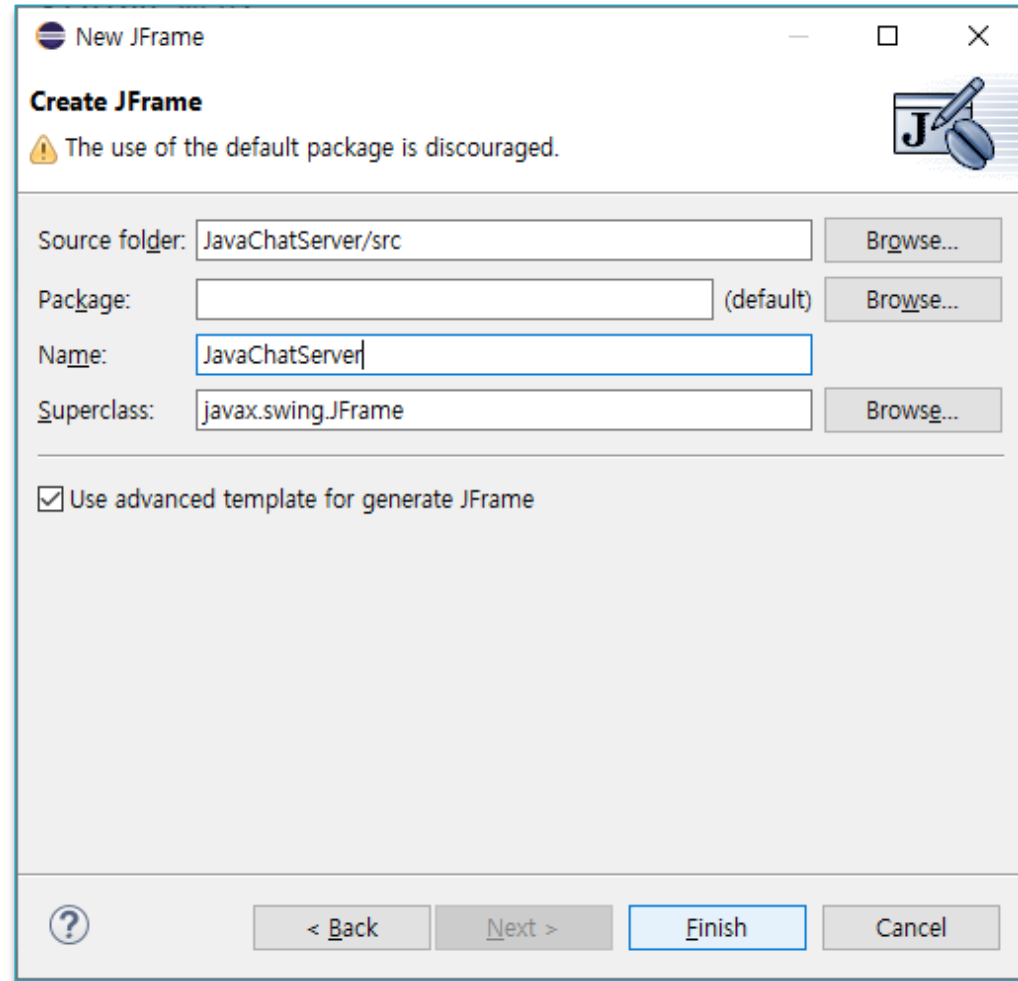
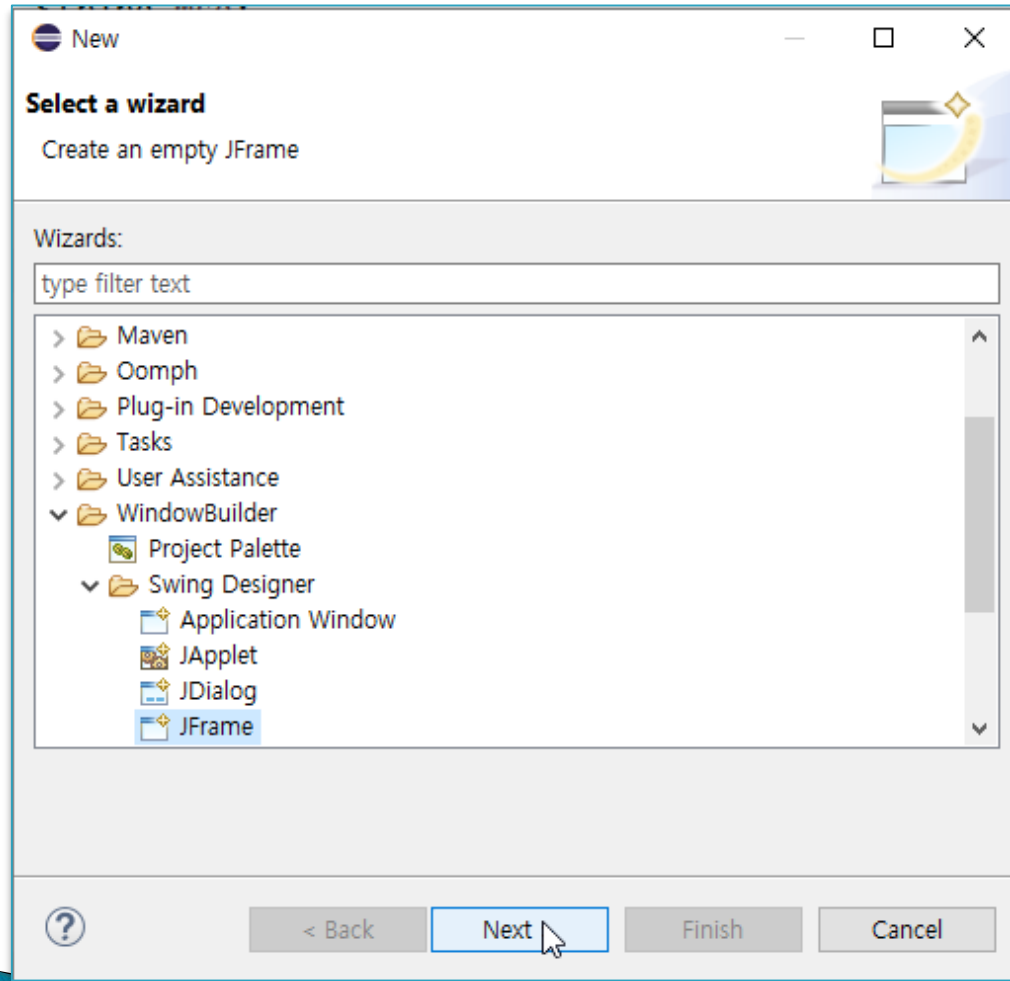
☐ Add project to working sets

Working sets:

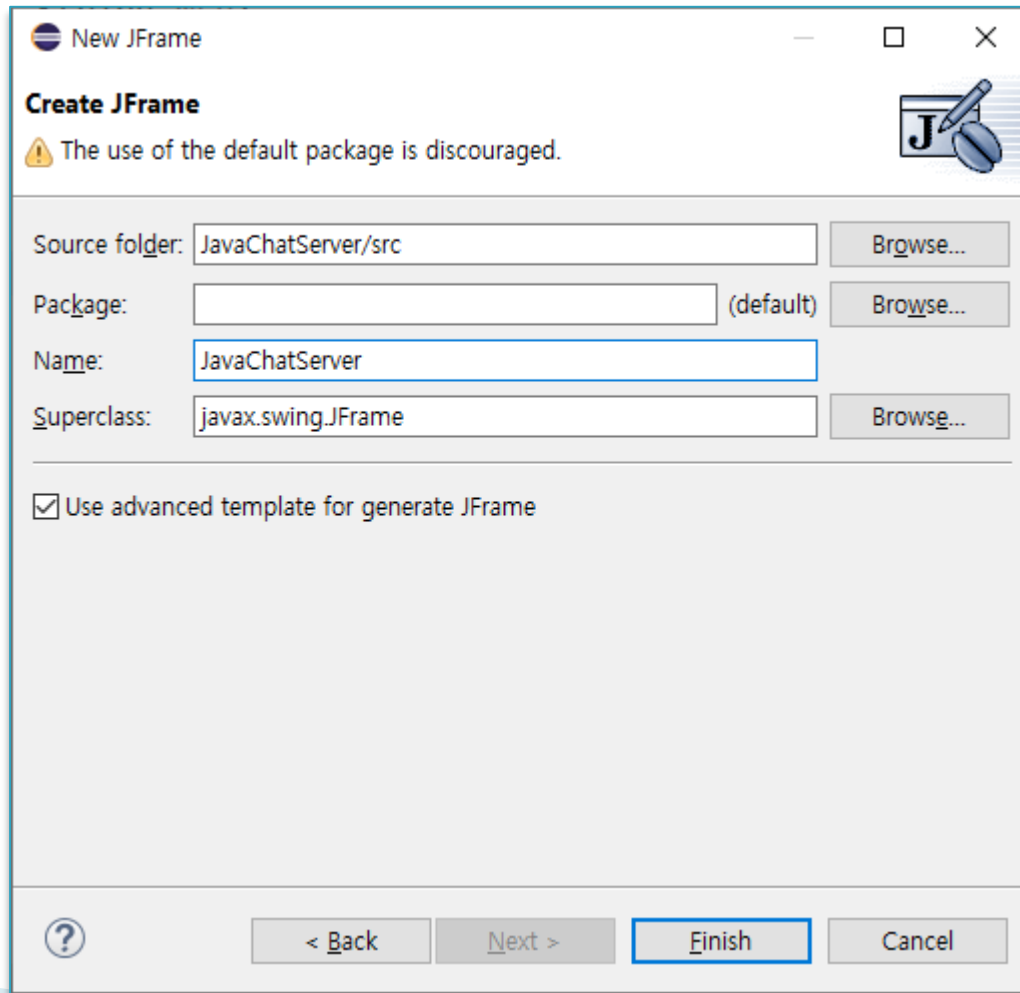
Project 만들고 - src / 새로 만들기 - 기타

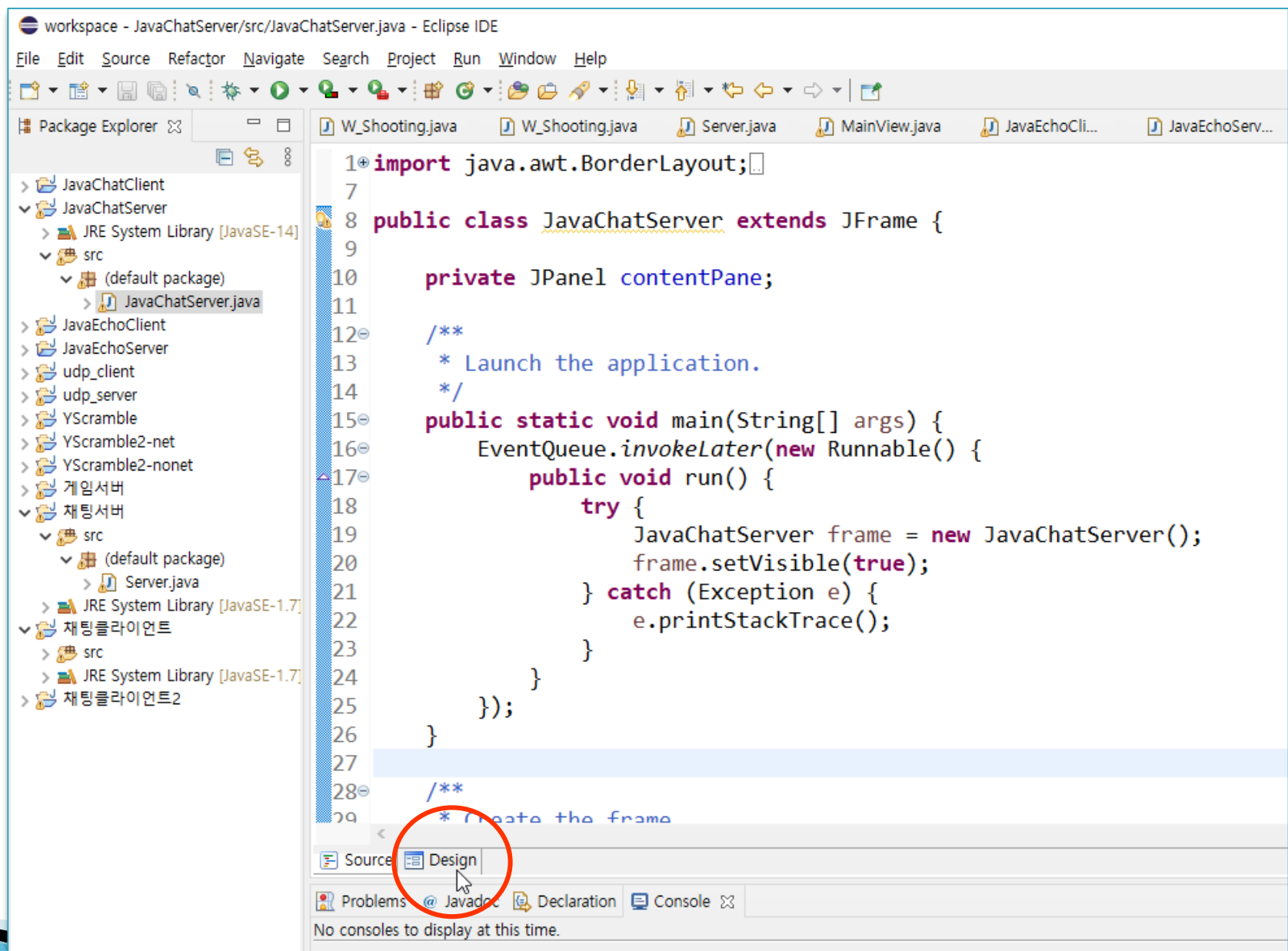


기타 > WindowBuilder > Swing Desinger > JFrame



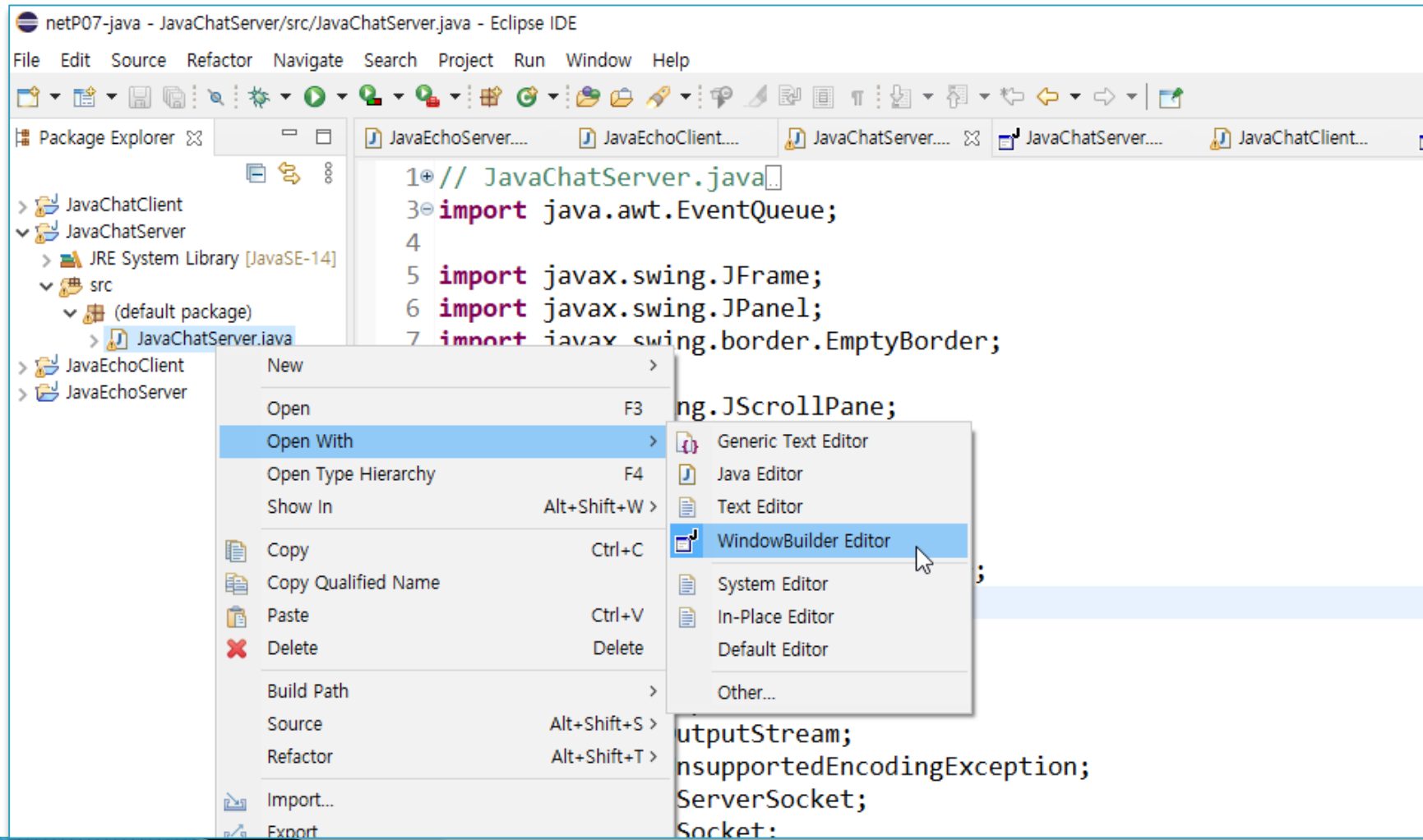
기타 > WindowBuilder > Swing Desinger > JFrame

