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# Assignment 3 - SimpleShell

#### **Description:**

This assignment is to implement a simple shell that runs on top of the regular command-line interpreter for Linux. The simple shell should read lines of user input, then parse and execute the commands by forking/creating new processes. If the simple shell encounters an error while reading a line of input it should report the error and exit.

Also, the simple shell must support piping. The pipe character | separates different commands and the output (stdout) of the program on the left becomes the input (stdin) for the program on the right.

#### Approach:

Step1) User input (just one command per line not pipelining)

- 1. In infinite while loop, print the shell prompt
- 2. By using fgets, get a line that size is smaller than BUFFER\_SIZE(177)
  - a. If meeting End of File, print "End of input" and turn off the simple shell and go back to the bash shell.
  - b. If failing to fgets, print "Error: fgets" and exit program.
  - c. If the line is empty, print error and reprint prompt("Prompt>")
  - d. if the line is "exit", turn off the simple shell and go back to the bash shell.
- 3. Parse input
  - a. By using strtok, parsing line based on " " or "\t" or \n" or "\t"
  - b. If the first parsed token is empty, print Empty error and turn off the simple shell and go back to the bash shell.
  - c. If the parsed token is NULL, stop parsing. (last token)
  - d. Add Null as the last token.
- 4. Fork and Execute command
  - a. If p id is -1, print fork error.
  - b. If p\_id is 0, it means the process is a child process, so by using execvp, execute the command.
  - c. If not, it means the process is a parent process, so by using waitpid, wait the end of their child process and print child's pid and return status.

## Step2) Pipelining

- 1. Parse input based on "|".
  - a. By using strtok, seperate commands and store them in an array of files.
  - b. And then, by looping files array, parse commands to arguments like Step1.
- 2. Create pipes
  - a. Create pipes array that size is pipes[number of file][2].
  - b. If failing to create a pipe, return error and exit the program.
- 3. Fork and Execute pipe
  - a. If p id is -1, print fork error.
  - b. If p id is 0, it means the process is child process

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i. If the first command line, just duplicate STDOUT\_FILEEND in pipes[0][WRITEEND] and close pipes.

- ii. If the last command line, just duplicate STDIN\_FILEEND in pipes[i-1][READEND] and close pipes.
- iii. If middle command line
  - 1. duplicate STDIN FILEEND in pipes[i-1][READEND]
  - 2. duplicate STDOUT\_FILEEND in pipes[i][WRITEEND]
  - 3. and close pipes.
- iv. Then, execute command
  - 1. If fail to execute, print error and exit program.
- c. Close all pipes in parent process
  - i. Close all pipes.
  - ii. Wait at the end of the child process and print their pid and status.

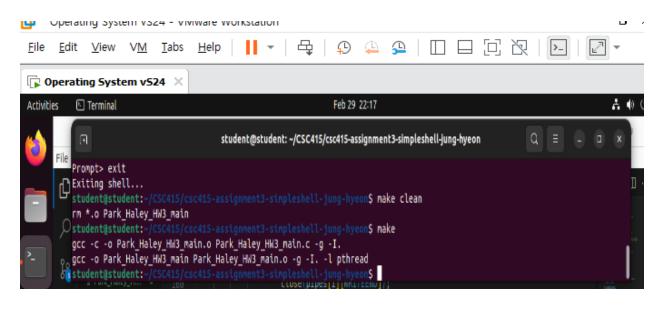
### **Issues and Resolutions:**

- 1. Parsing Issue (using strtok)
  - a. When I parsed pipe command lines, I used double for loop.
  - b. But After I parse arguments in one command line, I cannot find/approach the next command line.
  - c. Because, After using strtok(files[count], "\t\n"); like that, I cannot find strtok(NULL, "|"); .
  - d. So, I made another array to store command lines.
    - i. First, I parsed command lines based on "|".
    - ii. Secont, I parsed arguments based on "\t\n" per one command line.
- 2. Connecting pipes issue
  - At first, I just connected STDIN\_FILENO to the pipe's READEND and STDOUT FILENO to the pipe's WRITEEND.
  - b. But, It didn't work.
  - c. So, I separate the case (1. first command 2. middle command 3. last command).
- 3. Pipe closing issue
  - a. At first, I didn't close the pipe. My shell didn't notice the End of Input.
  - b. So, I closed all of the pipes that are not being used.

**Analysis**: (If required for the assignment)

## Screen shot of compilation:

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## Screen shot(s) of the execution of the program:

