# **Topic Analysis on Obama Briefings**

#### **Overview**

The goal of the project is to discover the abstract topics that occur in a collection of Obama briefings to check which topic Obama mentioned the most.

#### Client

Social media like facebook, youtube, Instagram and ect: Topic analysis can be used to analyze which topic people most interested at that time. For example, topic analysis can be used to find which topics people post the most at the certain period of time.

#### Data

Obama's briefings were found in the white house webpage. We use the data file at github, which is the download from whitehouse homepage, "
<a href="https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefings-statements/">https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefings-statements/</a>". The data file can be found at "<a href="https://github.com/mahmoud/briefings">https://github.com/mahmoud/briefings</a>"

Briefings.jsonl: 1778 Obama's briefings from 2009 to 2016.

## **Data Cleaning**

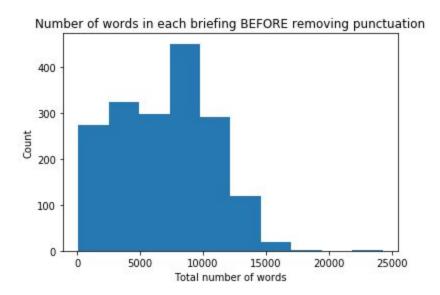
- Punctuation: punctuation such as "a", "!", "?", ets were removed at each contents of briefings using "string.punctuation" provided from Python. After removing punctuation, 54.3% was reserved.
- Unicode implementation: To have words encoded using Unicode encoding, I encoded text type to utf-8 and remove any numbers and also change every words to lower cases.

## **Data Preparation**

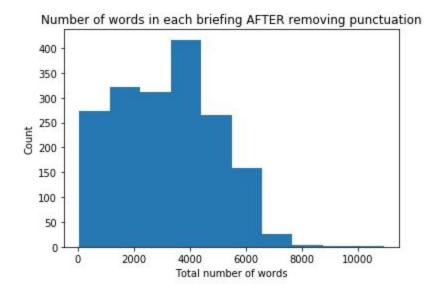
- Tokenization : Tokenized every words in contents
- Removing morphological affixes: "stemmer.stem(token)" was used to remove any unnecessary morphological affixes for better analysis
- Construct word vs ID mapping table to map same tokens to the same IDs for managing efficiently

## **Data Storytelling**

Let's check the number of words before removing punctuation. The mean is 7016.93 and the minimum and maximum are 101 and 24271. The frequency bar plot is like below.



Let's check the number of words after removing punctuation. The mean is 3207.11 and the minimum and maximum are 62 and 10929.



From two bar plots above, we can see that graphs look alike. After removing punctuation, about 50 % was removed.

## **Machine Learning**

First, mapping table on "descriptions" vs ID was created to efficiently apply values to models. Then, dictionary was converted into a bag-of-words. The result, corpus, is a list of vectors equal to the number of documents. As a result, we have frequency table of each words

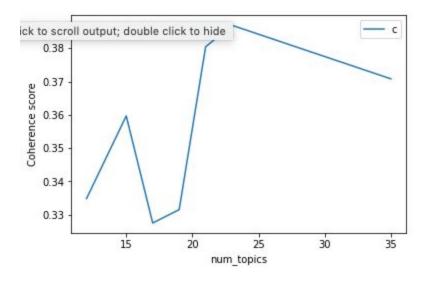
To run any mathematical model on text corpus, it is converted into a matrix representation.

#### **LDA (Latent Dirichlet Allocation)**

This is one the most popular topic modeling algorithms today. It is a generative model in that it assumes each document is a mixture of topics and in turn, each topic is a mixture of words. So LDA groups words into topics. Then it compares to two topics and determine which topic is close.

LDA require a num\_topics parameter (set to 200 by default) to limit number of topics in the model. So several numbers of topics were tested on the model to pick the best one. Coherence score was used to measure the model. Coherence score was used to measure the model. Topic coherence measures the human interpretability of a topic model. Topic coherence evaluates topic models how models are interpretable using wikipedia or wordnet. Thus this can be used to compare different topic models.

The number of topics which are from 12 to 35 were applied to the model to find the best model. From the graph below, the model with 23 numbers of topics are the best model and the coherence score is 0.39.