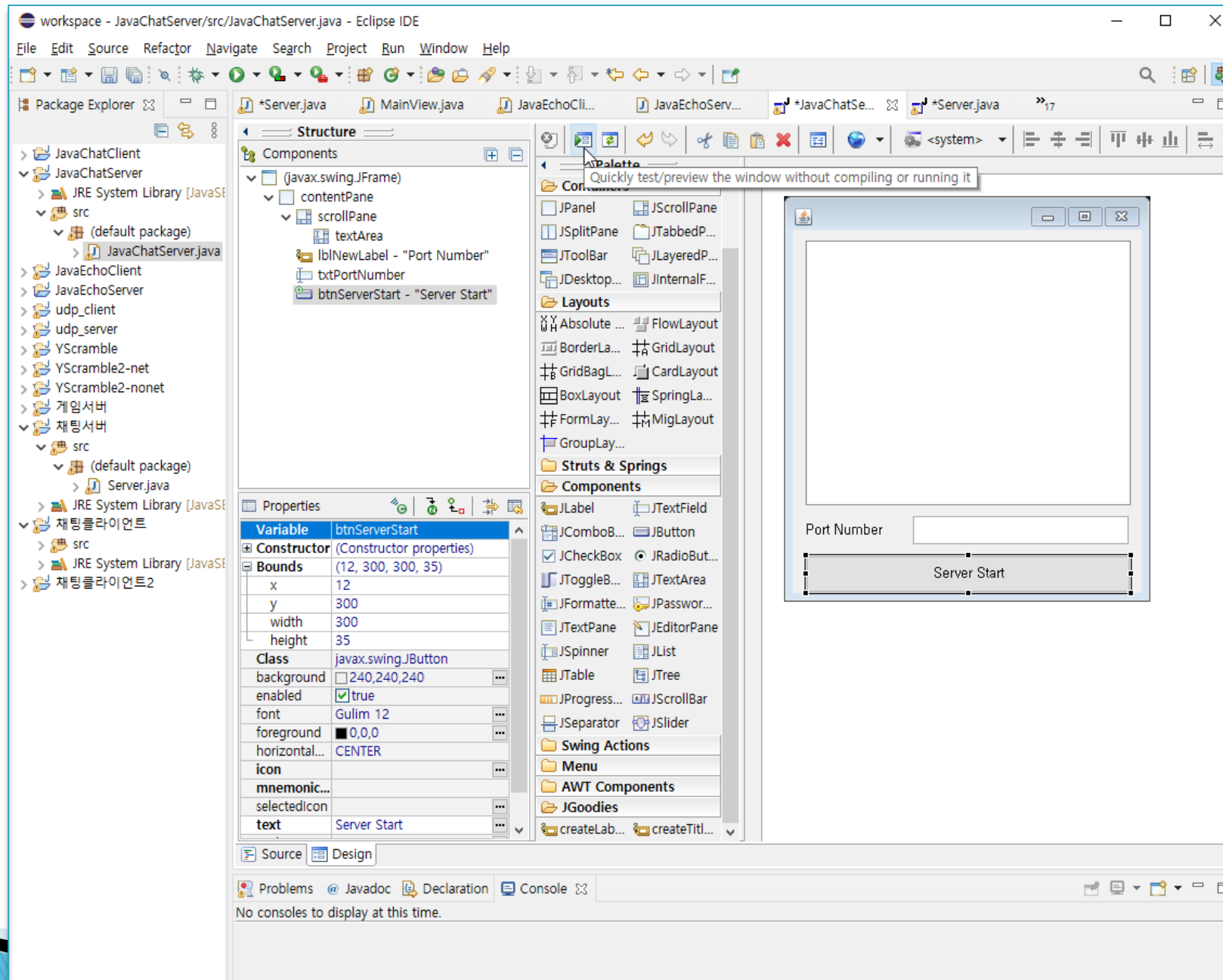




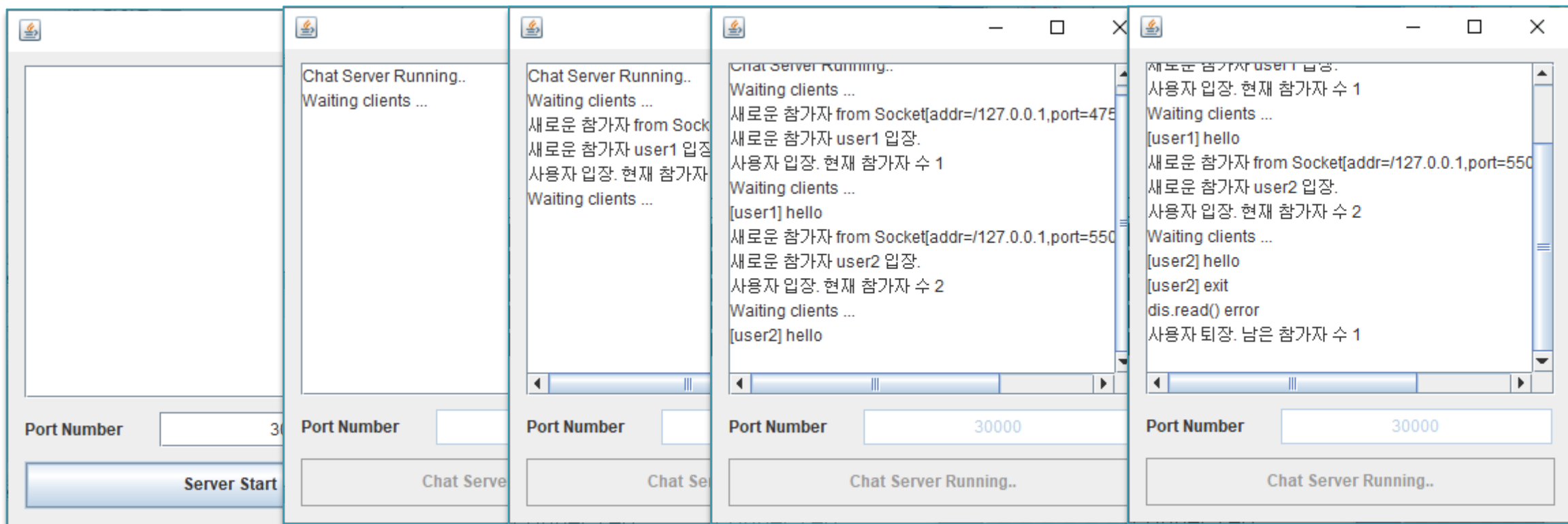
Design Button 이 안보이는 경우

- ▶ java파일 > 우측버튼 > Open With > WindowBuilder Editor

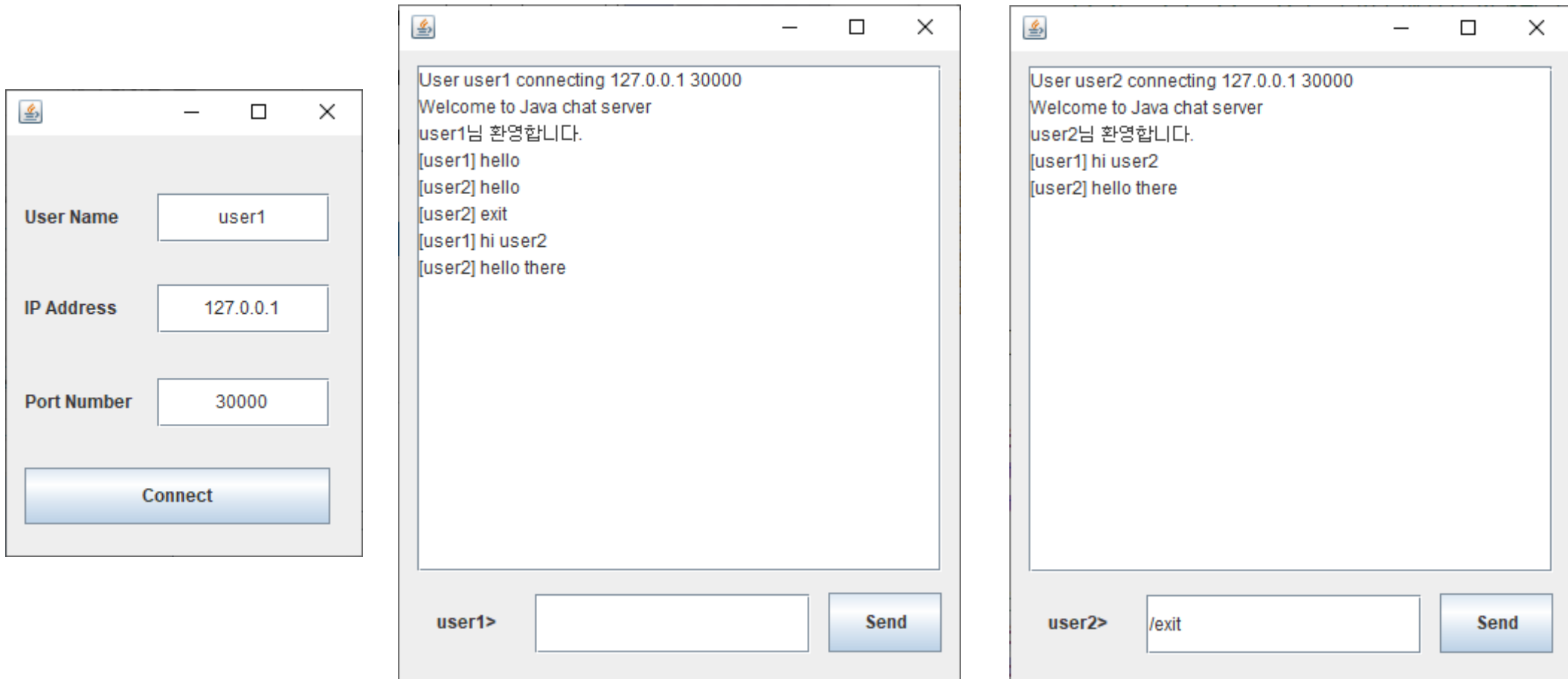




JavaChatServer.java 실행 화면



JavaChatClient.java 실행 화면



Windows Client/Server Java Client

The image displays three overlapping windows illustrating a Java Client/Server chat application running on Windows.

Left Window (chat_server4): A command prompt window showing the server's operation. It logs connections from clients 'win1' and 'java1', displays their messages, and shows a user list.

```
Windows : chat_server4
server_fd = 252
Client connected from 127.0.0.1 30000
client_fd = 256
client[0] 입장. 현재 채팅 서버에 접속되었습니다.
received 128 from client
Client connected from 127.0.0.1 30001
client_fd = 236
client[1] 입장. 현재 채팅 서버에 접속되었습니다.
received 128 from client
received 128 from client
received 128 from client
Sending user list to client
received 128 from client
[귓속말] from [win1] Hello java1
received 128 from client
[귓속말] [java1] hi
[귓속말] from [java1] hello there
received 128 from client
[귓속말] [win1] hello there
received 128 from client
[귓속말] [java1] hi there
[귓속말] from [java1]
```

Middle Window (chat_client4): A command prompt window showing the client's operation. It displays the connection message and the chat messages received from the server.

```
chat_client4 running.
Enter user name : win1
Windows : Connecting 127.0.0.1 30000
[귓속말] [win1] Hello java1
[java1] hello
[win1] hello there
```

Right Window (Java Client): A Java Swing application window showing the chat interface. It displays the connection message, chat messages, and a user list table.

User java1 connecting 127.0.0.1 30000

[java1] hello

[귓속말] [win1] Hello java1

[win1] hello there

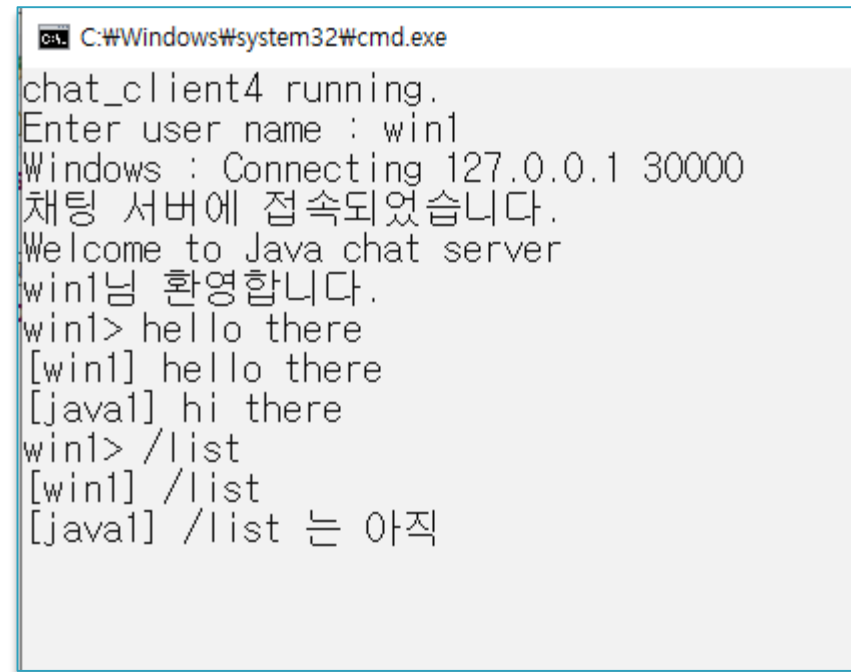
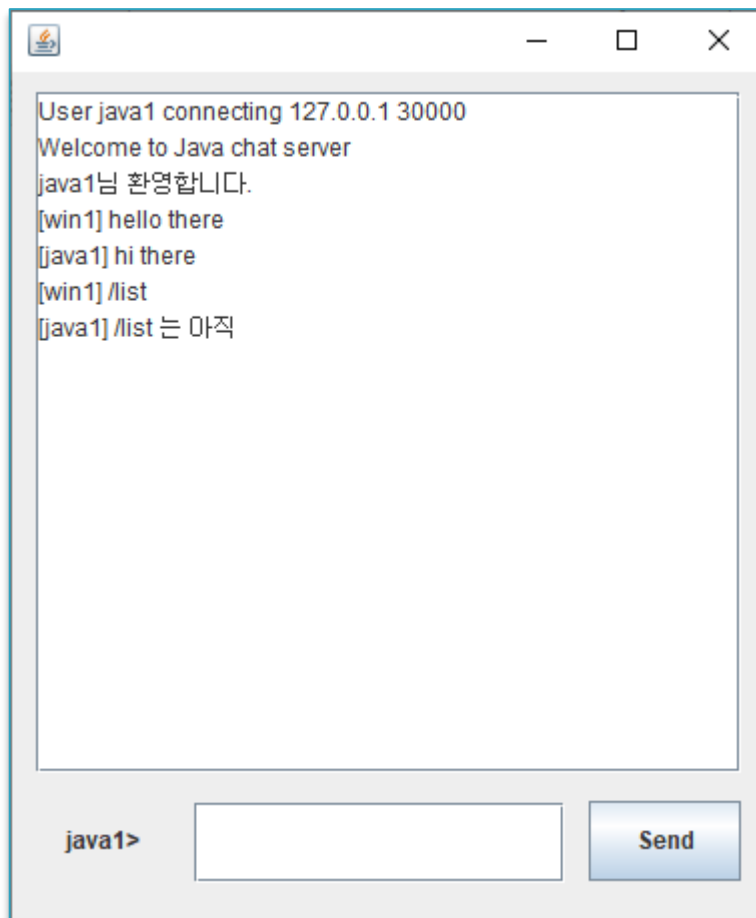
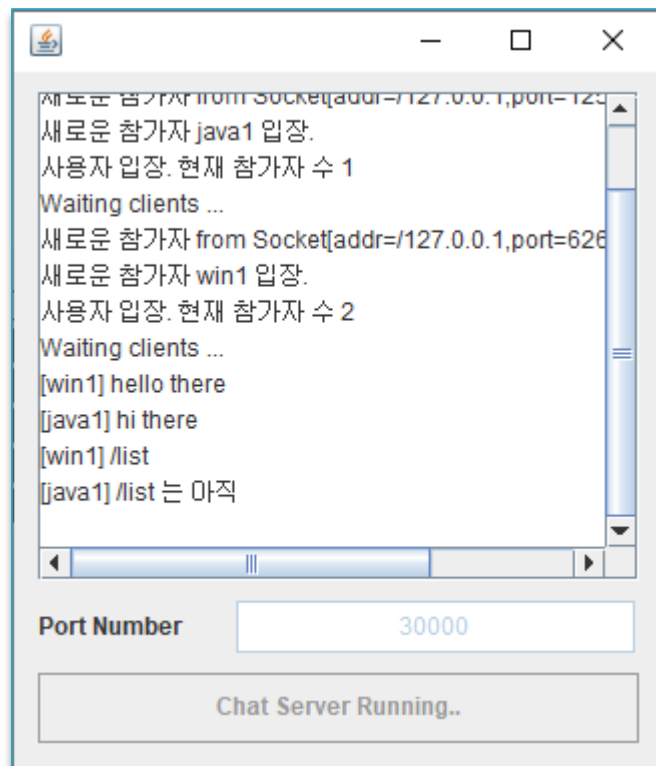
No	name	status
00	win1	O
01	java1	O

java1> /to win1 hi there

java1> /list

Send

Java Client/Server Windows Client



7주 과제1 : Java EchoClient/Server, ChatClient/Server 실습

- ▶ Java Echo Client/Server 실습
- ▶ Chat Client/Server 실습
 - Java Client/Server, Windows Client4
 - /login user1 (User Name 입력하고 접속하면 됨)
 - /exit
 - Windows Client/Server - 4, Java Client
 - /list, /to 귓속말, /sleep, /wakeup

7주 과제2 : Win chat_server4 기능 JavaChatServer에 구현하기

- ▶ Client는 추가 기능 없음
- ▶ Windows chat_server4
 - 입장/퇴장 알리기
 - /exit, /list, /to 귓속말, /sleep, /wakeup
- ▶ 입장/퇴장 알리기
 - 입장 : AcceptServer Accept하고, UserService() 생성되면 생성자에서 처리
 - UserName = msg[1].trim() → UserName을 이용 WriteAll() 하면 됨
 - 퇴장 : UserVec.removeElement(**this**); 하기 전에 퇴장 알림 처리.
- ▶ /exit, /list, /to
 - dis.read() 다음 처리, UserVec.removeElement(this); 로 제거
 - JavaChatServer의 class UserService {}
 - private → public String UserName 변수를 이용
 - /list 목록을 보여주고
 - /to 상대를 찾는다.
- ▶ /sleep, /wakeup
 - JavaChatServer의 class UserService {}
 - public String UserStatus 변수 추가