The result of LDA with 23 topics is like below. Possible subject for each topic was based on searches at google with words in each topic.

The dominants of topics are like below. From the table below, we can see that top 1 and 2 topics are economy. Top 3 topic is about diplomacy on Iraq.

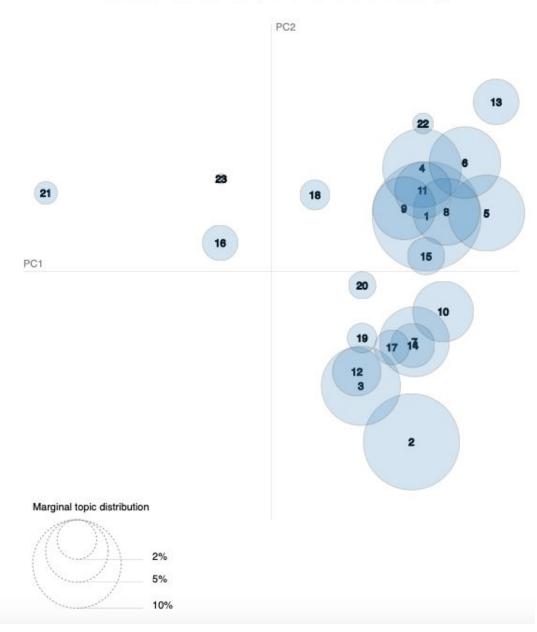
		Words in each topic			
1	15.1%	Job, tax, peopl, work, make, economi,know,take econom,budget,			
2	11.8%	Meet,issu,countri,us,discuss,import, work,secur,state,see			
3	8%	Iraq, militari, unit, forc, secur, libya, iraqi, us, govern, take, peopl			
4	7.9%	Know, talk, look, peopl, campaig, time, hous, laughter, week, make			
5	7.4%	Republican, american, congress, way, talk, hous, believe, negoti,thing, peopl			
6	6.5%	Health, care, peopl, im, talk, know, look, hous, want, make mani			
7	6.2%	Afghanistan, secur, troop, pakistan, us, afghan, administr, govern, forc			
8	5.7%	Know, robert, obvious, believ, im, talk, hous, yes, question, senat, look, work,			
9	5%	Administr, law, mexico, immigr, border, peopl, talk, state, make, use, somth			
10	4.7%	Iran, nuclear, iranian, intern, sanction, weapon, make, know, take, talk, progr			
11	4%	Inform, secretari, administr, know, investig, question, made, depart, general			
12	3%	Oil, energi, secretari, look, us, people, take, like know, want, question, see			
13	2.6%	Senat, court, forclosur, process,republican, look, nomine,judge,nomin, pee			
14	2.4%	Burton, israel, prime, know, minist, talk, isra, meet, palestinian, peac, speech			
15	1.8%	Make, jone, people, look, time, talk, know, take, point, obvious, decis, state,			
16	1.6%	Dr, medic, respons, test, leste,flu, health, coordin, viewpoint, peopl, helen, k			
17	1.5%	Russin, russian, medvedev, ukrain, moscow, savannah, georgia, vice, missil,			
18	1.1%	Financi, bank, quto, administr, car, recoveri, compani, industri, money, taxp			
19	1.1%	Reinvest, peopl, earmark, qaddafi, becaus, know, govern, us, work, haiti, st			

20	1%	Lender, banker, like, tri, want, know, thing, lugar, make, hous, administr
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21	0.2%	Maam, mexico, america, chavez, peopl, hemispher, chile, gase	
22	0.2%	El, napolitano, email, dalai, lama, con, hondura, pete, shanghai,archiv	
23	0.1%	Un, creo, evelop, president, al, objetivo, lograr, entr, richardson, si	

The dominants of each topic can be visualized like below. Topics with the bigger circle mean the more importance relative to the data. From the graph below, we can see that there are two clusters. Clusters on a graph mean the similarity between topics.

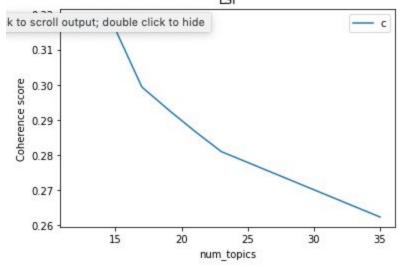
Intertopic Distance Map (via multidimensional scaling)



#### LSI (Latent Semantic Indexing)

This is a useful topic modeling algorithm in that it can rank topics by itself. Thus it outputs topics in a ranked order. LSI examines the words and looks for how they are related to each other. For example, whether they are similar words, e.g. car, automobile and auto, they are kind of something else, e.g. car and vehicle, or they are part of a larger concept, e.g. engine and car. In practice, LSI is much faster to train than LDA, but has lower accuracy.

The model also needs to decide the number topics to apply to the model. From the graph, the number of topics of 13 has the optimal result. The coherence score is 0.32.



Let's find possible subject like LDA. The problem here is that words are repeated across each topic. For example, Iran is mentioned at topic 5,6,7,8 and 11 while iran is mentioned only once at LDA. Also if you look at topic 8, words related to health care like health, care are at the same group with words related to diplomacy like iran, cuban. When we search words in each topic on Google, possible subject didn't come up as list of words are not related to each other. Therefore, LSI is not suitable as much as LDA.

	Words in each topic	Possible subject
1	state, make, peopl, know, unit, talk, work, take, us, becaus	
2	unit, state, secur, tax, countri, job, look, militari, cut, isil,	
3	republican, hous, congress, senat, us, meet, issu, discuss, american, democrat	
4	tax, health, congress, cut, peopl, know, care, look, economi, deficit,	
5	iran, agreement, militari, forc, nuclear, republican, american, senat, meet, iraq,	
6	iran, peopl, hous, nuclear, countri, agreement, white, tax, year, american	
7	care, insur, afford, health, senat, iran, peopl, forc, becaus, isil,	
8	iran, agreement, issu, nuclear, health, care, action, isil, cuban, budget,	
9	senat, care, administr, republican, insur, health, meet, job, tax, afford	

10	syria, russia, hous, cuban, russian, secur, assad, weapon, govern, cuba	
11	american, iran, russia, budget, secretari, unit, peopl, tax, immigr, nuclear	
12	tax, cuban, congress, govern, secur, peopl, cuba, budget, white, made	

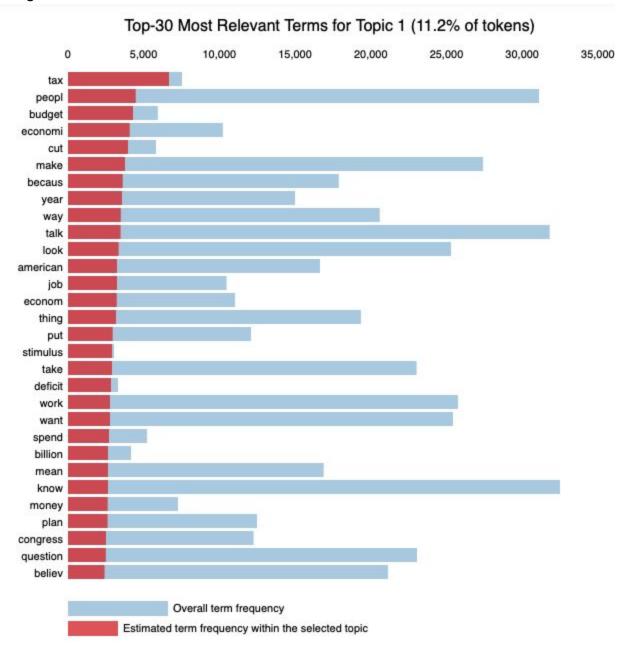
### **Conclusion**

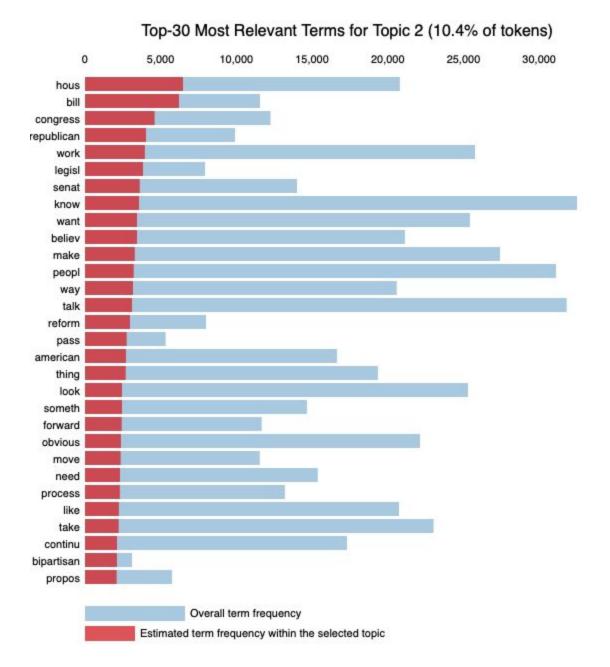
Topic coherence in essence measures the human interpretability of a topic model. It uses wordnet, wikipedia or google to measure how list of words were explained. The coherence for LDA is higher than LSI. From the result of LDA, the topics Obama mentioned often were diplomacy, health care, Congress and economy.

Model	LDA	LSI
Coherence	0.39	0.32

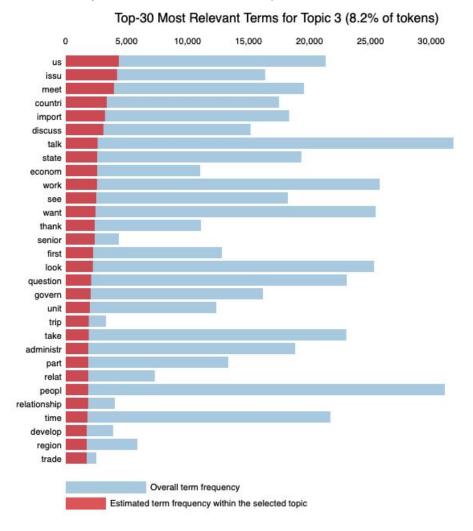
The top 3 topics from LDA model can be visualized like below. The length of red bars for each words means the estimated term frequency within the topic.

From the graph below, we can see that the first topic is about economy on tax, budget and ect.

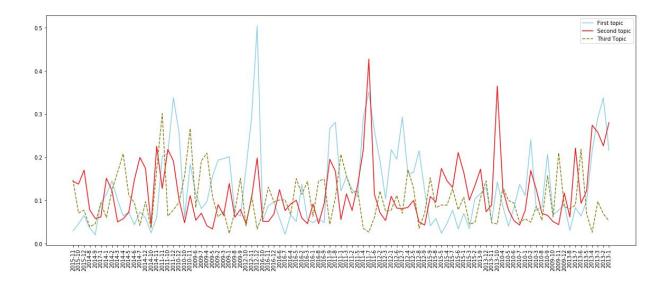




The third topic is also about economy on trade.



We can draw graph on how probability of term frequency within each topic change monthly. As we can see below, first topic, economy on tax, and third topic, economy on trade, move the same direction while the second topic, congress, moves opposite direction. At first, first topic was mentioned more often than the second topic, but as time passed the second one mentioned more than the first one. The first topic had its peak at the end of 2012 while the second one had its peak around july 2011. The third topic had its peak at november 2014.



The table below shows how dominant topics of briefings change each year. We can see that Obama mentioned health care and white house in his early presidency years. Then, economy became the important topic at 2011 and 2012. After that, congress has been mostly a main issue from 2013 to 2016. During 2017 economy become important.

Year	Topic Ranking	Topic Words	Topic
2009	12	Health, care, peopl, im, insure	Health Care
2010	4	Know, house, talk, believe, white	White House
2011	1	Tax, people, budget, economi, cut	Economy on tax
2012	1	Tax, people, budget, economi, cut	Economy on tax
2013	2	Hous, bill, congress, republican, work	Congress
2014	12	Health, care, peopl, im, insure	Health Care
2015	2	Hous, bill, congress, republican, work	Congress
2016	9	Senat, robert, talk, look, peopl	Congress
2017	1	Tax, people, budget, economi, cut	Economy on tax